

# Biomonitoring Sensor with Two Green LEDs & Optical filtered PD

#### **■FEATURES**

- Peak wavelength of LED: λ<sub>P</sub> 525nm (Green)
- High output, High S/N ratio
- Optical filtered photo diode
- Miniature, thin package: 3.15 X 4.35 X 0.8mm
- Pb free solder re-flowing permitted: 260°C, 2 times
- Pb free, Halogen free
- Conformity to RoHS directive

#### **■**APPLICATION

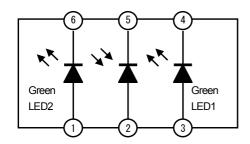
- Pulse rate (Heart rate) of Wearable Devices (Smart watch, Fitness Tracker etc.)
- Mobile Devices

# **■GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

NJL5311R is the compact surface mount type photo sensor, which is built in Two GREEN LEDs and an optical filtered photo diode that is useful reduce 'Ambient light noise'.

NJL5311R is a sensor for pulse rate (heart rate) measurement which shows one of fitness application that targeted the fitness tracker like Smart watch/Band/Bracelet.

# **■BLOCK DIAGRAM**



- 1. LG2A
- 2. PA
- 3. LG1A 4. LG1K
- 5. PK
- 6. LG2K

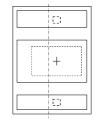
# **■PIN CONFIGURATION**

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		
1	LG2A	Anode for GREEN LED2		
2	PA	Anode for PD		
3	LG1A	Anode for GREEN LED1		
4	LG1K Cathode for GREEN LE			
5	PK	Cathode for PD		
6	LG2K	Cathode for GREEN LED2		

# (Top View)

1. LG2A 2. PA

3. LG1A



5. PK 4. LG1K

6. LG2K

# **■ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE OUTLINE	RoHS	HALOGEN- FREE	TERMINAL FINISH	MARKING	WEIGHT (mg)	MOQ(pcs)
NJL5311R	COBP	<b>'</b>	<b>✓</b>	Au	No marking	18	3,000



### **■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Emitter				
Forward Current (Continuous) *1	lF	15	mA	
Reverse Voltage (Continuous)	VR	5	V	
Power Dissipation	PD	65	mW	
Detector				
Reverse Voltage	VR	35	V	
Collector Power Dissipation	PD	20	mW	
Coupled				
Total Power Dissipation	Ptot	85	mW	
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +70	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30 to +85	°C	
Reflow Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260	°C	

<sup>\*1</sup> This is current value of each 1pcs LED.

# **■ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Ta=25 °C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Emitter						
DC Forward Voltage	VF	IF=10mA		3	3.5	V
Pulse Forward Voltage *1	VFP	IFP=100mA	_	4		V
Reverse Current	lR	VR=5V	_	_	10	μA
Peak Wavelength	$\lambda_{P}$	IF=10mA	_	525	_	nm
Detector						
Dark Current	ID	VR=10V, Without incident light	_	1.7	5	nA
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=1mA, Without incident light	_	_	1.2	V
Terminal Capacitance	Ct	VR=0V, f=1MHz	_	40	_	рF
		VR=2.5V, f=1MHz	_	15	_	рF
Peak Sensitive Wavelength	λP	_	_	590	_	nm
Coupled						
Output Current *2	Ю	IF=4mA(*4), VR=2.5V ,d=2.0mm(*5)	6	_	18	μΑ
Operating Dark Current *3	ILD	IF=4mA( <sup>*4</sup> ), VR=2.5V ,		20	200	
		Without reflective plate	_	30	200	nA
Response Time(Rise/Fall)	tr	VR=0V, RL=1kΩ	_	400	_	ns
		VR=2.5V, RL=1kΩ	_	250	_	ns
	tf	VR=0V, RL=1kΩ	_	400	_	ns
		VR=2.5V, RL=1kΩ	_	250	_	ns

<sup>\*1</sup> Pulse duty 10% (Pulse width 200us, Period 20ms)

<sup>\*2</sup> Please refer to "Output Current Test Condition".

<sup>\*3</sup> ID may increase according to the periphery situation of the surface mounted condition.

<sup>\*4</sup> Total current of each LED (IF=2mA/pcs).

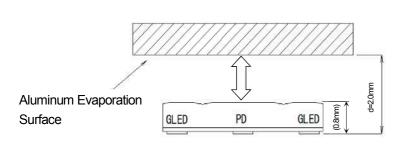
<sup>\*5</sup> Distance from the package undersurface to the aluminum evaporation surface.

XIn the Electro-Optical characteristics table, items that are showed only the typical value are not tested in manufacturing process.

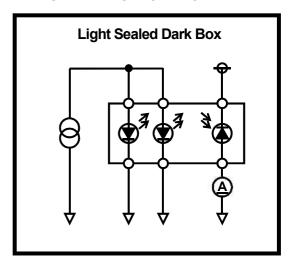


# **■ OUTPUT CURRENT TEST CONDITION**

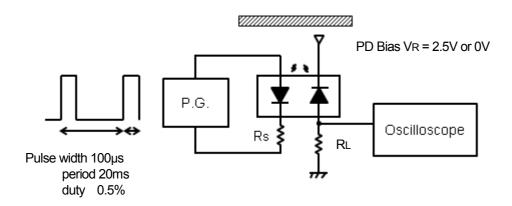
The signal from LED is reflected at the aluminum surface.



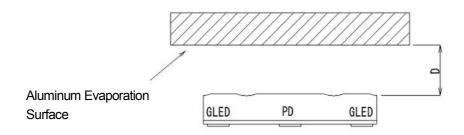
### **■ DARK CURRENT TEST CONDITION**



## **■RESPONSE TEST CONDITION**



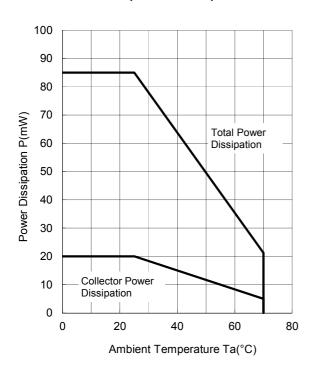
# ■ OUTPUT CURRENT vs. DISTANCE TIME TEST CONDITION



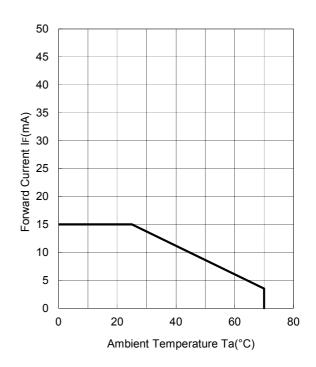


# **■POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**

### Power Dissipation vs. Temperature



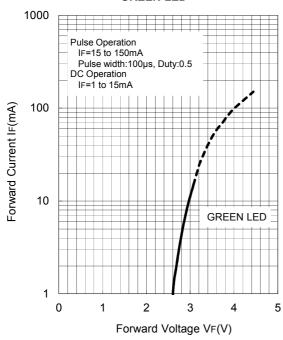
# Forward Current vs. Temperature



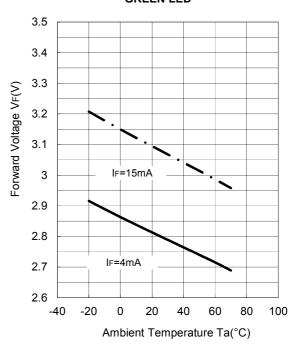


### **■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS RELATED GREEN EMITTER**

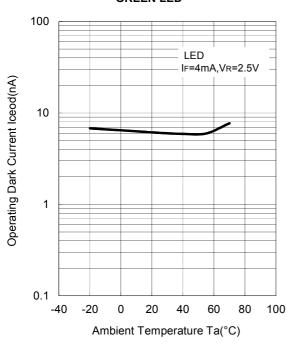
#### Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current **GREEN LED**



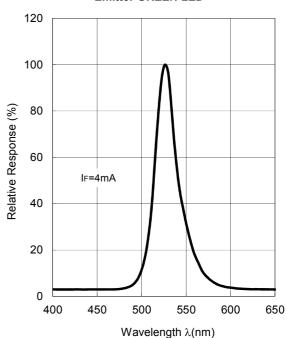
#### Forward Voltage vs. Temperature **GREEN LED**



# **Operating Dark Current vs. Temperature GREEN LED**

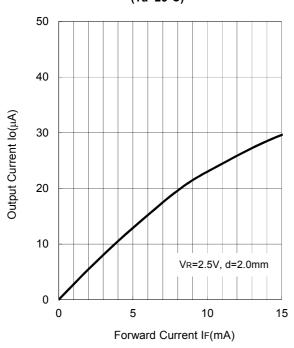


#### Spectral Response (Ta=25°C) **Emitter GREEN LED**

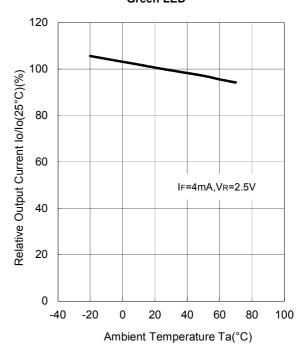




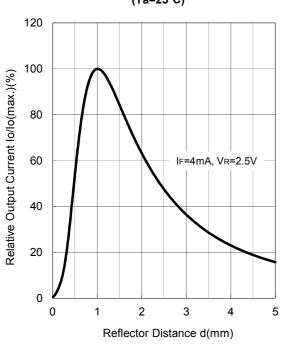
#### **Output Current vs. Forward Current** (Ta=25°C)



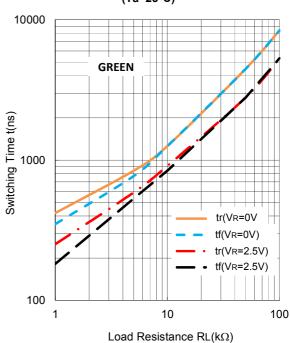
#### **Output Current vs. Temperature Green LED**



### **Output Current vs. Distance** (Ta=25°C)



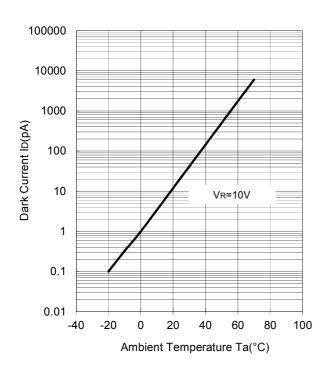
#### Switching Time vs. Load Resistance (Ta=25°C)



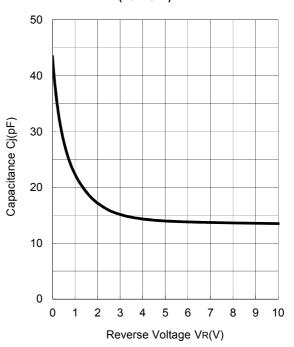


# **■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS RELATED DETECTOR**

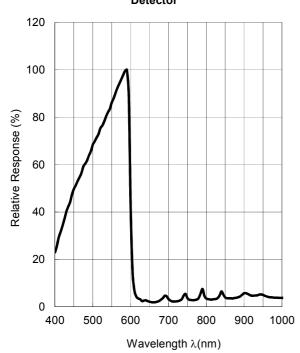
#### Dark Current vs. Temperature



### Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage (Ta=25°C)



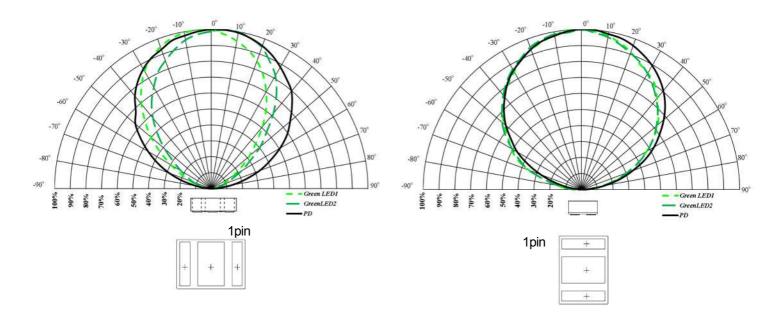
#### Spectral Response (Ta=25°C) **Detector**





# Directivity at Package direction X

# Directivity at Package direction Y





### **■APPLICATION NOTE**

#### (1) Attention in handling

Treat not to touch the light receiving and light emitting part.

Avoid to adhering the dust and any other foreign materials on the light receiving and light emitting part when using. When LED has operated by voltage, it should be connected the resistor of current adjustment. Avoid to applying direct voltage to LED, because there is possibility that LED is destroyed.

When mounting, special care has to be taken on the mounting position and tilting of the device because it is very important to place the device to the optimum position to the object.

# (2) Attention in designing

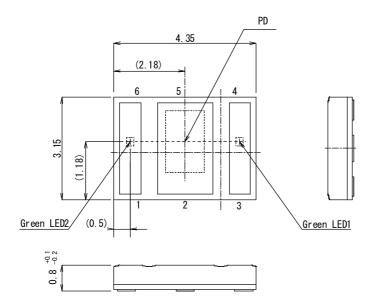
Avoid the entering ambient light into light receiving part for avoid the malfunction by ambient light. Furthermore, there is possibility of malfunction when there are the other mounted parts by near this product peripheral.

There will be changing characteristics by detection object. Refer to this datasheet and evaluate by actual detection object.

When LED has been applied continuous power on long period of time, the output current is dropped. If it uses by always applying power to LED, have to consider the circuit designing of including output current decrease.



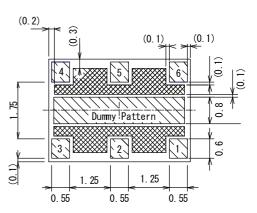
# **■PACKAGE OUTLINE**



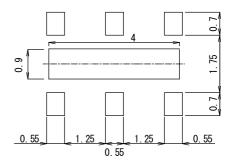
- 1. LG2A
- 2. PA
- 3. LG1A
- 4. LG1K
- 5. PK
- 6. LG2K

Unspecified tolerance: ±0.1mm

Dimensions in parenthesis are shown for reference.



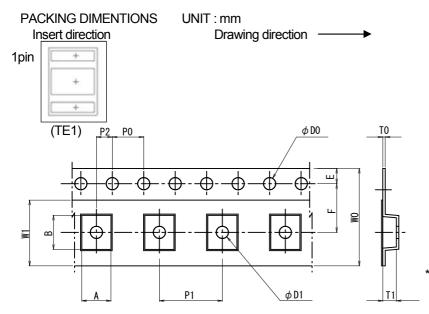




\*: Dummy pattern should be floating or soldering to PCB



### **■PACKING SPECIFICATION**



SYMBOL	DIMENSION	REMARKS
Α	3.5 ±0.10	BOTTOM DIMENSION
В	4.7 ±0.10	BOTTOM DIMENSION
D0	φ1.50 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	
D1	φ1.50 +0.2	
Е	1.75 ±0.10	
F	5.50 ±0.05	
P0	4.00 ±0.10	
P1	8.00 ±0.10	
P2	2.00 ±0.05	
T0	0.25 ±0.05	
T1	1.28 ±0.10	
W0	12.00 ±0.10	
W1	9.3 ±0.10	THICKNESS 0.1MAX

\* Carrier tape material : Polycarbonate(antistatic) Cover tape material : PP(antistatic)

# ■Taping Strength

There is a peel strength in the range of 0.2 to 0.7N when was peeled at a rate of 300mm per minute in opening angle 165 to 180° between the carrier tape and the cover tape.

# ■Packaging

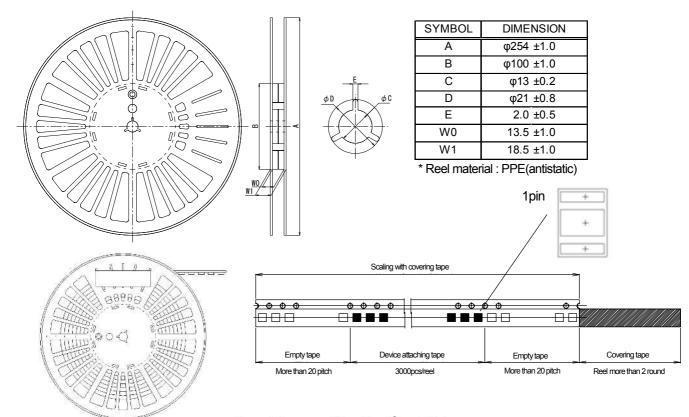
- 1) The taped products are to be rolled up on the taping reel as on the drawing.
- 2) Rolling up specification

2-1) Start rolling : Carrier tape open space more than 20 Pieces.

2-2) End of rolling : Carrier tape open space more than 20 Pieces, and 2 round of reel space at the cover tape only.

3) Taping quantity : 3,000 Pieces

4) Seal off after putting each reels in a damp proof bag with silica gel.





### **■RECOMMENDED MOUNTING METHOD**

NOTE

Mounting was evaluated with the following profiles in our company, so there was no problem.

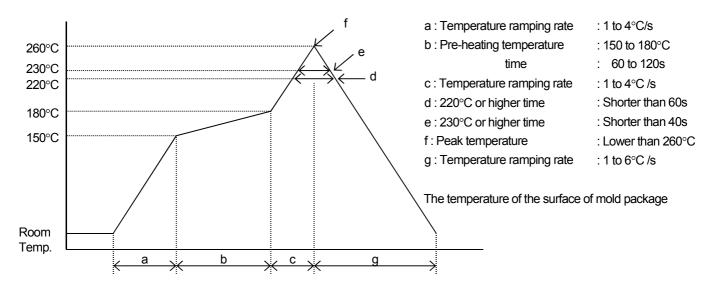
However, confirm mounting by the condition of your company beforehand.

The exposure of device under higher temperature many affect to the reliability of the products, it is recommended to complete soldering in the shortest time possible.

Mounting: Twice soldering is allowed.

#### ■ INFRARED REFLOW SOLDERING METHOD

Recommended reflow soldering temperature profile is in the following.



(NOTE1) Using reflow furnace with short wave infrared radiation heater such as halogen lamp Regarding temperature profile, please refer to those fo reflow furnace.

In this case the resin surface temperature may become higher than lead terminals due to endothermic ally of black colored mold resin. Therefore, please avoid from direct exposure to mold resin.

# (NOTE2) Other method

Such other methods of soldering as dipping the device into melted solder and vapor phase method (VPS) are not appropriate because the body of device will be heated rapidly. Therefore, these are not recommended to apply.

(NOTE3) The resin gets softened right after soldering, so, the following care has to be taken Not to contact the lens surface to anything.

Not to dip the device into water or any solvents.

### ■ FLOE SOLDERING METHOD

Flow soldering is not possible.

#### ■ IRON SOLDERING METHOD

Iron soldering is not possible.



#### **■ CLEANING**

Avid washing the device after soldering by reflow method.

#### ■ IC STORAGE CONDITIONS AND ITS DURATION

(1) Temperature and humidity ranges

Pack Sealing Temperature: 5 to 40 [°C]

Humidity: 40 to 80 [%]

Pack Opening Temperature: 5 to 30 [°C]

Humidity: 40 to 70 [%]

After opening the bag, solder products within 48h.

Avoid a dry environment below 40% because the products are is easily damageable by the electrical discharge.

Store the products in the place where it does not create dew with the products due to a sudden change in temperature.

- (2) When baking, place the reel vertically to avoid load to the side.
- (3) Do not store the devices in corrosive-gas atmosphere.
- (4) Do not store the devices in a dusty place.
- (5) Do not expose the devices to direct rays of the sun.
- (6) Do not allow external forces or loads to be applied to IC's.
- (7) Be careful because affixed label on the reel might be peeled off when baking.
- (8) The product is recommended to do the baking before using for the stability of the quality.

### ■ BAKING

In case of keeping expect above condition be sure to apply baking.

Baking method: Ta=60°C, 48 to 72h, Three times baking is allowed

#### ■ STORAGE DURATION

Within a year after delivering this device.

For the products stored longer than a year, confirm their terminals and solderability before they are used.

# ■ MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVELS

JEDEC: Level 5



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Various Safety devices

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