

Very Low Output Low Dropout Regulator

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

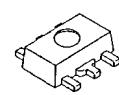
The NJM2842 is a very low output voltage, low drop out regulators.

It delivers up to 1A output current with the output voltage from 0.8V to 1.8V.

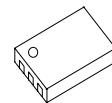
The use of an external bias voltage can improve the transient response and the ripple rejection characteristics while maintaining minimum input to output voltage.

The NJM2842 suitable for constant-voltage source such as CPU, DSP and ASIC.

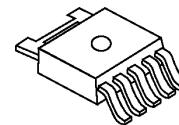
■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2842U2



NJM2842KH1

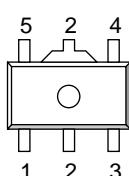


NJM2842DL3

■ FEATURES

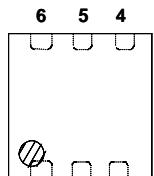
- Output Voltage Range : 0.8V to 1.8V
- High Ripple Rejection : 91 dB typ. @ $V_O=1.2V$
- Output Noise Voltage : $V_{NO}=44 \mu V_{rms}$ typ @ $V_O=1.2V$
- Output Current : $I_O(min)=1.0A$
- High Precision Output : $V_O \pm 1.0\%$
- Dual input Voltage Type : V_{IN}, V_{BIAS} (sequence free)
- High Stability for Load : 0.002%/mA (max)
- Output Capacitor with 4.7 μF ceramic capacitor
- Low Dropout Voltage : 0.1V typ. @ $I_O=600mA$
- ON/OFF Control
- Built-in Thermal Overload Protection and Current Limit Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline : SOT89-5, ESON6-H1, TO252-5

■ PIN CONNECTION

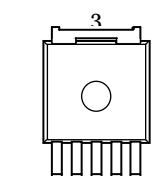
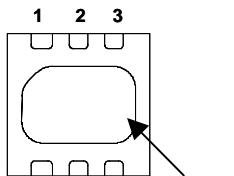


1. CONTROL
2. GND
3. V_{OUT}
4. V_{IN}
5. V_{BIAS}

NJM2842U2



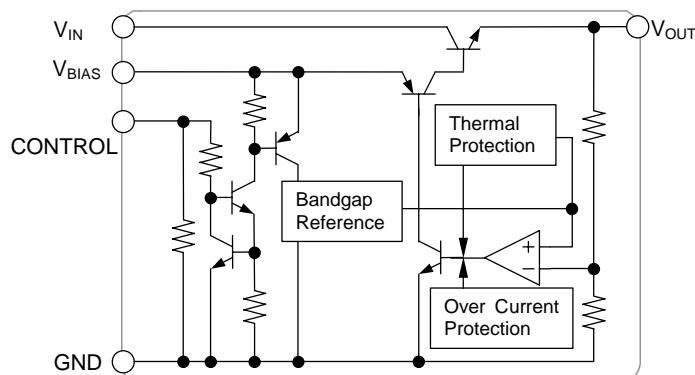
NJM2842KH1 (Connected to GND)



1. CONTROL
2. V_{OUT}
3. GND
4. V_{IN}
5. V_{BIAS}

NJM2842DL3

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



NJM2842

■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK

Device Name SOT89-5	V _{out}	Device Name ESON6-H1	V _{out}	Device Name TO252-5	V _{out}
NJM2842U2-008	0.8V	NJM2842KH1-008	0.8V	NJM2842DL3-012	1.2V
NJM2842U2-010	1.0V	NJM2842KH1-010	1.0V		
NJM2842U2-012	1.2V	NJM2842KH1-012	1.2V		
NJM2842U2-015	1.5V	NJM2842KH1-015	1.5V		
NJM2842U2-018	1.8V	NJM2842KH1-018	1.8V		

Available Fixed Output Voltage Setting Range: 0.8V to 1.8V

■ ABABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS		UNIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	+7		V
Bias Voltage	V _{BIAS}	+7		V
Control Voltage	V _{CONT}	+7		V
Power Dissipation	P _D	SOT89-5	625 (*1) 2400 (*2)	mW
		TO252-5	1190(*1) 3125(*2)	
		ESON6-H1	440 (*3) 1200 (*4)	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40~+85		°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-50~+150		°C

(*1): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2x 114.3x1.6mm:EIA/JDEC standard size, 2Layers, Cu area 100mm²)

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board. (76.2x 114.3x1.6mm:EIA/JDEC standard size, 4Layers)

(4Layers: Applying 74.2×74.2mm inner Cu area and a thermal via hole to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

(*3): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (101.5x 114.57x1.6mm, 2Layers, Use the Exposed Pad)

(*4): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (101.5x 114.57x1.6mm, 4Layers, Use the Exposed Pad)

(4Layers: Applying 99.5×99.5mm inner Cu area and a thermal via hole to a board based on JEDEC standard JESD51-5)

■ BIAS VOLTAGE INPUT RANGE

V_{BIAS}= +2.5V to +5.5V (V_O<1.5V)

V_{BIAS}= +V_O+1V to +5.5V (V_O≥1.5V)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{BIAS}=2.5V(V_O≥1.5V: V_{BIAS}=V_O+1V), V_{IN}=V_O+1V, C_{BIAS}=0.1μF, C_{IN}=4.7μF, C_O=4.7μF, Ta=25°C)

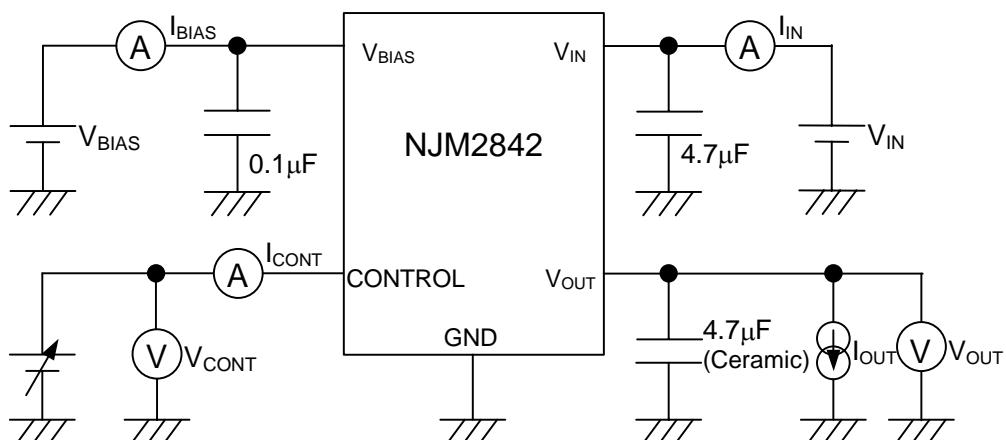
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	V _O	I _O =30mA	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Unloaded Bias Current	I _{BIAS}	I _O =0mA, except I _{CONT}	-	300	500	μA
Unloaded Input Current	I _{IN}	I _O =0mA, except I _{CONT}	-	-	20	μA
Bias Current at Control OFF	I _{BIAS(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Input Current at Control OFF	I _{IN(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	I _O	V _O × 0.9V	1000	1700	-	mA
Line Regulation 1 (V _{BIAS})	ΔV _O /ΔV _{BIAS}	V _{BIAS} =2.5V to +5.5V(V _O <1.5V) V _{BIAS} =V _O +1V to +5.5V(V _O ≥1.5V) I _O =30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Line Regulation 2 (V _{IN})	ΔV _O /ΔV _{IN}	V _{IN} =V _O +1V to +5.5V, I _O =30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔV _O /ΔI _O	I _O =30 to 1000mA	-	-	0.002	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV _{I-O}	I _O =600mA	-	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection Ratio 1 (V _{BIAS})	RR1(V _{BIAS})	V _{BIAS} =3.5V(V _O <1.5V) V _{BIAS} =3.8V(V _O ≥1.5V) ebias=200mVrms, f=1kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			dB
Ripple Rejection Ratio 2 (V _{IN})	RR2(V _{IN})	ebias=200mVrms, f=1kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔV _O /ΔTa	Ta=0 to +85°C, I _O =10mA	-	±50	-	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	f=10Hz to 80kHz, I _O =10mA	Refer to Table 1			μVrms
Control Current	I _{CONT}	V _{CONT} =1.6V	-	3	12	μA
Control Voltage for ON-state	V _{CONT(ON)}		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V _{CONT(OFF)}		-	-	0.6	V
Bias Voltage	V _{BIAS}		-	-	5.5	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		-	-	5.5	V

• Table1

Voltage Rank	RR1(V _{BIAS})				RR2(V _{IN})				V _{NO}			
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
0.8V	-	77	-	dB	-	93	-	dB	-	34	-	μVrms
1.0V	-	75	-		-	92	-		-	38	-	
1.2V	-	73	-		-	91	-		-	44	-	
1.5V	-	71	-		-	90	-		-	47	-	
1.8V	-	70	-		-	89	-		-	51	-	

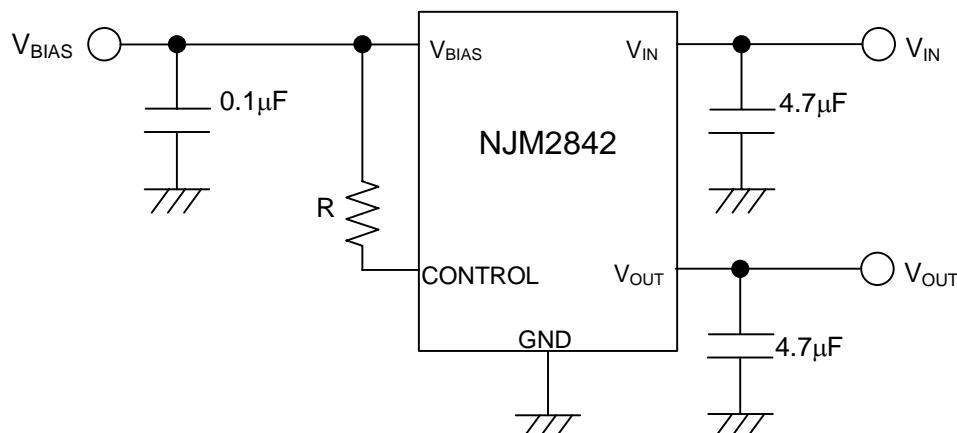
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■ TEST CIRCUIT

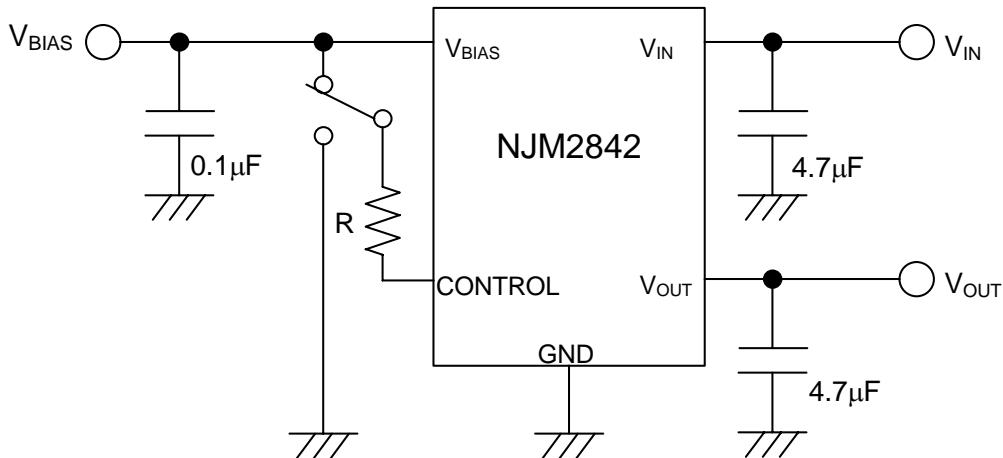


■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

- In case of where ON/OFF control is not required:



- In use of ON/OFF control:



State of control terminal:

"H" → output is enabled.

"L" or "open" → output is disabled.

*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{BIAS} and control.

If this resistor is inserted, it can reduce the control current when the control voltage is high.

The applied voltage to control terminal should set to consider voltage drop through the resistor "R" and the minimum control voltage for ON-state.

The $V_{CONT(ON)}$ and I_{CONT} have temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" and "Control Voltage vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be selected to consider the temperature characteristics.

* Bias Capacitance (C_{BIAS}) and an Input Capacitance (C_{IN})

C_{BIAS} and C_{IN} are required to prevent oscillation and reduce power supply ripple for applications when high power supply impedance or a long power supply line.

Therefore, use the recommended C_{BIAS} and C_{IN} value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between V_{BIAS} -GND and V_{IN} -GND as shortest path as possible to avoid the problem.

*Output Capacitor C_O

Output capacitor (C_O) will be required for a phase compensation of the internal error amplifier.

The capacitance and the equivalent series resistance (ESR) influence to stable operation of the regulator.

Use of a smaller C_O may cause excess output noise or oscillation of the regulator due to lack of the phase compensation.

On the other hand, Use of a larger C_O reduces output noise and ripple output, and also improves output transient response when rapid load change.

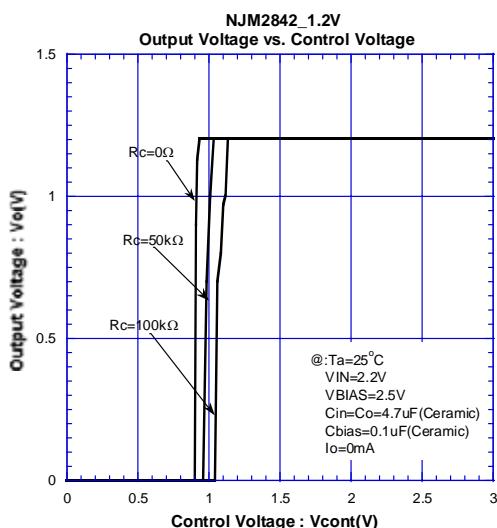
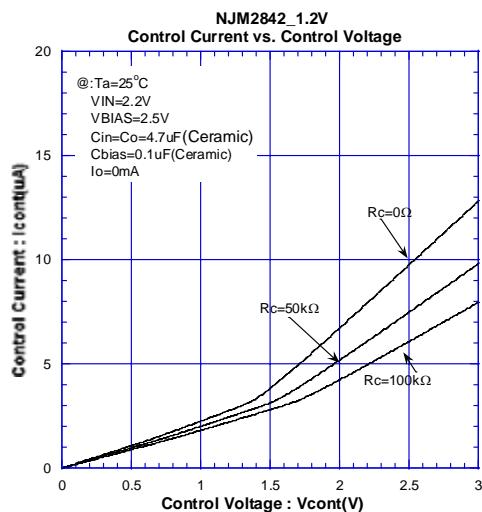
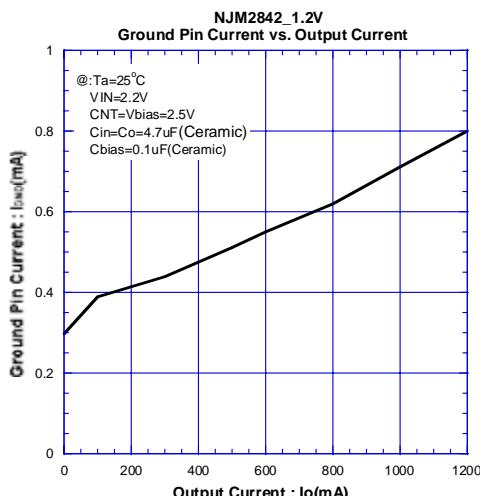
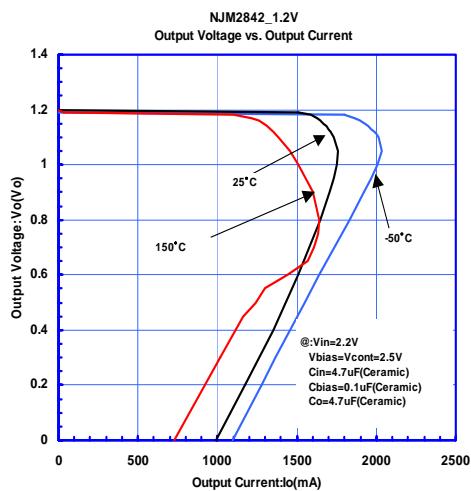
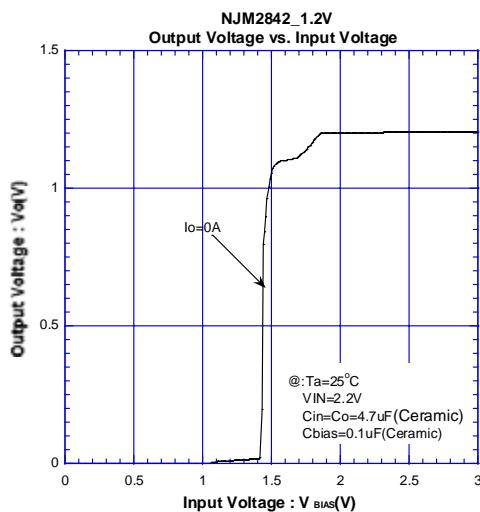
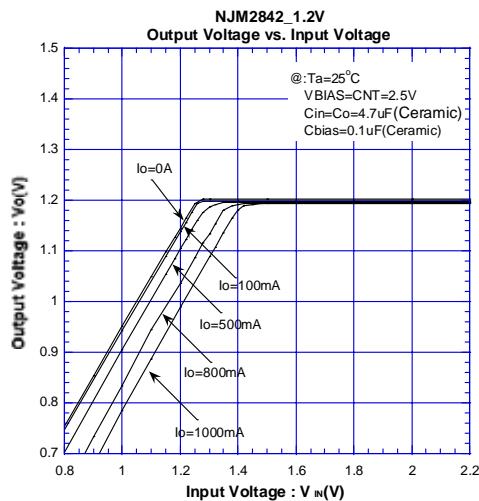
Therefore, use the recommended C_O value (refer to conditions of ELECTRIC CHARACTERISTIC) or larger and should connect between GND and V_{OUT} as shortest path as possible for stable operation

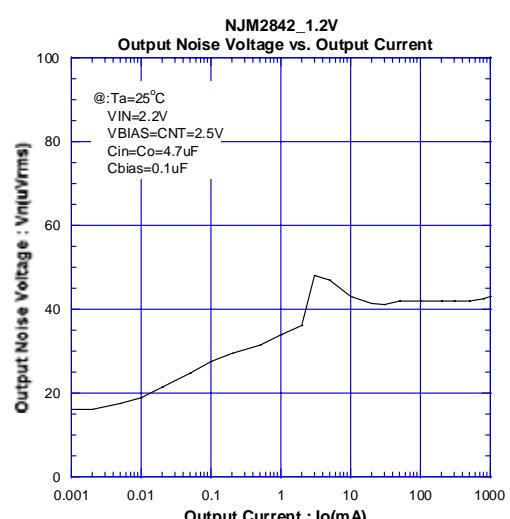
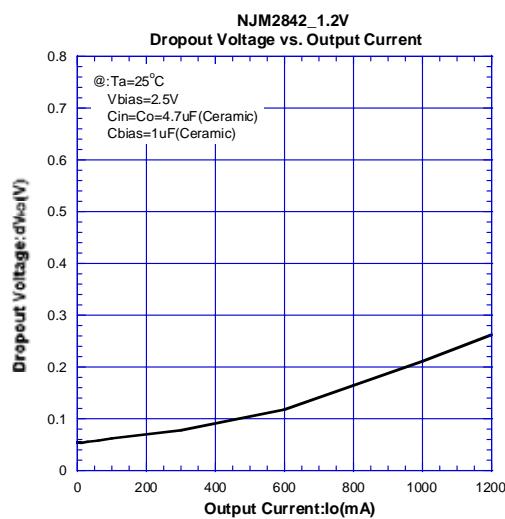
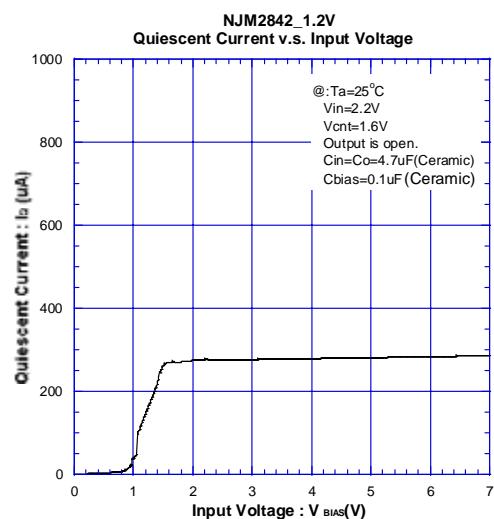
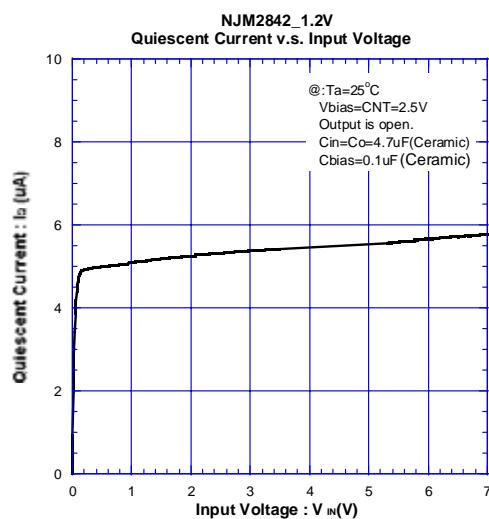
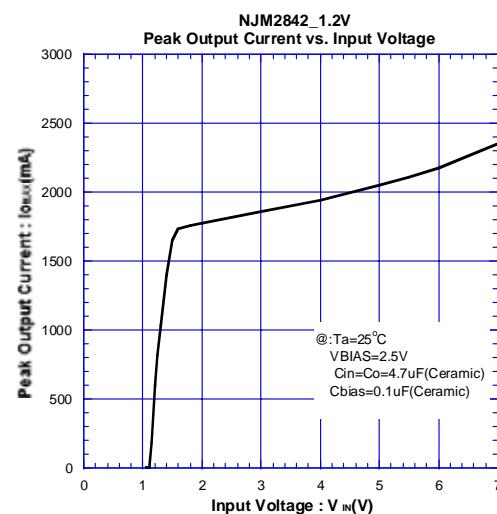
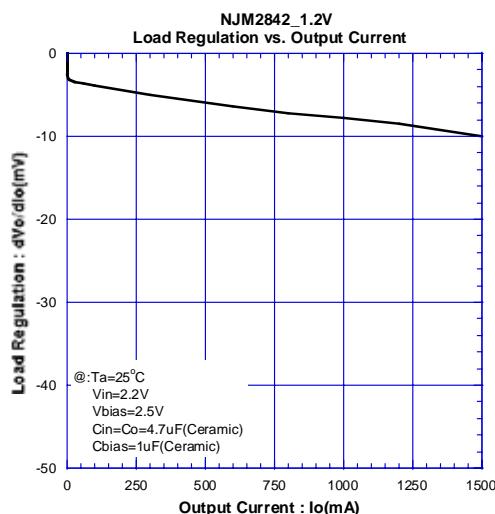
In addition, you should consider varied characteristics of capacitor (a frequency characteristic, a temperature characteristic, a DC bias characteristic and so on) and unevenness peculiar to a capacitor supplier enough.

When selecting C_O , recommend that have withstand voltage margin against output voltage and superior temperature characteristic.

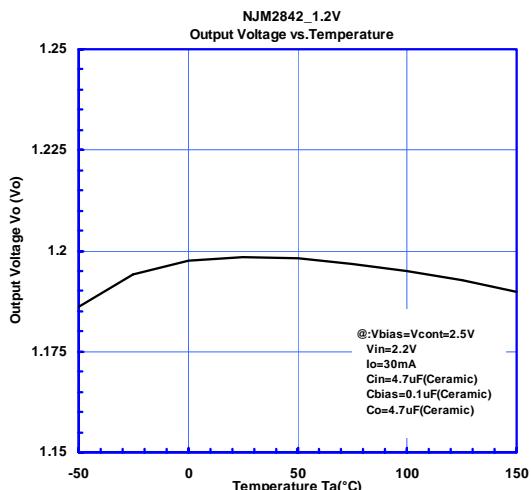
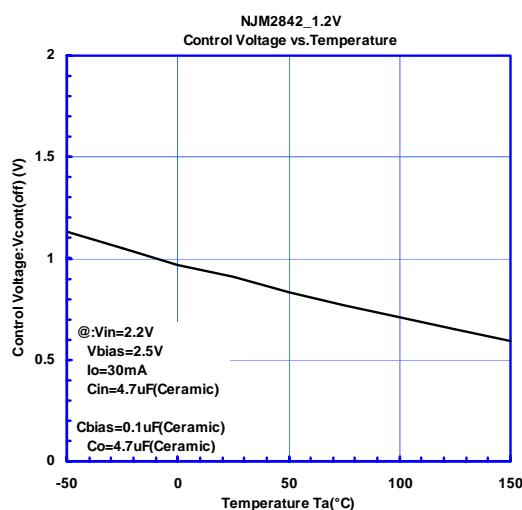
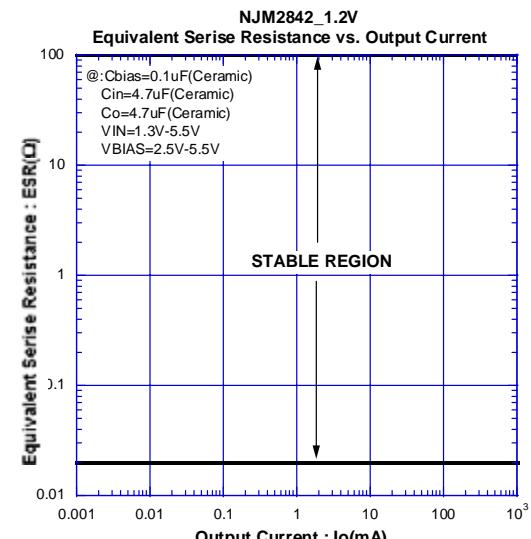
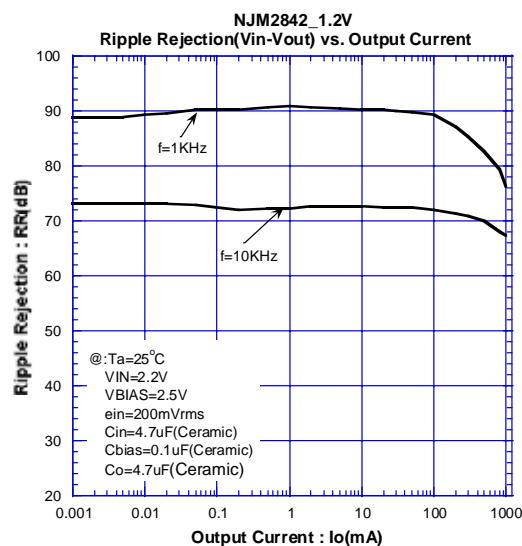
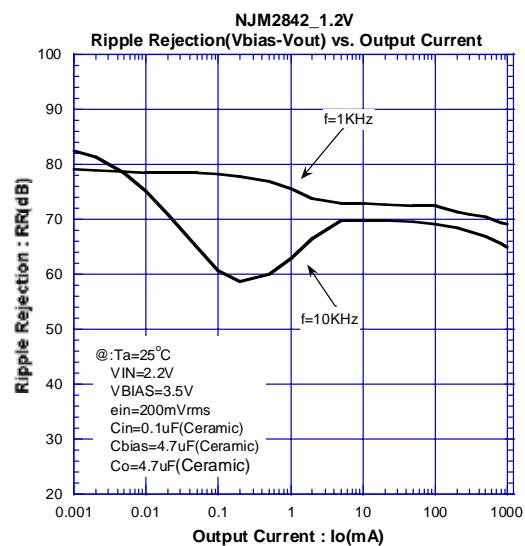
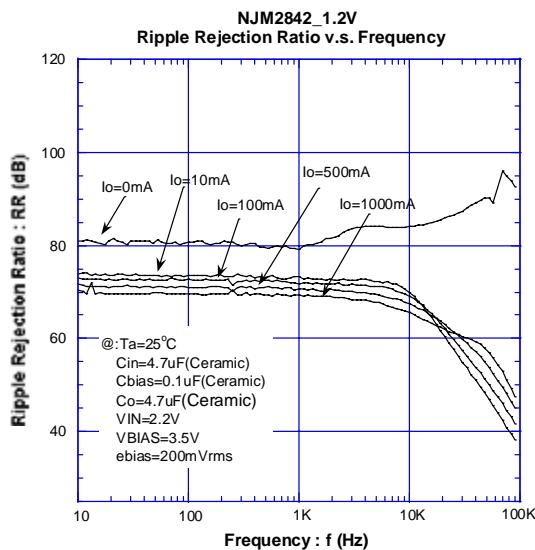
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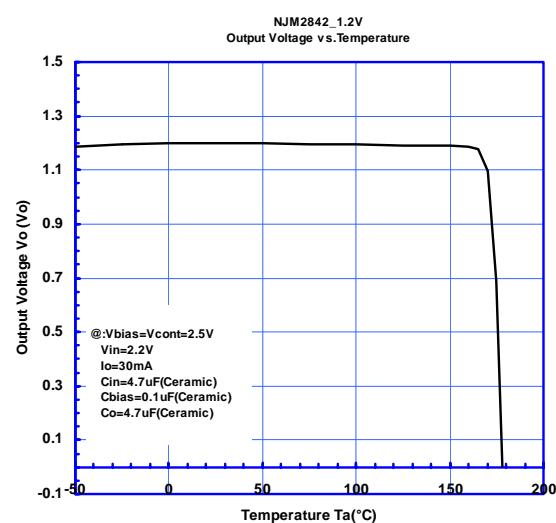
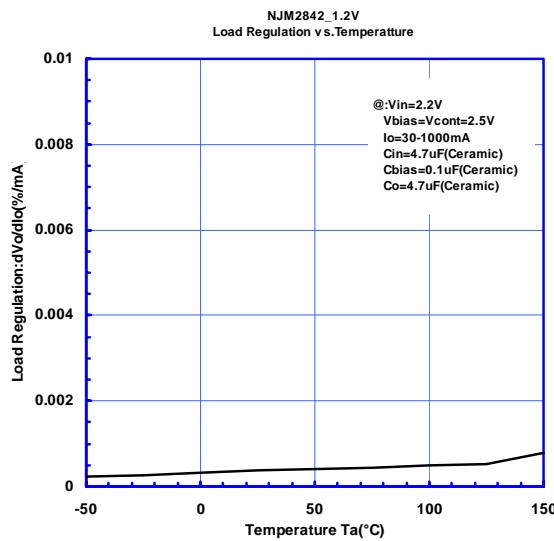
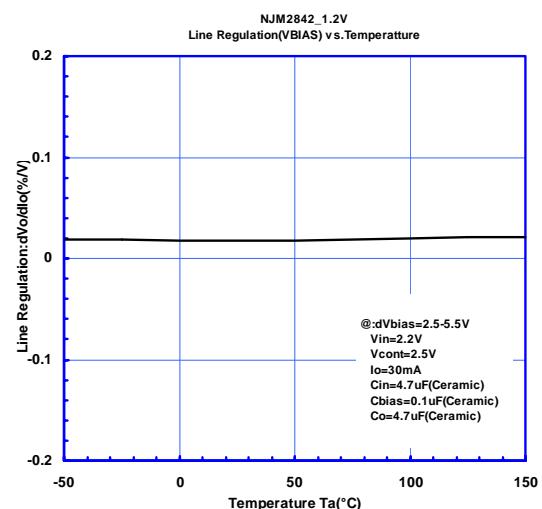
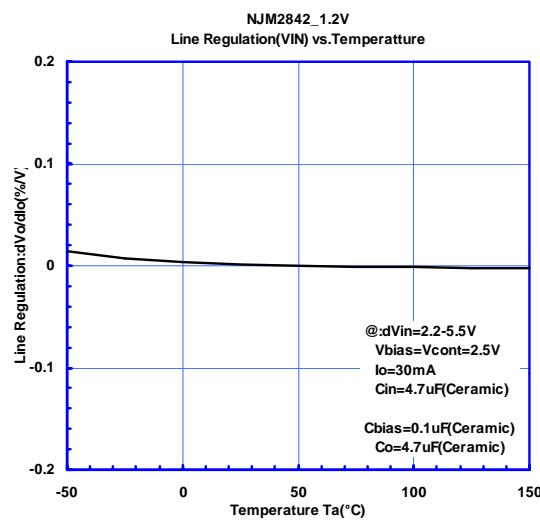
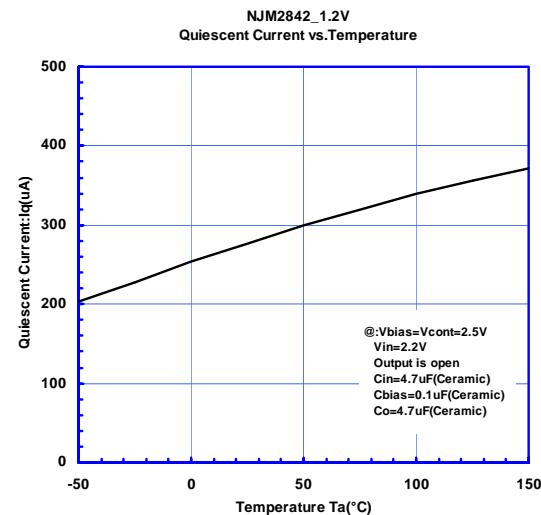
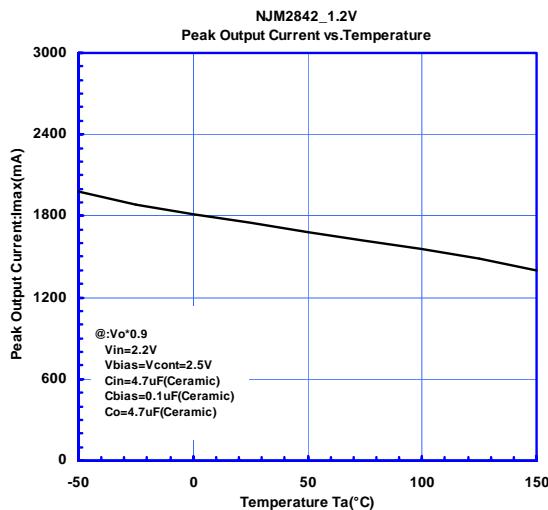
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



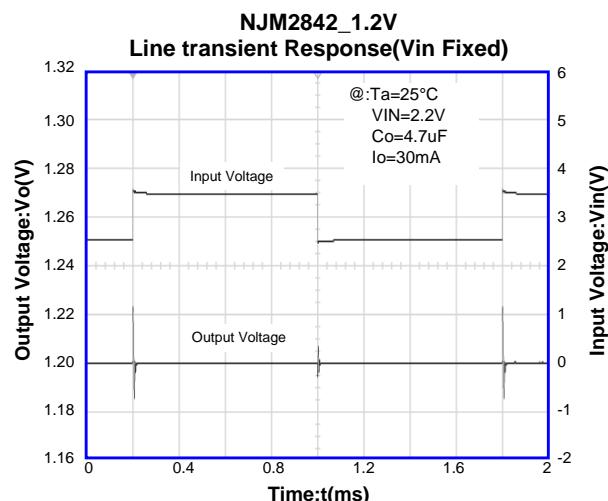
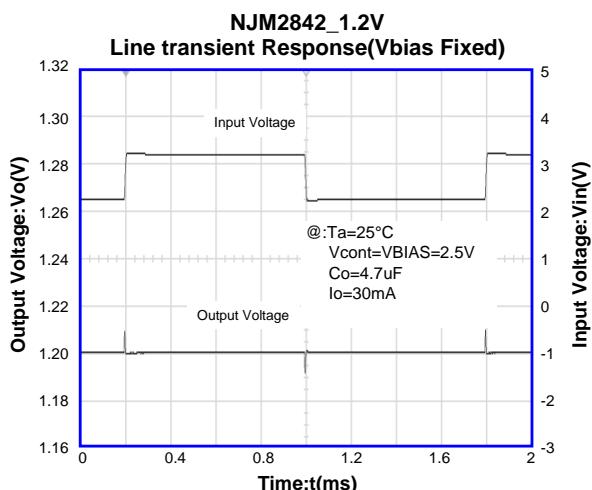
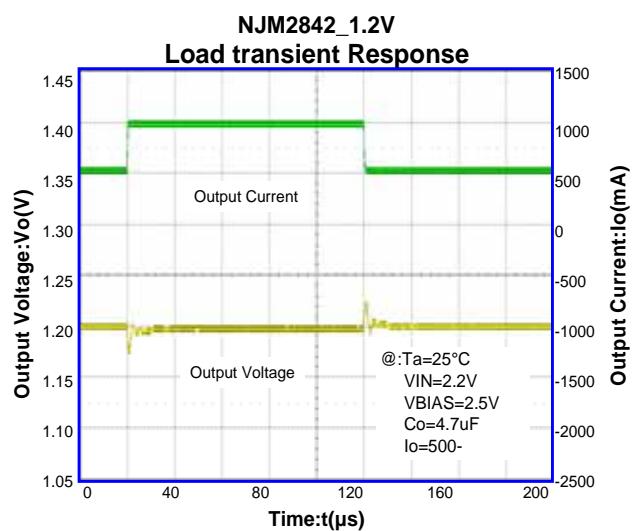
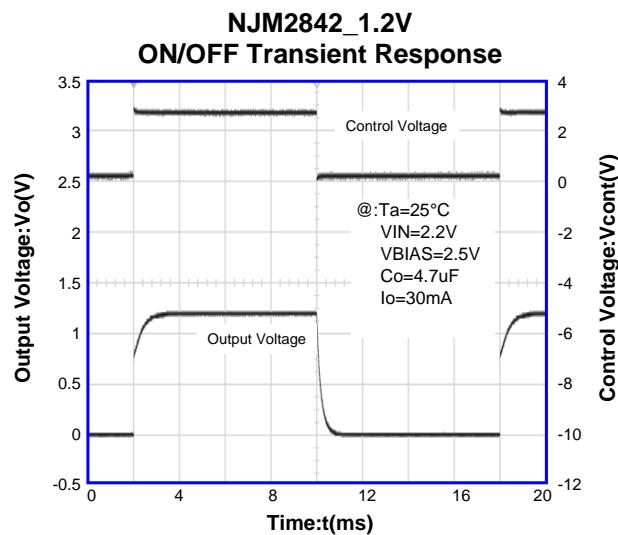
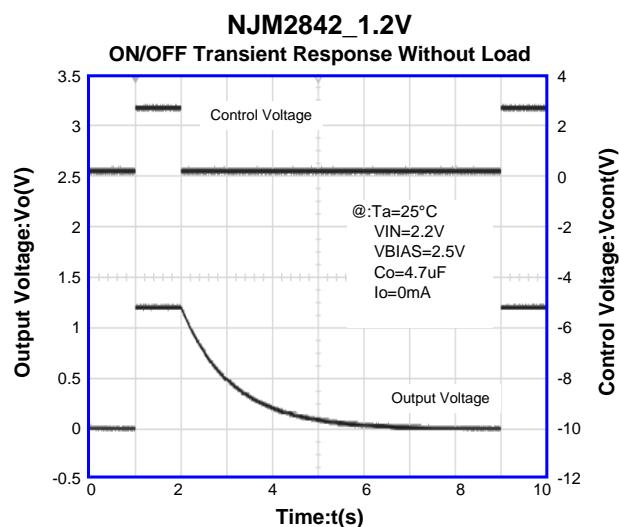
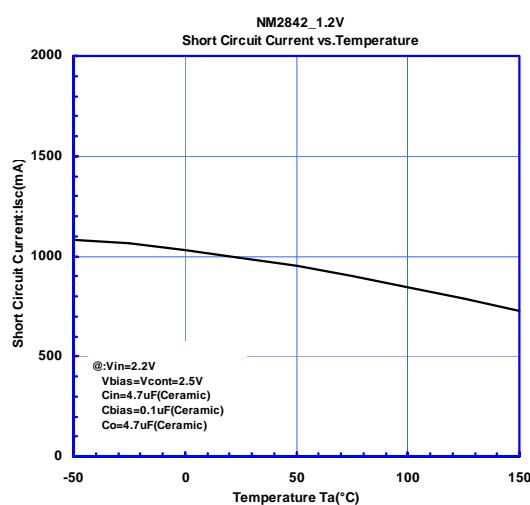


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