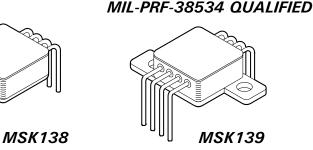


4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

FEATURES:

- Low Cost
- · High Voltage Operation: 150V
- Ultra Low Quiescent Current: ±4.0 mA Typ.
- High Output Current: 5A Min.
- No Second Breakdown
- Monolithic MOS Technology
- External Compensation for Optimum Gain-Bandwidth

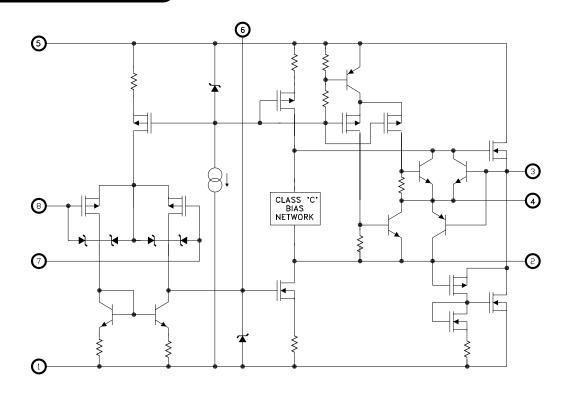
(315) 701-6751



DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 138 is a high power class "C" MOSFET operational amplifier ideally suited for high power amplification and magnetic deflection applications. With a total supply voltage rating of 150 volts and 5A of available output current, the MSK 138 is also an excellent low cost choice for motor drive circuits. The MOSFET output frees the MSK 138 from secondary breakdown limitations and power dissipation is kept to a minimum with a quiescent current rating of only ± 4.0 mA. The MSK 138 is packaged in a hermetically sealed 8 pin power dip which has two external compensation pins. For applications requiring heat sinking, the MSK 139 is available with bolt down tabs and is otherwise identical to the MSK 138 (see mechanical specifications).

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- PA Audio
- Magnetic Deflection
- Motor Drive
- Noise Cancellation
- DC Power Regulators

PIN-OUT INFORMATION

- 1 -Vcc
- 2 Comp 1
- 3 Output Drive
- 4 Current Sense

- 8 Inverting Input
- 7 Non-Inverting Input
- 6 Comp 2
 - 5 ₩₩₩4₩.DataSheet4U.com

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Vcc ②	Total Supply Voltage	50V
± Іоит	Output Current (within S.O.A.)	±5A
VIND	Input Voltage (Differential)	16V
Vin	Input Voltage (Common Mode)	Vcc
Тı	Junction Temperature 15	50°C

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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ts⊤	Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
TLD	Lead Temperature
Tc	Case Operating Temperature
	(MSK138B/139B)55°C to +125°C
	(MSK138/139)40°C to +85°C
Rтн	Thermal Resistance (DC)
	Junction to Case

Parameter	Test Conditions $\textcircled{1}$	Group A	MSK138B/139B		39B	MSK138/139			
Falameter		Subgroup	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
STATIC									
Supply Voltage Range 2 ④		-	±15	±50	±75	±15	±50	±75	V
Quiescent Current	VIN=OV	1	-	±4	±6	-	±4	±8	mA
INPUT									
Offset Voltage	VIN=OV	1	-	±5	±10	-	±5	±15	mV
Offset Voltage Drift ④	VIN=0V	2,3	-	±10	±50	-	±10	-	µV/°C
Offset Voltage vs \pm Vcc (4)	VIN=0V	1	-	±8	±15	-	±8	±15	$\mu V/V$
Input Bias Current ④	Vcm=0V	1,3	-	±20	±100	-	±20	±100	pА
		2	-	-	±50	-	-	-	nA
Input Impedance ④	(DC)	-	-	10 ¹¹	-	-	10 ¹¹	-	Ω
Input Capacitance ④		-	-	5	-	-	5	-	pF
Common Mode Rejection $\textcircled{4}$	$V_{CM} = \pm 30 VDC$	-	90	106	-	90	106	-	dB
Noise	10KHz BW	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	μVrms
OUTPUT									
Output Voltage Swing	$IOUT = \pm 5A Peak$	4	±40	±42	-	±40	±42	-	V
Output Current	Vout = MAX	4	±5	±5.5	-	± 5	±5.5	-	А
Power Bandwidth ④ ⑨	Vout = 80Vpp	-	-	66	-	-	66	-	KHz
Settling Time to 0.1% 34	10V Step	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	μS
Capacitive Load ④	Av = +1V/V $Cc = 68pF$	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	nF
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS									
Slew Rate ④ ⑨	Cc=Open	-	-	27	-	-	27	-	V/µS
Open Loop Voltage Gain ④	F = 15Hz	4	94	106	-	94	106	-	dB

NOTES:

Unless otherwise noted Cc = 10pF, Rc = 1.0KΩ, ±Vcc = ±50VDC.
Derate maximum supply voltage 0.5V/°C below Tc = +25°C. No derating is needed above Tc = 25°C.
Av = -10V/V measured in false summing junction circuit.
Devices shall be capable of meeting the parameter, but need not be tested. Typical parameters are for reference only.
Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroups 1 and 4 unless otherwise requested.
Niliver and 4 devices (PI) or f(PI) of PI or f(PI) of PI or FI or PI or

Military grade devices ('B' suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3 and 4.
Subgroup 5 and 6 testing available upon request.

(8) Subgroup 1,4 Tc = +25 °CSubgroup 2,5 Tc = +125 °CSubgroup 3,6 Ta = -55 °C

9 Parameter is specified with the output above the deadband near zero volts

APPLICATION NOTES

CURRENT LIMIT (SEE TYPICAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM)

A value of current limit resistance can be calculated as follows:

Where: WWW.datasheet4u.com RCL is the current limit resistor value

ICL is the current limit

0.05 * ICL is the voltage dropped in the current limit path across internal impedances other than the actual current limit resistor

0.83 volts is the voltage drop that must be developed across the current limit connections to activate the current limit circuit

The maximum practical value of current limit resistance is 16 ohms. The current limit resistor will decrease available output voltage swing in the following manner:

$$V_R = IO * RCL$$

VR is the reduction in output voltage swing due to the current limit resistor. It is recommended the user limit output current to a value as close to the required output current as possible, without clipping output voltage swing. Current limit will vary with case temperature. Refer to the typical performance curves to predict current limit drift. If current limit is not required replace the resistor with a short.

STABILITY

The MSK 138/139 has sufficient phase margin when compensated for unity gain to be stable with capacitive loads of at least 10nF. However, it is recommended that the parallel sum of the input and feedback resistor be 1000 ohms or less for closed loop gains of ten or less to minimize phase shift caused by the R-C network formed by the input resistor, feedback resistor and input capacitance. The user can tailor the performance of the MSK 138/139 to their application using the external compensation pins. The graphs of small signal gain and phase as well as the graphs of slew rate and power response demonstrate the effect of various forms of compensation. The compensation capacitor must be rated at 150 volts working voltage if maximum power supply voltages are used. The compensation resistor and capacitor lead lengths must be kept as short as possible to minimize spurious oscillations. A high quality NPO capacitor is recommended for the compensation capacitor. An effective method of checking amplifier stability is to apply the worst case capacitive load to the output of the amplifier and drive a small signal square wave across it. If overshoot is less than 25%, the system will typically be stable.

INPUT PROTECTION

Input protection circuitry within the MSK 138/139 will clip differential input voltages greater than 16 volts. The inputs are also protected against common mode voltages up to the supply rails as well as static discharge. There are 300 ohm current limiting resistors in series with each input. These resistors may become damaged in the event the input overload is capable of driving currents above 1mA. If severe overload conditions are expected, external input current limiting resistors are recommended.

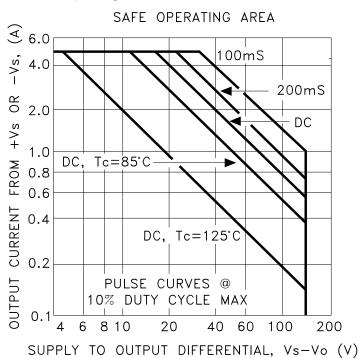
SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)

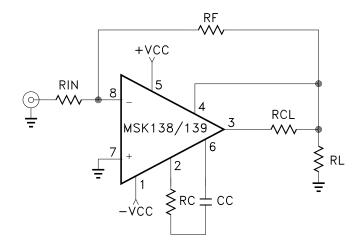
The MOSFET output stage of this power operational amplifier has two distinct limitations:

1. The current handling capability of the die metallization.

2. The junction temperature of the output MOSFET's.

NOTE: The output stage is protected against transient flyback. However, for protection against sustained, high energy flyback, external fast-recovery reverse biased diodes should be connected from the output to ground.





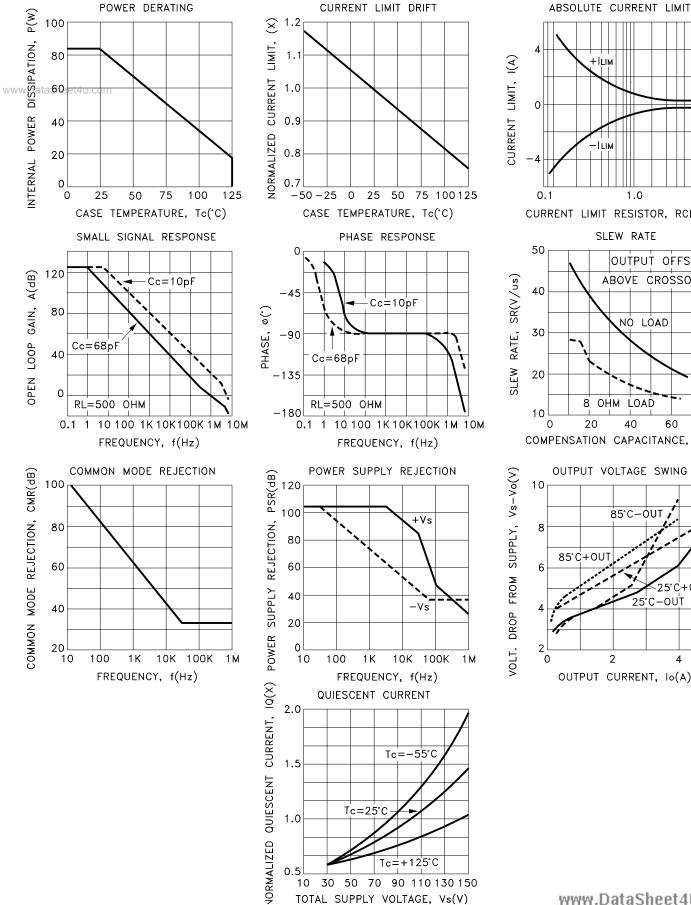
TYPICAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM

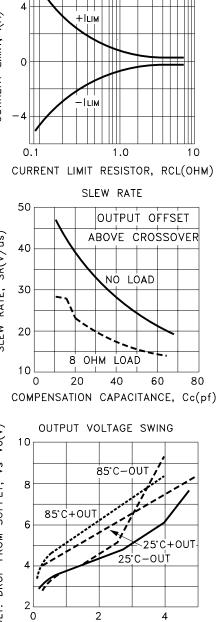
CLASS "C" PERFORMANCE

The MSK 138/139 output is biased for class "C" operation to yield ultra low quiescent current. A small amount of crossover distortion will be present under heavy load conditions. The user must verify that this condition will not affect circuit performance. Applications requiring a high degree of linearity near the zero point with minimum distortion should use the MSK 148/149.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

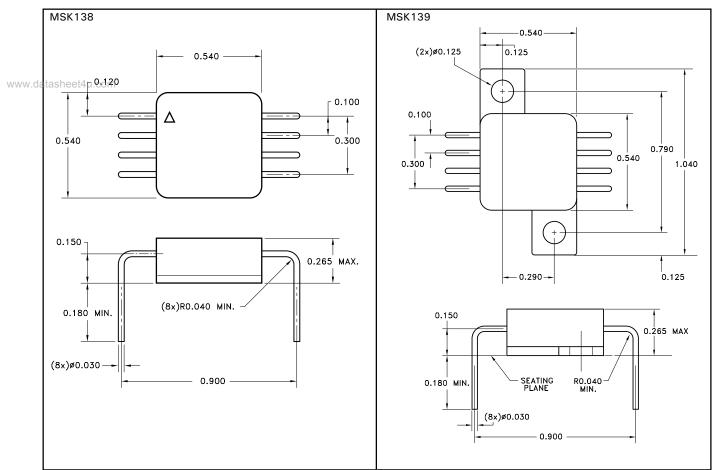




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OUTPUT CURRENT, $I_0(A)$

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ESD TRIANGLE INDICATES PIN 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ± 0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Screening Level
MSK138	Industrial
MSK138B	Military-Mil-PRF-38534
MSK139	Industrial
MSK139B	Military-Mil-PRF-38534

M.S. Kennedy Corp. 4707 Dey Road, Liverpool, New York 13088 Phone (315) 701-6751 FAX (315) 701-6752 www.mskennedy.com

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