

MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

Designer's Data Sheet

Power Field Effect Transistor

N-Channel Enhancement-Mode

Silicon Gate

DPAK for Surface Mount or Insertion Mount

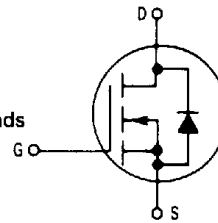


MTD6N10

TMOS POWER FET
6 AMPERES
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.25 \text{ OHM}$
80 and 100 VOLTS

This TMOS Power FET is designed for high speed, low loss power switching applications such as switching regulators, converters, solenoid and relay drivers.

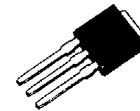
- Silicon Gate for Fast Switching Speeds
- Low $R_{DS(on)}$ — 0.25 Ω max
- Rugged — SOA is Power Dissipation Limited
- Source-to-Drain Diode Characterized for Use With Inductive Loads
- Low Drive Requirement — $V_{GS(th)} = 4 \text{ V}$ max
- Surface Mount Package on 16 mm Tape
- Available With Long Leads, Add -1 Suffix



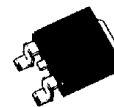
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MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	100	Vdc
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$)	V_{DGR}	100	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage — Continuous	V_{GS}	± 20	Vdc
— Non-repetitive ($t_p \leq 50 \mu\text{s}$)	V_{GSM}	± 40	Vpk
Drain Current — Continuous	I_D	6	Adc
— Pulsed	I_{DM}	20	Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	20 0.16	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	1.25 0.01	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (1) Derate above 25°C	P_D	1.75 0.014	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$



CASE 369-06
TO-251
MTD6N10-1



CASE 369A-10
TO-252
MTD6N10

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Thermal Resistance — Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	6.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	— Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	100
	— Junction to Ambient (1)		71.4

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$)	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	—	Vdc
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ($V_{DS} = \text{Rated } V_{DSS}, V_{GS} = 0$) $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{DSS}	—	10 100	μAdc

(1) These ratings are applicable when surface mounted on the minimum pad size recommended. (continued)

Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions — The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented. Limit curves — representing boundaries on device characteristics — are given to facilitate "worst case" design.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS — continued

Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward ($V_{GSF} = 20\text{ Vdc}, V_{DS} = 0$)	I_{GSSF}	—	100	nAdc
Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse ($V_{GSR} = 20\text{ Vdc}, V_{DS} = 0$)	I_{GSSR}	—	100	nAdc

ON CHARACTERISTICS*

Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$) $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS(th)}$	2 1.5	4.5 4	Vdc
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ($V_{GS} = 10\text{ Vdc}, I_D = 3\text{ Adc}$)	$R_{DS(on)}$	—	0.25	Ohm
Drain-Source On-Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$) ($I_D = 6\text{ Adc}$) ($I_D = 3\text{ Adc}, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	$V_{DS(on)}$	— —	1.6 1.5	Vdc
Forward Transconductance ($V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 3\text{ A}$)	g_{FS}	1	—	mhos

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Input Capacitance	$(V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ See Figure 11)	C_{iss}	—	600	pF
Output Capacitance		C_{oss}	—	400	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		C_{rss}	—	80	

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS* ($T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$)

Turn-On Delay Time	$(V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}, I_D = 0.5\text{ Rated } I_D$ $R_{gen} = 50\text{ ohms}$ See Figures 13 and 14)	$t_{d(on)}$	—	50	ns
Rise Time		t_r	—	150	
Turn-Off Delay Time		$t_{d(off)}$	—	100	
Fall Time		t_f	—	50	
Total Gate Charge	$(V_{DS} = 0.8\text{ Rated } V_{DSS},$ $I_D = \text{Rated } I_D, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$) See Figure 12	Q_g	13 (Typ)	30	nC
Gate-Source Charge		Q_{gs}	6 (Typ)	—	
Gate-Drain Charge		Q_{gd}	7 (Typ)	—	

SOURCE DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS*

Forward On-Voltage	$(I_S = \text{Rated } I_D$ $V_{GS} = 0)$	V_{SD}	1.7 (Typ)	3	Vdc
Forward Turn-On Time		t_{on}	Limited by stray inductance		
Reverse Recovery Time		t_{rr}	100 (Typ)	—	ns

*Pulse Test Pulse Width $\approx 300\ \mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

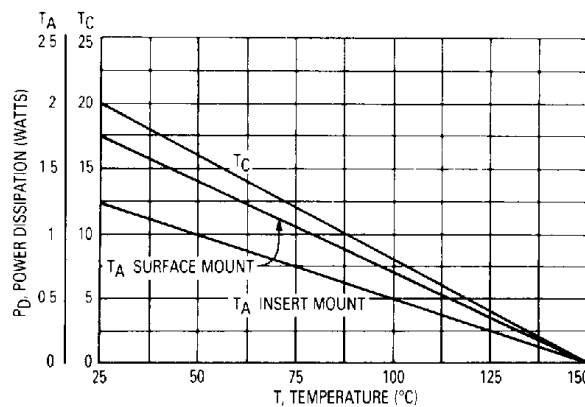


Figure 1. Power Derating

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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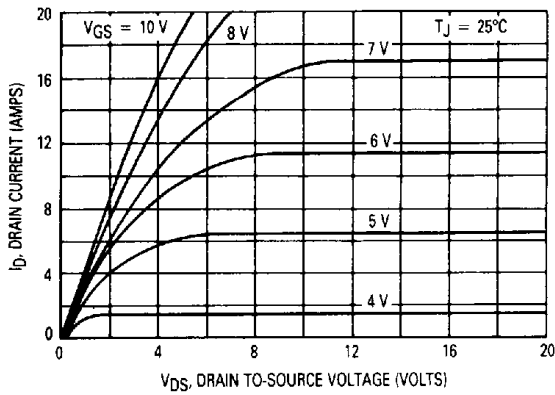


Figure 2. On-Region Characteristics

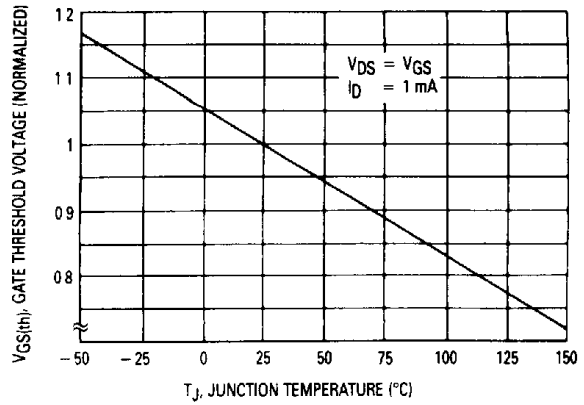


Figure 3. Gate-Threshold Voltage Variation With Temperature

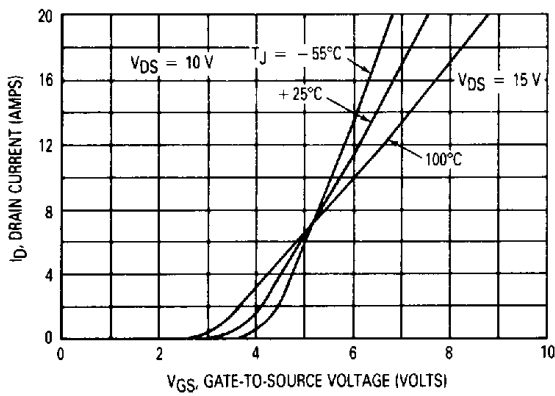


Figure 4. Transfer Characteristics

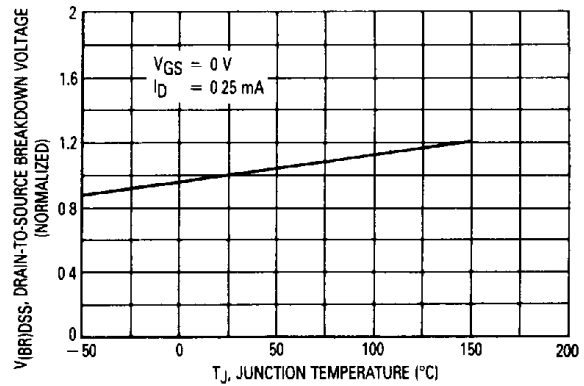


Figure 5. Breakdown Voltage Variation With Temperature

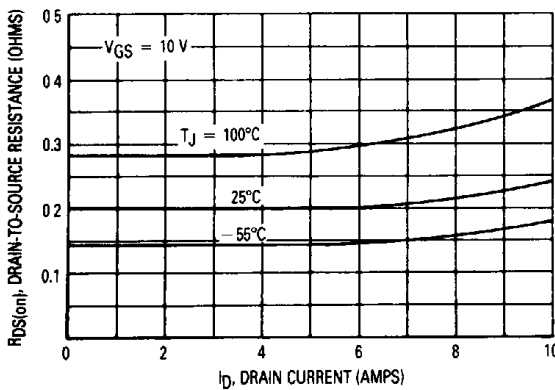


Figure 6. On-Resistance versus Drain Current

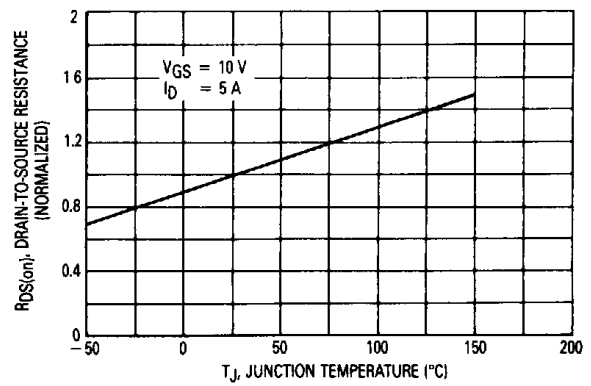


Figure 7. On-Resistance Variation With Temperature

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SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

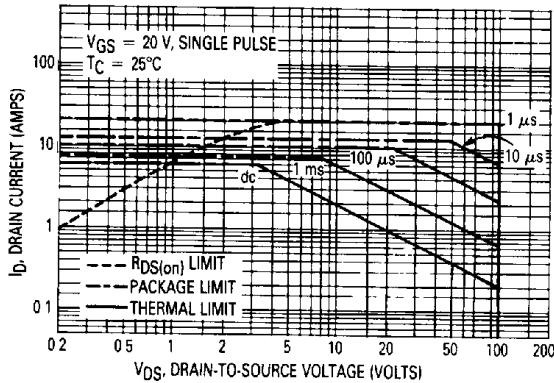


Figure 8. Maximum Rated Forward Biased Safe Operating Area

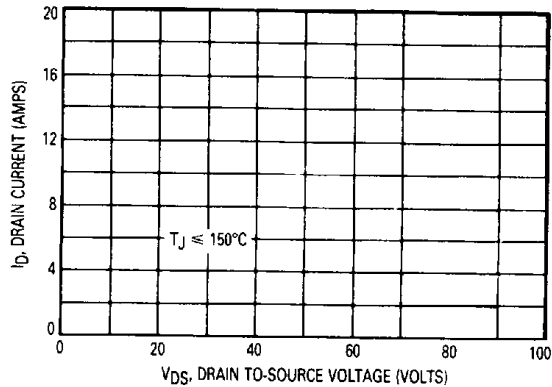


Figure 9. Maximum Rated Switching Safe Operating Area

FORWARD BIASED SAFE OPERATING AREA

The FBSOA curves define the maximum drain-to-source voltage and drain current that a device can safely handle when it is forward biased, or when it is on, or being turned on. Because these curves include the limitations of simultaneous high voltage and high current, up to the rating of the device, they are especially useful to designers of linear systems. The curves are based on a case temperature of 25°C and a maximum junction temperature of 150°C. Limitations for repetitive pulses at various case temperatures can be determined by using the thermal response curves. Motorola Application Note, AN569, "Transient Thermal Resistance-General Data and Its Use" provides detailed instructions.

SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

The switching safe operating area (SOA) of Figure 9 is the boundary that the load line may traverse without incurring damage to the MOSFET. The fundamental limits are the peak current, I_{DM} and the breakdown voltage, $V_{(BR)DSS}$. The switching SOA shown in Figure 9 is applicable for both turn-on and turn-off of the devices for switching times less than one microsecond.

The power averaged over a complete switching cycle must be less than:

$$\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_C}{R_{\theta JC}}$$

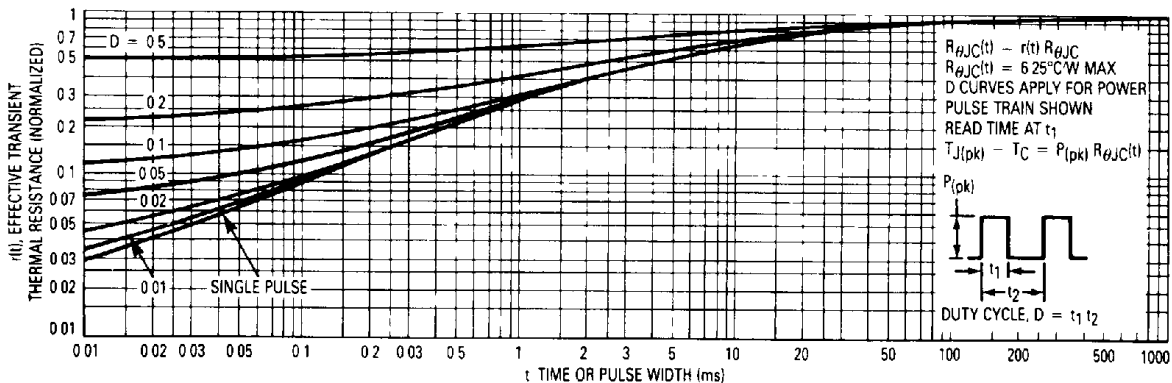


Figure 10. Thermal Response

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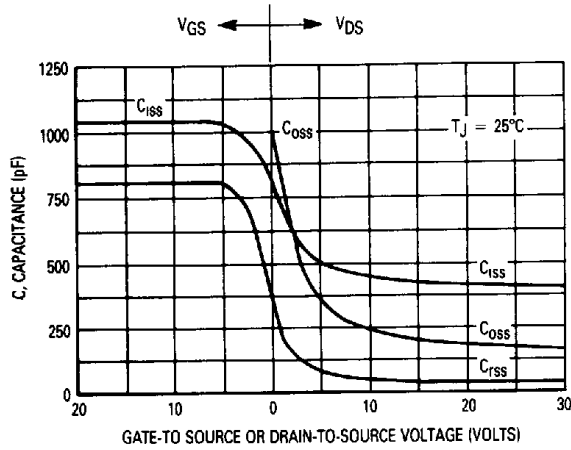


Figure 11. Capacitance Variation

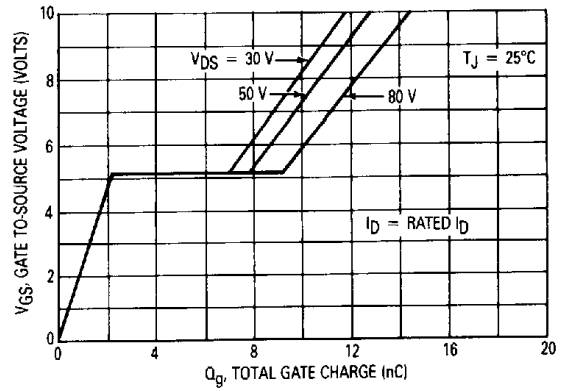


Figure 12. Gate Charge versus Gate-To-Source Voltage

RESISTIVE SWITCHING

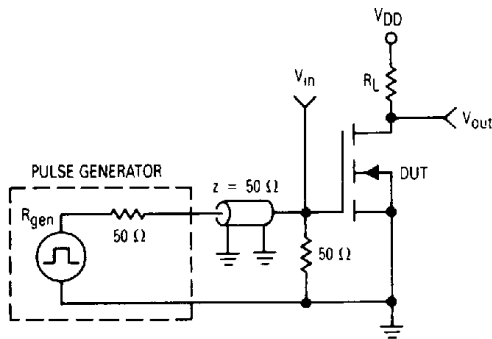


Figure 13. Switching Test Circuit

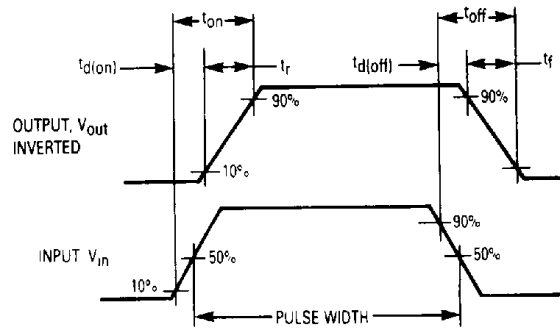


Figure 14. Switching Waveforms