

SPECIFICATIONS FOR NICHIA CHIP TYPE WHITE LED

MODEL : NJSW036LT

NICHIA CORPORATION

1. SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ts=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Absolute Maximum Rating | Unit |
|---------------------------|------------------|---|------|
| Forward Current | I _F | 450 | mA |
| Pulse Forward Current | I _{FP} | 900 | mA |
| Allowable Reverse Current | I _R | 85 | mA |
| Power Dissipation | P _D | 1.8 | W |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | -40 ~ +100 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -40 ~ +100 | °C |
| Dice Temperature | T _j | 150 | °C |
| Soldering Temperature | T _{sld} | Reflow Soldering : 260°C for 10sec. Hand Soldering : 350°C for 3sec. | |

I_{FP} Conditions : Pulse Width ≤ 10msec. and Duty ≤ 1/10

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics (Ts=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------|------|------|
| Forward Voltage | V _F | I _F =350[mA] | (3.6) | 4.0 | V |
| Luminous Flux | φ _v | I _F =350[mA] | (62.0) | - | lm |
| Chromaticity Coordinate [*] | x | I _F =350[mA] | 0.31 | - | - |
| | y | I _F =350[mA] | 0.32 | - | - |

* Please refer to CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

(3) Ranking (Ts=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|----------|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| Luminous Flux | Rank P16 | I _F =350[mA] | 72.0 | 85.6 | lm |
| | Rank P15 | | 60.5 | 72.0 | |
| | Rank P14 | | 51.0 | 60.5 | |
| | Rank P13 | | 42.8 | 51.0 | |

* Luminous Intensity Measurement allowance is ± 7%.

Color Ranks

(I_F=350mA, Ts=25°C)

| Rank a0 | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.280 | 0.264 | 0.283 | 0.296 |
| y | 0.248 | 0.267 | 0.305 | 0.276 |

| Rank b3 | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.287 | 0.283 | 0.304 | 0.307 |
| y | 0.295 | 0.305 | 0.330 | 0.315 |

| Rank b5 | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.296 | 0.287 | 0.307 | 0.311 |
| y | 0.276 | 0.295 | 0.315 | 0.294 |

| Rank b4 | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.307 | 0.304 | 0.330 | 0.330 |
| y | 0.315 | 0.330 | 0.360 | 0.339 |

| Rank b6 | | | | |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.311 | 0.307 | 0.330 | 0.330 |
| y | 0.294 | 0.315 | 0.339 | 0.318 |

| | Rank c1 | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.330 | 0.330 | 0.361 | 0.357 |
| y | 0.339 | 0.360 | 0.385 | 0.361 |

| | Rank c2 | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| x | 0.330 | 0.330 | 0.357 | 0.356 |
| y | 0.318 | 0.339 | 0.361 | 0.351 |

* Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is ± 0.01 .

* Basically, a shipment shall consist of the LEDs of a combination of the above ranks.

The percentage of each rank in the shipment shall be determined by Nichia.

(4) Correspondence table of Luminous Flux – Luminous Intensity (Reference)

| ϕ_v (lm) | I_v (cd) |
|---------------|------------|
| 85.6 | (58.4) |
| 72.0 | (49.4) |
| 60.5 | (41.9) |
| 51.0 | (35.6) |
| 42.8 | (30.2) |

2.INITIAL OPTICAL/ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to “CHARACTERISTICS” on the following pages.

3.OUTLINE DIMENSIONS AND MATERIALS

Please refer to “OUTLINE DIMENSIONS” on the following page.

Material as follows ;

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Package | : | Ceramics |
| Encapsulating Resin | : | Silicone Resin (with Diffused + Phosphor) |
| Electrodes | : | Au Plating |
| Lens | : | Silicone Resin |

4.PACKAGING

· The LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after taping.

Please refer to “TAPING DIMENSIONS” and “PACKING ”on the following pages.

The label on the minimum packing unit shows ; Part Number, Lot Number, Ranking, Quantity

- In order to protect the LEDs from mechanical shock, we pack them in cardboard boxes for transportation.
- The LEDs may be damaged if the boxes are dropped or receive a strong impact against them, so precautions must be taken to prevent any damage.
- The boxes are not water resistant and therefore must be kept away from water and moisture.
- When the LEDs are transported, we recommend that you use the same packing method as Nichia.

5.LOT NUMBER

The first six digits number shows **lot number**.

The lot number is composed of the following characters;

○□×××× - △■

- - Year (7 for 2007 8 for 2008)
- - Month (1 for Jan., 9 for Sep., A for Oct., B for Nov.)
- ×××× - Nichia's Product Number
- △ - Ranking by Color Coordinates
- - Ranking by Luminous Flux

6.RELIABILITY

(1) TEST ITEMS AND RESULTS

| Test Item | Standard Test Method | Test Conditions | Note | Number of Damaged |
|---|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Resistance to Soldering Heat (Reflow Soldering) | JEITA ED-4701 300 301 | Tsld=260°C, 10sec. (Pre treatment 30°C,70%,168hrs.) | 2 times | 0/22 |
| Solderability (Reflow Soldering) | JEITA ED-4701 300 303 | Tsld=215 ± 5°C, 3sec. (Lead Solder) | 1 time over 95% | 0/22 |
| Thermal Shock | JEITA ED-4701 300 307 | -40°C ~ 100°C 1min. (10sec.) 1min. (Pre treatment 30°C,70%,168hrs.) | 100 cycles | 0/50 |
| Temperature Cycle | JEITA ED-4701 100 105 | -40°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C 30min. 5min. 30min. 5min. | 100 cycles | 0/50 |
| Moisture Resistance Cyclic | JEITA ED-4701 200 203 | 25°C ~ 65°C ~ -10°C 90%RH 24hrs./1cycle | 10 cycles | 0/50 |
| High Temperature Storage | JEITA ED-4701 200 201 | Ta=100°C | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Temperature Humidity Storage | JEITA ED-4701 100 103 | Ta=60°C, RH=90% | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Low Temperature Storage | JEITA ED-4701 200 202 | Ta=-40°C | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Steady State Operating Life | | Ta=25°C, IF=450mA Tested with Nichia standard circuit board.* | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature | | Ta=100°C, IF=180mA Tested with Nichia standard circuit board.* | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat | | 60°C, RH=90%, IF=250mA Tested with Nichia standard circuit board.* | 500 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Steady State Operating Life of Low Temperature | | Ta=-40°C, IF=350mA Tested with Nichia standard circuit board.* | 1000 hrs. | 0/50 |
| Permanence of Marking | JEITA ED-4701 500 501 | Solvent : Isopropyl Alcohol Solvent Temperature : 20 ~ 25°C Dipping Time : 5 min. | 1 time | 0/22 |
| Vibration | JEITA ED-4701 400 403 | 100 ~ 2000 ~ 100Hz Sweep 4min. 200m/s ² 3directions, 4cycles | 48min. | 0/10 |
| Electrostatic Discharges | JEITA ED-4701 300 304 | R=1.5kΩ, C=100pF Test Voltage=2kV | 3 times Negative/Positive | 0/22 |

* Thermal resistance of LED with Nichia standard circuit board : $R_{ja} \cong 70^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

Nichia standard circuit board : FR4, t=1.6mm, Copper foil, t=0.07mm

(2) CRITERIA FOR JUDGING DAMAGE

| Item | Symbol | Test Conditions | Criteria for Judgement | |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | Min. | Max. |
| Forward Voltage | V _F | I _F =350mA | - | Initial Level × 1.1 |
| Luminous Flux | I _v | I _F =350mA | Initial Level × 0.7 | - |

* The test is performed after the board is cooled down to the room temperature.

7.CAUTIONS

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The LEDs are devices which are materialized by combining Blue LEDs and special phosphors. Consequently, the color of the LEDs is changed a little by an operating current. Care should be taken after due consideration when using LEDs.

(1) Moisture Proof Package

- When moisture is absorbed into the SMT package it may vaporize and expand during soldering. There is a possibility that this can cause exfoliation of the contacts and damage the optical characteristics of the LEDs. For this reason, the moisture proof package is used to keep moisture to a minimum in the package.
- The moisture proof package is made of an aluminum moisture proof bag. A package of a moisture absorbent material (silica gel) is inserted into the aluminium moisture proof bag. The silica gel changes its color from blue to pink as it absorbs moisture.

(2) Storage

· Storage Conditions

Before opening the package :

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.

After opening the package :

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. The LEDs should be soldered within 168 hours (7days) after opening the package. If unused LEDs remain, they should be stored in the moisture proof packages, such as sealed containers with packages of moisture absorbent material (silica gel). It is also recommended to return the LEDs to the original moisture proof bag and to reseal the moisture proof bag again.

- If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following condition.

Baking treatment : more than 24 hours at $65 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

- Nichia LED electrodes are gold plated. The gold surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive substances. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the User use the LEDs as soon as possible.
- Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

(3) Static Electricity

- Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.
 It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that precautions be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to find static-damaged LEDs by a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).
- Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current.

Criteria : (VF > 2.0V at IF=0.5mA)

(4) Application Design Considerations

- Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.
- Please determine the operating current with consideration of the ambient temperature local to the LED and refer to the plot of Ambient temperature vs. Allowable Forward Current on CHARACTERISTICS in this specifications. Please also take measures to remove heat from the area near the LED to improve the operational characteristics of the LED.
- The equation ① indicates correlation between Tj and Ta, and the equation ② indicates correlation between Tj and Ts.

$$T_j = T_a + R_{ja} \cdot W \quad \text{..... ①} \qquad T_j = T_{s1} + R_{js1} \cdot W \quad \text{..... ②}$$

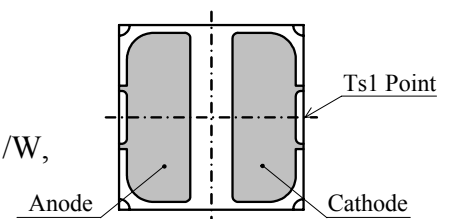
*Tj = Dice Temperature : °C, Ta = Ambient Temperature : °C,

Ts1 = Solder Temperature (Cathode Side) : °C,

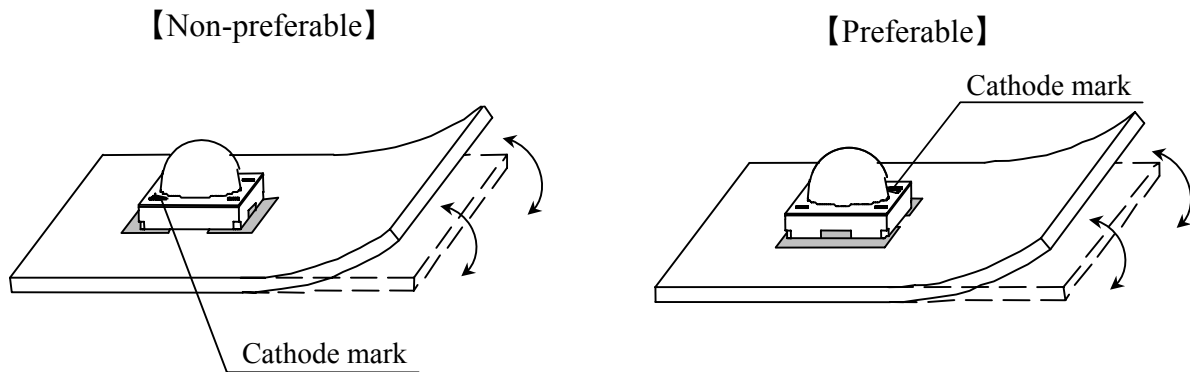
Rja = Heat resistance from Dice to Ambient temperature : °C /W,

Rjs1 = Heat resistance from Dice to Ts1 measuring point ≐ 45°C /W,

W = Inputting Power (IF × VF) : W

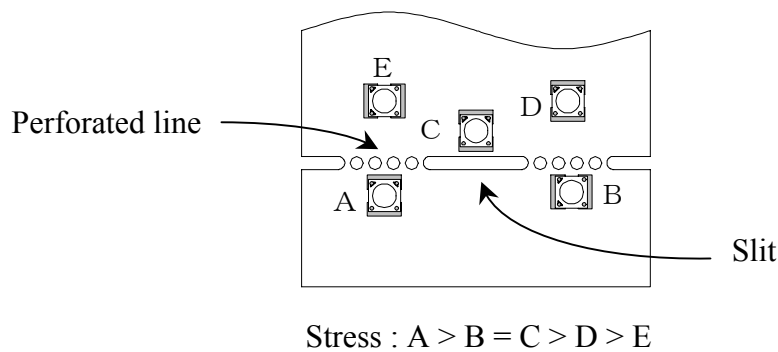


- Warpage of circuit board with soldered LEDs may result in damage or package breakage of the LEDs. Please pay special attention to the orientation of the LEDs as to avoid LED failure caused by bow, twist and warpage of the board.



When mechanical stress from the board affects the soldered LED, place the LED in the preferable location and orientation as shown above.

- Depending on the position and direction of LED, the mechanical stress on the LED package can be changed. Refer to the following figure.

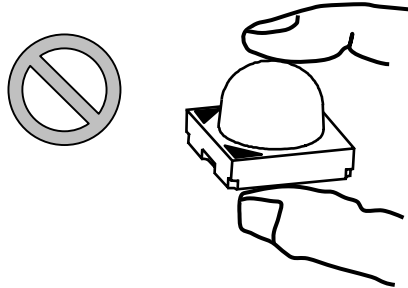


- When separating the circuit boards with soldered LEDs, please use appropriate tools and equipment. Hand brake without these tools and equipment may not be used.
- The use of aluminum substrate increases stress to solder joints due to thermal expansion of substrate and subsequently may result in solder joint crack. Users may need to evaluate their specific application to determine any impact due to the use of aluminum substrate.

(5) Handling Precautions

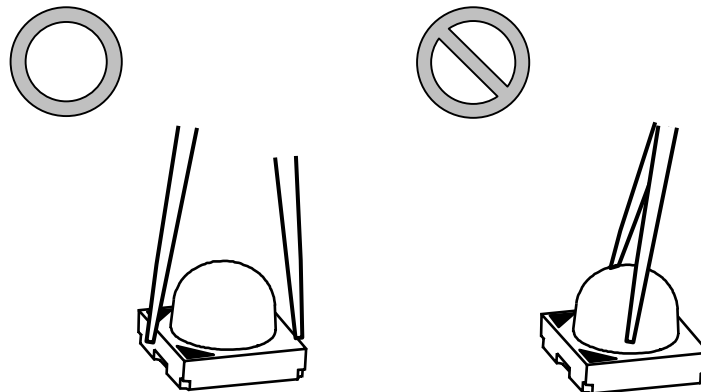
· Bare Hand

When handling the product, touching encapsulant with bare hands will contaminate its surface that could affect optical characteristics. In the worst cases, excessive force to the encapsulant by hands might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to wire deformation and/or breakage.



· Tweezers

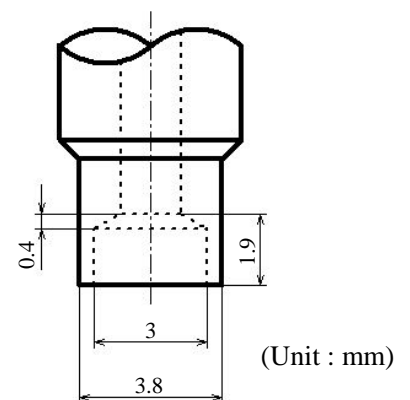
When handling it with tweezers, the product should only be held by the ceramics body, not by the encapsulant. Failure to comply might result in chip-out and/or delamination of encapsulant, and in the worst cases, catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to wire deformation and/or breakage.



· Pick and Place

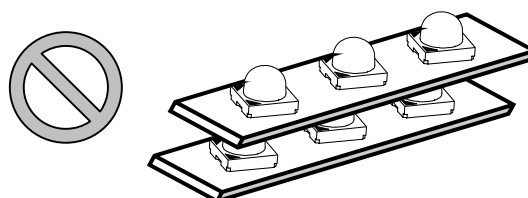
The use of appropriate nozzle for this product is recommended. (For the recommended nozzle size, refer to the figure at right.)

*Avoid direct contact to the resin lens with the picking up nozzle. Failure to comply might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to wire deformation and/or breakage.



· Printed Circuit Board Assembled (PCB with LEDs soldered)

Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Since silicone is a soft material, abrasion between two PCB assembled with silicone encapsulated LED might cause catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to damage to encapsulant (such as scratch, chip-out and delamination) and wire (such as deformation and breakage) and LED detachment.



(6) Soldering Conditions

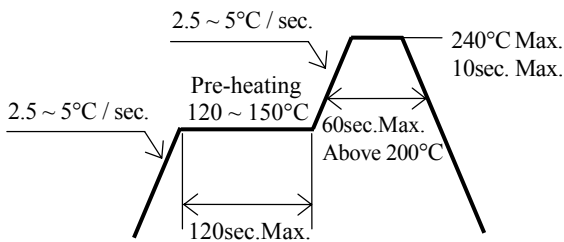
- The LEDs can be soldered in place using the reflow soldering method. Nichia cannot make a guarantee on the LEDs after they have been assembled using the dip soldering method.
- Recommended soldering conditions

| | Reflow Soldering | | Hand Soldering | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| | Lead Solder | Lead-free Solder | Temperature | Soldering time |
| Pre-heat | 120 ~ 150°C | 180 ~ 200°C | 350°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only) | |
| Pre-heat time | 120 sec. Max. | 120 sec. Max. | | |
| Peak temperature | 240°C Max. | 260°C Max. | | |
| Soldering time | 10 sec. Max. | 10 sec. Max. | | |
| Condition | refer to Temperature - profile ①. | refer to Temperature - profile ②. (N ₂ reflow is recommended.) | | |

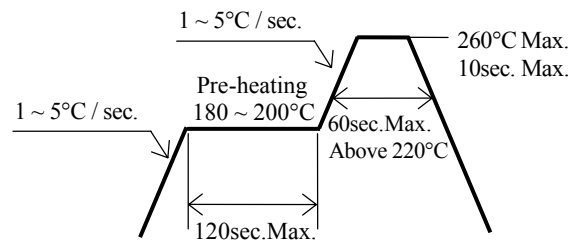
* Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, reflow or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.

* A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature. [Temperature-profile (Surface of circuit board)] Use the conditions shown to the under figure.

<① : Lead Solder>

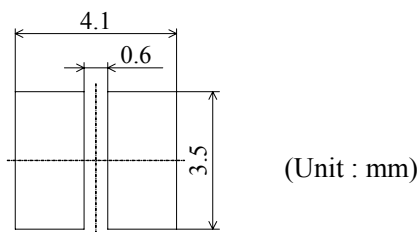


<② : Lead-free Solder>



[Recommended soldering pad design]

Use the following conditions shown in the figure.



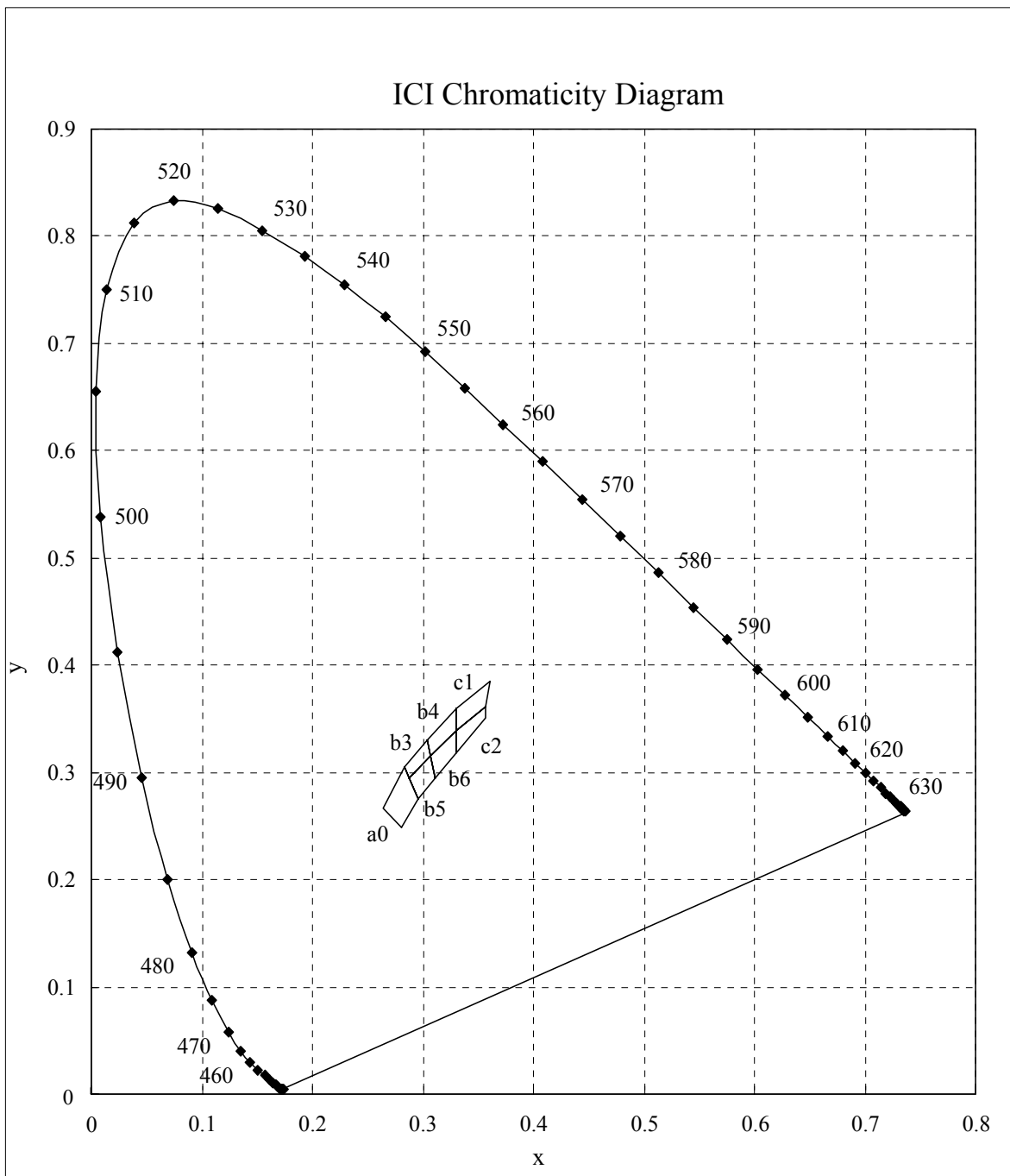
- Occasionally there is a brightness decrease caused by the influence of heat or ambient atmosphere during air reflow. It is recommended that the User use the nitrogen reflow method.
- Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

(7) Cleaning

- It is recommended that isopropyl alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning the LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not. Freon solvents should not be used to clean the LEDs because of worldwide regulations.
- Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence of ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power and the assembled condition. Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the LEDs will occur.

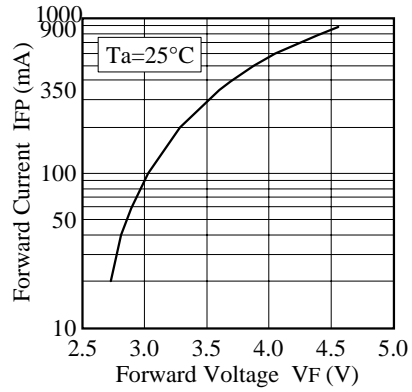
(8) Others

- NJSW036L complies with RoHS Directive.
- The LED light output is strong enough to injure human eyes. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly at the LEDs with unaided eyes for more than a few seconds.
- Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult Nichia's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

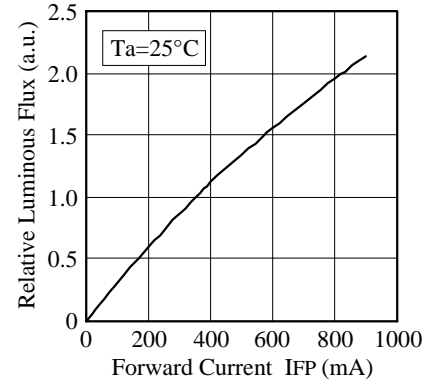


* Color Coordinates Measurement allowance is ± 0.01 .

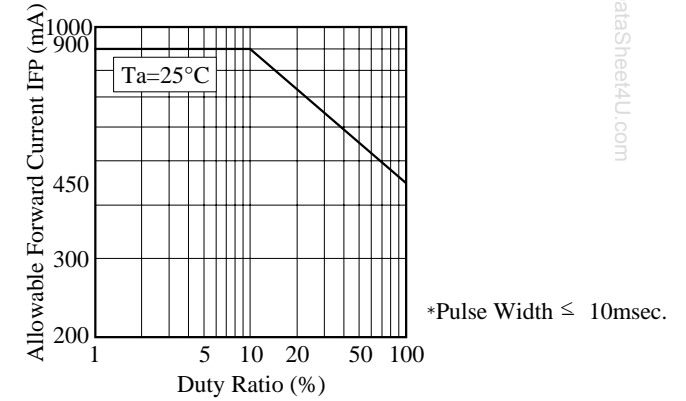
■ Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current



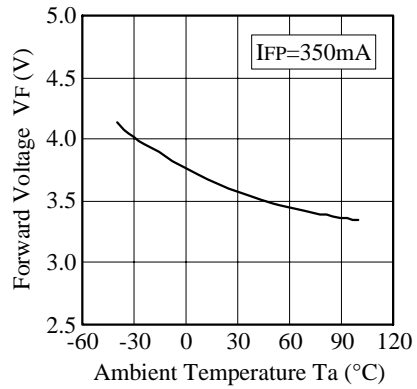
■ Forward Current vs. Relative Luminous Flux



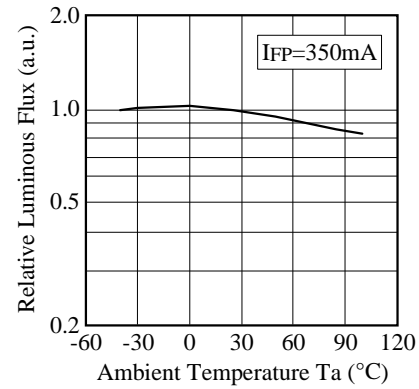
■ Duty Ratio vs. Allowable Forward Current



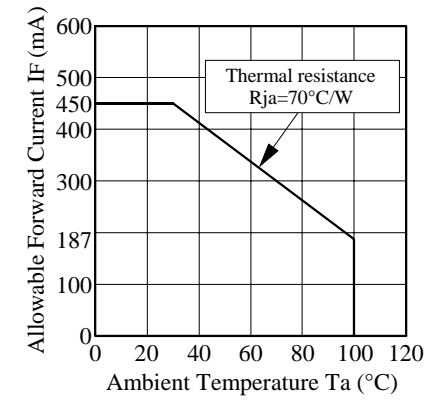
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage



■ Ambient Temperature vs. Relative Luminous Flux

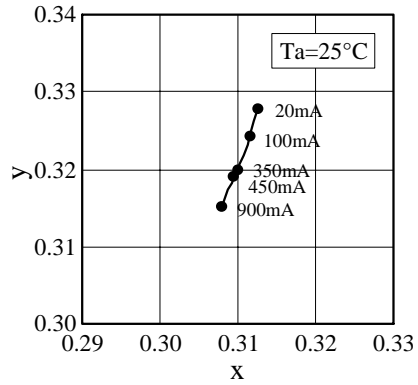


■ Ambient Temperature vs. Allowable Forward Current

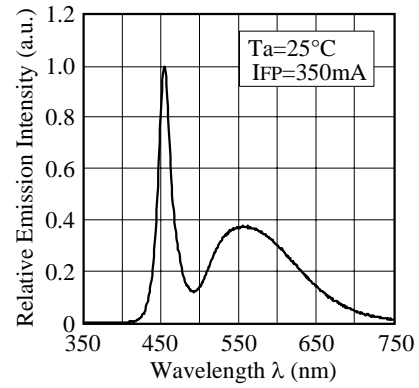


| | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| NICHIA CORPORATION | Model | NJSW036L |
| | Title | CHARACTERISTICS |
| | No. | 080311811611 |

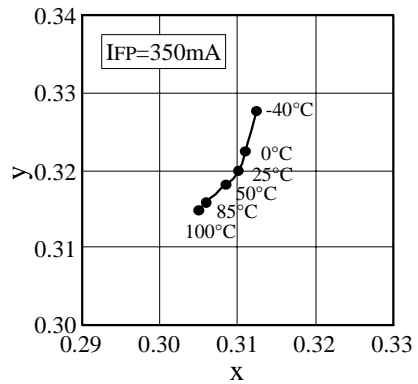
■ Forward Current vs. Chromaticity Coordinate



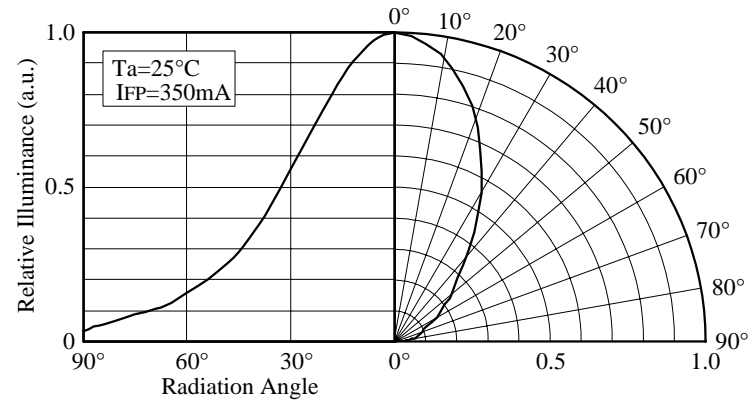
■ Spectrum



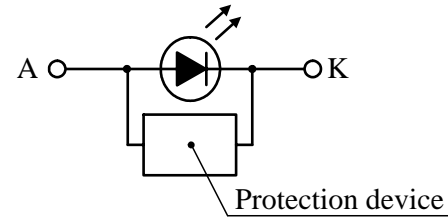
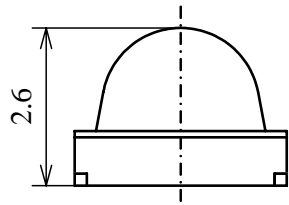
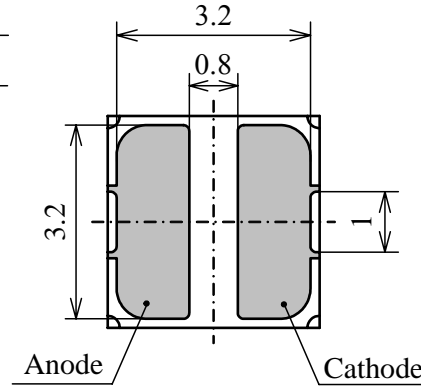
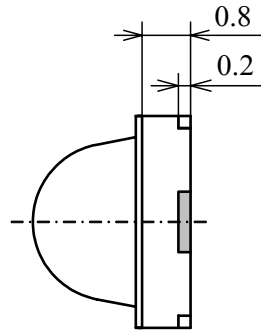
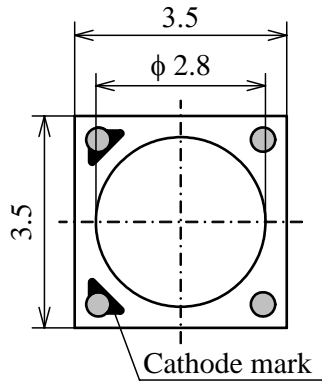
■ Ambient Temperature vs. Chromaticity Coordinate



■ Directivity



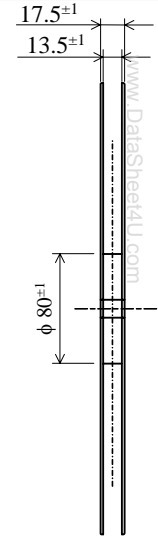
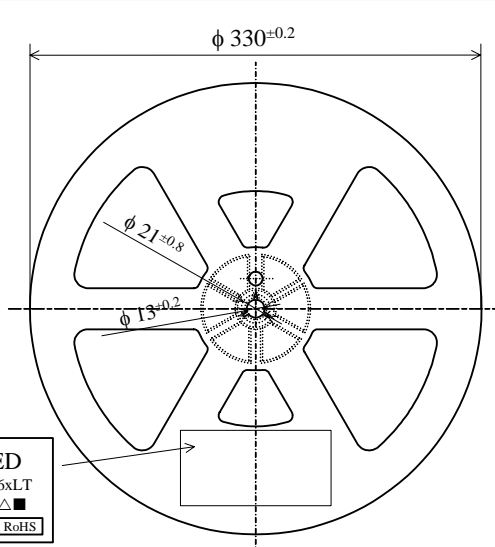
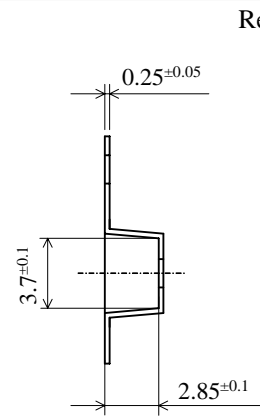
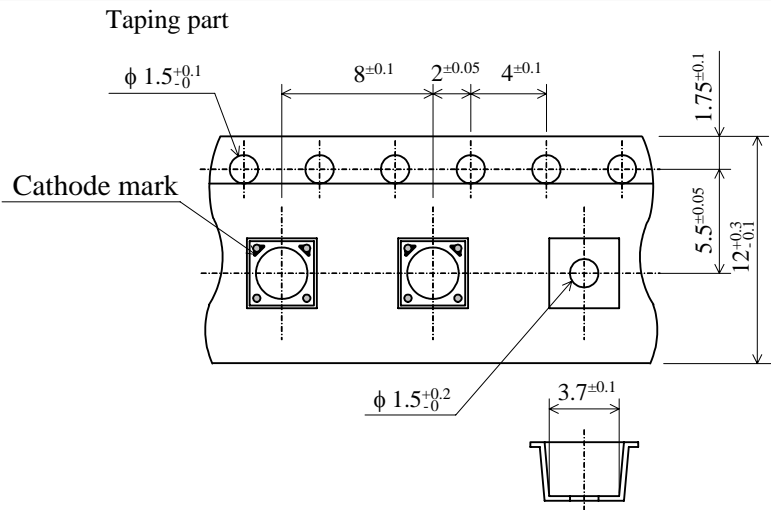
| | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| NICHIA CORPORATION | Model | NJSW036L |
| | Title | CHARACTERISTICS |
| | No. | 080311811621 |



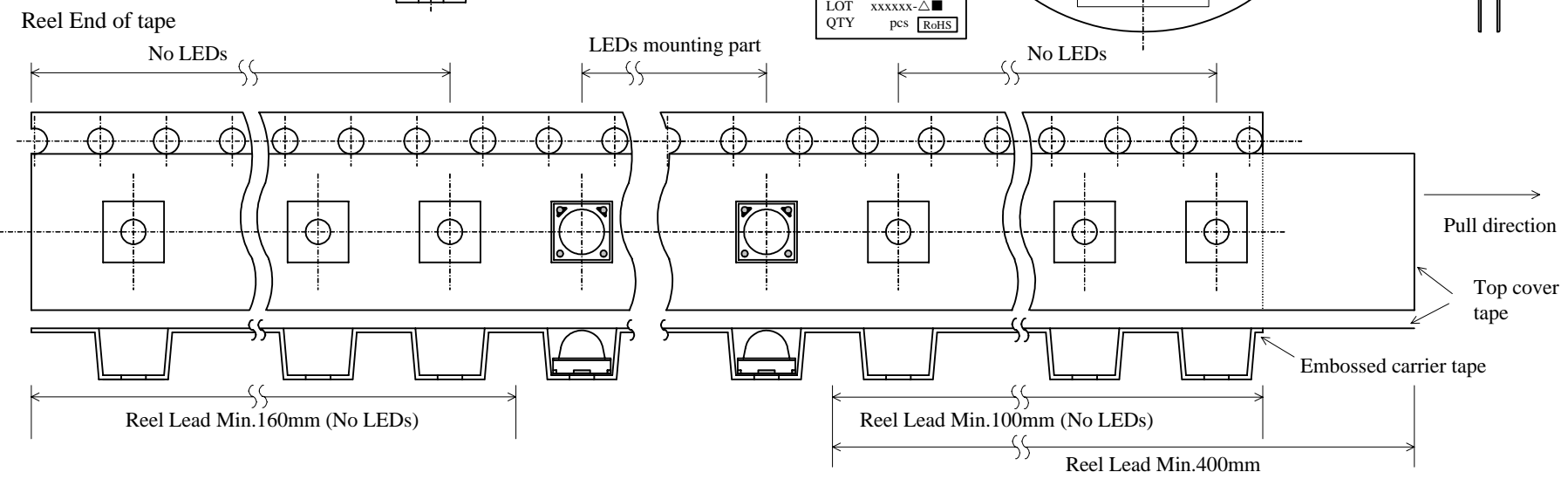
| ITEM | MATERIALS |
|---------------------|--|
| PACKAGE | Ceramics |
| ENCAPSULATING RESIN | Silicone Resin (with Diffused + Phosphor) |
| ELECTRODES | Au Plating |
| LENS | Silicone Resin |

* NJSW036L has a protection device built in as a protection circuit against static electricity.

| | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| NICHIA CORPORATION | Model | NJSW036L | Unit mm 8/1 Scale |
| | Title | OUTLINE DIMENSIONS | |
| | No. | 080307811201 | Allow ±0.2 |



Label
 XXXX LED
 TYPE NxSx036xLT
 LOT xxxxxx-△■
 QTY pcs RoHS



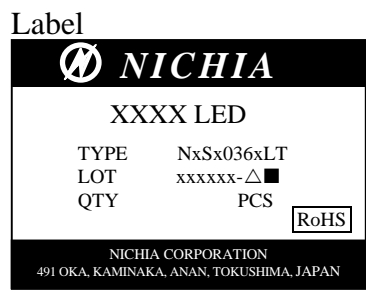
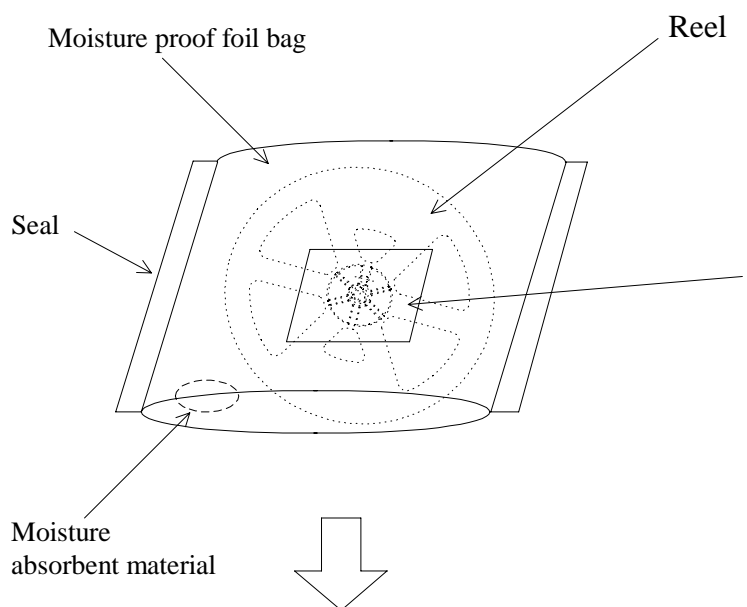
3,000pcs/Reel

Taping is based on the **JIS C 0806** : Packaging of Electronic Components on Continuous Tapes.

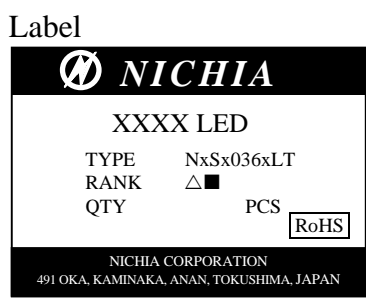
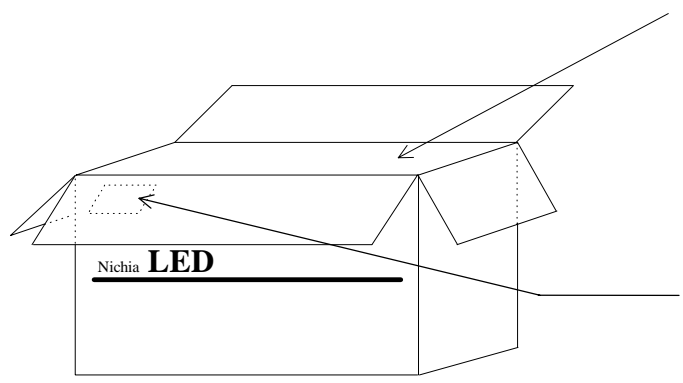
(NOTE) When LED surface-mounting machines are used, special nozzles are required.

| | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| NICHIA CORPORATION | Model | NxSx036xLT | Unit mm Scale Allow |
| | Title | TAPING DIMENSIONS | |
| | No. | 080313811911 | |

The reel and moisture absorbent material are put in the moisture proof foil bag and then heat sealed.



The box is partitioned with the cardboard.



Packing unit

| | Reel/bag | Quantity/bag (pcs) |
|-------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| Moisture proof foil bag | 1reel | 3,000 MAX. |

| Cardboard box | Dimensions (mm) | Reel/box | Quantity/box (pcs) |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|
| Cardboard box S | 391×379×149×8t | 5reel MAX. | 15,000 MAX. |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------|---|
| NICHIA CORPORATION | Model | NxSx036xLT | / |
| | Title | PACKING | |
| | No. | 080313811921 | |