

LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

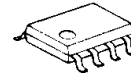
■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2883 is a low dropout voltage regulator in EMP8 package

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

It is suitable for portable applications.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

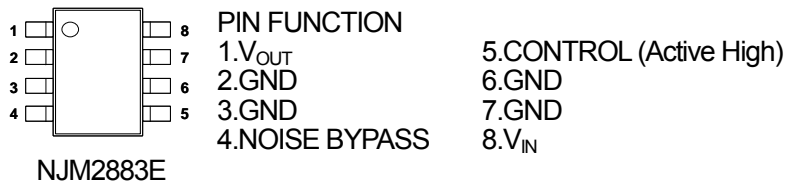


NJM2883E

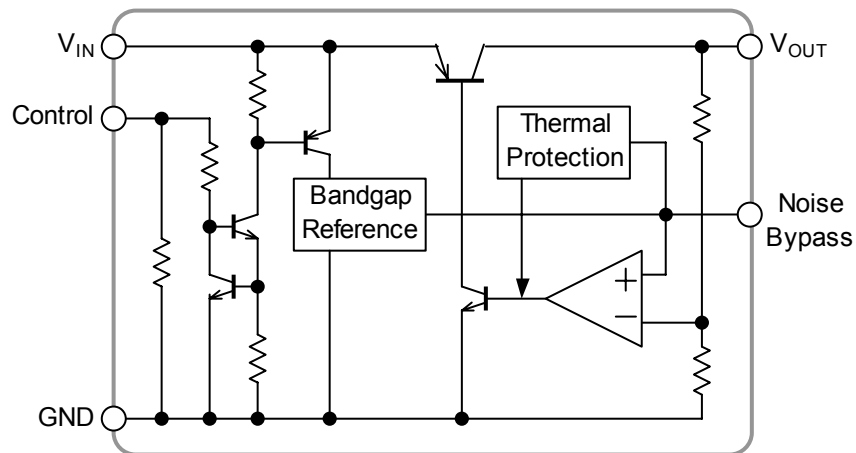
■ FEATURES

- High Ripple Rejection 75dB typ. (f=1kHz,Vo=3V Version)
- Output Noise Voltage Vno=30μVrms typ.(Cp=0.01μF)
- Output capacitor with 1.0μF ceramic capacitor (Vo≥2.7V)
- Output Current Io(max.)=300mA
- High Precision Output Vo±1%
- Low Dropout Voltage 0.10V typ. (Io=100mA)
- ON/OFF Control (Active High)
- Operating Voltage Range +2.3V~+14V (Vo≤2.0V version)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline EMP8 (5.0×6.0×1.5mm)

■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJM2883

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■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

Device Name	V _{OUT}	Device Name	V _{OUT}	Device Name	V _{OUT}
NJM2883E15	1.5V	NJM2883E29	2.9V	NJM2883E38	3.8V
NJM2883E17	1.7V	NJM2883E03	3.0V	NJM2883E04	4.0V
NJM2883E18	1.8V	NJM2883E31	3.1V	NJM2883E43	4.3V
NJM2883E21	2.1V	NJM2883E32	3.2V	NJM2883E47	4.7V
NJM2883E25	2.5V	NJM2883E33	3.3V	NJM2883E05	5.0V
NJM2883E28	2.8V	NJM2883E345	3.45V		
NJM2883E285	2.85V	NJM2883E35	3.5V		

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	+14	V
Control Voltage	V _{CONT}	+14(*1)	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	650(*2)	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +125	°C

(*1): When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

(*2): Mounted on glass epoxy board based on EIA/JEDEC. (114.3x76.2x1.6mm: 2Layers)

■ Operating voltage

V_{IN}=+2.3V ~ +14.0V (In case of Vo<2.1V)

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Vo>2.0V version : V_{IN}=Vo+1V, C_{IN}=0.1μF, Co=1.0μF : Vo≥2.7V (Co=2.2μF: Vo≤2.6V), Cp=0.01μF, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	Vo	Io=30mA	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Quiescent Current	I _Q	Io=0mA, expect Icont	-	120	180	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	I _{Q(OFF)}	V _{CONT} =0V	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	Io	Vo - 0.3V	300	400	-	mA
Line Regulation	ΔVo/ΔV _{IN}	V _{IN} =Vo+1V~Vo+6V, Io=30mA	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔVo/ΔIo	Io=0~300mA	-	-	0.03	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV _{L-O}	Io=100mA	-	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection	RR	ein=200mVrms, f=1kHz, Io=10mA, Vo=3V Version	-	75	-	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔVo/ΔTa	Ta=0~+85°C, Io=10mA	-	±50	-	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	f=10Hz~80kHz, Io=10mA, Vo=3V Version	-	30	-	μVrms
Control Voltage for ON-state	V _{CONT(ON)}		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V _{CONT(OFF)}		-	-	0.6	V

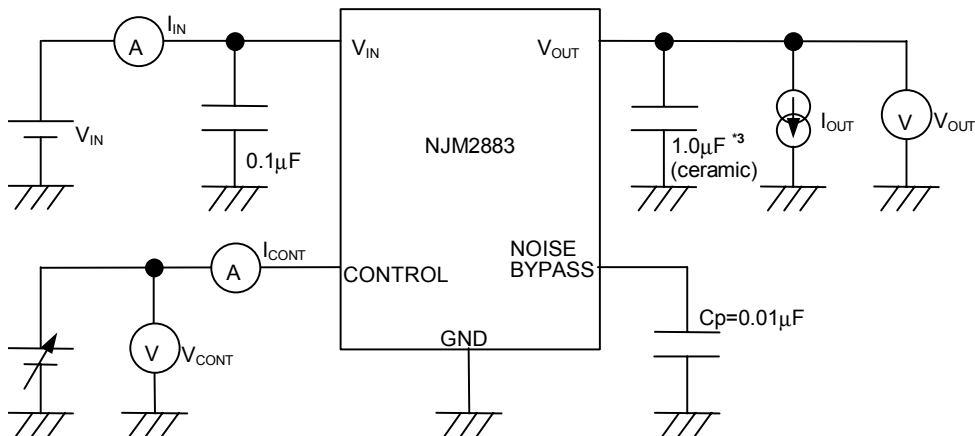
($V_o \leq 2.0V$ version: $V_{IN} = V_o + 1V$, $C_{IN} = 0.1\mu F$, $C_o = 2.2\mu F$; $V_o \geq 1.9V$ ($C_o = 4.7\mu F$; $V_o \leq 1.8V$), $C_p = 0.01\mu F$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	V_o	$I_o = 30mA$	-1.0%	-	+1.0%	V
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$I_o = 0mA$, expect I_{cont}	-	120	180	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	$I_{Q(OFF)}$	$V_{CONT} = 0V$	-	-	100	nA
Output Current	I_o	$V_o - 0.3V$	300	400	-	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_o / \Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = V_o + 1V \sim V_o + 6V$, $I_o = 30mA$	-	-	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_o / \Delta I_o$	$I_o = 0 \sim 300mA$	-	-	0.03	%/mA
Ripple Rejection	RR	$e_{in} = 200mV_{rms}$, $f = 1kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 1.8V$ Version	-	80	-	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	$\Delta V_o / \Delta T_a$	$T_a = 0 \sim 85^\circ C$, $I_o = 10mA$	-	± 50	-	ppm/ $^\circ C$
Output Noise Voltage	V_{NO}	$f = 10Hz \sim 80kHz$, $I_o = 10mA$, $V_o = 1.8V$ Version	-	20	-	μV_{rms}
Control Voltage for ON-state	$V_{CONT(ON)}$		1.6	-	-	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	$V_{CONT(OFF)}$		-	-	0.6	V

The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

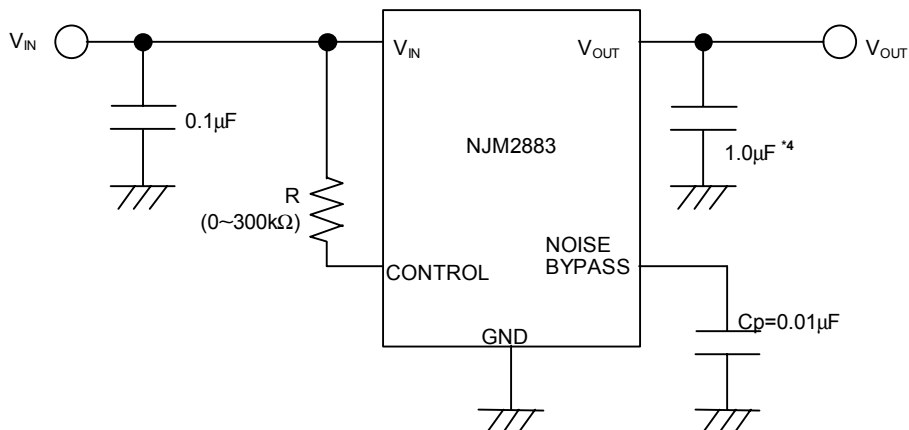
■ TEST CIRCUIT



*3 1.9V ≤ V_o ≤ 2.6V version: $C_o = 2.2\mu F$ (ceramic)
 $V_o \leq 1.8V$ version: $C_o = 4.7\mu F$ (ceramic)

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

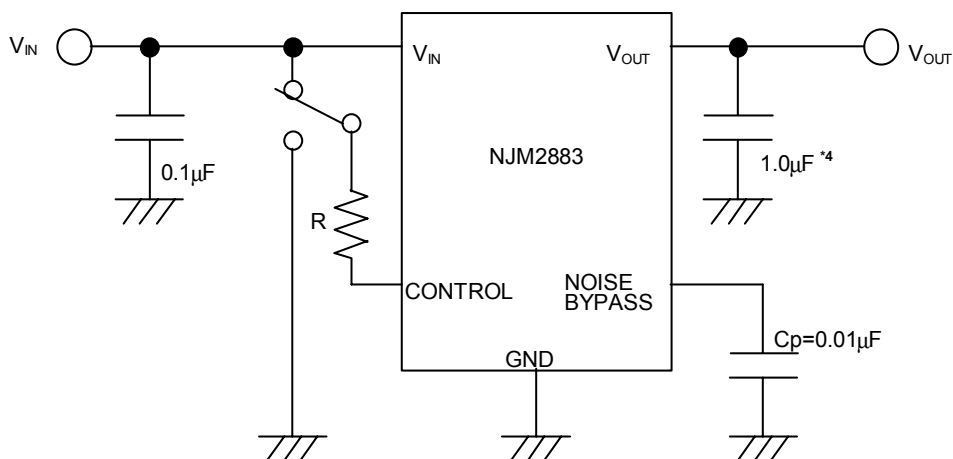
① In case that ON/OFF Control is not required:



*4 1.9V ≤ Vo ≤ 2.6V version: Co=2.2µF
Vo ≤ 1.8V version: Co=4.7µF

Connect control terminal to V_{IN} terminal

② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



*4 1.9V ≤ Vo ≤ 2.6V version : Co=2.2µF
Vo ≤ 1.8V version : Co=4.7µF

State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

*Noise bypass Capacitance Cp

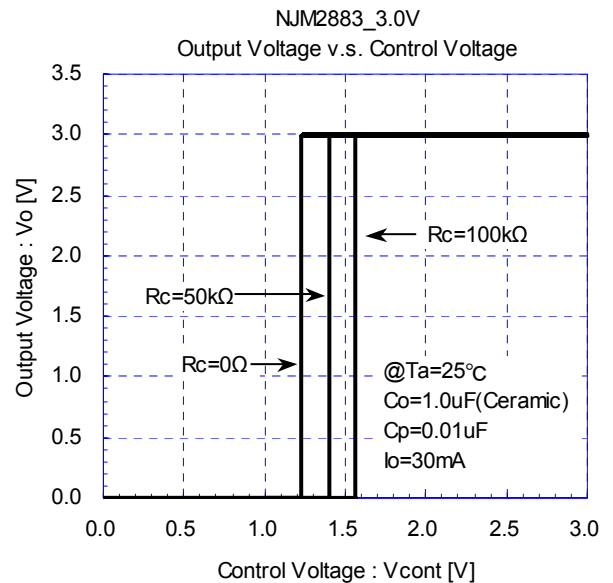
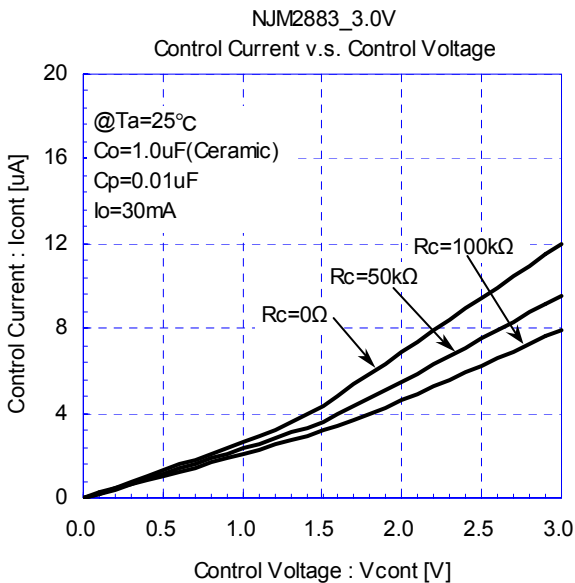
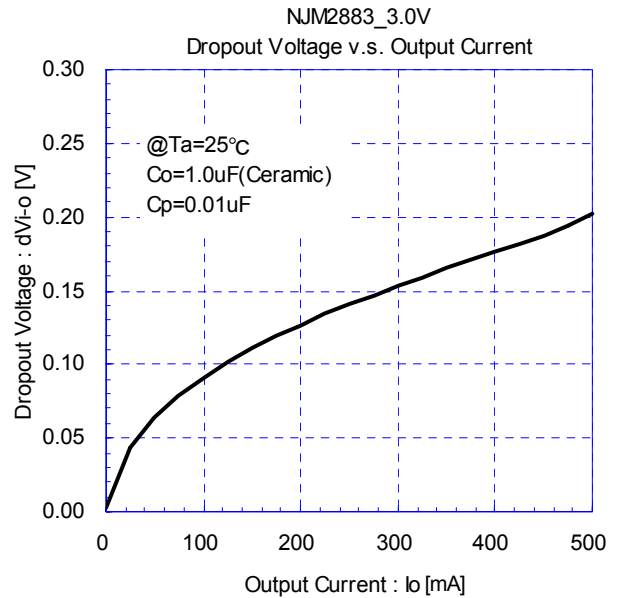
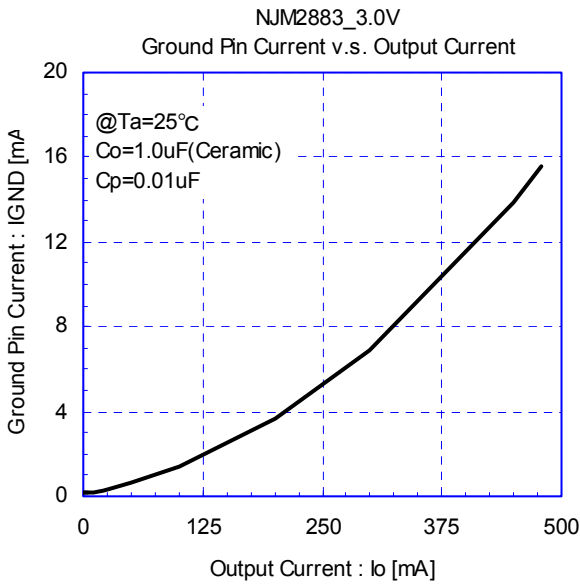
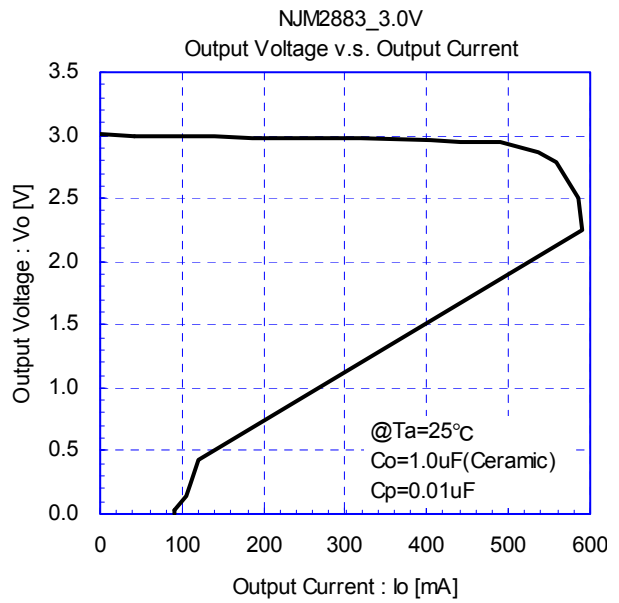
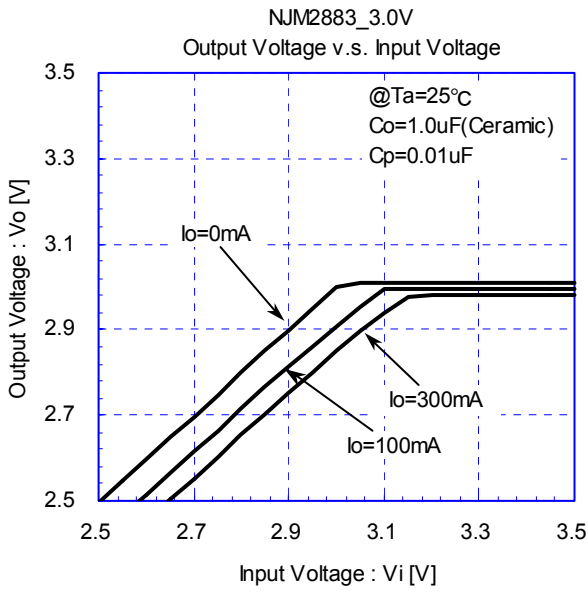
Noise bypass capacitance Cp reduces noise generated by band-gap reference circuit. Noise level and ripple rejection will be improved when larger Cp is used. Use of smaller Cp value may cause oscillation. Use the Cp value of 0.01µF greater to avoid the problem.

*In the case of using a resistance "R" between V_{IN} and control.

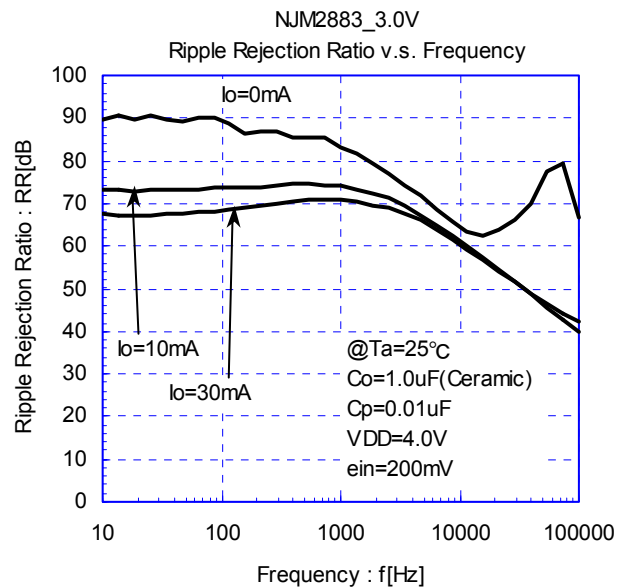
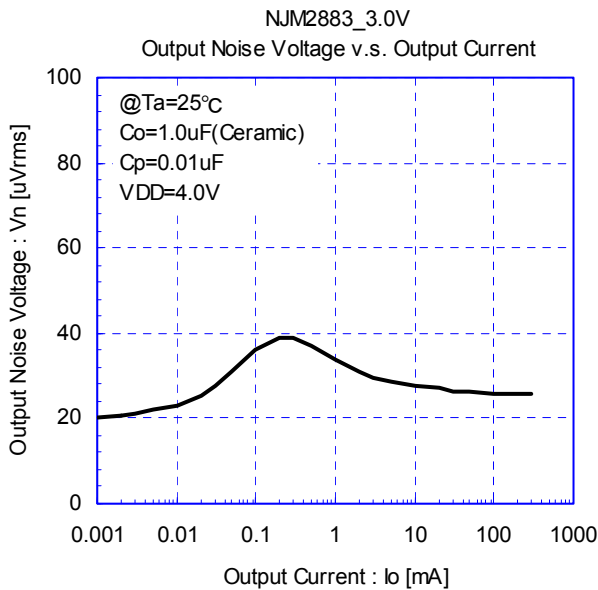
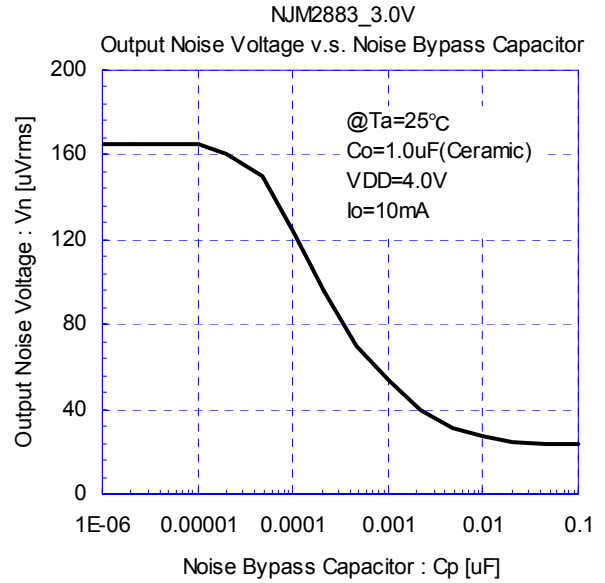
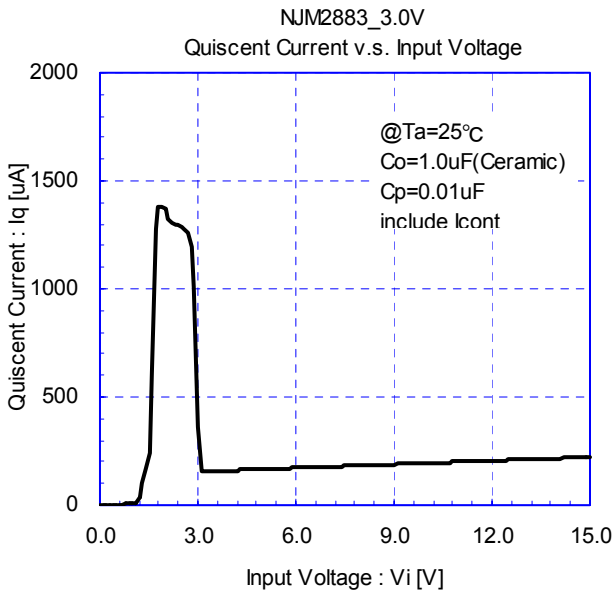
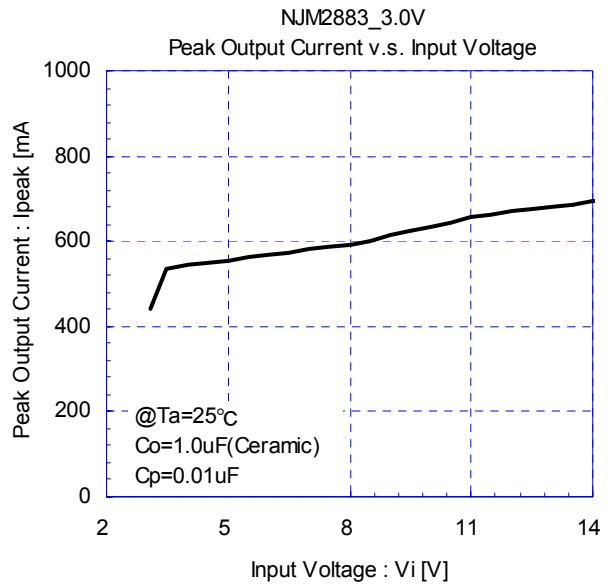
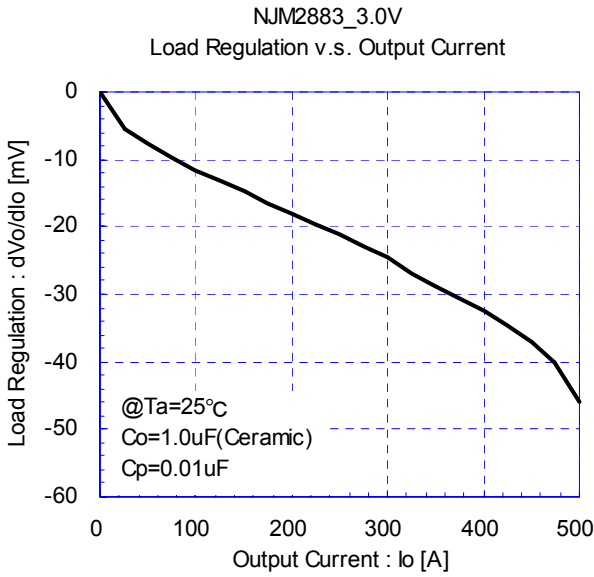
The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state (I_{CONT}) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between V_{IN} and the control terminal.

The minimum control voltage for ON state (V_{CONT(ON)}) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by I_{CONT} and the resistance "R". The I_{CONT} is temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be carefully selected to ensure the control voltage exceeds the V_{CONT(ON)} over the required temperature range.

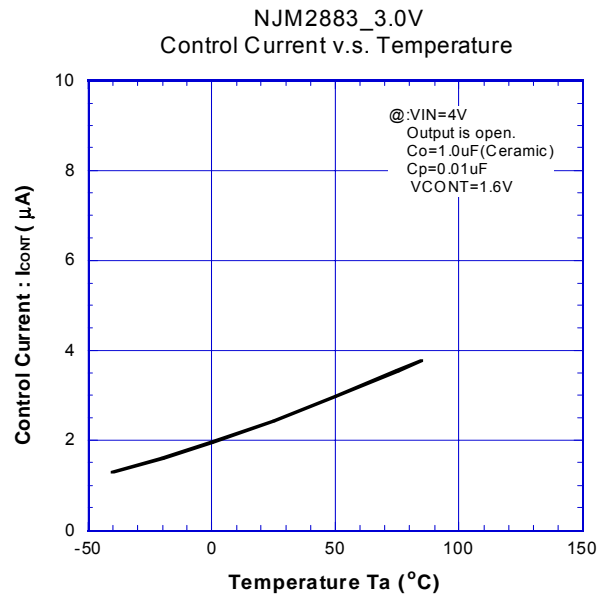
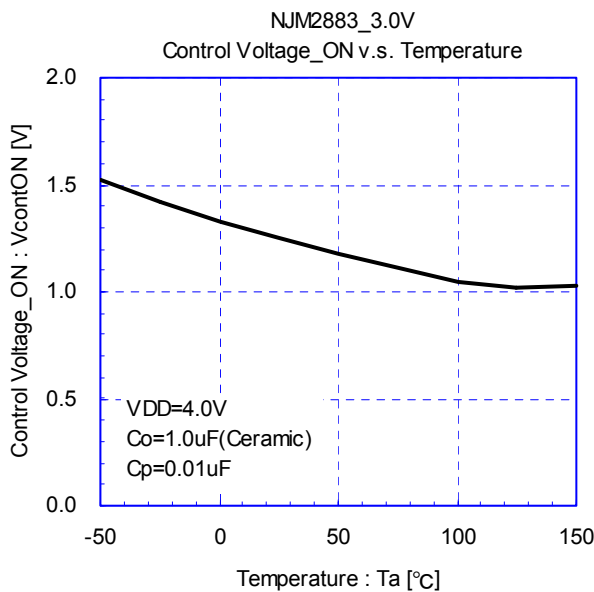
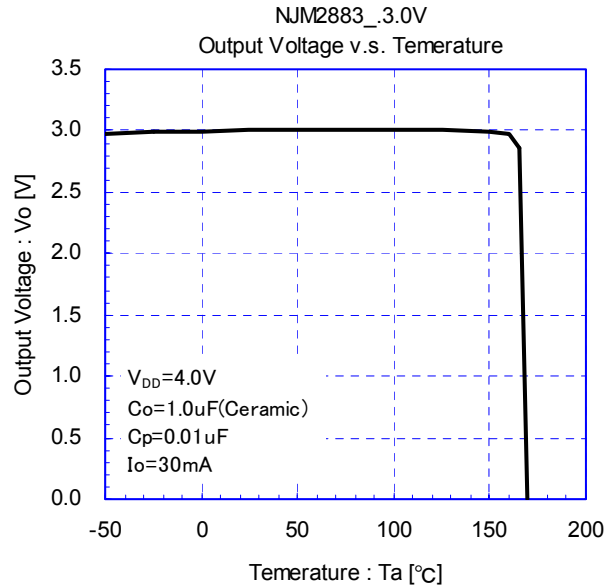
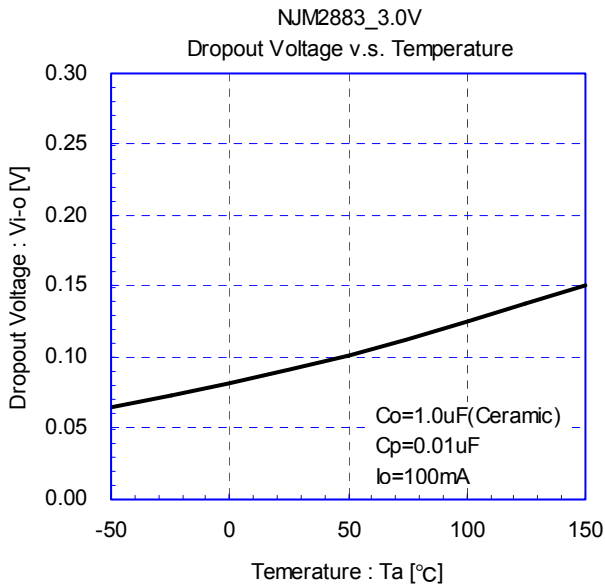
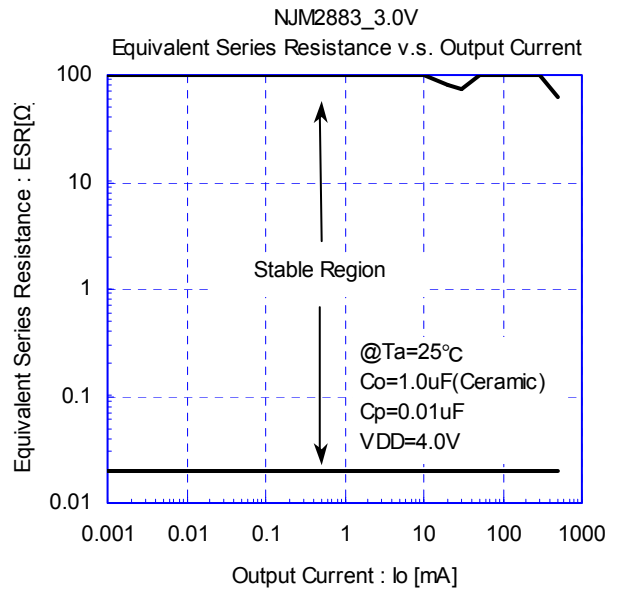
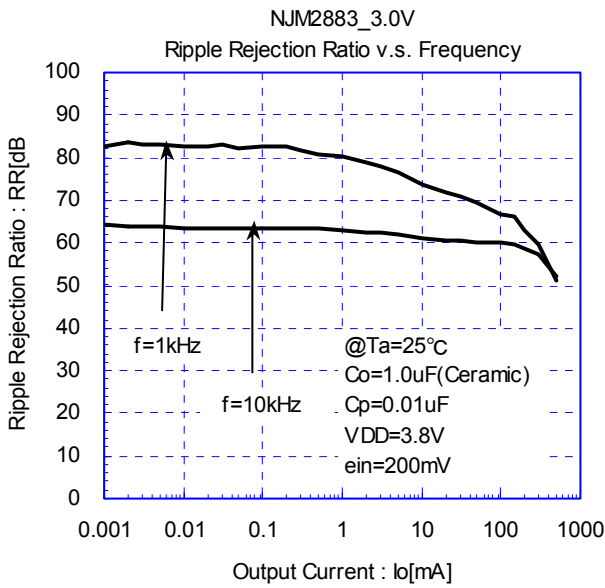
■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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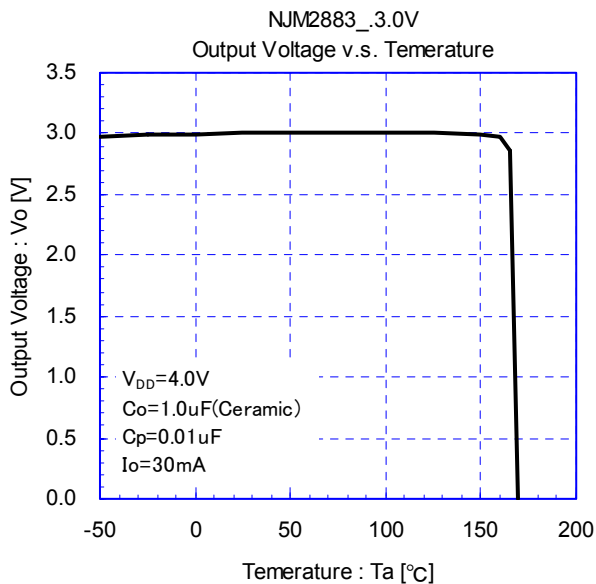
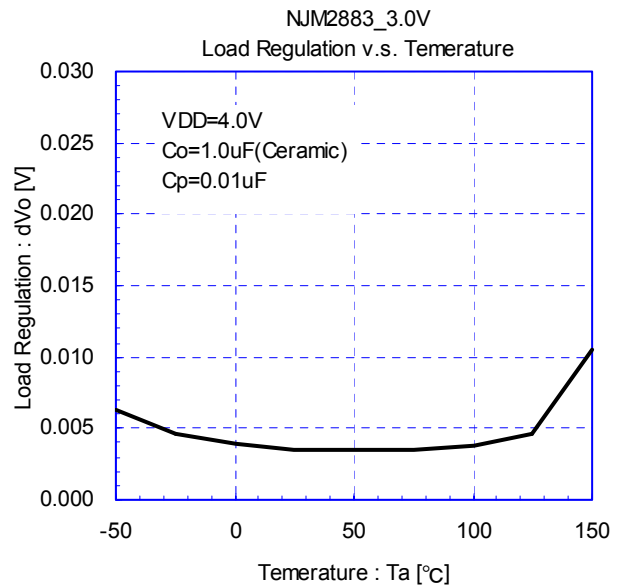
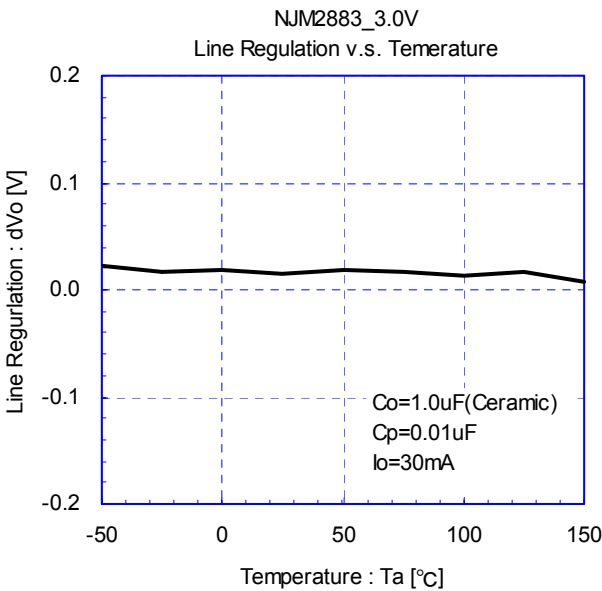
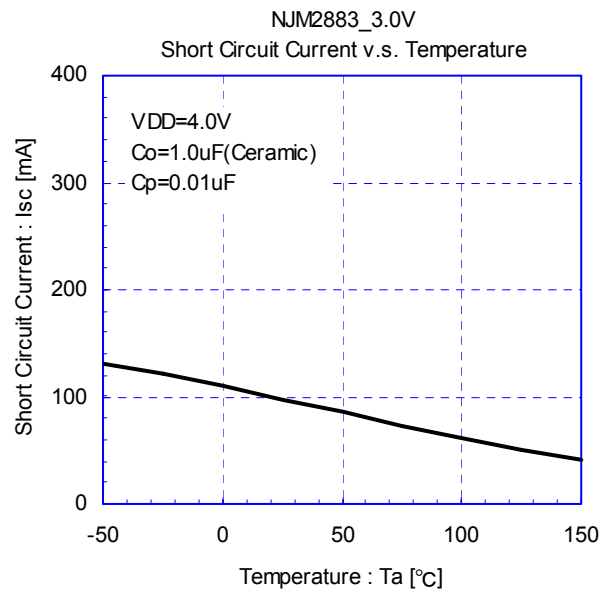
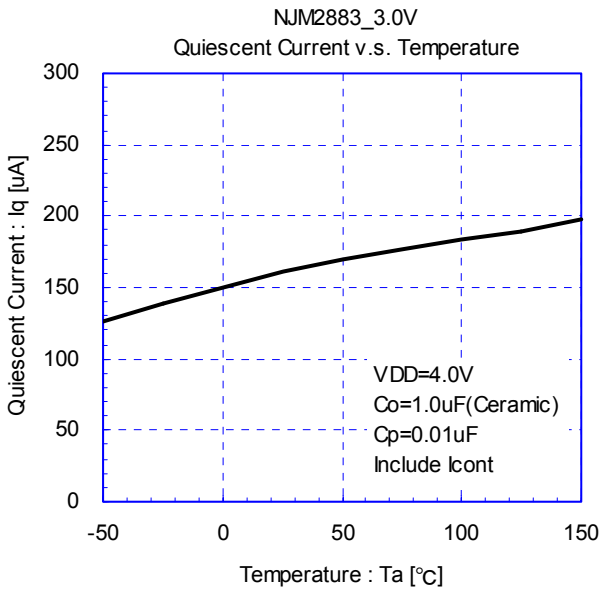
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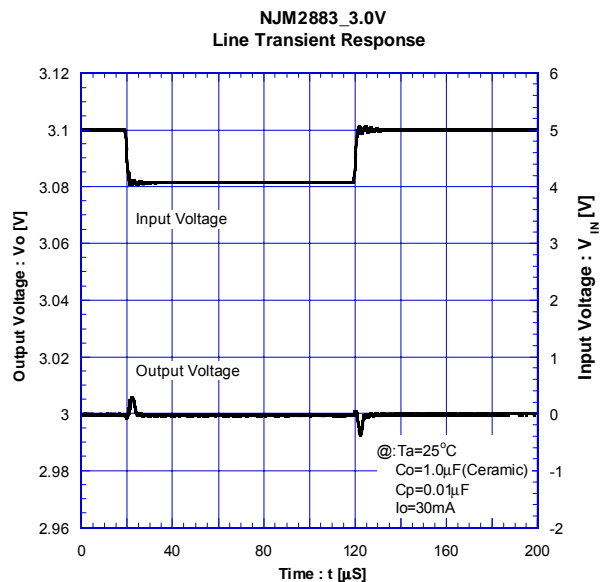
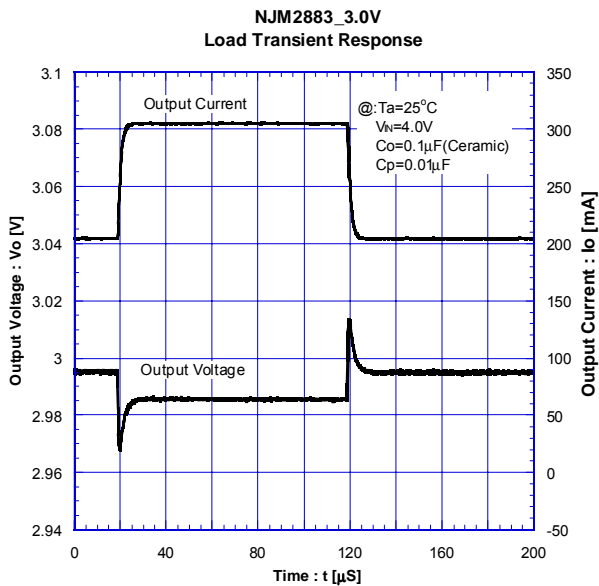
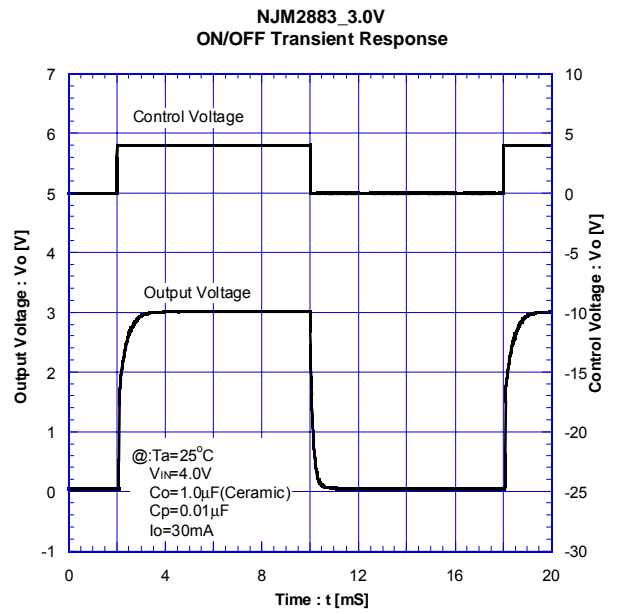
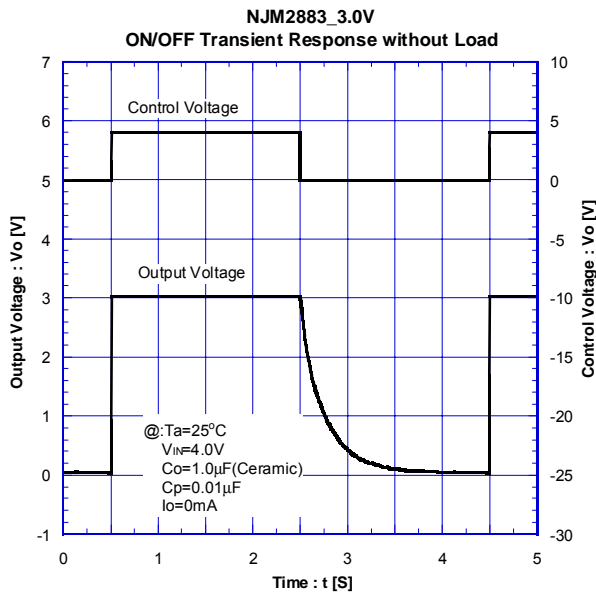
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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