

MOTOROLA
SEMICONDUCTOR
 TECHNICAL DATA

MUR605CT
MUR610CT
MUR615CT
MUR620CT

MUR620CT is a
 Motorola Preferred Device

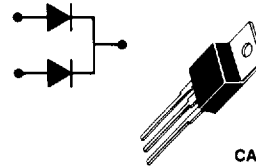
SWITCHMODE POWER RECTIFIERS

... designed for use in switching power supplies, inverters and as free wheeling diodes, these state-of-the-art devices have the following features:

- Ultrafast 35 Nanosecond Recovery Time
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- Popular TO-220 Package

**ULTRAFAST
 RECTIFIERS**

6 AMPERES
50-200 VOLTS



CASE 221A-06
 TO-220AB
 PLASTIC

3

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MUR605CT	MUR610CT	MUR615CT	MUR620CT	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V_{RRM} V_{RWM} V_R	50	100	150	200	Volts
Average Rectified Forward Current (Rated V_R) $T_C = 130^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	3.0 (Per Diode) 6.0 (Total Device)				Amps
Peak Repetitive Forward Current Per Diode Leg (Rated V_R , Square Wave, 20 kHz) $T_C = 130^\circ\text{C}$	I_{FRM}	6.0				Amps
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz)	I_{FSM}	75				Amps
Operating Junction Temperature and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +175				$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS PER DIODE LEG

Rating	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	5.0-6.0	7.0	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS PER DIODE LEG

Instantaneous Forward Voltage (1) ($I_F = 3.0$ Amp, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$) ($I_F = 3.0$ Amp, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_F	0.80 0.94	0.895 0.975	Volts
Instantaneous Reverse Current (1) (Rated dc Voltage, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$) (Rated dc Voltage, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	i_R	2.0-10 0.01-3.0	250 5.0	μA
Reverse Recovery Time ($I_F = 1.0$ Amp, $di/dt = 50$ Amp/ μs)	t_{rr}	20-30	35	ns

(1) Pulse Test Pulse Width = 300 μs , Duty Cycle $\approx 2\%$

FIGURE 1 — TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE

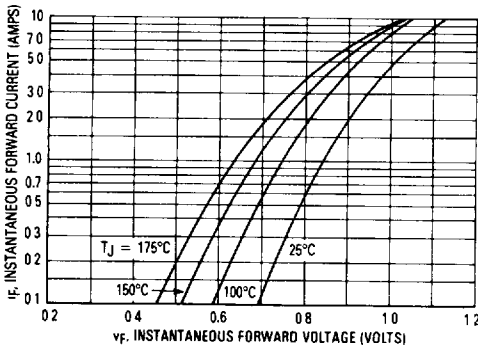


FIGURE 2 — TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT

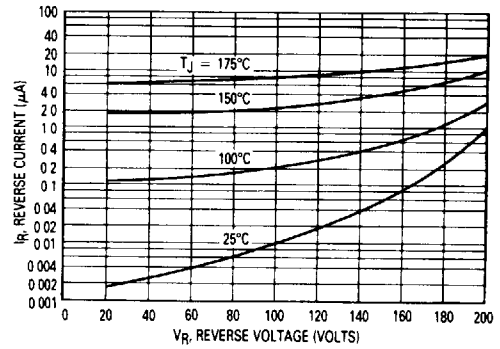


FIGURE 3 — TOTAL DEVICE CURRENT DERATING, CASE

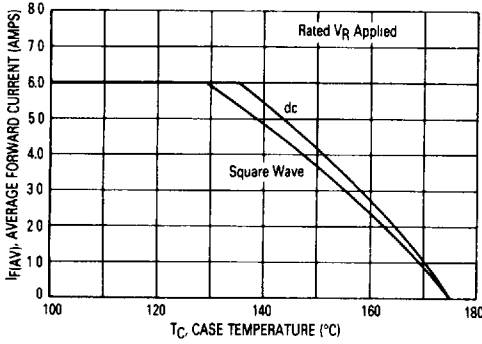


FIGURE 4 — TOTAL DEVICE CURRENT DERATING, AMBIENT

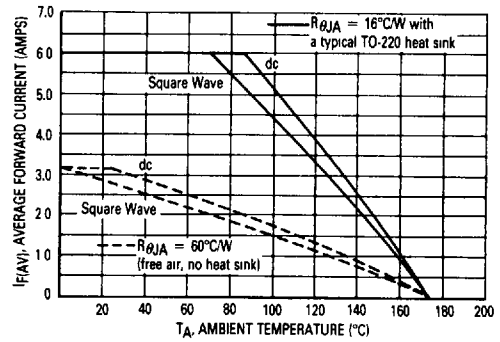


FIGURE 5 — POWER DISSIPATION

