SPECIFICATIONS FOR NICHIA WHITE LED MODEL : **NEPW500A**

NICHIA CORPORATION

1.SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

1) Trosorate Warming			(1a 2s c)
Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Forward Current	IF	15	mA
Pulse Forward Current	IFP	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	60	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~ + 85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	265°C for 10sec.	

IFP Conditions : Pulse Width ≤ 10 msec. and Duty $\leq 1/10$

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

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Item	Symbol	Condition	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Forward Voltage		VF	IF=10[mA]	(3.6)	4.0	V
Reverse Current		Ir	$V_R = 5[V]$	-	50	μΑ
Luminous Intensity		Iv	IF=10[mA]	(7640)	ı	mcd
Characticity Coordinate	X	-	IF=10[mA]	0.31	ı	ı
Chromaticity Coordinate	У	-	IF=10[mA]	0.32	-	-

^{*} Please refer to CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

(3) Ranking

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Luminous Intensity	Rank S	Iv	IF=10[mA]	7800	11000	mcd
	Rank R	Iv	IF=10[mA]	5520	7800	mcd
	Rank Q	Iv	IF=10[mA]	3900	5520	mcd

^{*} Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is \pm 10%.

Color Ranks

 $(IF=10mA,Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

	Rank a0					
X	0.280	0.264	0.283	0.296		
y	0.248	0.267	0.305	0.276		

	Rank b2					
X	0.296	0.287	0.330	0.330		
у	0.276	0.295	0.339	0.318		

		Rank b1					
	X	0.287	0.283	0.330	0.330		
	у	0.295	0.305	0.360	0.339		
-							

	Rank c0					
X	0.330	0.330	0.361	0.356		
у	0.318	0.360	0.385	0.351		

^{*} Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is \pm 0.01.

2.INITIAL OPTICAL/ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to figure's page.

^{*} One delivery will include up to two consecutive color ranks and three luminous intensity ranks of the products. The quantity-ratio of the ranks is decided by Nichia.

3.OUTLINE DIMENSIONS AND MATERIALS

Please refer to figure's page.

Material as follows; Resin(Mold): Epoxy Resin (over Phosphor)

Leadframe : Ag plating Iron

4.PACKAGING

• The LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after packaging in anti-electrostatic bags. Please refer to figure's page.

The label on the minimum packing unit shows; Part Number, Lot Number, Ranking, Quantity

- · In order to protect the LEDs from mechanical shock, we pack them in cardboard boxes for transportation.
- The LEDs may be damaged if the boxes are dropped or receive a strong impact against them, so precautions must be taken to prevent any damage.
- · The boxes are not water resistant and therefore must be kept away from water and moisture.
- · When the LEDs are transported, we recommend that you use the same packing method as Nichia.

5.LOT NUMBER

The first six digits number shows **lot number**.

The lot number is composed of the following characters;

 $\bigcirc \square \times \times \times \times - \triangle \blacksquare$

O - Year (5 for 2005, 6 for 2006)

☐ - Month (1 for Jan., 9 for Sep., A for Oct., B for Nov.)

×××× - Nichia's Product Number

 \triangle - Ranking by Color Coordinates

Ranking by Luminous Intensity

6.RELIABILITY

(1) TEST ITEMS AND RESULTS

	Standard			Number of
Test Item	Test Method	Test Conditions	Note	Damaged
Resistance to	JEITA ED-4701	Tsld= 260 ± 5 °C, 10 sec.	1 time	0/100
Soldering Heat	300 302	1.6mm from the base of the epoxy bulb		
Solderability	JEITA ED-4701	Tsld= 235 ± 5 °C, 5sec.	1 time	0/100
	300 303	(using flux)	over 95%	
Thermal Shock	JEITA ED-4701	0°C ~ 100°C	100 cycles	0/100
	300 307	15sec. 15sec.		
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701	-40°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C	100 cycles	0/100
	100 105	30min. 5min. 30min. 5min.		
Moisture Resistance Cyclic	JEITA ED-4701	25°C ~ 65°C ~ -10°C	10 cycles	0/100
	200 203	90%RH 24hrs./1cycle		
Terminal Strength	JEITA ED-4701	Load 5N (0.5kgf)	No noticeable	0/100
(bending test)	400 401	$0^{\circ} \sim 90^{\circ} \sim 0^{\circ}$ bend 2 times	damage	
Terminal Strength	JEITA ED-4701	Load 10N (1kgf)	No noticeable	0/100
(pull test)	400 401	10 ± 1 sec.	damage	
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=100°C	1000hrs.	0/100
	200 201			
Temperature Humidity	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=60°C, RH=90%	1000hrs.	0/100
Storage	100 103			
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701	Ta=-40°C	1000hrs.	0/100
	200 202			
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=25°C, IF=15mA	1000hrs.	0/100
Steady State Operating Life		60°C, RH=90%, IF=10mA	500hrs.	0/100
of High Humidity Heat				
Steady State Operating Life		Ta=-30°C, IF=10mA	1000hrs.	0/100
of Low Temperature				

(2) CRITERIA FOR JUDGING DAMAGE

			Criteria for Judgement	
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=10mA	-	U.S.L.*)× 1.1
Reverse Current	Ir	V _R =5V	-	U.S.L.*)× 2.0
Luminous Intensity	Iv	IF=10mA	L.S.L.**)× 0.7	-

^{*)} U.S.L.: Upper Standard Level

^{**)} L.S.L.: Lower Standard Level

7.CAUTIONS

The LEDs are devices which are materialized by combining Blue LEDs and special phosphors. Consequently, the color of White LEDs is changed a little by an operating current. Care should be taken after due consideration when using LEDs.

(1) Lead Forming

- · When forming leads, the leads should be bent at a point at least 1.6mm from the base of the epoxy bulb. Do not use the base of the leadframe as a fulcrum during lead forming.
- · When forming leads, hold the leadframes tightly not to give stress to the inside of the resin and the leadframe before soldering.
- · Do not apply any bending stress to the base of the lead. The stress to the base may damage the LED's characteristics or it may break the LEDs.
- · When mounting the LEDs onto a printed circuit board, the holes on the circuit board should be exactly aligned with the leads of the LEDs. If the LEDs are mounted with stress at the leads, it causes deterioration of the epoxy resin and this will degrade the LEDs.

(2) Storage

- The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less after being shipped from Nichia and the storage life limits are 3 months. If the LEDs are stored for 3 months or more, they can be stored for a year in a sealed container with a nitrogen atmosphere and moisture absorbent material.
- · Nichia LED leadframes are silver plated Iron. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive substances. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.
- · Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

(3) Static Electricity

- · Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.

 It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- · All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that precautions be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- · When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to find static-damaged LEDs by a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).
- · Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current.

Criteria: (VF > 2.0V at IF=0.5mA)

(4) Soldering Conditions

· Solder the LED no closer than 1.6mm from the base of the epoxy bulb.

· Recommended soldering conditions

	Dip Soldering	Hand Soldering		
Pre-Heat	120°C Max.	Temperature	350°C Max.	
Pre-Heat Time	60 seconds Max.	Soldering Time	3 seconds Max.	
Solder Bath	260°C Max.	Position	No closer than 1.6 mm from the	
Temperature			base of the epoxy bulb.	
Dipping Time	10 seconds Max.			
Dipping Position	No lower than 1.6mm from the			
	base of the epoxy bulb.			

- · Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, dip or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- · A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.
- · Dip soldering should not be done more than one time.
- · Hand soldering should not be done more than one time.
- · Recommended through-hole diameter is 1.1mm.
- · Do not apply any stress to the lead particularly when heated.
- · The LEDs must not be repositioned after soldering.
- · After soldering the LEDs, the epoxy bulb should be protected from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs return to room temperature.
- · It is possible to solder LEDs directly to the PC board. Take enough care not to damage the resin because of the stress of the bowed PC board. Nichia's LEDs should not be soldered directly to double sided PC boards because the heat will deteriorate the epoxy resin.
- · When it is necessary to clamp the LEDs to prevent soldering failure, it is important to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs.
- · Cut the LED leadframes at room temperature. Cutting the leadframes at high temperatures may cause failure of the LEDs.

(5) Heat Generation

- Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.
- The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

(6) Cleaning

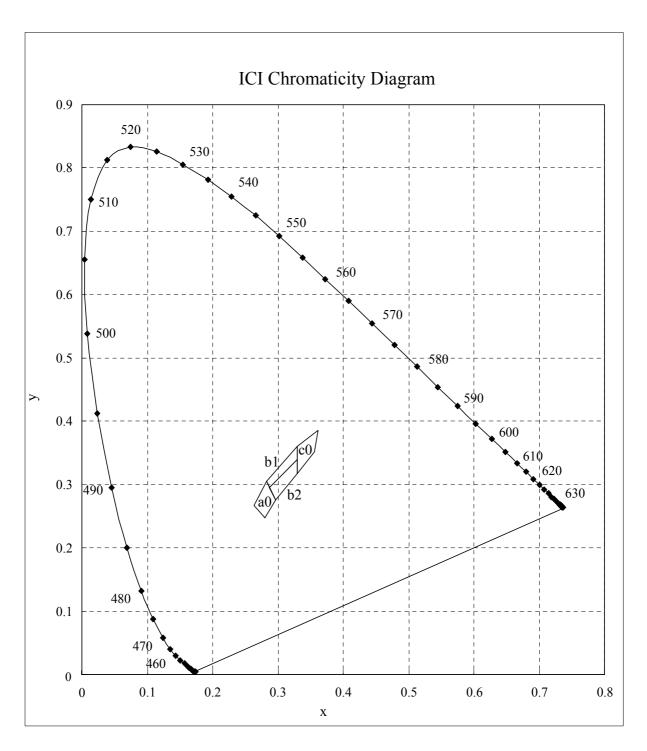
- · It is recommended that isopropyl alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning the LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the resin or not. Freon solvents should not be used to clean the LEDs because of worldwide regulations.
- · Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the LEDs will occur.

(7) Safety Guideline for Human Eyes

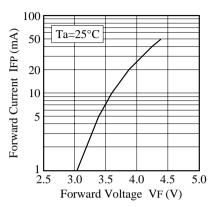
· In 1993, the International Electric Committee (IEC) issued a standard concerning laser product safety (IEC 825-1). Since then, this standard has been applied for diffused light sources (LEDs) as well as lasers. In 1998 IEC 60825-1 Edition 1.1 evaluated the magnitude of the light source. In 2001 IEC 60825-1 Amendment 2 converted the laser class into 7 classes for end products. Components are excluded from this system. Products which contain visible LEDs are now classified as class 1. Products containing UV LEDs are class 1M. Products containing LEDs can be classified as class 2 in cases where viewing angles are narrow, optical manipulation intensifies the light, and/or the energy emitted is high. For these systems it is recommended to avoid long term exposure. It is also recommended to follow the IEC regulations regarding safety and labeling of products.

(8) Others

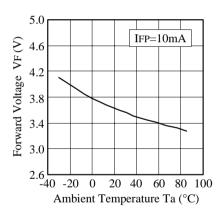
- · NEPW500A complies with RoHS Directive.
- · Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- · Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult Nichia's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- · User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- · The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.



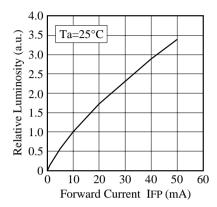
* Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is ± 0.01 .



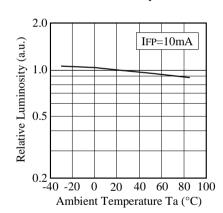
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



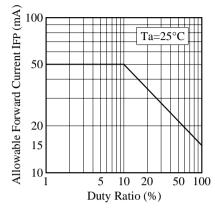
■ Forward Current vs. Relative Luminosity



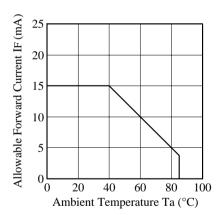
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Luminosity



Duty Ratio vs.Allowable Forward Current



Ambient Temperature vs.
 Allowable Forward Current



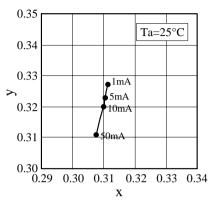
NICHIA CORPORATION

Model	NEPW500A	
Title	CHARACTERISTICS	
No.	051201547801	

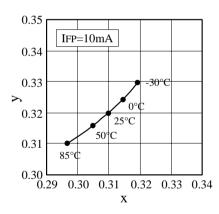
Nichia

STSE-CW5182A <Cat.No.051222>

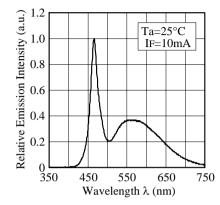
■ Forward Current vs. Chromaticity Coordinate



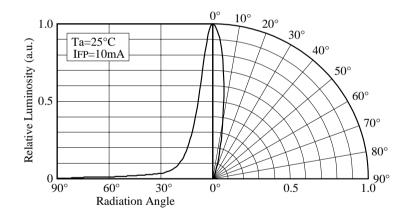
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Chromaticity Coordinate



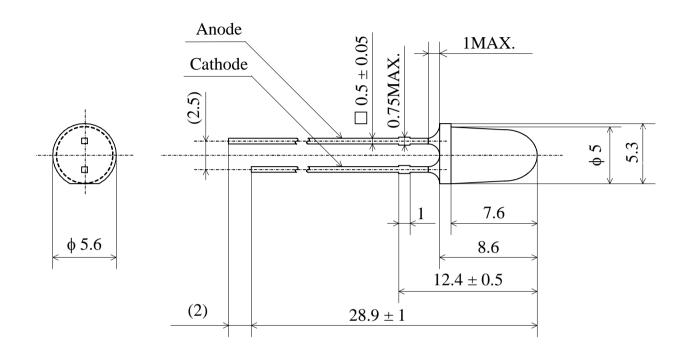
■ Spectrum



■ Directivity



		Model	NEPW500A	
NIC	CHIA CORPORATION	Title	CHARACTERISTICS	
		No.	051201547861	



ITEM	MATERIALS		
RESIN	Epoxy Resin (over Phosphor)		
LEAD FRAME	Ag Plating Iron		

Remark:

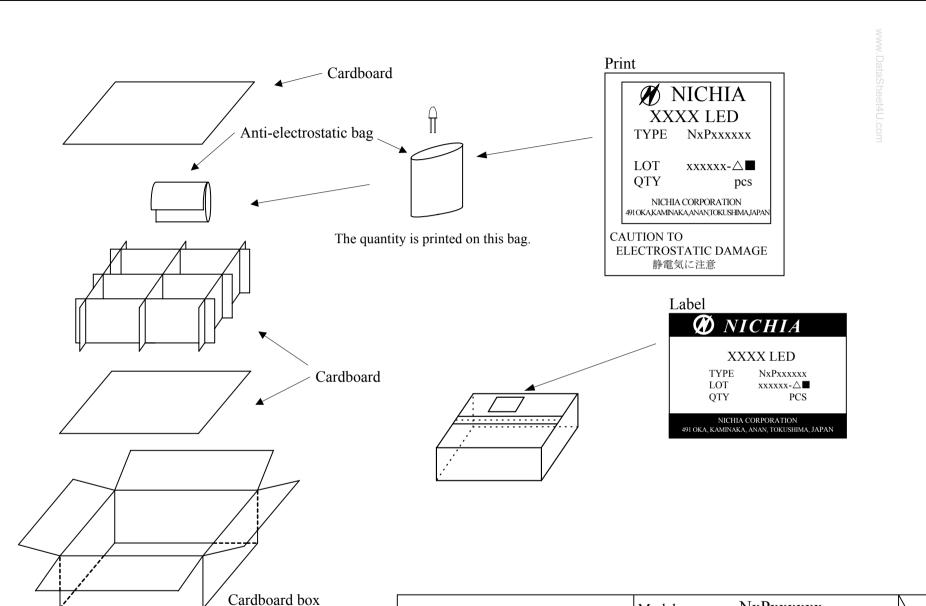
www.DataSheet4U.com

Please note that the bare iron showing at the cut end of the lead frame may be corroded under certain conditions. LEDs have some sharp edges and points, particularly lead frames. Please handle with care so as to avoid injuries.

NICHIA CORPORATION	Model	NEPW500A	Unit
	Title	OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	3/1 Scale
	No.	051201547871	Allow ±0.2





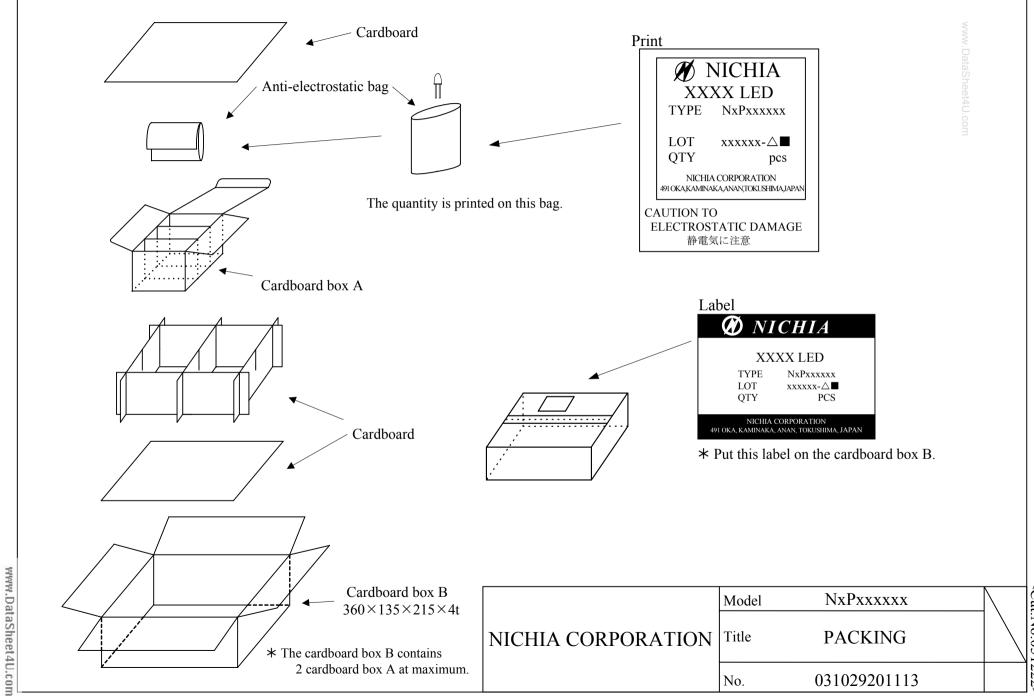


 \star One box contains 8 bags at maximum.

 $360 \times 135 \times 215 \times 4t$

NICHIA CORPORATION

	Model	NxPxxxxxx	
Ţ	Title	PACKING	
	No.	031029201103	



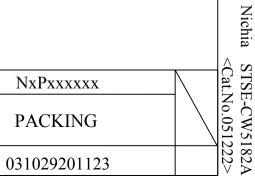
2 cardboard box A at maximum.

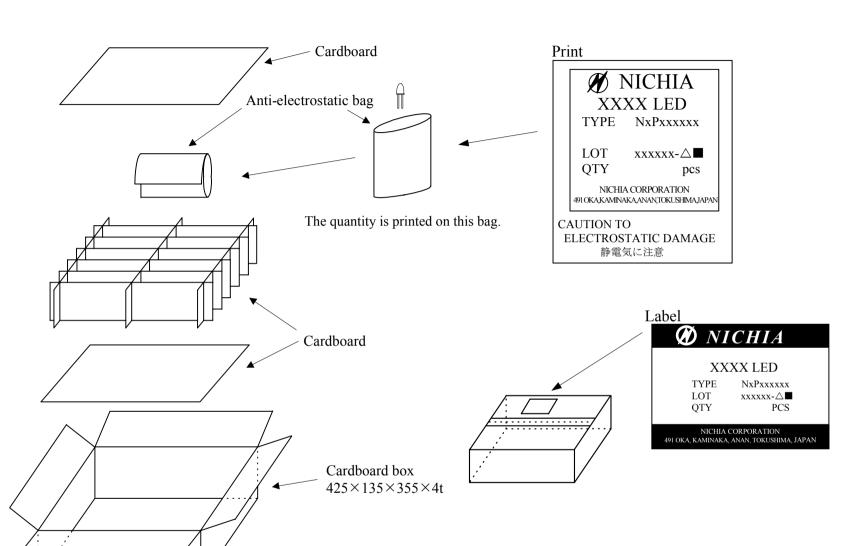
Nichia STSE-CW5182A <Cat.No.051222>

031029201113

No.





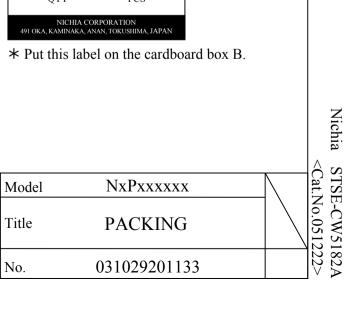


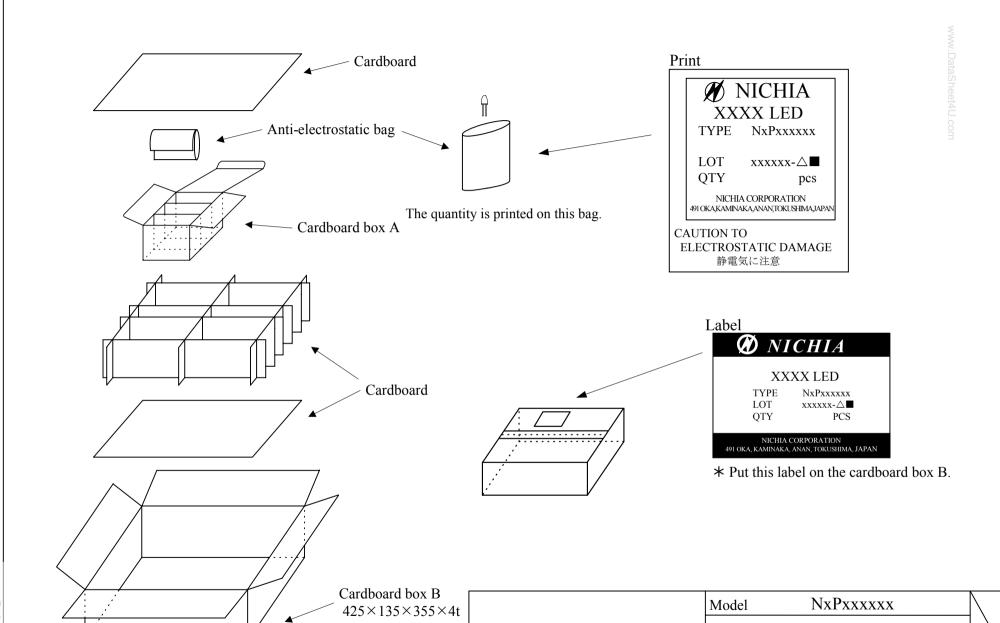
* One box contains 20 bags at maximum.

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Model Title No.







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No.

* The cardboard box B contains 4 cardboard box A at maximum.