e₂v

This datasheet describes the use of the MiCS-2710. The package and the mode of operation illustrated in this document target the detection of nitrogen dioxide (NO₂).

FEATURES

- Low heater current
- · Wide detection range
- High sensitivity
- Fast thermal response
- · Miniature dimensions
- · High resistance to shocks and vibrations

IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS

Read the following instructions carefully before using the MiCS-2710 sensor described in this document to avoid erroneous readings and to prevent the device from permanent damage.

- The sensor must not be wave soldered without protection, or exposed to high concentrations of organic solvents, ammonia, or silicone vapours, to avoid poisoning the sensitive layer.
- Heating powers above the maximum rating of 120 mW can destroy the sensor due to overheating.
- This sensor is to be placed in a filtered package that protects it against any water or dust projection.
- For any additional questions, email enquiries@e2v.com or telephone +44 (0)1245 493493.

OPERATING MODE

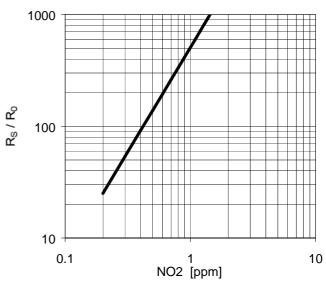
The recommended mode of operation is a constant power mode. A heater power of $P_H=43\,$ mW is applied. This causes the temperature of the sensing resistor (R_S) to reach about 220 °C.

Detection of the pollution gases is achieved by measuring the sensing resistor $R_{\rm S}$ during operation.



SENSOR RESPONSE

The sensor response to NO2 in air is represented in Fig. 1.



The sensor resistance R_S is normalised to the resistance under air (R_0) .

Fig. 1: R_{S}/R_{0} as a function of gas concentration at <5% RH and 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$

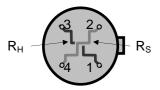
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MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT

Fig. 2 shows the pin connections of the MiCS-2710 gas sensor. A simple circuit to measure the pollution level is proposed in Fig. 3. The heating voltage $V_{\rm H}$ is applied to pins 3 and 1. A load resistor $R_{\rm L}$ is connected in series with $R_{\rm S}$ to convert the resistance $R_{\rm S}$ to a voltage $V_{\rm S}$ between pins 2 and 4. $R_{\rm S}$ can then be calculated by the following expression:

$$R_S = R_L / (V_{CC} - V_S) \times V_S$$



Pin	Connection		
1	Heater ground		
2	Sensor pin		
3	Heater power		
4	Sensor pin		

Fig. 2: Equivalent circuit of MiCS-2710 (top view)

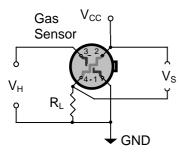


Fig. 3: Measurement circuit for pollution gas detection

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value/ Range	Unit
Maximum sensor supply voltage	V _{cc}	2.5	V
Maximum heater power dissipation	P _H	50	mW
Maximum sensor power dissipation	Ps	1	mW
Relative humidity range	R _H	5 – 95	%RH
Ambient operating temperature	T _{amb}	-30 – 85	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{sto}	- 40 – 120	°C
Storage humidity range	RH _{sto}	5 – 95	%RH

Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Unit
Heating power	P_{H}	43	30	50	mW
Heating voltage	V _H	1.7	-	-	V
Heating current	I _H	26	-	-	mA
Heating resistance	R _H	66	59	73	Ω

Sensitivity Characteristics

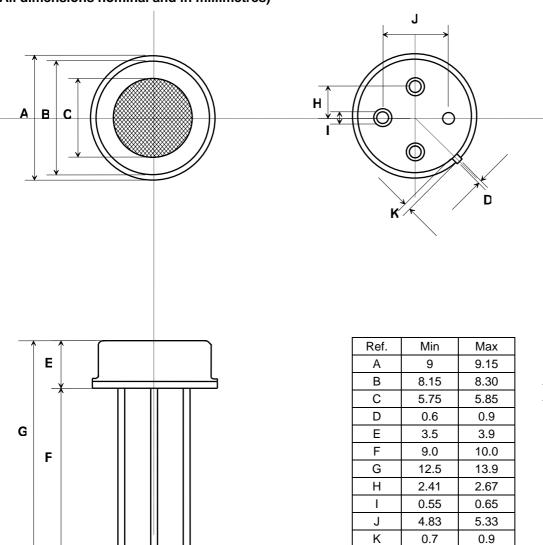
Characteristic	Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Unit
NO ₂ detection range	FS		0.05	5	ppm
Sensing resistance in air (see note 1)	R ₀	2.2	0.8	8	kΩ
Sensitivity factor (see note 2)	S _R	55	6	100	-

Notes:

- 1. Sensing resistance in air (R $_0$) is measured under controlled ambient conditions, i.e. synthetic air at 23 ± 5 °C and <5 ± 5% RH.
- 2. Sensitivity factor (S_R) is defined as R_S at 0.25 ppm of NO₂ divided by R_S in air. Test conditions are 23 \pm 5 °C and <5 \pm 5% RH.

PACKAGE AND FILTER OUTLINE

(All dimensions nominal and in millimetres)



Outline Notes:

- 1. A perfect pin alignment is not guaranteed.
- 2. The metallic mesh is optional.

e2v semiconductor gas sensors are well suited for leak detection and applications requiring limited accuracy. Their use for absolute gas concentration detection is more complicated because they typically require temperature compensation, calibration, and sometimes as well, humidity compensation. Their base resistance in clean air and their sensitivity can vary overtime depending on the environment they are in. This effect must be taken into account for any application development (117-5.0).