SPECIFICATIONS FOR NICHIA **BLUISH-GREEN** LED MODEL: **NEPE510S**

NICHIA CORPORATION

1.SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Item	Symbol	Symbol Absolute Maximum Rating	
Forward Current	IF	15	mA
Pulse Forward Current	IFP	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	60	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~ + 85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	265°C for 10sec.	

IFP Conditions : Pulse Width ≤ 10 msec. and Duty $\leq 1/10$

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=7[mA]	_	3.4	3.9	V
Reverse Current	IR	V _R =5[V]	-	-	50	μA
Luminous Intensity Rank IE.	3 Iv	IF=7[mA]	1400	3920	-	mcd

^{*} Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is \pm 10%.

Color Rank	$(IF=7mA,Ta=25^{\circ}C)$
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	Rank IE3				
X	0.03 0.03 0.17 0.17				
у	0.44	0.70	0.70	0.44	

^{*} Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is ± 0.012 .

Average Value by Shipment Lot

 $(IF=7mA,Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Item	Symbol	Average Control
Color Coordinates	X	(x, y) conforms to
(Average)	\overline{y}	the ITE green color requirement.
Luminous Intensity (Average)	- Iv	

2.TYPICAL INITIAL OPTICAL/ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Please refer to figure's page.

3.OUTLINE DIMENSIONS AND MATERIALS

Please refer to figure's page.

Material as follows; Resin(Mold): Epoxy Resin

Leadframe : Ag plating Iron

4.PACKAGING

· The BG-LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after packaging in anti-electrostatic bags. Please refer to figure's page.

The label on the minimum packing unit shows; Part Number, Lot Number, Ranking, Quantity

- · In order to protect the BG-LEDs from mechanical shock, we pack them in cardboard boxes for transportation.
- The BG-LEDs may be damaged if the boxes are dropped or receive a strong impact against them, so precautions must be taken to prevent any damage.
- · The boxes are not water resistant and therefore must be kept away from water and moisture.
- · When the BG-LEDs are transported, we recommend that you use the same packing method as Nichia.

5.LOT NUMBER

The first six digits number shows **lot number**.

The lot number is composed of the following characters;

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○□×××× - △■
○ - Year (2 for 2002, 3 for 2003)
□ - Month (1 for Jan., 9 for Sep., A for Oct., B for Nov.)
×××× - Nichia's Product Number
△■ - Ranking
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6.RELIABILITY

(1) TEST ITEMS AND RESULTS

	Standard			Number of
Test Item	Test Method	Test Conditions	Note	Damaged
Resistance to	JEITA ED-4701	Tsld= $260 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C, 10 sec.	1 time	0/100
Soldering Heat	300 302	3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb		
Solderability	JEITA ED-4701	Tsld= $235 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C, 5sec.	1 time	0/100
	300 303	(using flux)	over 95%	
Thermal Shock	JEITA ED-4701	0°C ~ 100°C	100 cycles	0/100
	300 307	15sec. 15sec.		
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701	-40°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C	100 cycles	0/100
	100 105	30min. 5min. 30min. 5min.		
Moisture Resistance Cyclic	JEITA ED-4701	25°C ~ 65°C ~ -10°C	10 cycles	0/100
	200 203	90%RH 24hrs./1cycle		
Terminal Strength	JEITA ED-4701	Load 5N (0.5kgf)	No noticeable	0/100
(bending test)	400 401	$0^{\circ} \sim 90^{\circ} \sim 0^{\circ}$ bend 2 times	damage	
Terminal Strength	JEITA ED-4701	Load 10N (1kgf)	No noticeable	0/100
(pull test)	400 401	10 ± 1 sec.	damage	
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=100°C	1000hrs.	0/100
	200 201			
Temperature Humidity	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=60°C, RH=90%	1000hrs.	0/100
Storage	100 103			
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=-40°C	1000hrs.	0/100
	200 202			
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=25°C, IF=15mA	1000hrs.	0/100
Steady State Operating Life		60°C, RH=90%, IF=7mA	500hrs.	0/100
of High Humidity Heat				
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=-30°C, IF=7mA	1000hrs.	0/100
of Low Temperature				

(2) CRITERIA FOR JUDGING THE DAMAGE

			Criteria for Judgement	
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=7mA	-	U.S.L.*)× 1.1
Reverse Current	Ir	V _R =5V	-	U.S.L.*)× 2.0
Luminous Intensity	Iv	IF=7mA	$L.S.L.**) \times 0.7$	-

^{*)} U.S.L.: Upper Standard Level

^{**)} L.S.L.: Lower Standard Level

7.CAUTIONS

(1) Lead Forming

- · When forming leads, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during lead forming.
- · Lead forming should be done before soldering.
- · Do not apply any bending stress to the base of the lead. The stress to the base may damage the BG-LED's characteristics or it may break the BG-LEDs.
- · When mounting the BG-LEDs onto a printed circuit board, the holes on the circuit board should be exactly aligned with the leads of the BG-LEDs. If the BG-LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the BG-LEDs.

(2) Storage

- The BG-LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less after being shipped from Nichia and the storage life limits are 3 months. If the BG-LEDs are stored for 3 months or more, they can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.
- · Nichia BG-LED leadframes are comprised of a silver plated iron. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the BG-LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the BG-LEDs be used as soon as possible.
- · Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

(3) Static Electricity

- · Static electricity or surge voltage damages the BG-LEDs.

 It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the BG-LEDs.
- · All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the BG-LEDs.
- · When inspecting the final products in which BG-LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled BG-LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to find static-damaged BG-LEDs by a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).
- · Damaged BG-LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the BG-LEDs do not light at the low current.

Criteria : (VF > 2.0V at IF=0.5mA)

(4) Soldering Conditions

· Solder the BG-LED no closer than 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Soldering beyond the base of the tie bar is recommended.

· Recommended soldering conditions

Dip Soldering		Soldering		
Pre-Heat	120°C Max.	Temperature	350°C Max.	
Pre-Heat Time	60 seconds Max.	Soldering Time	3 seconds Max.	
Solder Bath	260°C Max.	Position	No closer than 3 mm from the	
Temperature			base of the epoxy bulb.	
Dipping Time	10 seconds Max.			
Dipping Position	No lower than 3 mm from the			
	base of the epoxy bulb.			

- · Do not apply any stress to the lead particularly when heated.
- · The BG-LEDs must not be repositioned after soldering.
- · After soldering the BG-LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the BG-LEDs return to room temperature.
- · Direct soldering onto a PC board should be avoided. Mechanical stress to the resin may be caused from warping of the PC board or from the clinching and cutting of the leadframes. When it is absolutely necessary, the BG-LEDs may be mounted in this fashion but the User will assume responsibility for any problems. Direct soldering should only be done after testing has confirmed that no damage, such as wire bond failure or resin deterioration, will occur. Nichia's BG-LEDs should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin.
- · When it is necessary to clamp the BG-LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the BG-LEDs.
- · Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperatures may cause failure of the BG-LEDs.

(5) Heat Generation

- Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the BG-LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of BG-LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.
- The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of BG-LEDs.

(6) Cleaning

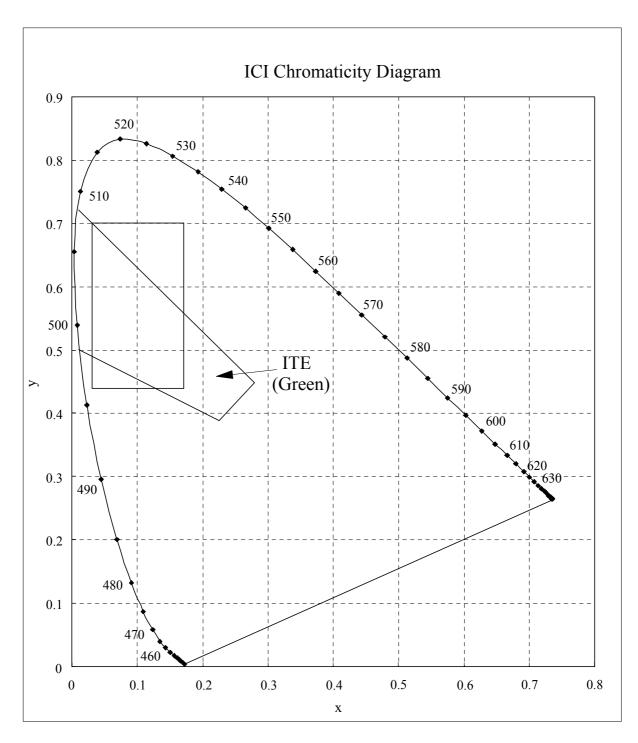
- · It is recommended that isopropyl alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning the BG-LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the resin or not. Freon solvents should not be used to clean the BG-LEDs because of worldwide regulations.
- · Do not clean the BG-LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the BG-LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the BG-LEDs will occur.

(7) Safety Guideline for Human Eyes

· In 1993, the International Electric Committee (IEC) issued a standard concerning laser product safety (IEC 825-1). Since then, this standard has been applied for diffused light sources (BG-LEDs) as well as lasers. In 1998 IEC 60825-1 Edition 1.1 evaluated the magnitude of the light source. In 2001 IEC 60825-1 Amendment 2 converted the laser class into 7 classes for end products. Components are excluded from this system. Products which contain visible BG-LEDs are now classified as class 1. Products containing UV LEDs are class 1M. Products containing BG-LEDs can be classified as class 2 in cases where viewing angles are narrow, optical manipulation intensifies the light, and/or the energy emitted is high. For these systems it is recommended to avoid long term exposure. It is also recommended to follow the IEC regulations regarding safety and labeling of products.

(8) Others

- · If the BG-LEDs are being used after being fixed into a case (container, box, etc...) the BG-LEDs must not be mounted so that the epoxy lens is pressed or glued onto a plastic (or metal) board.
- · Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had BG-LEDs incorporated into it.
- These BG-LEDs are designed and manufactured for standard applications of traffic signals. It is recommended to consult with Nichia in advance if these BG-LEDs are used for other applications.
- · User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the BG-LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective BG-LEDs are found, the User shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



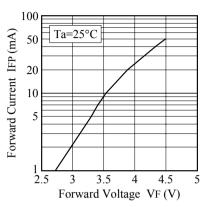
* Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is ± 0.012 .

Nichia

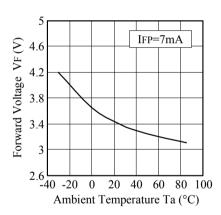
STSE-CE2072C <Cat.No.031112>

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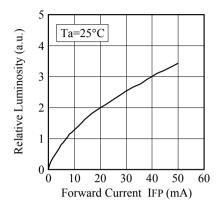
■ Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current



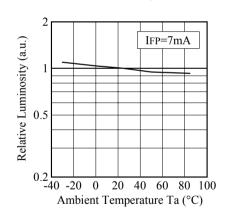
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



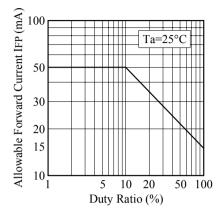
■ Forward Current vs. Relative Luminosity



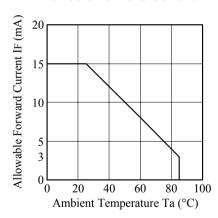
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Luminosity



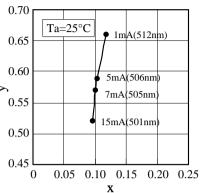
■ Duty Ratio vs. Allowable Forward Current



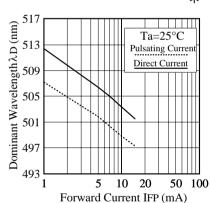
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Allowable Forward Current



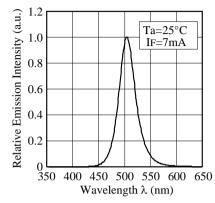
Model **NEPExxxx** NICHIA CORPORATION Title TYP.CHARACTERISTICS 021023201022 No.



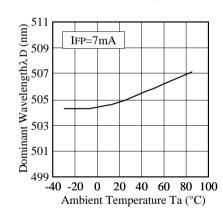
■ Forward Current vs. Dominant Wavelength



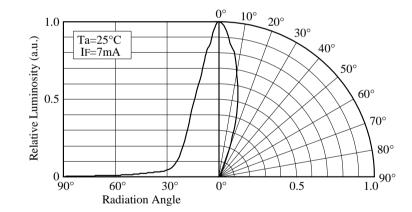
■ Spectrum

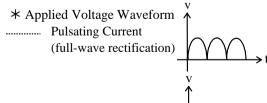


■ Ambient Temperature vs. Dominant Wavelength



■ Directivity (NEPE510(S))





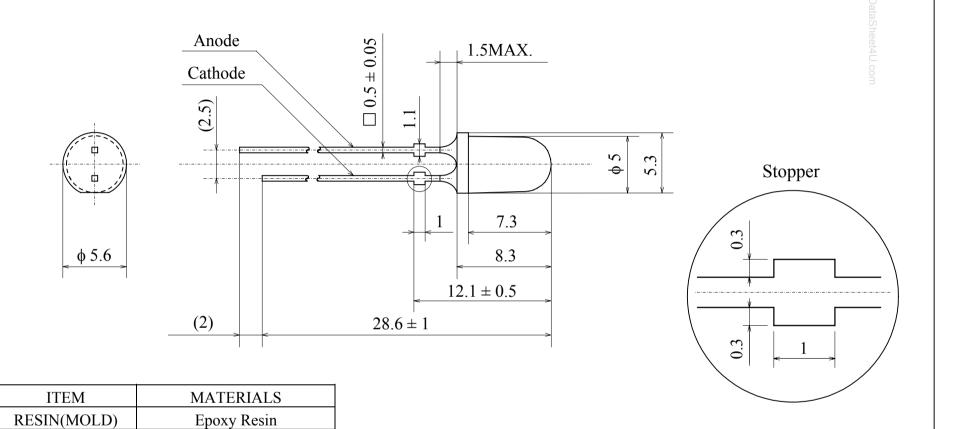
Direct Current

Model NEPE510(S) NICHIA CORPORATION Title TYP.CHARACTERISTICS 030929201034 No.

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Remark:

Bare iron is exposed at tie-bar portion after cutting.

LEAD FRAME

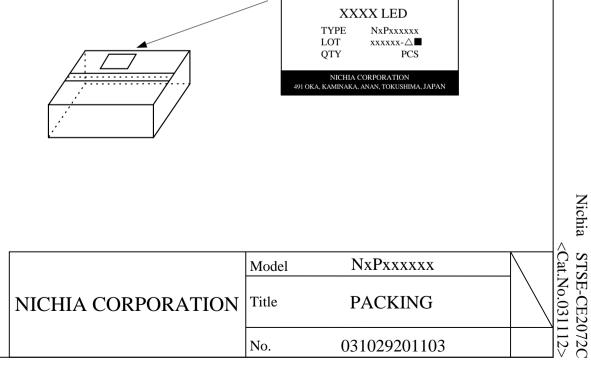
The lamps have sharp and hard points that may injure human eyes or fingers etc., so please pay enough care in the handling.

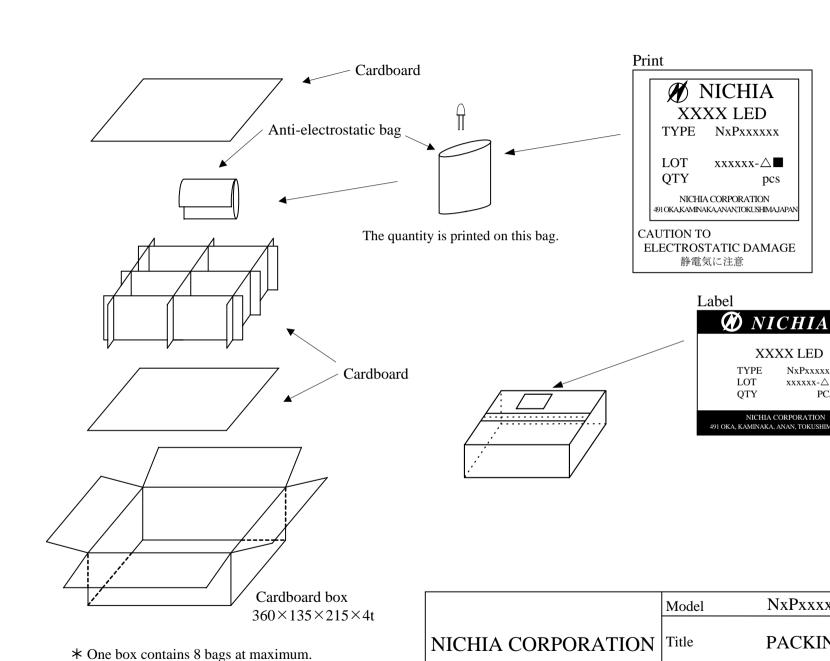
Ag Plating Iron

	Model	NEPE510S	Unit Cat.
NICHIA CORPORATION	Title	OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	3/1 No.031 Scale 13/1
	No.	020723201051	Allow 172 C

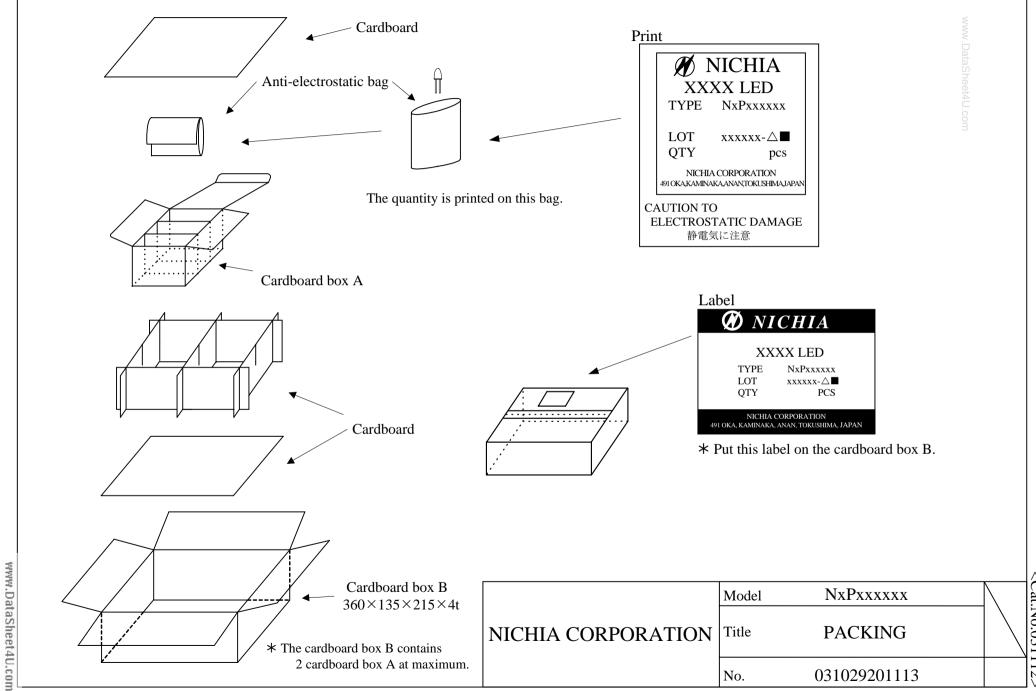
Nichia







STSE-CE2072C



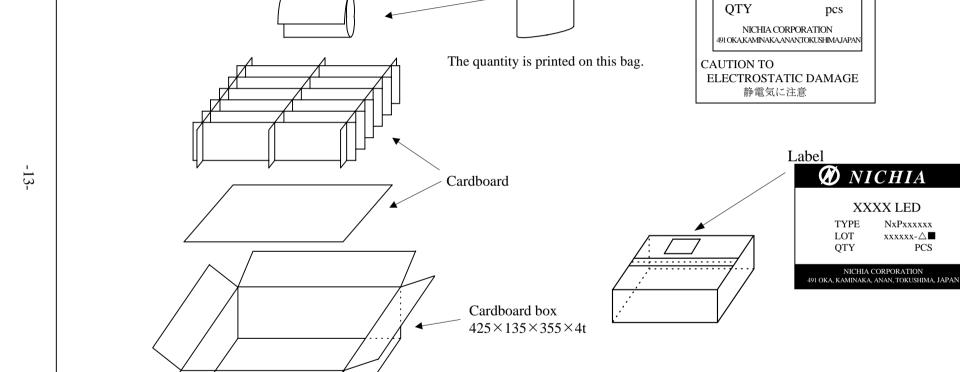
* The cardboard box B contains

2 cardboard box A at maximum.

Nichia <Cat.No.031112> STSE-CE2072C

031029201113

No.



* One box contains 20 bags at maximum.

Cardboard

Anti-electrostatic bag

Print

TYPE

LOT

M NICHIA

XXXX LED

Model

Title

No.

NICHIA CORPORATION

NxPxxxxxx

xxxxxx-△■

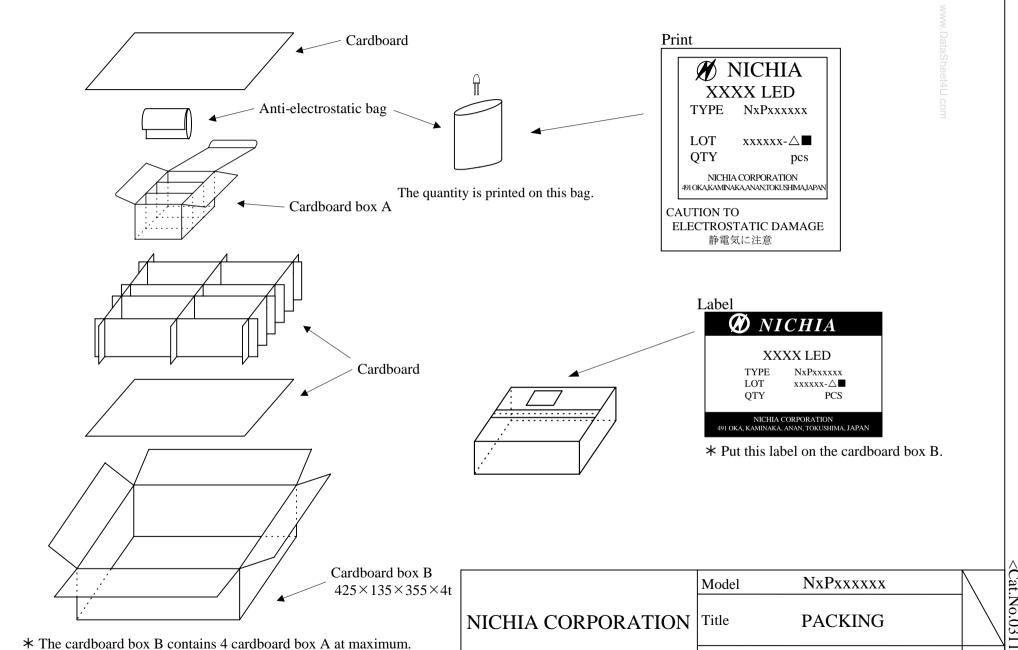
Nichia <Cat.No.031112> STSE-CE2072C

NxPxxxxxx

PACKING

031029201123





Nichia STSE-CE2072C <Cat.No.031112>

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