

## LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

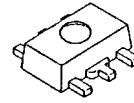
### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2830 is a 300mA output low dropout voltage regulator with ON/OFF control.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

2.0V to 15.5V output voltage range, 1 $\mu$ F small decoupling capacitor, built-in noise bypass capacitor make the NJM2830 suitable for various applications.

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

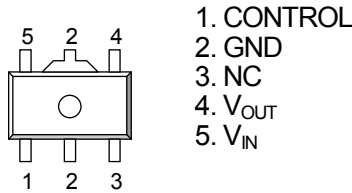


NJM2830U1

### ■ FEATURES

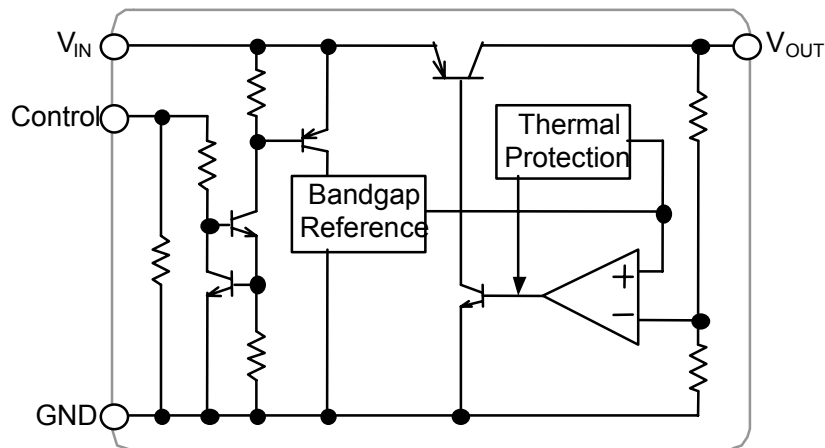
- Output voltage options available      2.1 ~ 15.5V (0.1V step)
- High Ripple Rejection                      75dB typ. (f=1kHz Vo=3V Version)
- Output Noise Voltage                        Vno=50 $\mu$ Vrms typ.
- Output capacitor with 1.0 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor (Vo $\geq$ 5.1V)
- Output Current                                Io(max.)=300mA
- High Precision Output                        Vo $\pm$ 1.0%
- Low Dropout Voltage                         0.10V typ. (Io=100mA)
- ON/OFF Control                                (Active High)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline                                SOT-89-5

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



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### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



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## ■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Device Name	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Device Name	V <sub>OUT</sub>
NJM2830U1-21	2.1V	NJM2830U1-09	9.0V
NJM2830U1-03	3.0V	NJM2830U1-12	12.0V
NJM2830U1-05	5.0V	NJM2830U1-15	15.0V
NJM2830U1-85	8.5V		

Output voltage options available : 2.1 ~ 15.5V (0.1V step)

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	+20	V
Control Voltage	V <sub>CONT</sub>	+20	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	440	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40~+150	°C

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

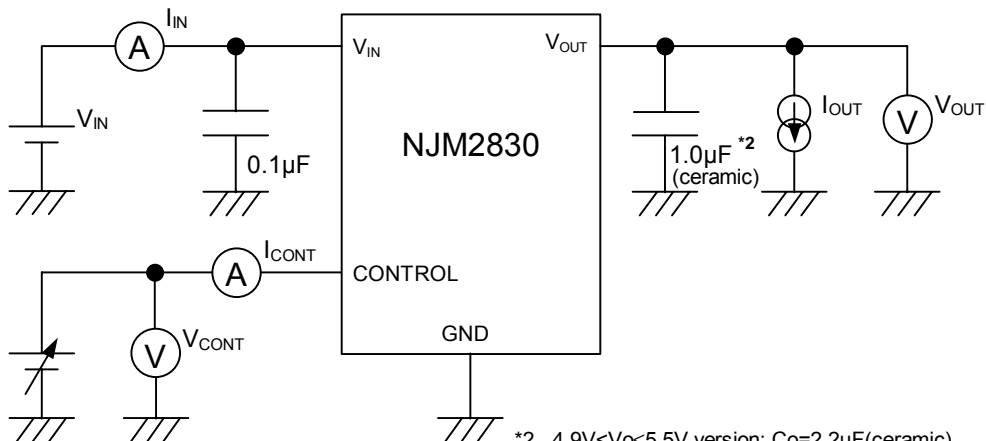
(V<sub>IN</sub>=Vo+1V, C<sub>IN</sub>=0.1μF, Co=1.0μF (4.9V<Vo≤5.5V:Co=2.2μF, 2.9V<Vo≤4.9V:Co=4.7μF, Vo≤2.9V: Co=10μF), Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Output Voltage	V <sub>o</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =30mA	-1.0%	–	+1.0%	V	
Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =0mA, expect I <sub>cont</sub>	Vo≤5V Version	–	120	180	μA
			5V<Vo≤10V Version	–	135	195	μA
			10V<Vo≤15V Version	–	150	210	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	I <sub>Q(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>CONT</sub> =0V	–	–	100	nA	
Output Current	I <sub>o</sub>	Vo-0.3V	300	400	–	mA	
Line Regulation	ΔVo/ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =Vo+1V ~ Vo+6V(Vo≤12V Version) V <sub>IN</sub> =Vo+1V ~ 18V(Vo>12V Version), I <sub>o</sub> =30mA	–	–	0.10	%/V	
Load Regulation	ΔVo/ΔI <sub>o</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =0 ~ 300mA	–	–	0.03	%/mA	
Dropout Voltage	ΔV <sub>I-O</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =100mA	–	0.10	0.18	V	
Ripple Rejection	RR	e <sub>in</sub> =200mVrms, f=1kHz, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA, Vo=3V Version	–	75	–	dB	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔVo/ΔTa	Ta=0 ~ 85°C, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA	–	± 50	–	ppm/°C	
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	f=10Hz ~ 80kHz, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA Vo=3V Version	–	45	–	μVrms	
Control Current	I <sub>CONT</sub>	V <sub>CONT</sub> =1.6V	–	3	12	μA	
Control Voltage for ON-state	V <sub>CONT(ON)</sub>		1.6	–	–	V	
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V <sub>CONT(OFF)</sub>		–	–	0.6	V	
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		–	–	18	V	

(\*1): The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

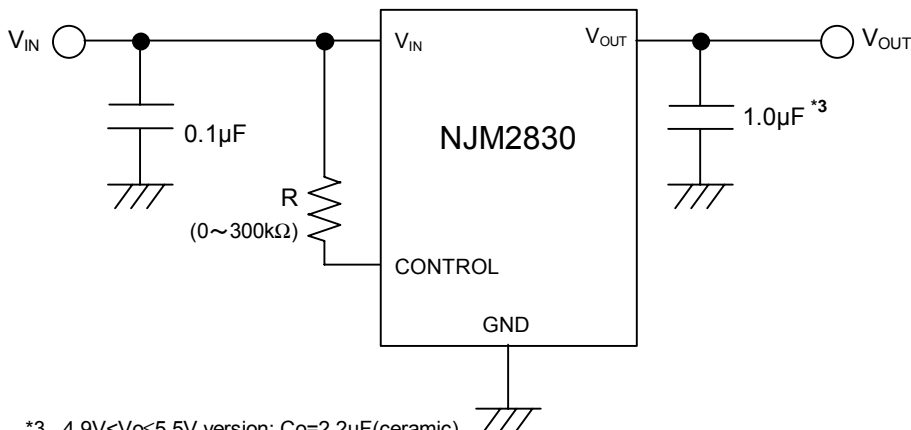
## ■ TEST CIRCUIT



\*2 4.9V < V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 2.2µF (ceramic)  
 2.9V < V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 4.9V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 4.7µF (ceramic)  
 V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 2.9V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 10µF (ceramic)

## ■ TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

① In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required:



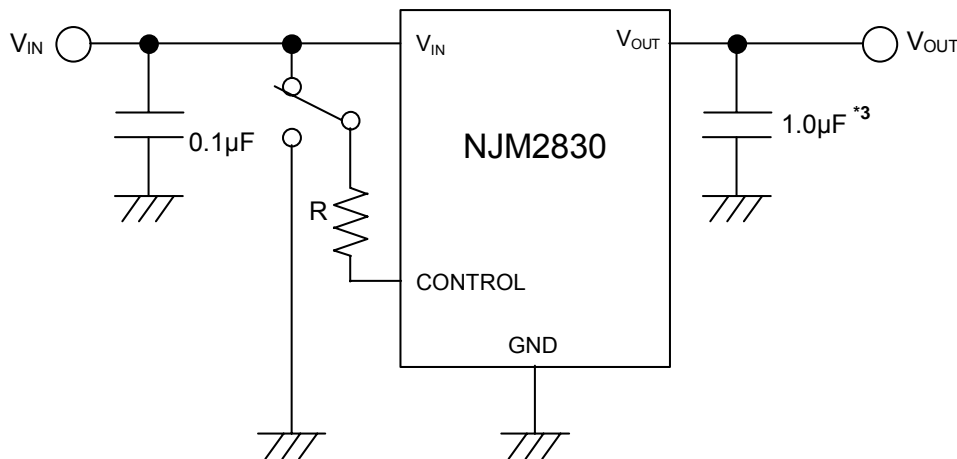
\*3 4.9V < V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 2.2µF (ceramic)  
 2.9V < V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 4.9V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 4.7µF (ceramic)  
 V<sub>O</sub> ≤ 2.9V version: C<sub>O</sub> = 10µF (ceramic)

Connect control terminal to V<sub>IN</sub> terminal

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② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



\*3 4.9V<V<sub>o</sub>≤5.5V version: C<sub>o</sub>=2.2µF(ceramic)  
2.9V<V<sub>o</sub>≤4.9V version: C<sub>o</sub>=4.7µF(ceramic)  
V<sub>o</sub>≤2.9V version: C<sub>o</sub>=10µF(ceramic)

State of control terminal:

- “H”→ output is enabled.
- “L” or “open” → output is disabled.

\*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V<sub>IN</sub> and control.

The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state (I<sub>CONT</sub>) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between V<sub>IN</sub> and the control terminal.

The minimum control voltage for ON state (V<sub>CONT(ON)</sub>) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by I<sub>CONT</sub> and the resistance "R". The I<sub>CONT</sub> is temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be carefully selected to ensure the control voltage exceeds the V<sub>CONT(ON)</sub> over the required temperature range.

\*Input Capacitance C<sub>IN</sub>

Input capacitance C<sub>IN</sub> is required to prevent oscillation and reduce power supply ripple for applications with high power supply impedance or a long power supply line.

Use the C<sub>IN</sub> value of 0.1µF greater to avoid the problem.

C<sub>IN</sub> should connect between GND and V<sub>IN</sub> as short as possible.

\*Output Capacitance C<sub>O</sub>

Output capacitor (C<sub>o</sub>) is required for a phase compensation of the internal error amplifier. The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) influences stability of the regulator.

This product is designed to work with a low ESR capacitor for the C<sub>o</sub>; however, use of recommended capacitance or greater value is essential for stable operation.

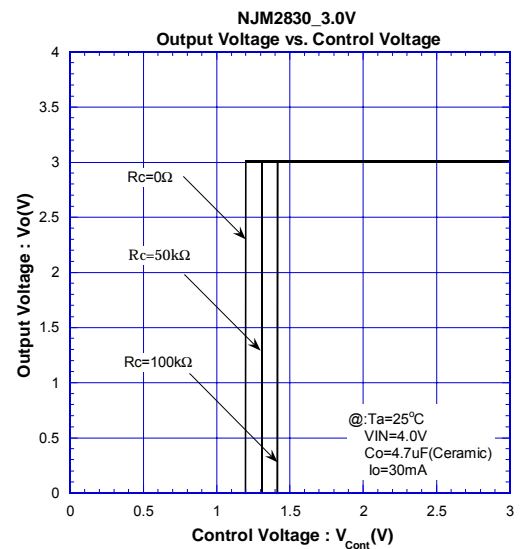
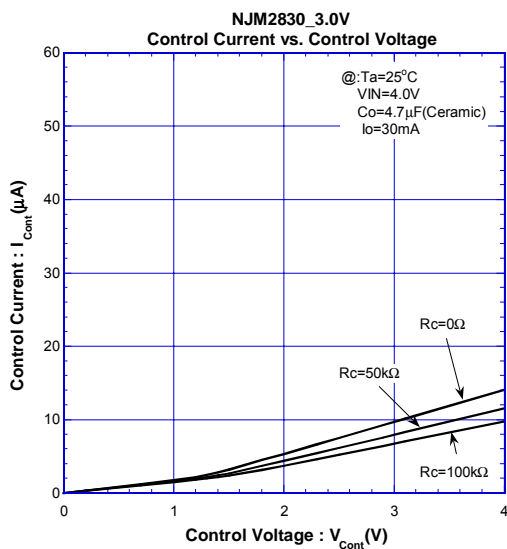
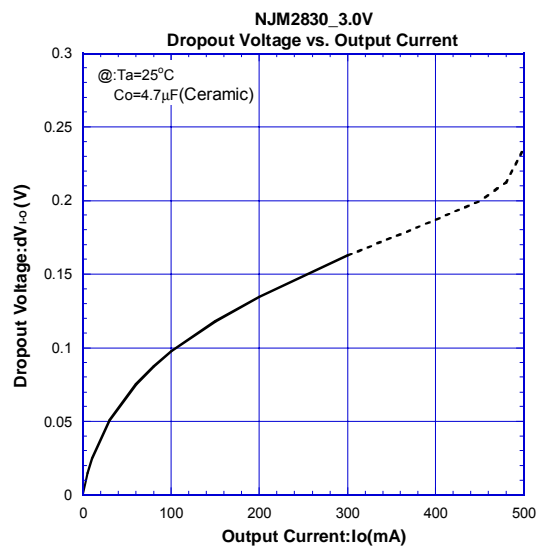
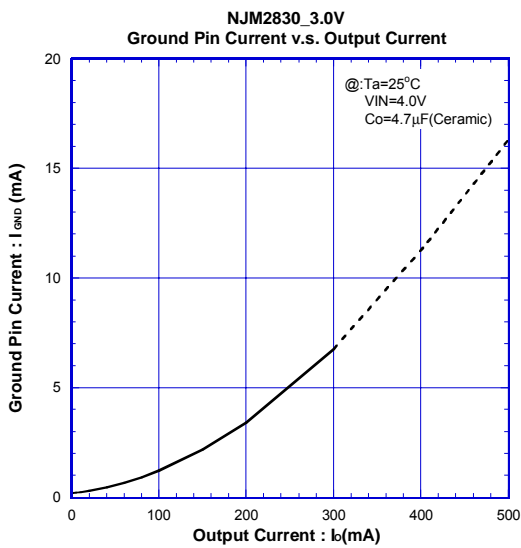
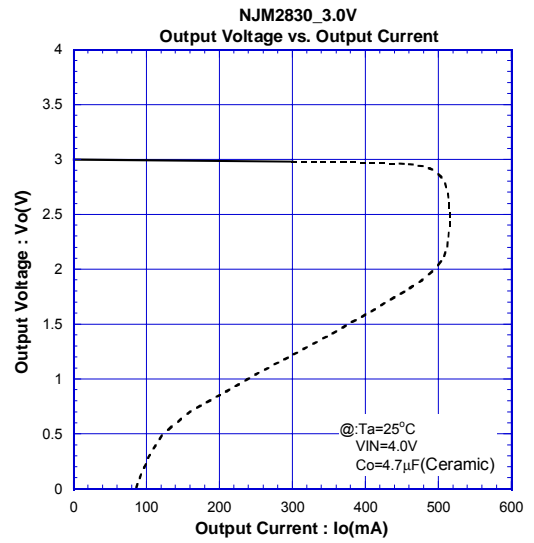
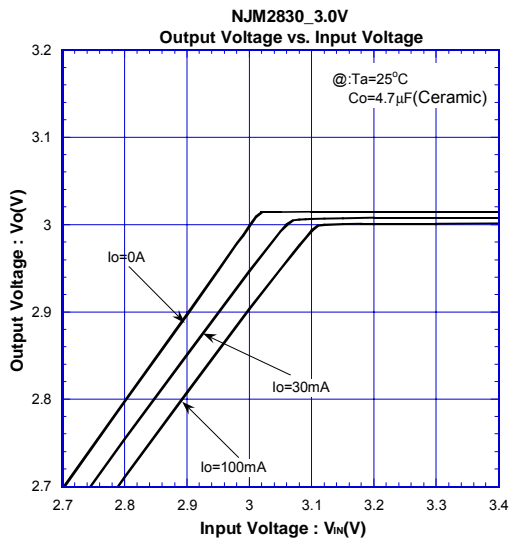
Use of a smaller C<sub>o</sub> may cause excess output noise or oscillation of the regulator due to lack of the phase compensation.

Therefore, use C<sub>o</sub> with the recommended capacitance or greater value and connect between V<sub>o</sub> terminal and GND terminal with minimal wiring. The recommended capacitance depends on the output voltage. Low voltage regulator requires greater value of the C<sub>o</sub>. Thus, check the recommended capacitance for each output voltage.

Use of a greater C<sub>o</sub> reduces output noise and ripple output, and also improves transient response of the output voltage against rapid load change.

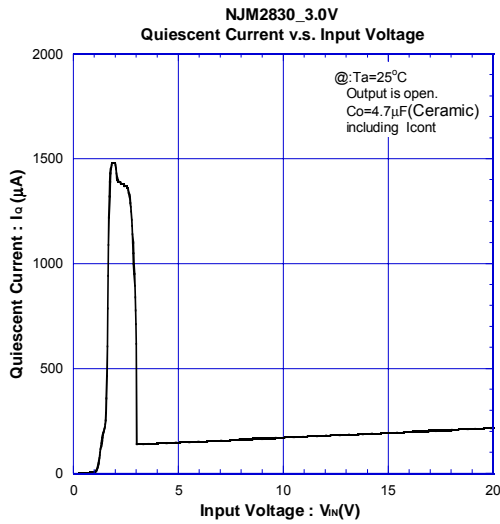
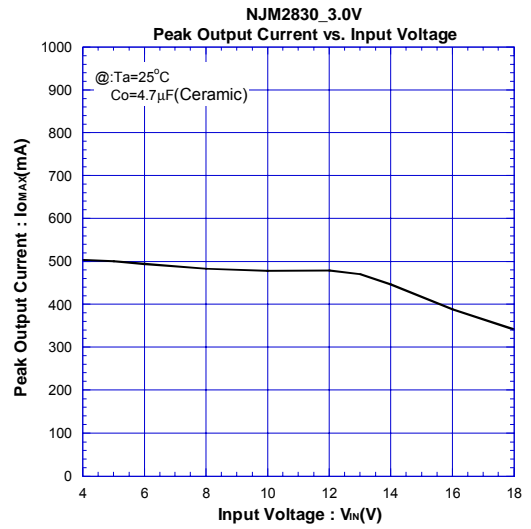
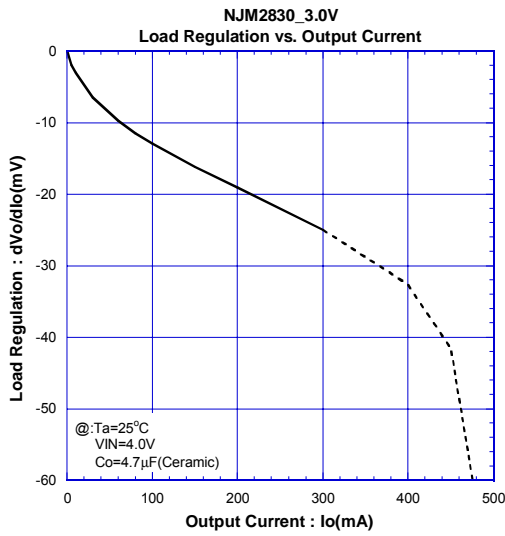
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● DC CHARACTERISTICS (3V Version)



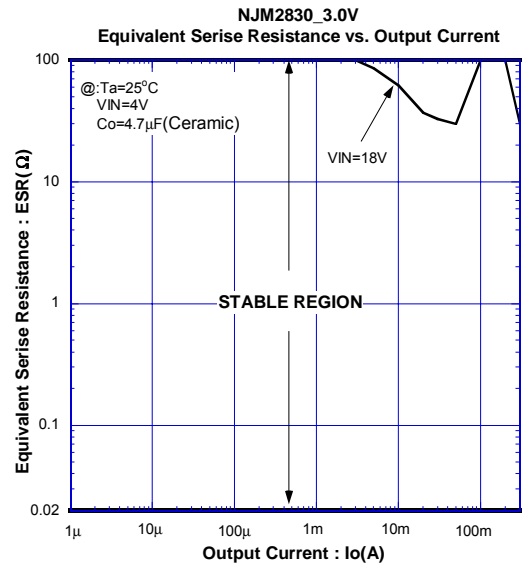
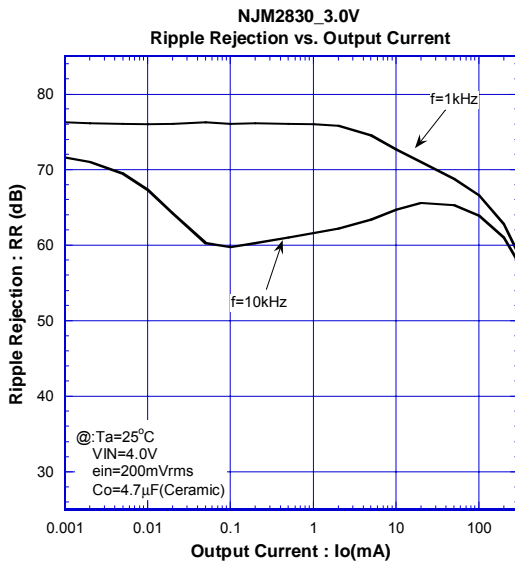
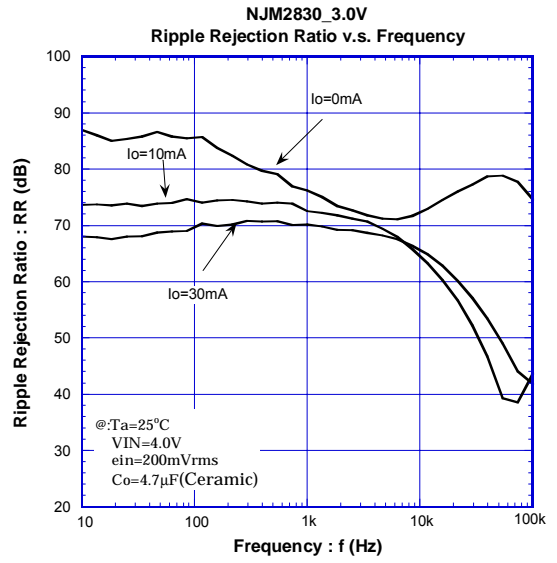
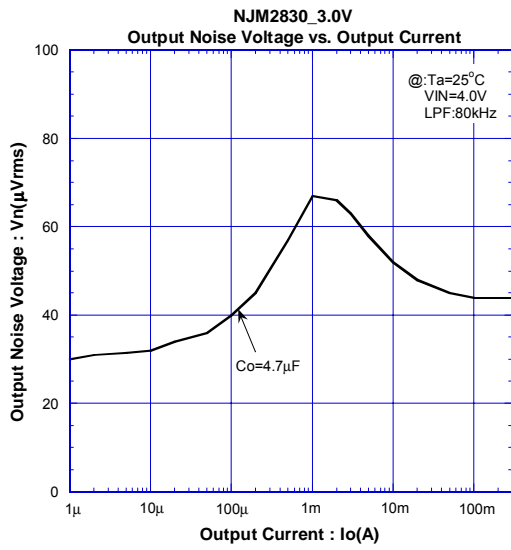
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### DC CHARACTERISTICS (3V Version)



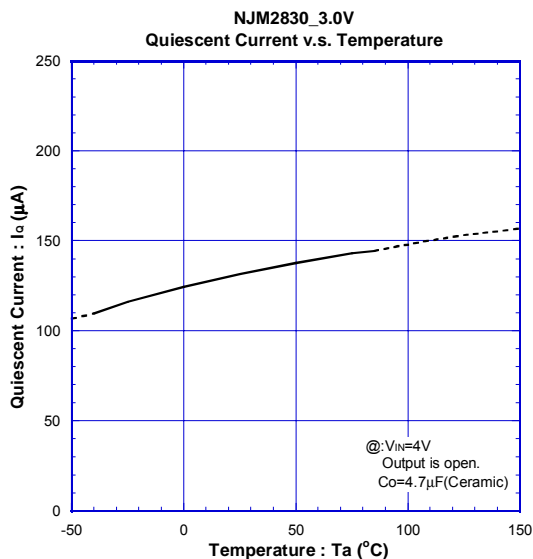
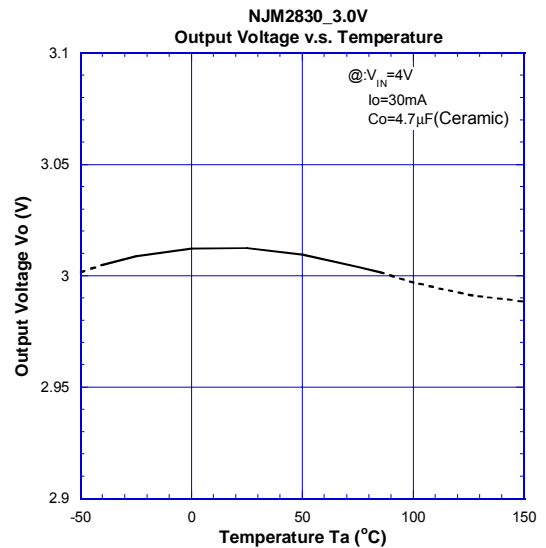
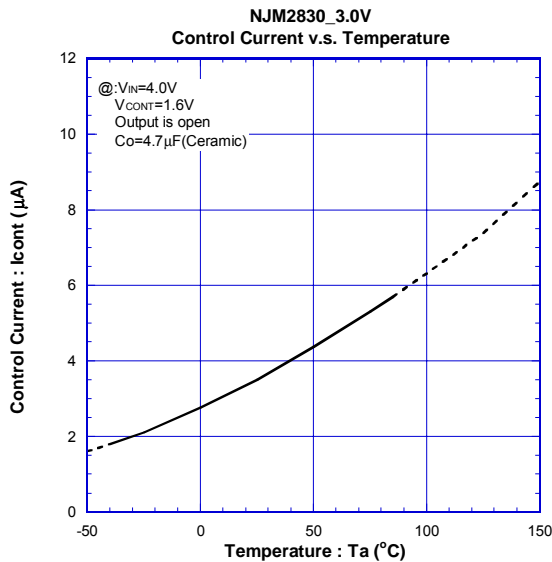
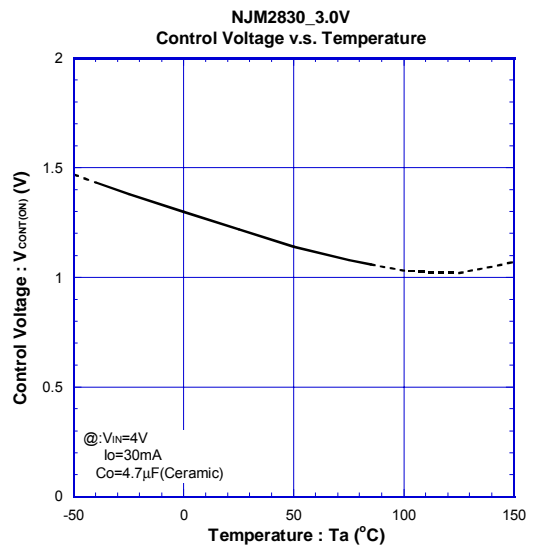
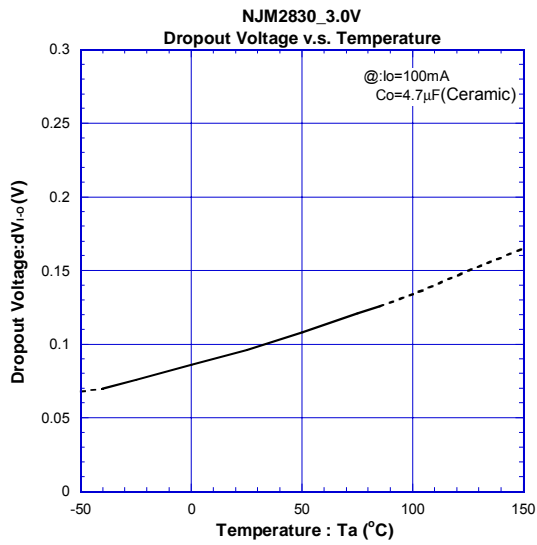
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ●AC CHARACTERISTICS (3V Version)



## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

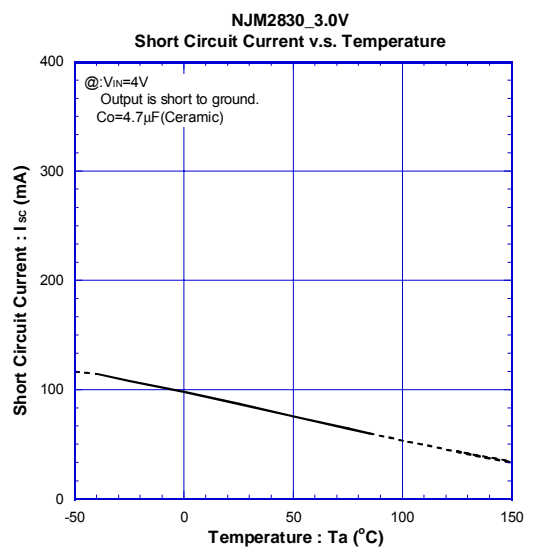
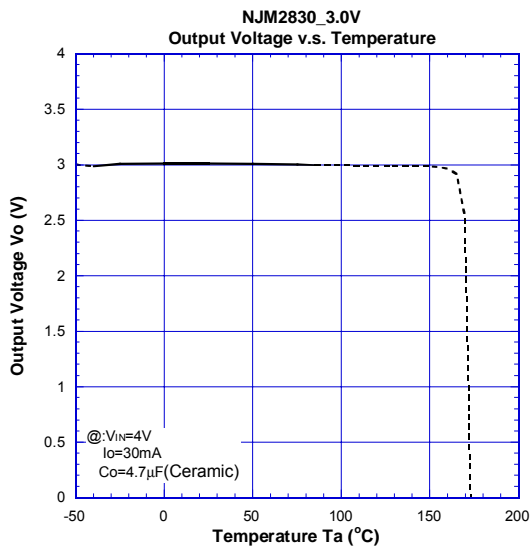
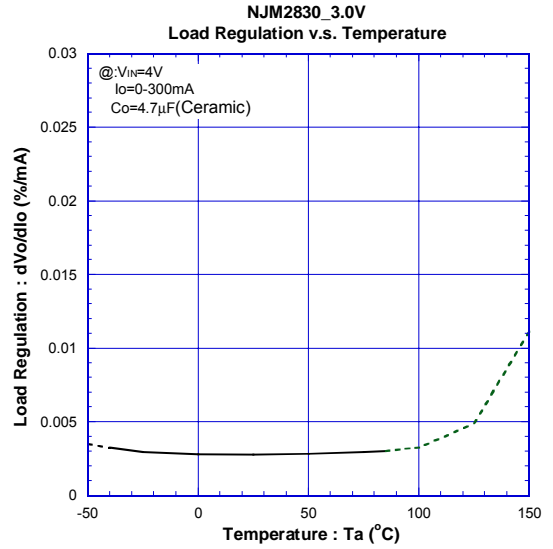
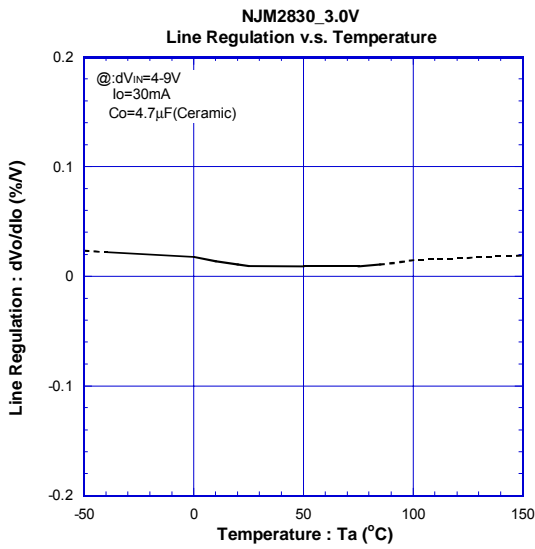
### ● TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (3V Version)





## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (3V Version)

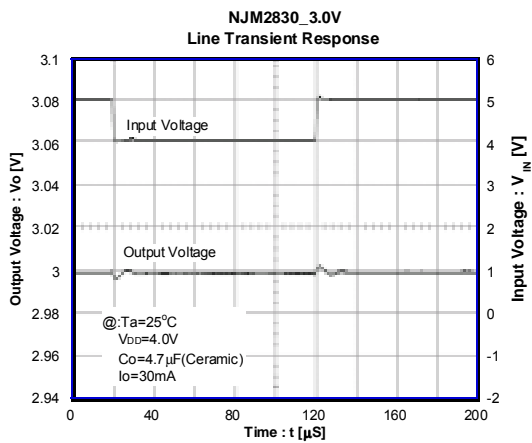
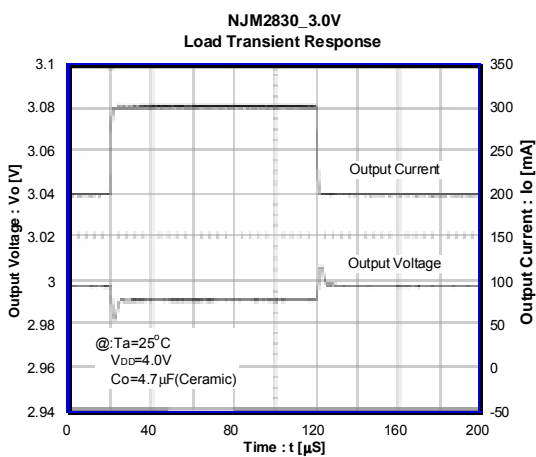
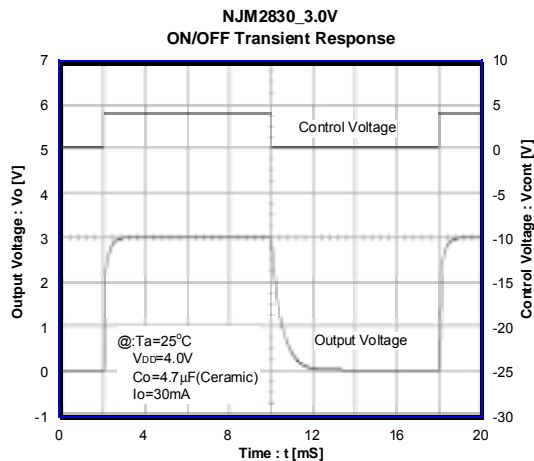
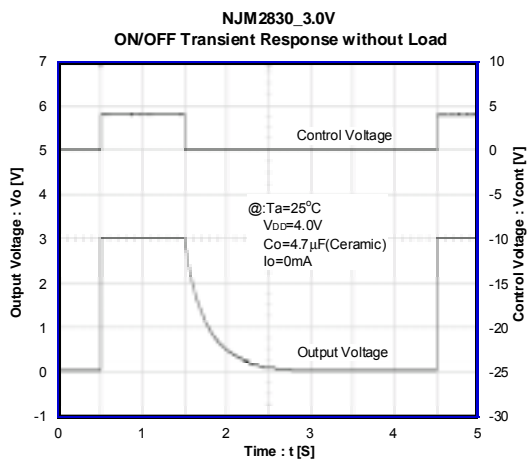


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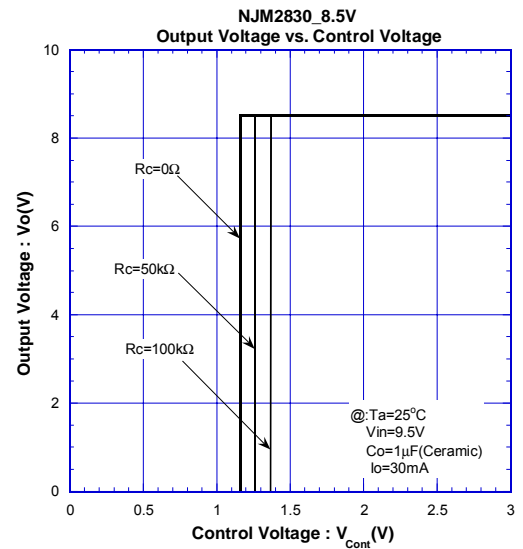
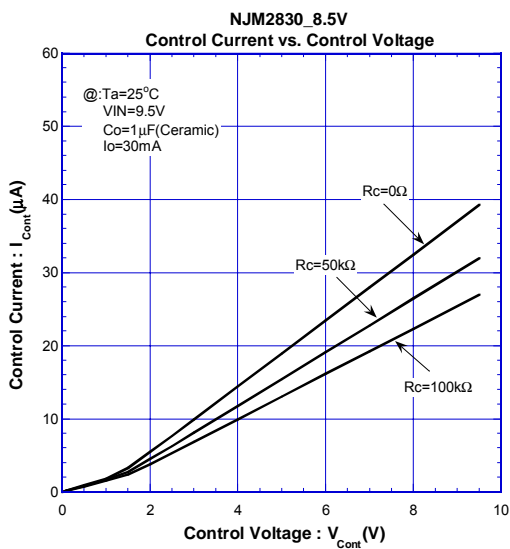
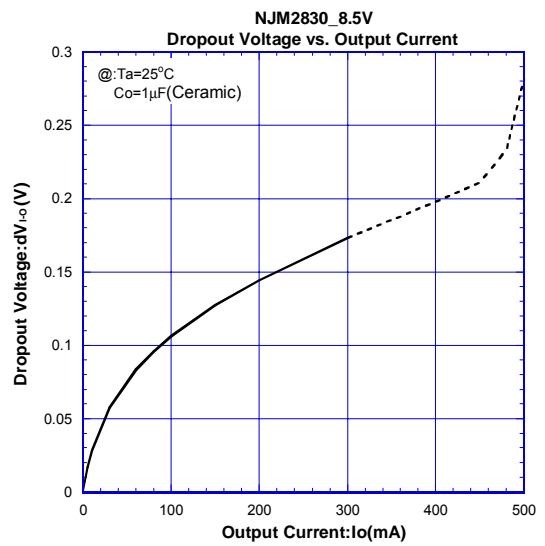
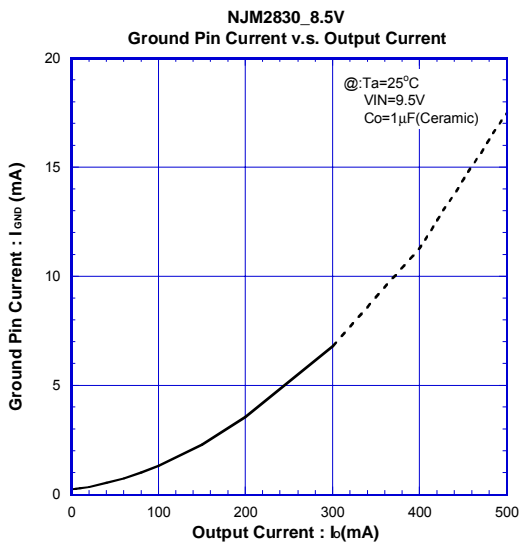
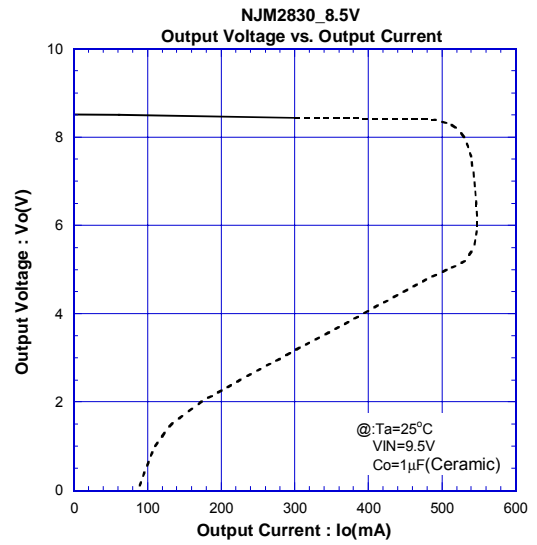
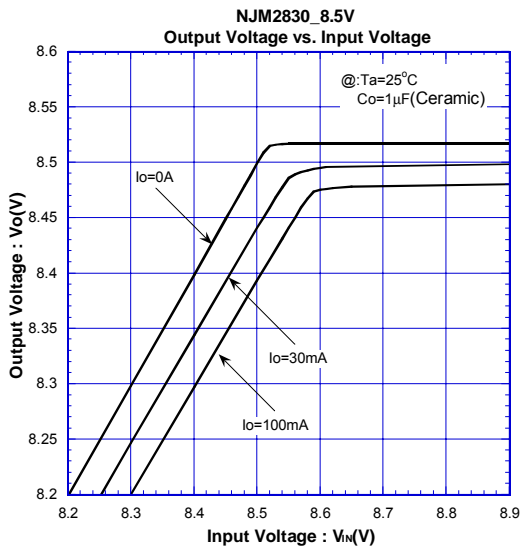
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● TRANSIENT RESPONSE (3V Version)



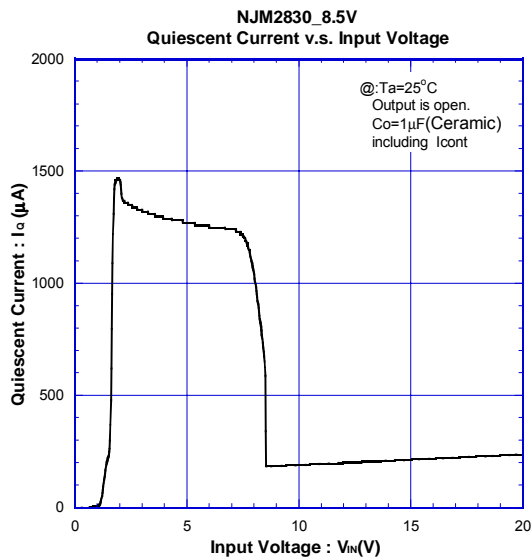
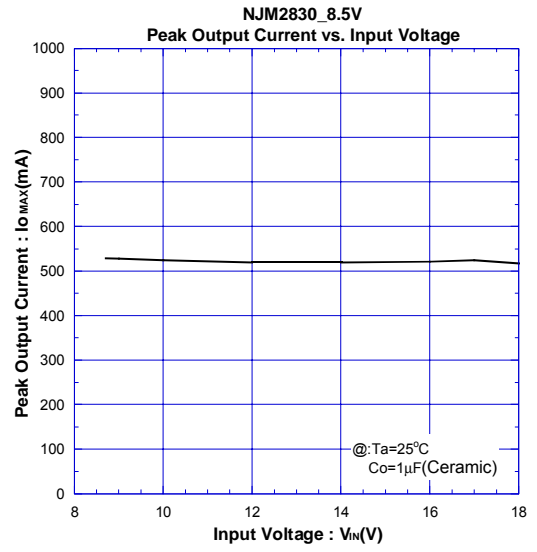
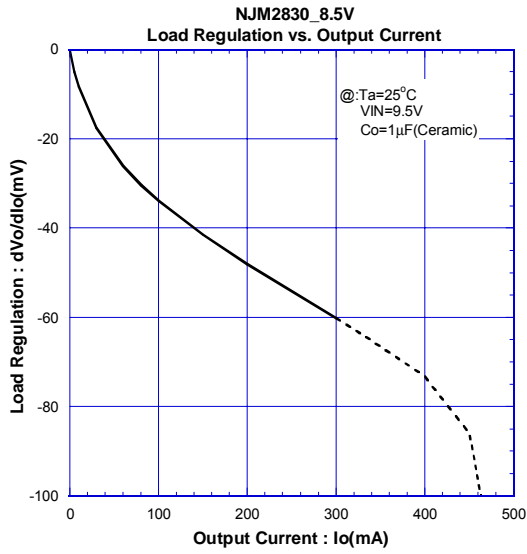
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● DC CHARACTERISTICS (8.5V Version)



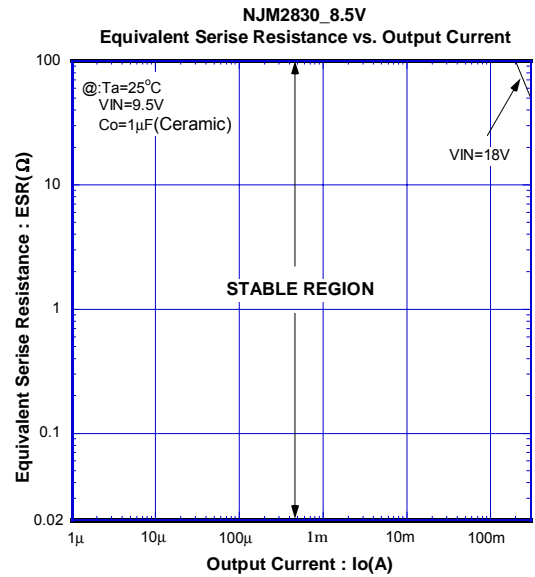
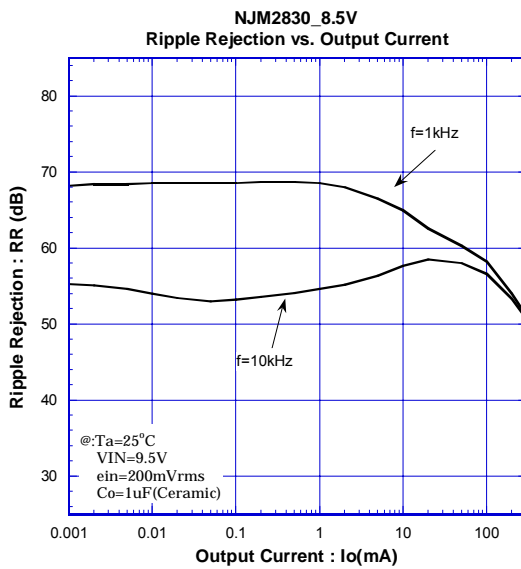
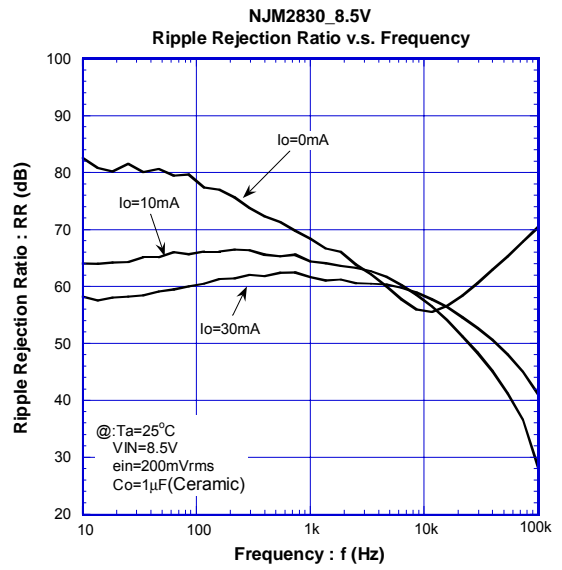
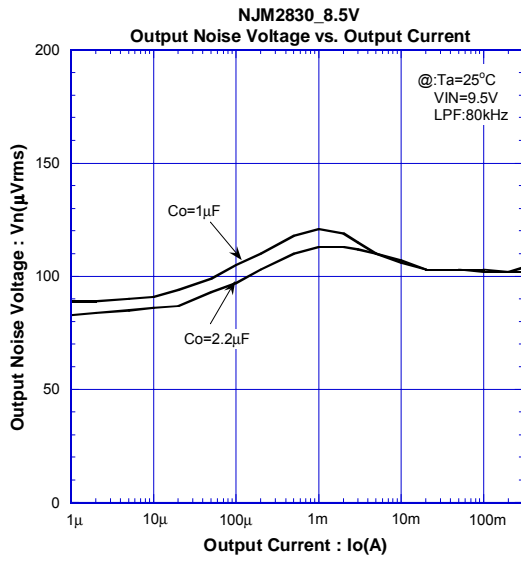
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### DC CHARACTERISTICS (8.5V Version)



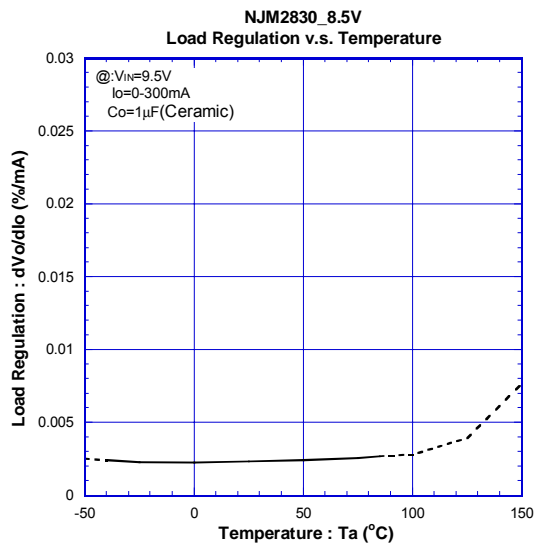
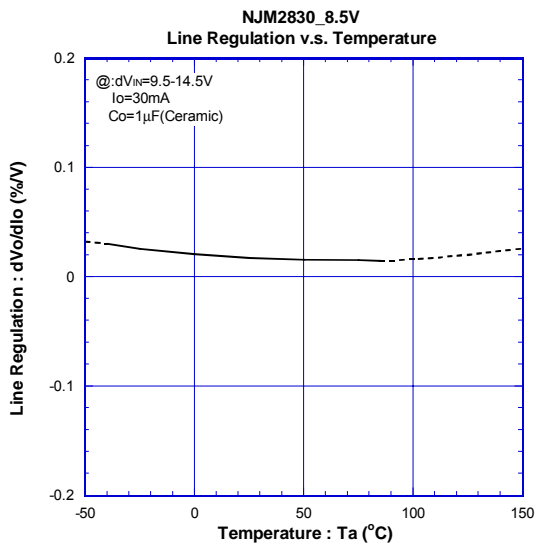
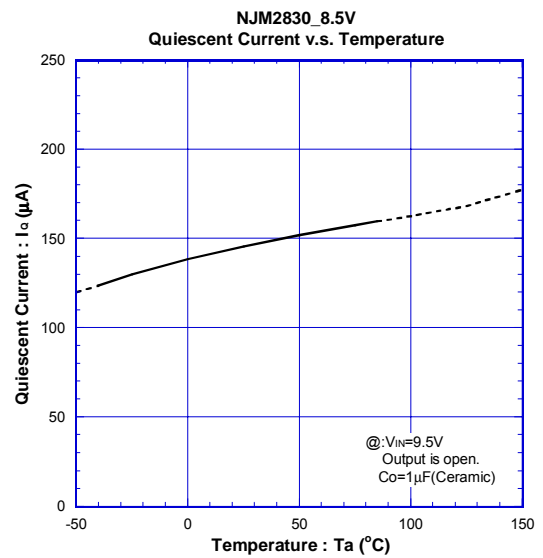
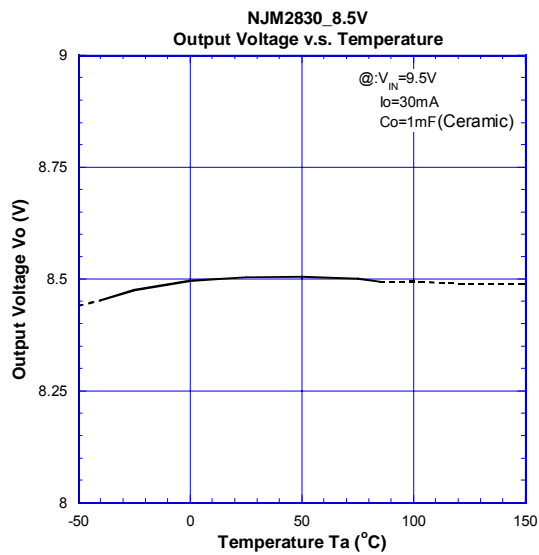
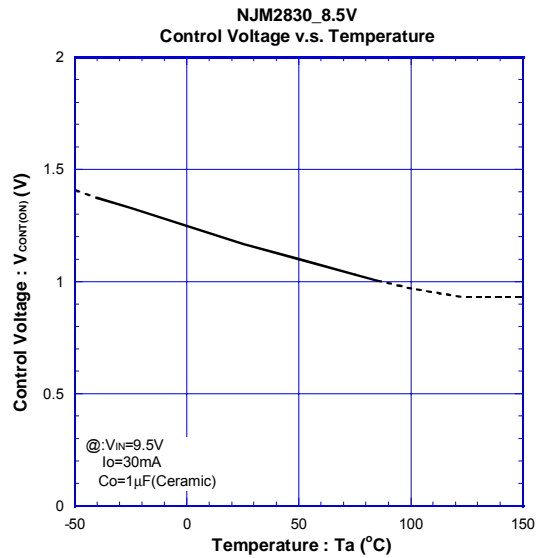
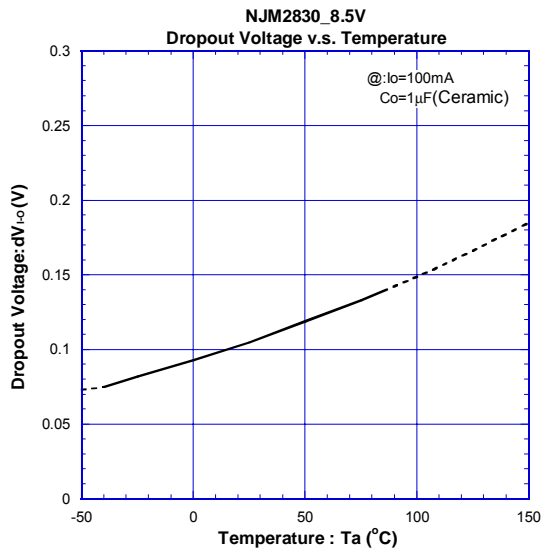
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### AC CHARACTERISTICS (8.5V Version)



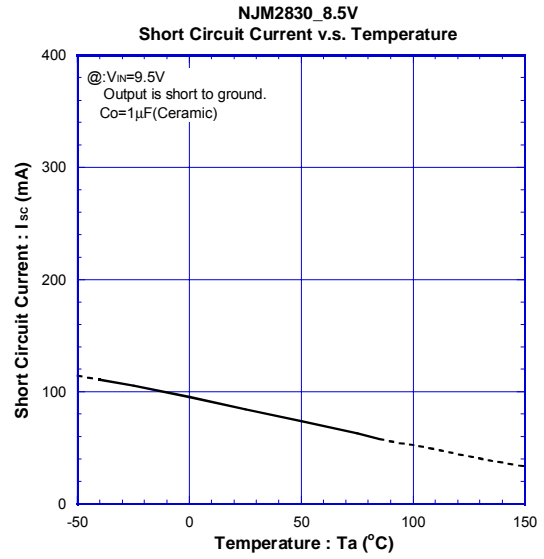
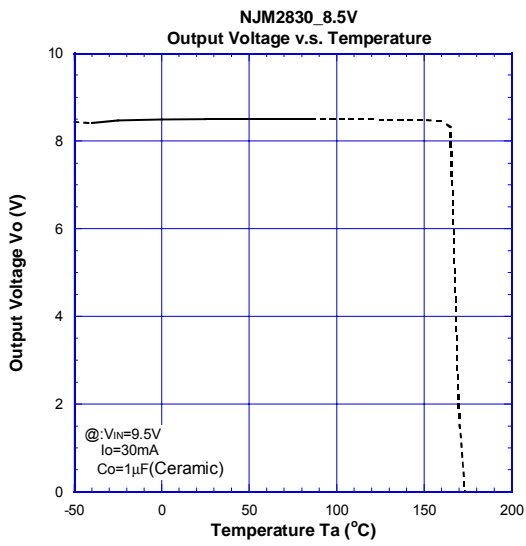
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (8.5V Version)

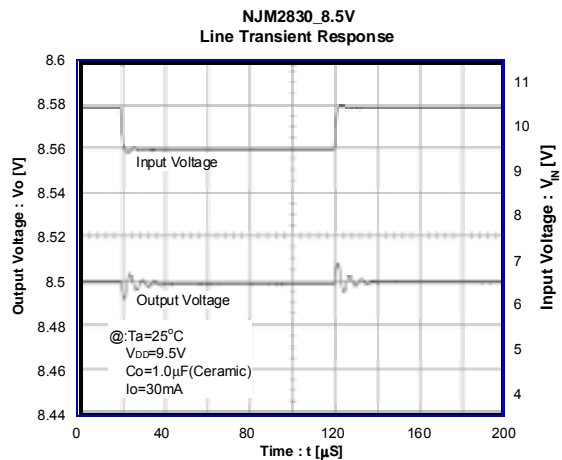
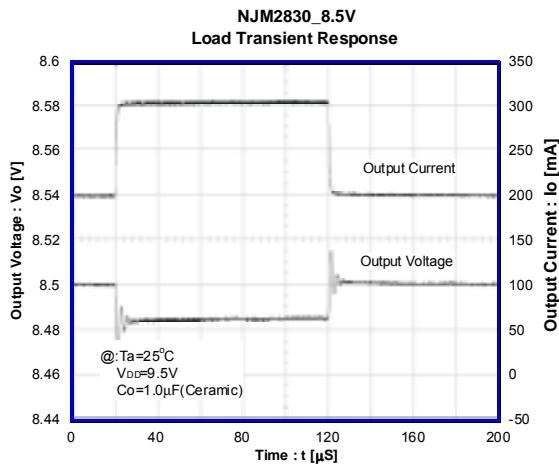
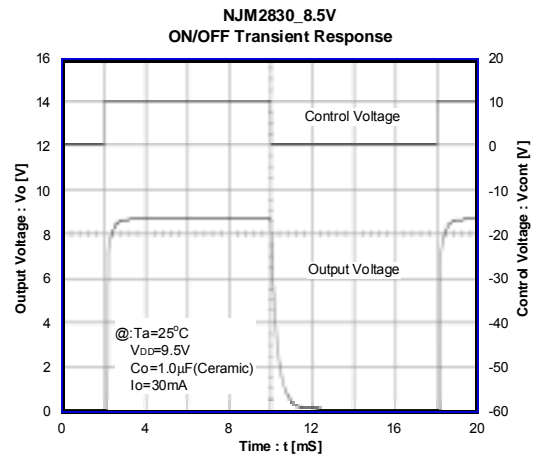
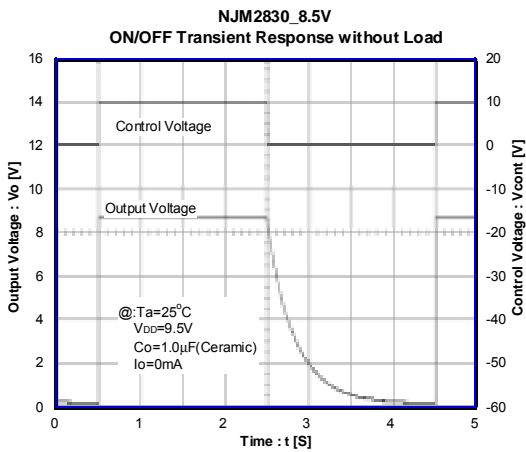


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (8.5V Version)



### ● TRANSIENT RESPONSE (8.5V Version)

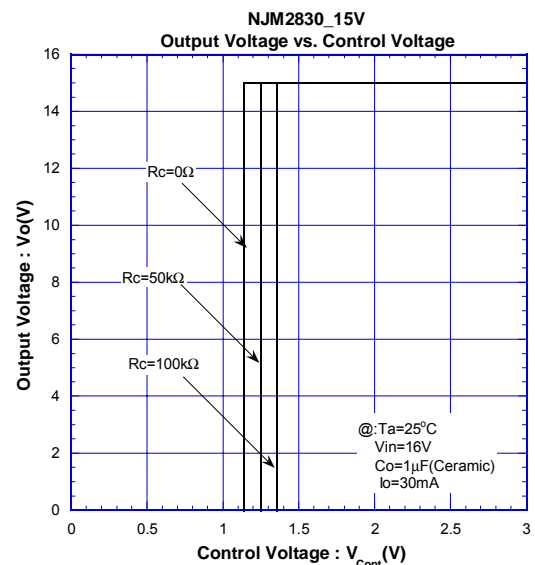
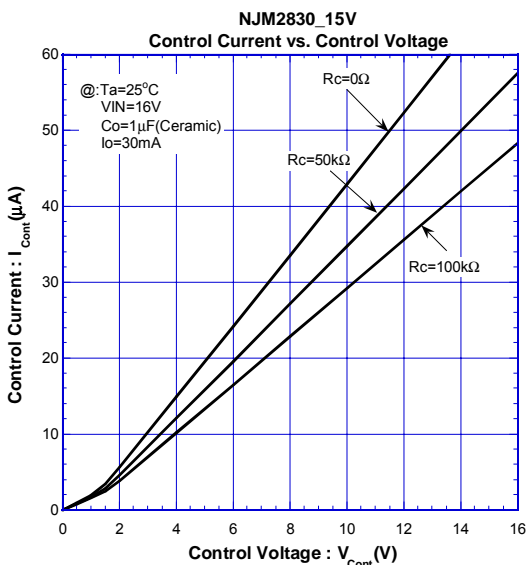
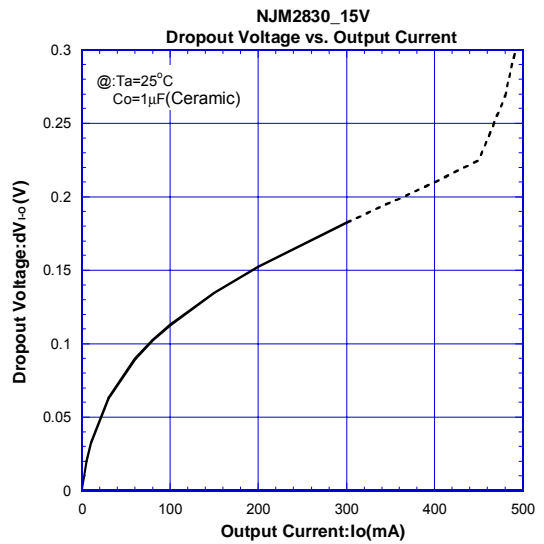
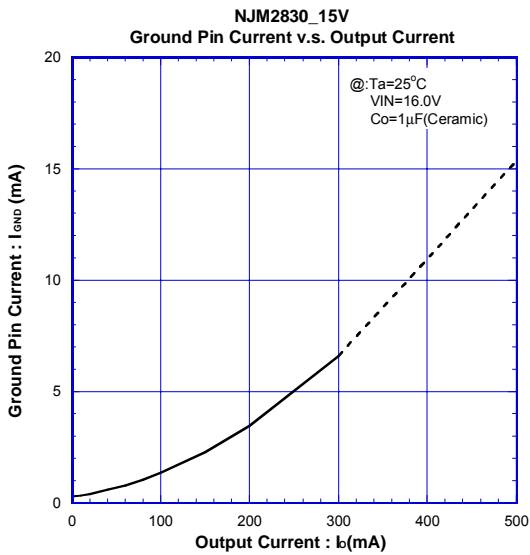
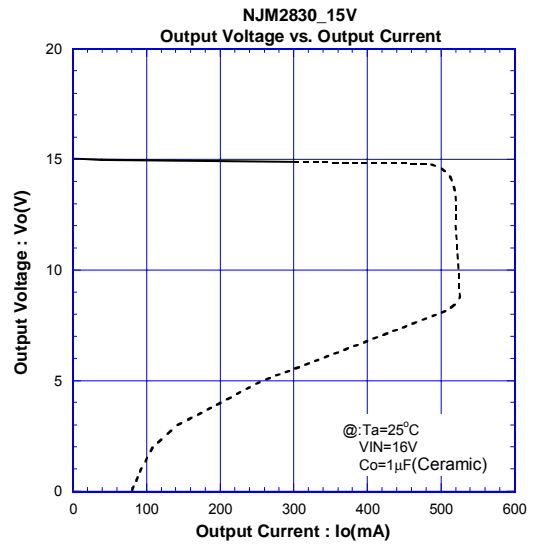
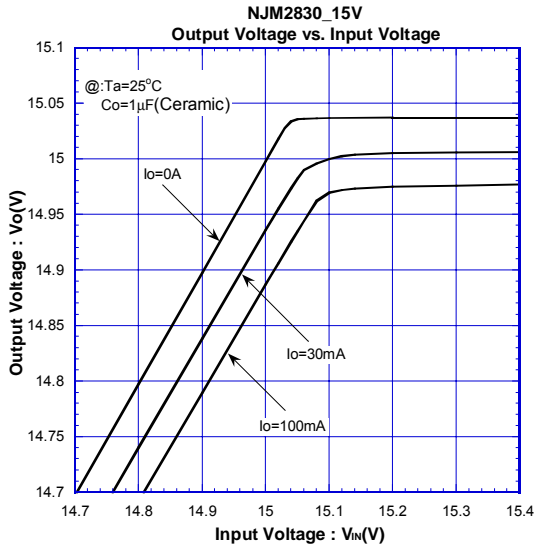


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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

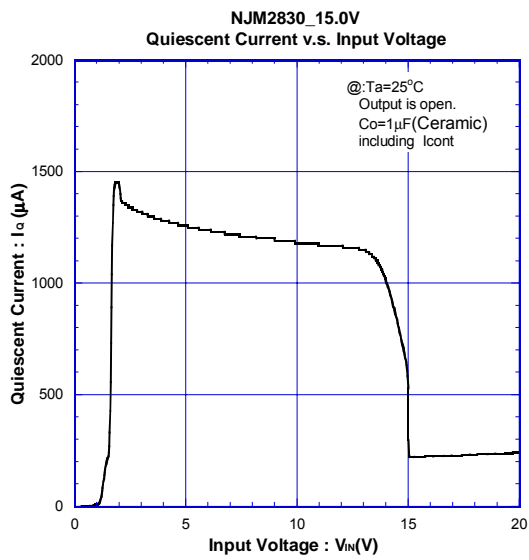
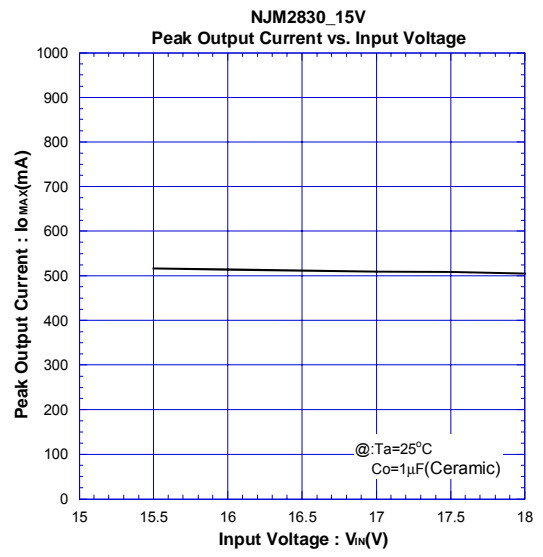
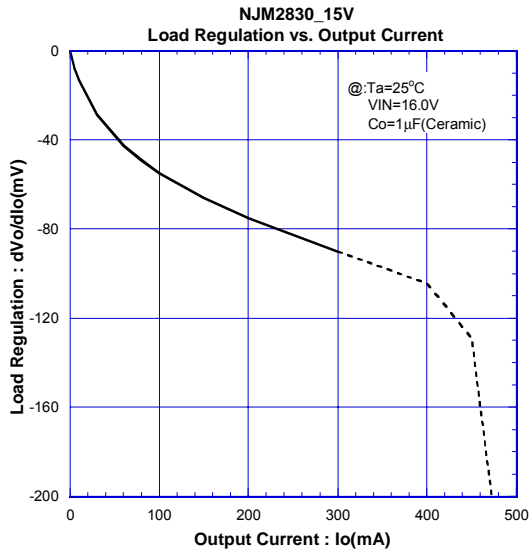
### DC CHARACTERISTICS (15V Version)





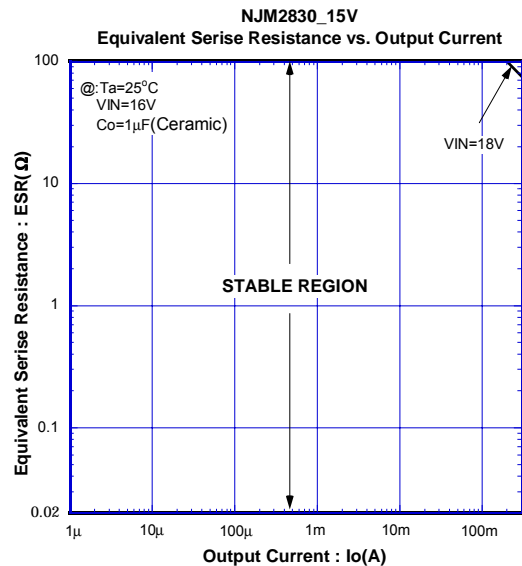
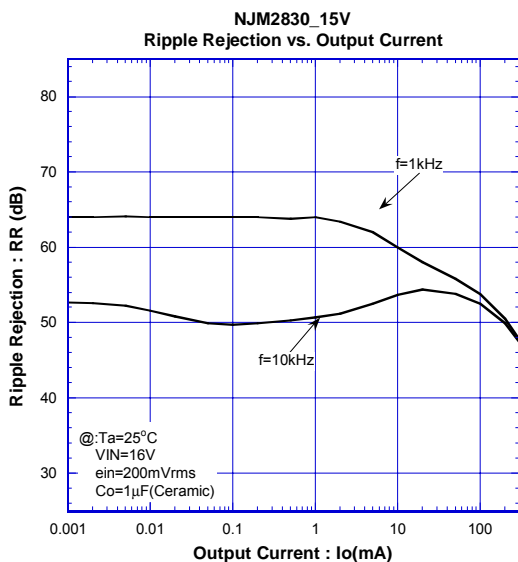
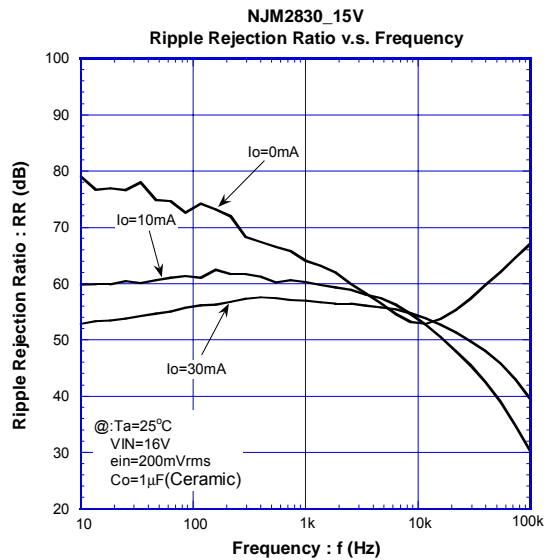
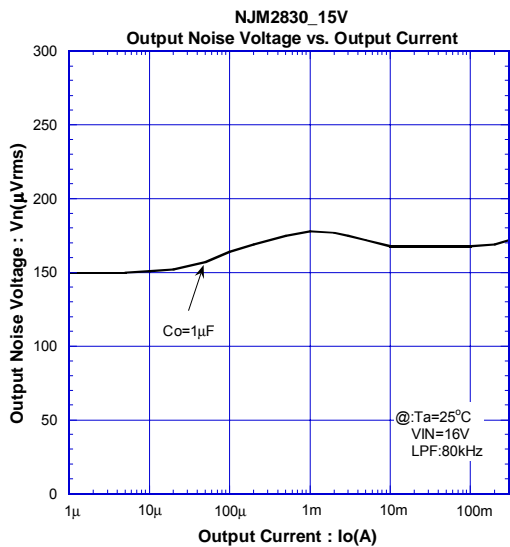
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### DC CHARACTERISTICS (15V Version)



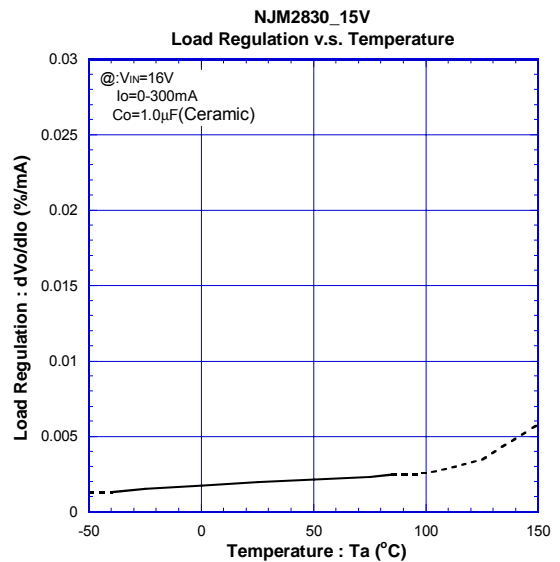
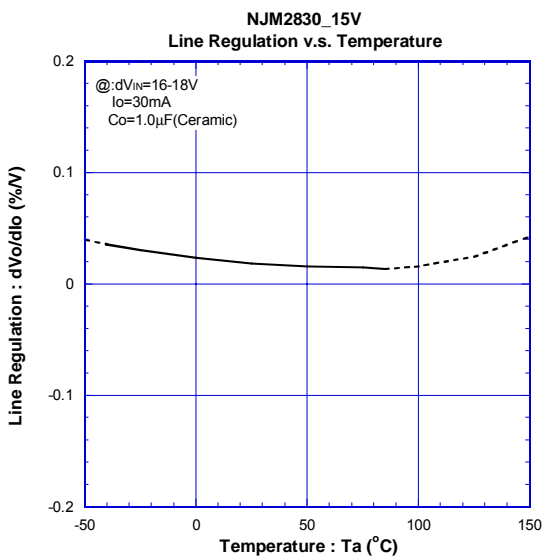
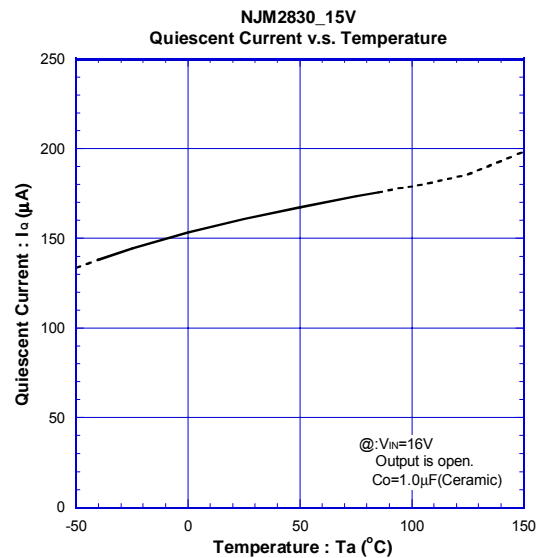
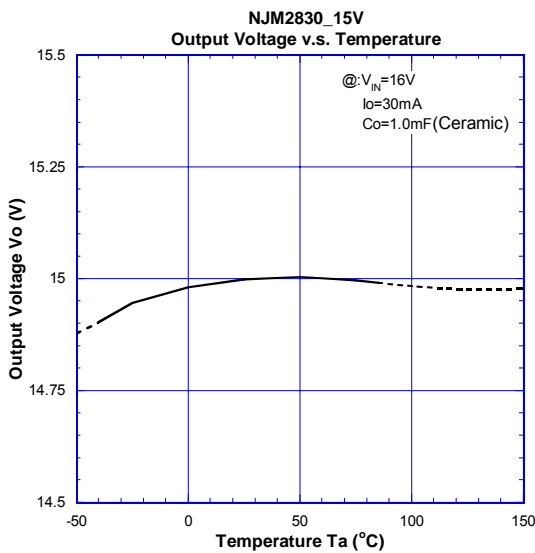
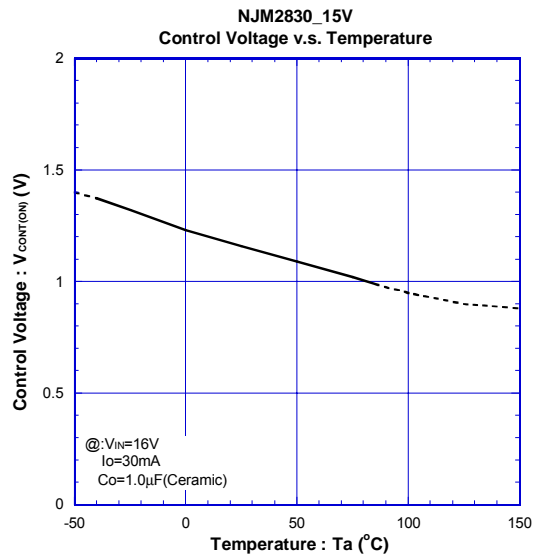
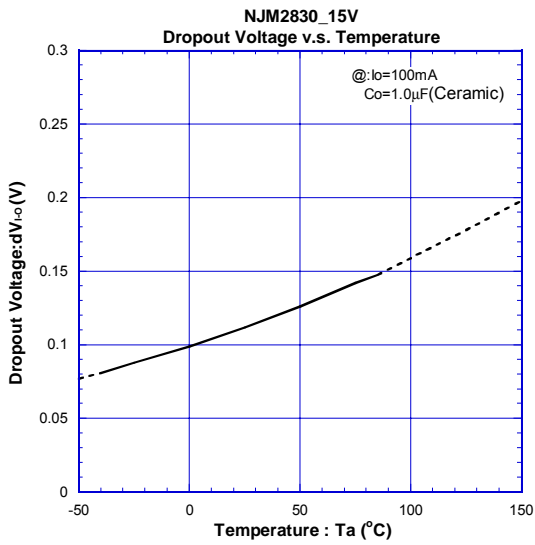
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● AC CHARACTERISTICS (15V Version)



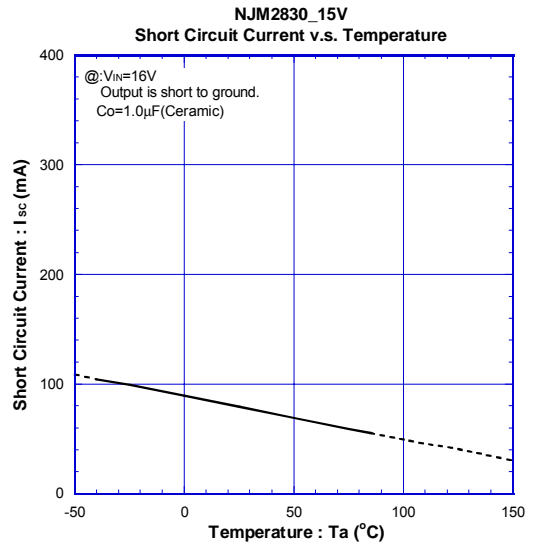
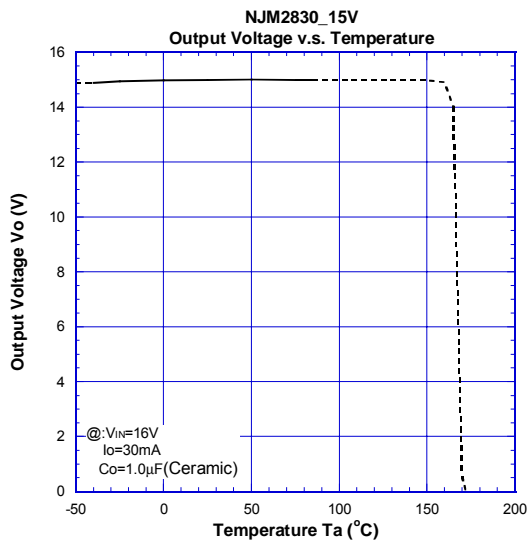
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### ● TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (15V Version)

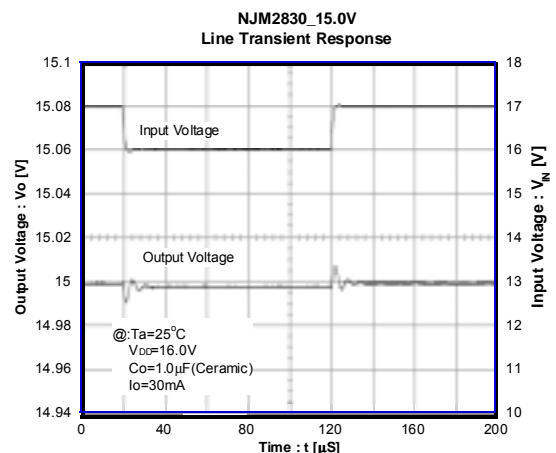
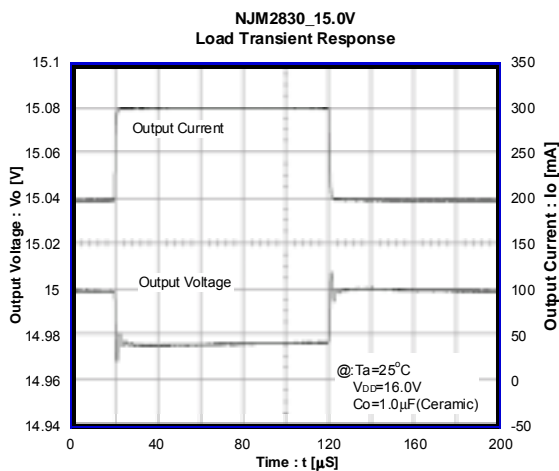
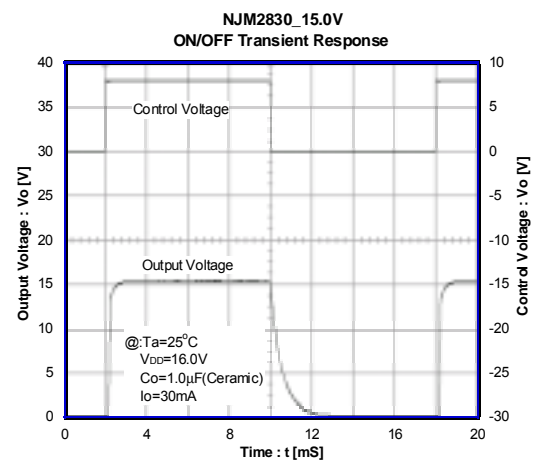
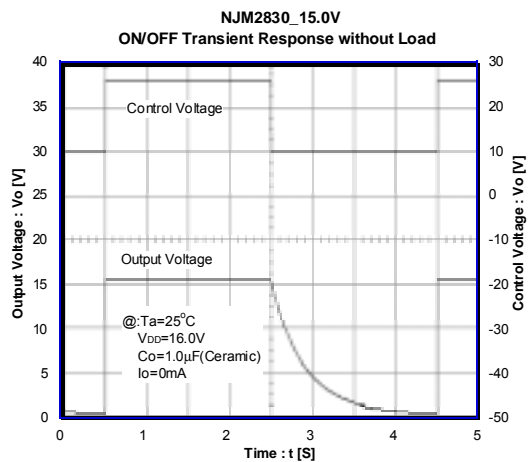


## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (15V Version)



### TRANSIENT RESPONSE (15V Version)



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