

SWITCHMODE Power Rectifiers

ULTRAFAST RECTIFIERS

60 AMPERES, 200–600 VOLTS

ADVANTAGES

- * High reliability circuit operation
- * Low voltage peaks for reduced protection circuits
- * Low noise switching
- * Low losses
- * Operating at lower temperature or space saving by reduced cooling

FEATURES

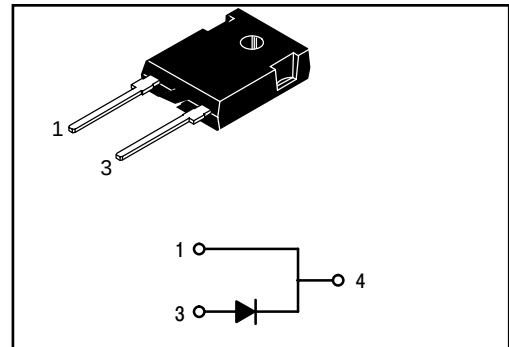
- * International standard package JEDEC TO-247AD-2P
- * Planar passivated chips
- * Very short recovery time
- * Extremely low switching losses
- * Low I_{RM} -values
- * Soft recovery behaviour

APPLICATIONS

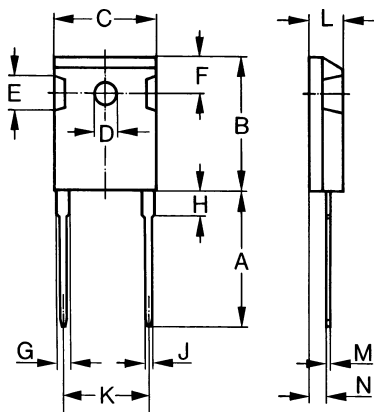
- * Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- * Antisaturation diode
- * Snubber diode
- * Free wheeling diode in converters and motor control circuits
- * Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- * Inductive heating and melting
- * Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- * Ultrasonic cleaners and welders

TO-247AD-2P

Unit : inch (mm)



Dimensions TO-247AD-2P



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	19.81	20.32	0.780	0.800
B	20.80	21.46	0.819	0.845
C	15.75	16.26	0.610	0.640
D	3.55	3.65	0.140	0.144
E	4.32	5.49	0.170	0.216
F	5.4	6.2	0.212	0.244
G	1.65	2.13	0.065	0.084
H	-	4.5	-	0.177
J	1.0	1.4	0.040	0.055
K	10.8	11.0	0.426	0.433
L	4.7	5.3	0.185	0.209
M	0.4	0.8	0.016	0.031
N	1.5	2.49	0.087	0.102

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 μ s, Duty Cycle $\leq$ 2.0%.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Per Leg)

Rating	Symbol	MUR60A02P	MUR60A04P	MUR60A06P	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V_{RRM} V_{RWM} V_R	200	400	600	V
Average Rectified Forward Current (Rated V_R) Per Leg	$I_{F(AV)}$	60 @ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$			A
Peak Rectified Forward Current, Per Leg (Rated V_R , Square Wave, 20 kHz, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{FRM}	60 @ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$		60 @ $T_C = 145^\circ\text{C}$	A
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions, halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz) Per Leg	I_{FSM}	600			A
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{stg}	-40 to +145			$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per Diode Leg)

Maximum Thermal Resistance, - Junction-to-Case - Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JC}$ $R_{\theta JA}$	1.5 40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per Diode Leg)

Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 1) ($I_F = 60$ Amp, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$) ($I_F = 60$ Amp, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_F	0.95 1.05	1.20 1.30	1.5 1.7	V
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current (Note 1) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	i_R	5000 60		5000 60	μA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time ($i_F = 1.0$ A, $di/dt = 50$ A/ μ s)	t_{rr}	30	35		ns

Ultra Fast Recovery Diodes

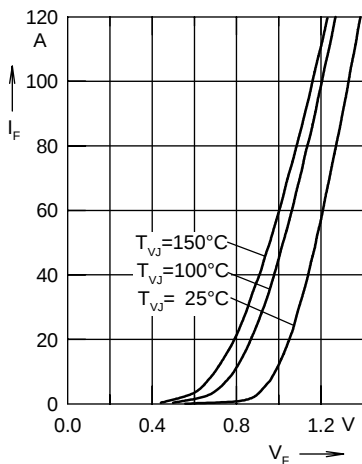
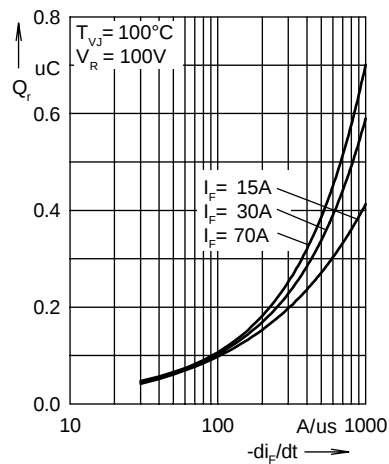
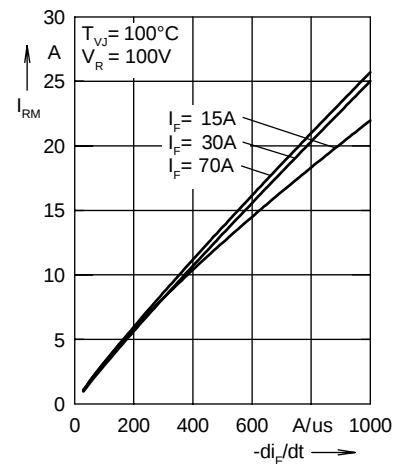
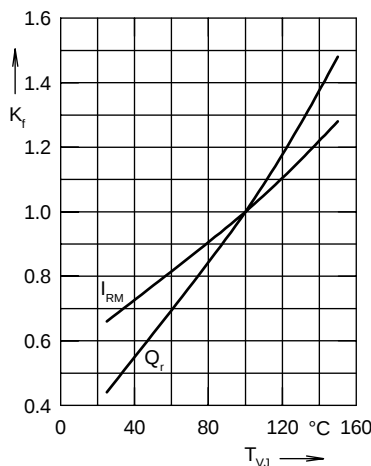
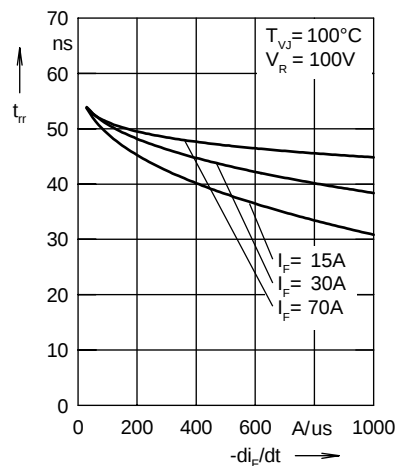
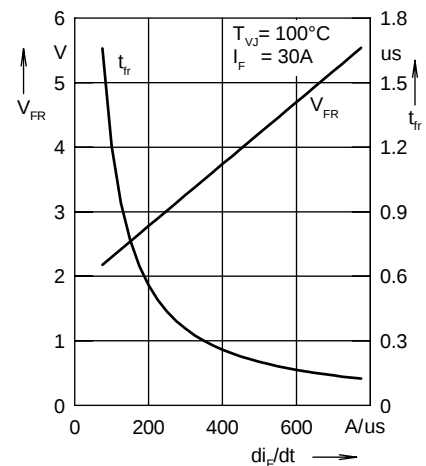
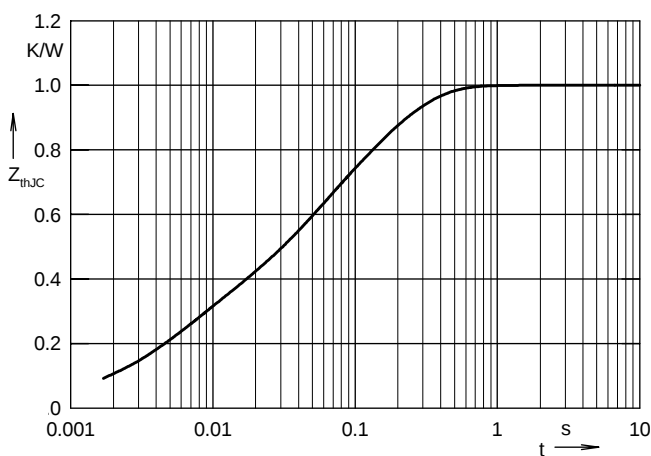
Fig. 1 Forward current I_F versus V_F Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 3 Typ. peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ} Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time t_{tr} versus $-di_F/dt$ Fig. 6 Typ. peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{tr} versus di_F/dt 

Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case