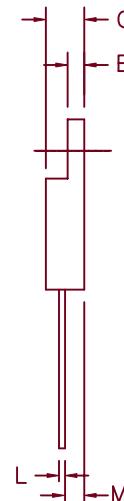
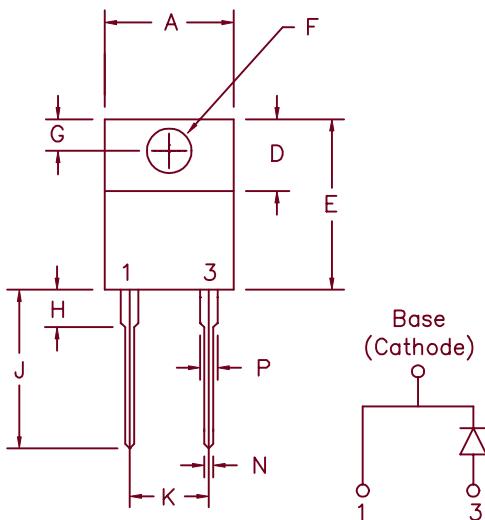


# 20 Amp Schottky OR'ing Rectifier MS2015



Dim.	Inches		Millimeter		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
A	.390	.415	9.91	10.54	
B	.045	.055	1.14	1.40	
C	.180	.190	4.57	4.83	
D	.245	.260	6.22	6.60	
E	.550	.650	13.97	16.51	
F	.139	.155	3.53	3.94	Dia.
G	.100	.120	2.54	3.05	
H	---	.250	---	6.35	
J	.500	.580	12.70	14.73	
K	.190	.210	4.83	5.33	
L	.014	.025	0.35	0.63	
M	.080	.115	2.03	2.92	
N	.028	.038	0.71	0.96	
P	.045	.055	1.14	1.40	

Similar to TO-220AC

Microsemi Catalog Number  
MS2015

Industry Part Number  
19TQ015  
20L15T  
STPS20L15D

Working Reverse Voltage  
15V

Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage  
15V

- Schottky barrier rectifier
- $V_f @ 20A, 125^\circ C = 0.29V$
- High surge capacity
- $125^\circ C$  Junction temperature
- Guard ring reverse protection

## Electrical Characteristics

Average Forward Current  
Maximum Surge Current  
Max. Repetitive Reverse Current  
Max. Peak Forward Voltage  
Typ. Peak Forward Voltage  
Max. Peak Reverse Current  
Typ. Peak Reverse Current  
Typ. Peak Reverse Current  
Typical Junction Capacitance

$I_{F(AV)}$  20 Amps  
 $I_{FSM}$  250 Amps  
 $I_{R(OV)}$  2 Amps  
 $V_{FM}$  .40 Volts  
 $V_{FM}$  .29 Volts  
 $I_{RM}$  8 mA  
 $I_{RM}$  320 mA  
 $I_{RM}$  175 mA  
 $C_J$  1550 pF

$T_C = 105^\circ C$   
8.3ms, half sine  
 $f = 1KHZ, 25^\circ C, 1\mu s$  square wave  
 $I_{FM} = 20A, TJ = 25^\circ C^*$   
 $I_{FM} = 20A, TJ = 125^\circ C^*$   
 $V_{RRM}, TJ = 25^\circ C$   
 $V_{RRM}, TJ = 100^\circ C^*$   
 $VR = 5.0V, TJ = 100^\circ C^*$   
 $VR = 5.0V, TJ = 25^\circ C$

\*Pulse test: Pulse width 300  $\mu$ sec Duty cycle 2%

## Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range	$T_{STG}$	-55°C to 150°C
Operating junction temp range	$T_{J}$	-55°C to 125 °C
Max. thermal resistance	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.5 °C/W
Mounting torque		8-12 inch pounds (6-32 screw)
Weight		.08 ounces (2.3 grams) typical

# MS2015

Figure 1  
Typical Forward Characteristics

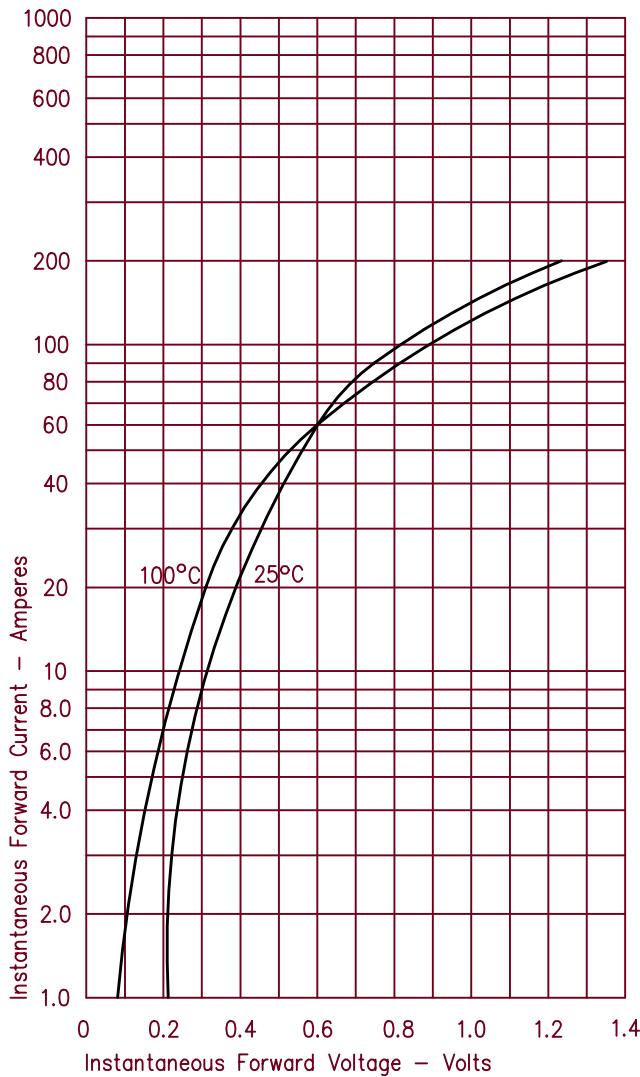


Figure 2  
Typical Reverse Characteristics

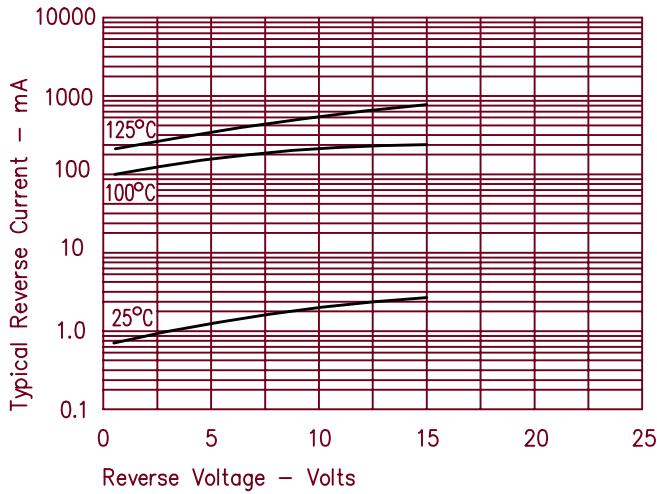


Figure 3  
Typical Junction Capacitance

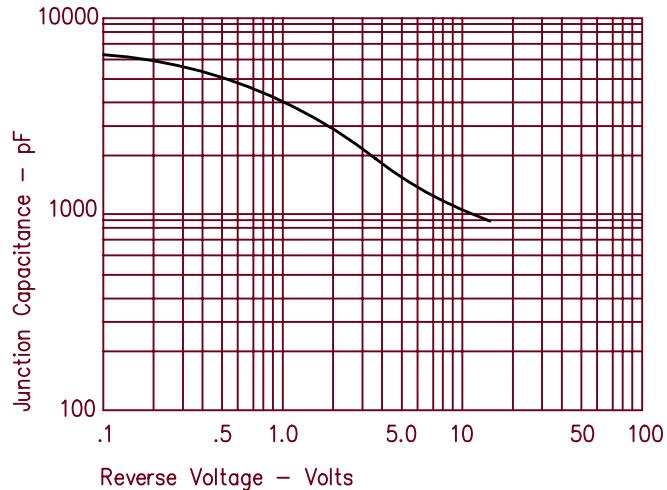


Figure 4  
Forward Current Derating

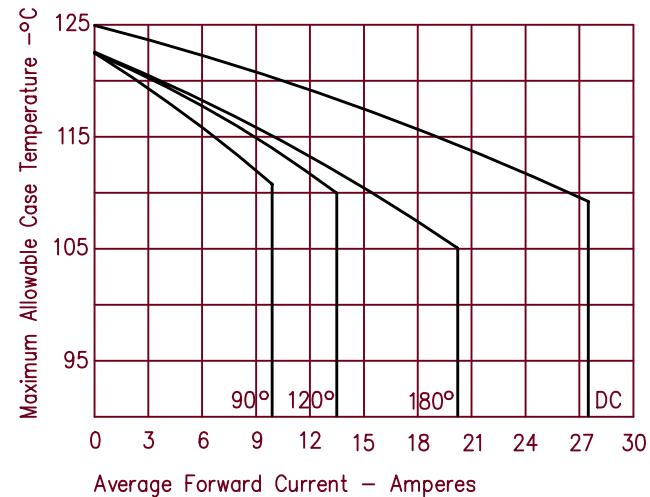


Figure 5  
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation

