

Digital Signal Processor for TV

■ Package

■ General Description

The NJU26124 is a high performance 24-bit digital signal processor. The NJU26124 provides 512TAP FIR Filter, PEQ and Time Alignment Delay. These kinds of sound functions are suitable for TV, mini-component, CD radio-cassette, speakers system and other audio products.



■ FEATURES

NJU26124VC2

- Software

- 512TAP FIR Filter x 2 channels
- PEQ : NJU26124 supports a multi channel product
2ch output : 26 Band / ch, 6ch output : 8 Band / ch
Either FIR Filter or PEQ is selected.
- Filters : PEQ, LPF, HPF, LSF, HSF
- Time Alignment Delay
- Master Volume
- WatchDog Clock Output

- Hardware

- 24bit Fixed-point Digital Signal Processing
- Maximum System Clock Frequency : 12.288MHz Max. built-in PLL Circuit
- Digital Audio Interface : 3 Input ports / 3 Output ports
- Digital Audio Format : I²S 24bit, Left-justified, Right-justified, BCK : 32/64fs
- Master / Slave Mode
- Master Mode, MCK : 384fs @32kHz, 256fs @48kHz
- Host Interface : I²C bus (Fast-mode/400kbps)
- Power Supply : 3.3V
- Input terminal : 5V Input tolerant
- Package : SSOP24-C2 (Pb-Free)

Function Block Diagram

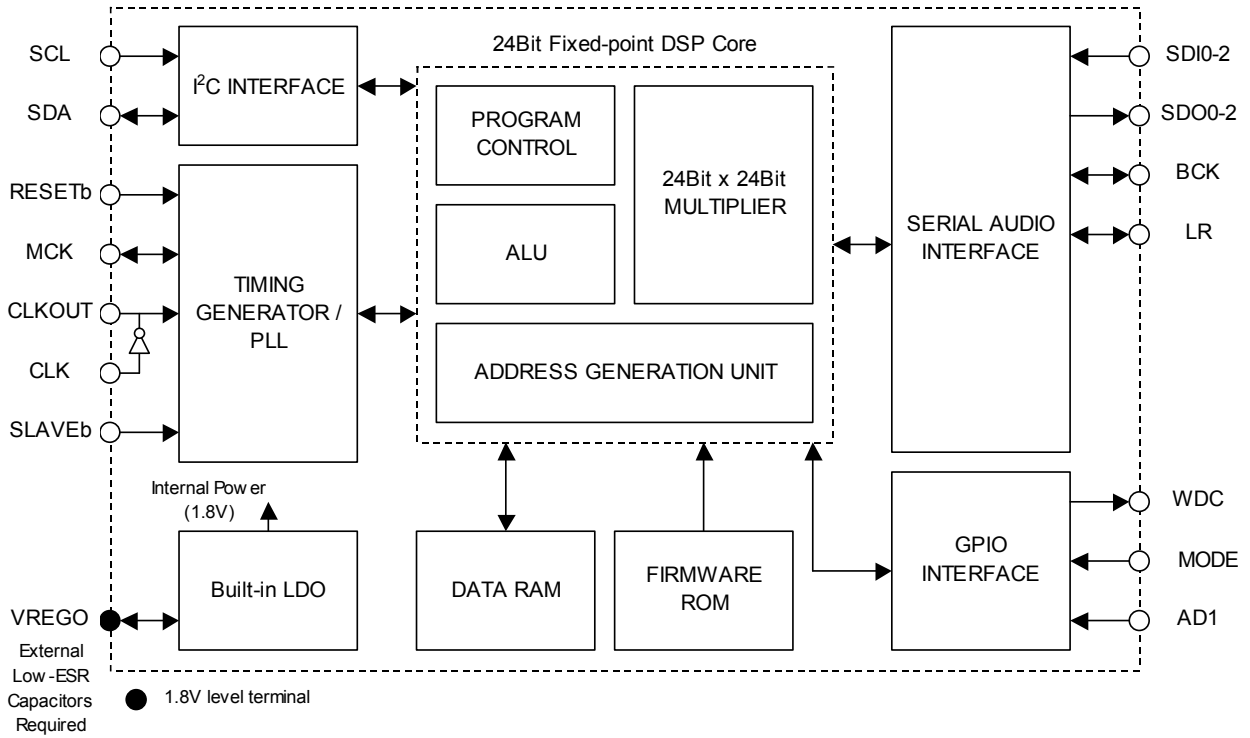


Fig. 1 NJU26124 Block Diagram

DSP Block Diagram

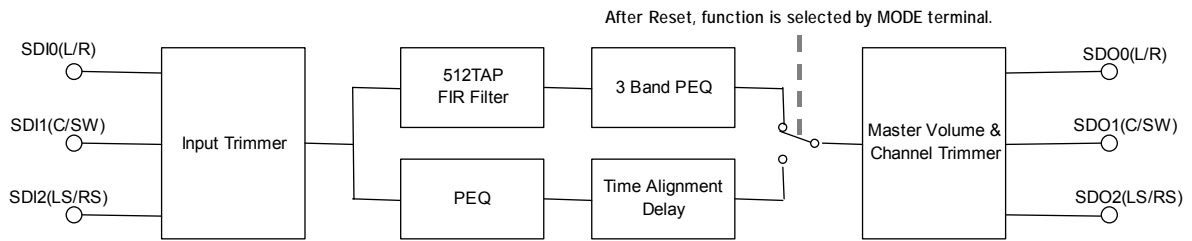


Fig. 2-1 NJU26124 Function Diagram

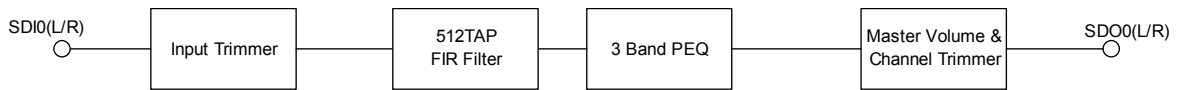


Fig. 2-2 FIR Filter + 3 Band PEQ Block Diagram

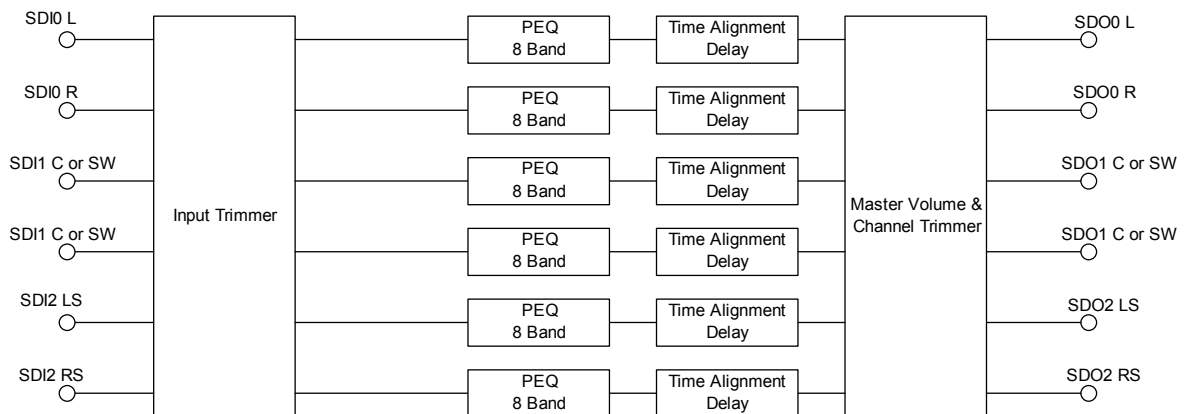


Fig. 2-3 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram

Fig. 2-4 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram Input : 2ch

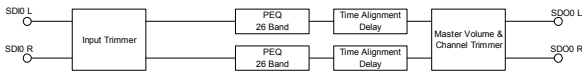


Fig. 2-4-1 Output : 2ch

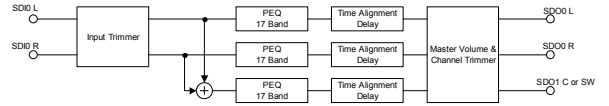


Fig. 2-4-2 Output : 2.1ch or 3ch

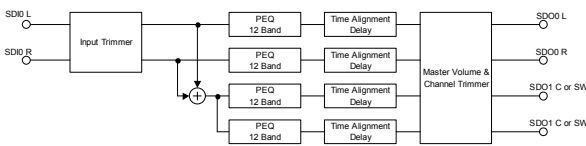


Fig. 2-4-3 Output : 3.1ch

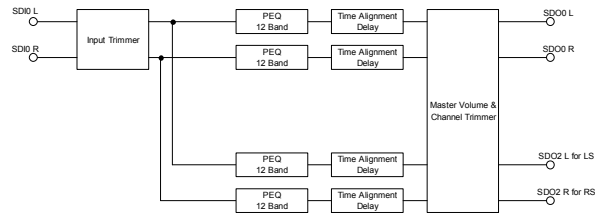


Fig. 2-4-4 Output : 4ch (2ch)

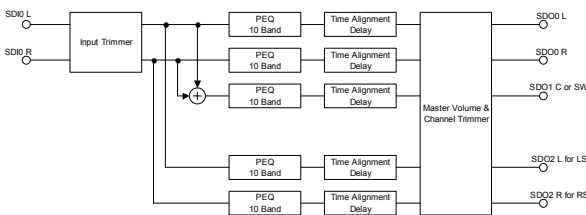


Fig. 2-4-5 Output : 4.1ch or 5ch (2.1ch or 3ch)

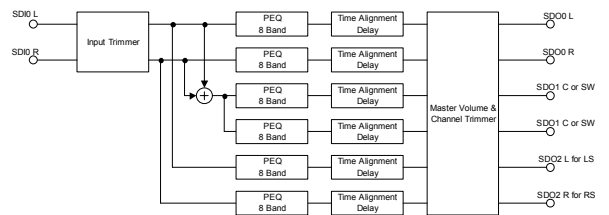


Fig. 2-4-6 Output : 5.1ch (3.1ch)

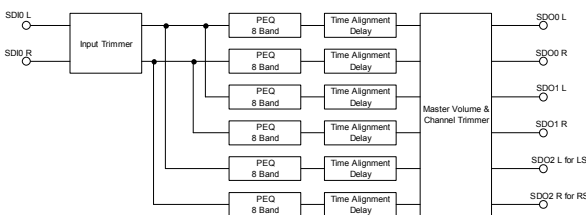


Fig. 2-4-7 Output : 6ch (2ch)

Fig. 2-5 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram Input : 2.1ch or 3ch

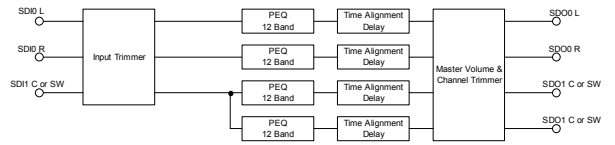
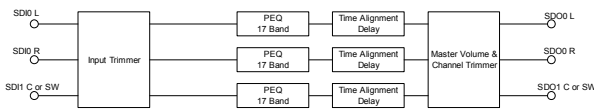


Fig. 2-5-1 Output : 2.1ch or 3ch

Fig. 2-5-2 Output : 3.1ch

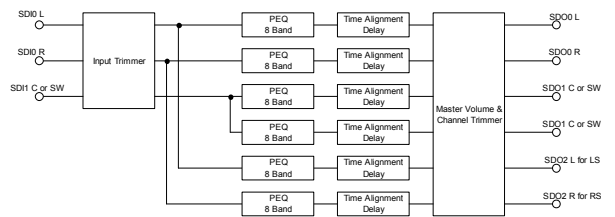
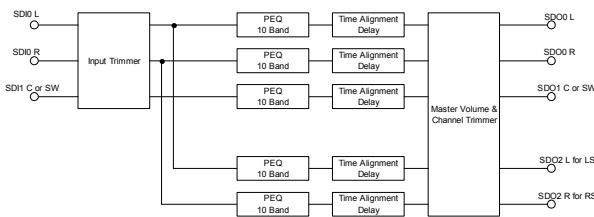


Fig. 2-5-3 Output : 4.1ch or 5ch (2.1ch or 3ch)

Fig. 2-5-4 Output : 5.1ch (3.1ch)

Fig. 2-6 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram Input : 4ch

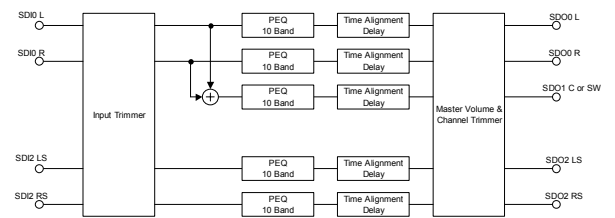
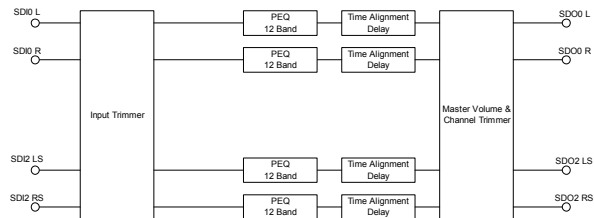


Fig. 2-6-1 Output : 4ch

Fig. 2-6-2 Output : 4.1ch or 5ch

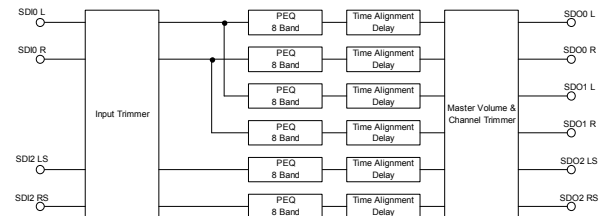
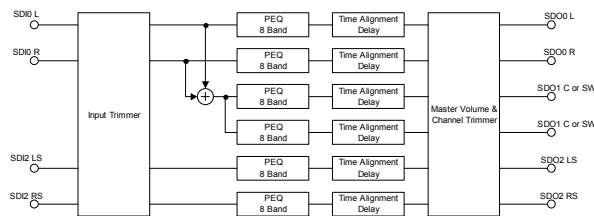


Fig. 2-6-3 Output : 5.1ch

Fig. 2-6-4 Output : 6ch (4ch)

Fig. 2-7 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram Input : 4.1ch or 5ch

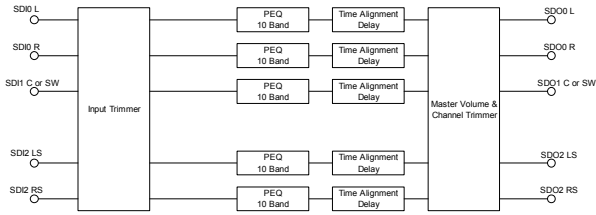


Fig. 2-7-1 Output : 4.1ch or 5ch

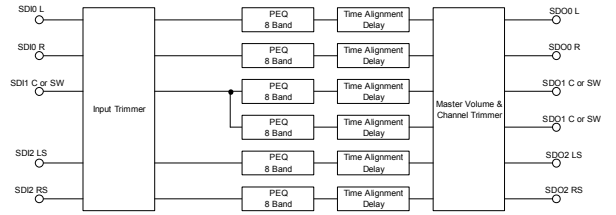


Fig. 2-7-2 Output : 5.1ch

Fig. 2-8 PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Block Diagram Input : 6ch

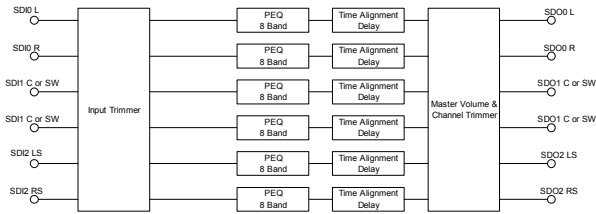


Fig. 2-8-1 Output : 6ch

■ Pin Configuration

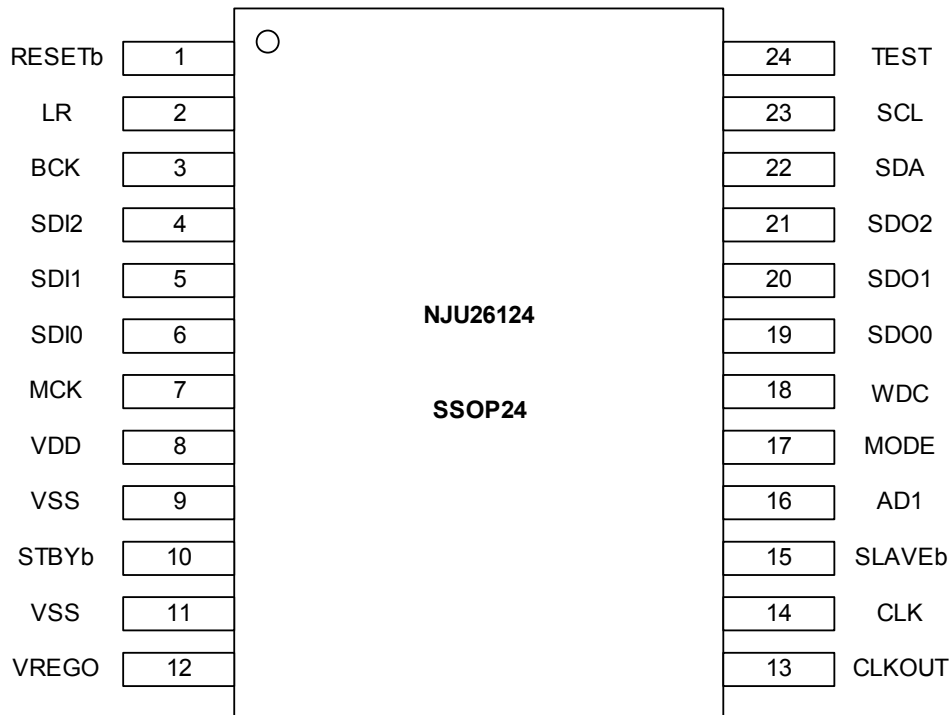


Fig. 3 NJU26124 Pin Configuration

■ Pin Description

Table 1 Pin Description

No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	RESETb	I	RESET (active Low)
2	LR	I/O	LR Clock
3	BCK	I/O	Bit Clock
4	SDI2	I	Audio Data Input 2 LS/RS
5	SDI1	I	Audio Data Input 1 C/SW
6	SDI0	I	Audio Data Input 0 L/R
7	MCK	I/O	Master Clock
8	VDD	-	Power Supply +3.3V
9	VSS	-	GND
10	STBYb	I	For TEST (Connected to VDD)
11	VSS	-	GND
12	VREGO	PI	Built-in Power Supply Bypass

No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
13	CLKOUT	O	OSC Output
14	CLK	I	OSC Clock Input
15	SLAVEb	I	Slave select
16	AD1	I	I ² C Address
17	MODE	I	Function Select (FIR or PEQ)
18	WDC	OD	Clock for Watch Dog Timer
19	SDO0	O	Audio Data Output 0 L/R
20	SDO1	O	Audio Data Output 1 C/SW
21	SDO2	O	Audio Data Output 2 LS/RS
22	SDA	OD	I ² C I/O
23	SCL	I	I ² C Clock
24	TEST	I	For TEST(Connected to VSS)

* I : Input, O : Output, I/O: Bi-directional, OD: Open-Drain I/O, PI: Power Supply Bypass

AD1 (No.16) pin and MODE (No.17) pin are input pins. WDC (No.18) pin is open-drain pin with pull-up resistance. However, these pins operate as bi-directional pins. No.16pin and No.17pin connect with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through 3.3kΩ resistance. No.18pin do not connect or connect with V_{DD} through 3.3kΩ resistance when unused.

VREGO (No.12) pin is a built-in power supply bypass pin. Connect low-ESR capacitor of 4.7uF and 0.01uF in parallel between VSS (No.11) pin. A built-in power supply is used only for NJU26124 operation. Be not short-circuited of this pin. Do not take out the current, and connect other power supplies.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2 Absolute Maximum Ratings ($V_{SS}=0V=GND, T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units	
Supply Voltage *	V_{DD}	-0.3 to 4.2	V	
Supply Voltage Bypass *	V_{REGO}	-0.3 to 2.3	V	
Pin Voltage *	In	$V_{x(IN)}$	-0.3 to 5.5 ($V_{DD} \geq 3.0V$) -0.3 to 4.2 ($V_{DD} < 3.0V$)	V
	I/O, OD	$V_{x(I/O)}, V_{x(OD)}$		
	Out	$V_{x(OUT)}$	-0.3 to 4.2	
	CLK	$V_{x(CLK)}$		
	CLKOUT	$V_{x(CLKOUT)}$		
Power Dissipation	P_D	565	mW	
Operating Voltage	T_{OPR}	-40 to 85	$^{\circ}C$	
Storage Temperature	T_{STR}	-40 to 125	$^{\circ}C$	

* The LSI must be used inside of the "Absolute maximum ratings". Otherwise, a stress may cause permanent damage to the LSI.

- * V_{DD} : 8 pin
- * V_{REGO} : 12 pin
- * $V_{x(IN)}$: 1, 4, 5, 6, 10, 15, 23, 24 pin
- * $V_{x(OD)}$: 22 pin
- * $V_{x(I/O)}$: 2, 3, 7, 16, 17, 18 pin
- * $V_{x(OUT)}$: 19, 20, 21 pin
- * $V_{x(CLK)}$: 14 pin
- * $V_{x(CLKOUT)}$: 13 pin

Terminal equivalent circuit diagram

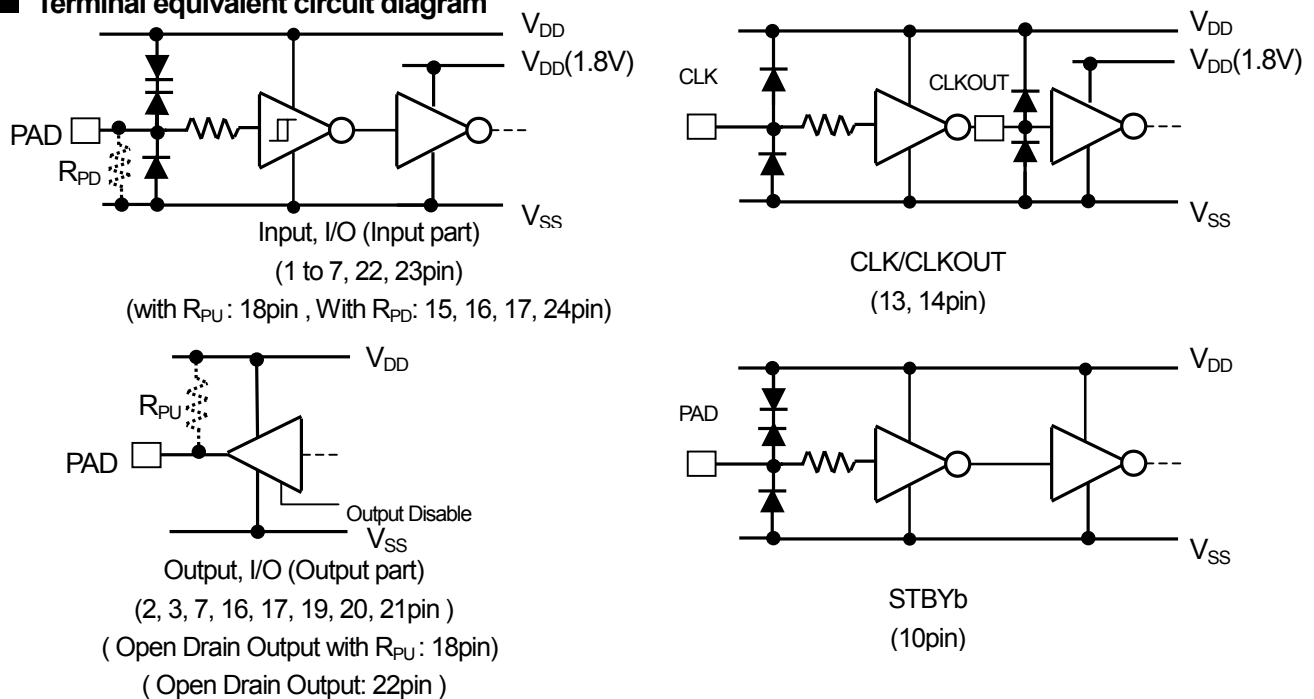


Fig. 4 NJU26124 Terminal equivalent circuit diagram

Electric Characteristics

Table 3 Electric Characteristics

($V_{DD}=3.3V$, $f_{OSC}=12.288MHz$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Operating Voltage ^{*1}	V_{DD}	V_{DD} pin	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operating Current	I_{DD}	At no load	-	20	35	mA
High Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}		$V_{DD} \times 0.7$	-	V_{DD} ^{*2}	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}		0	-	$V_{DD} \times 0.3$	
High Level Output Voltage ^{*3}	V_{OH}	($I_{OH} = -1mA$)	$V_{DD} \times 0.8$	-	V_{DD}	
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	($I_{OL} = 1mA$)	0	-	$V_{DD} \times 0.2$	
Leakage Current ^{*4}	I_{IN}	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{DD}	-10	-	10	μA
	$I_{IN(PU)}$		-120	-	10	
	$I_{IN(PD)}$		-10	-	120	
Clock Frequency	f_{OSC}	CLK, MCK ^{*6}	10	12.288	13	MHz
Clock Jitter ^{*5}	$f_{JIT(CC)}$		0	-	3.0	ns
Clock Duty Cycle	Γ_{EC}		45	50	55	%

*1 Please use the V_{DD} within the electric characteristics. V_{DD} is monotonous increase. Don't drop voltage under the electric characteristics after booting V_{DD} to regulation voltage. When it turns off DSP and turns on DSP again, it is necessary to drop V_{DD} to GND level. Then it turns on DSP again.

*2 Input pin, Output pin and Open-Drain input/output pin are +5.0V tolerant except CLK input pin.

*3 Except No.18pin: WDC (Open-Drain output) and No.22: SDA (Open-Drain input/output).

*4 $I_{IN(PU)}$: 18pin, $I_{IN(PD)}$: 15, 16, 17, 24 pin

*5 Clock Jitter shows Cycle-to-cycle period jitter (JEDEC JESD65).

*6 Provide clock frequency for f_{OSC} spec. NJU26124 needs clock frequency 12.288MHz when sampling rate is 48kHz.

1. Power Supply, Input/Output terminal, Clock, Reset

1.1 Power Supply

The NJU26124 has a power supply V_{DD} . To setup good power supply condition, the decoupling capacitors should be implemented at the all power supply terminals.

Please use the V_{DD} within the electric characteristics. V_{DD} is monotonous increase. Don't drop voltage under the electric characteristics after booting V_{DD} to regulation voltage. When it turns off DSP and turns on DSP again, it is necessary to drop V_{DD} to GND level. Then it turns on DSP again.

The NJU26124 include a built-in power supply (LDO) for internal logic. A built-in power supply generates 1.8V (-10% to +10%). VREGO (No.12) pin is a built-in power supply bypass pin. Connect low-ESR capacitor of 4.7 μ F and 0.01 μ F in parallel between VSS (No.11) pin.

A built-in power supply is used only for NJU26124 operation. Be not short-circuited of this pin. Do not take out the current, and connect other power supplies.

1.2 Input/Output terminal

It restricts, when the input terminals (AD1, MODE, RESETb, SDI0, SDI1, SDI2, STBYb, SLAVEb, SCL, TEST pins), the input/output terminals (LR, BCK, MCK pins) and the bi-directional Open-drain terminal (SDA pin) of NJU26124, and V_{DD} are supplied on regular voltage ($V_{DD}=3.3V$), and it becomes +5V Input tolerant.

1.3 Clock

The NJU26124 CLK pin requires the system clock that should be related to the sample frequency 256 Fs.

(For example : Fs=48kHz CLK=12.288MHz)

It is possible to be generated the system clock by connecting a crystal oscillator between CLK and CLKOUT. CLK/CLKOUT pins are not 5V tolerant, so check the voltage level of these pins.

When SLAVEb pin is fixed on Low level, NJU26124 supplies the system clock from MCK pin. Fix the clock input pin not used to Low level because either the CLK pin or the MCK pin is supplied in NJU26124.

The frequency divider for Master mode matched to the clock 256 times of Fs is installed in NJU26124. When clock except 256 times of Fs is used by Master mode, be careful to use because a dividing frequency of Master mode changes. Please check enough and decide parameter.

1.4 Reset

To initialize the NJU26124, RESETb pin should be set Low level during some period. After some period of Low level, RESETb pin should be High level. This procedure starts the initialization of the NJU26124. After the power supply and the oscillation of the NJU26124 becomes stable, RESETb pin must be kept Low-level more than t_{RESETb} period. (Fig.5)

After RESETb pin level goes to "High" (after reset release), a setup of the internal hardware of a Serial Host Interface completes NJU26124 within 10msec. Then, it will be in the state which can communicate.

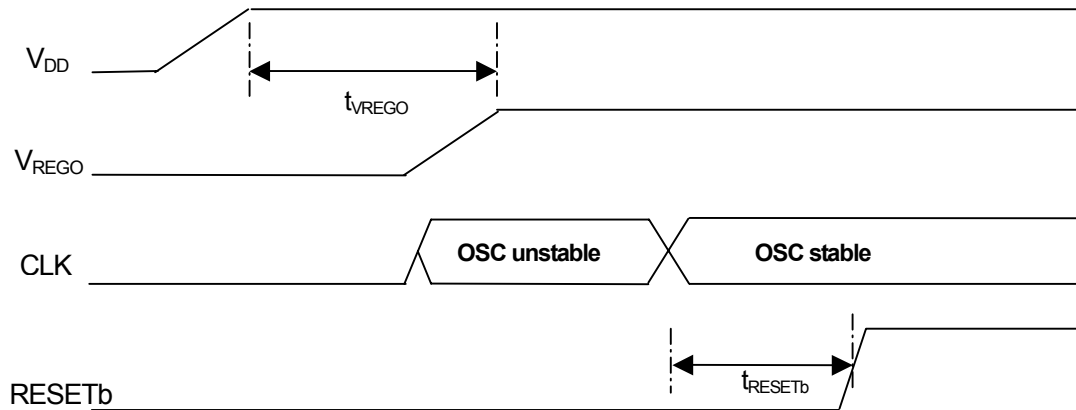


Fig. 5 Reset Timing

Table 4 Reset Time

Symbol	Time
t_{VREGO}	$\geq 10\text{msec}$
t_{RESETb}	$\geq 1.0\text{msec}$

Note :

Don't stop the supply of a clock while operating. NJU26124 installs PLL circuit internally. If the supply of a clock is stopped, PLL circuit cannot be sent a clock to the inside and NJU26124 does not operate normally.

If supply of a clock is stopped or the NJU26124 is reset again, putting a normal clock into CLK terminal, the period RESETb terminal of t_{RESETb} is kept "Low" level.(Table 4) Next, the NJU26124 is reset. Then redo from initial setting.

2. Digital Audio Clock

Digital audio data needs to synchronize and transmit between digital audio systems. The NJU26124 - master mode / slave mode - both of the modes are supported.

- In Master mode;

Use the clock of BCKO and a LRO pin output clock for digital audio data transfer.

- In Slave mode;

The clock output from a master device is needed for the input terminal of BCKI and LRI.

A device in the system generates the transmitted clock become a standard. The other devices are set according to the transmitted clock. The device generating transmitted clock is called Master Device. The device according to the transmitted clock is called Slave Device. NJU26124 usually operates Slave Device. However, NJU26124 becomes Master Device in case of SLAVEb set the High level and NJU26124 is set Master mode by firmware command. In Slave mode, clock inputted to the BCK pin and the LR pin is used to digital audio signal transmission. In Master mode, clock outputted to the BCK pin and the LR pin is used to digital audio signal transmission.

2.1 Audio Clock

Three kinds of clocks are needed for digital audio data transfer.

- (1) LR clock (LR) is needed by serial-data transmission. It is the same as the sampling frequency of a digital audio signal.
- (2) Bit clock (BCK) is needed by serial-data transmission. It becomes the multiple of LR clock.
- (3) Master clock (MCK) is needed by A/D, D/A converter, etc. It becomes the multiple of LR clock. It is not related to serial audio data transmission.

In SLAVEb is High level, the MCK pin becomes buffer output pin for input clock to the CLK pin after NJU26124 resets. The MCK output is able to be stopped by firmware command.

In SLAVEb is Low level, MCK pin becomes system clock input pin. It is not insure to change the logical switch of SLAVEb pin during operating. If it is necessary to change SLAVEb pin setting, reset NJU26124 every time.

Table 5 SLAVEb, BCK, LR, MCK

SLAVEb and firmware setting	LR pin	BCK pin	MCK pin
SLAVEb="Low" Firmware: each	LR clock input DSP slave operating	Bit clock input DSP slave operating	NJU26124 operating clock input (MCK or CLK)
SLAVEb="H" Firmware: Slave			Master clock output (Buffer of CLK)
SLAVEb="H" Firmware: Master	LR clock output DSP Master operating	Bit clock output DSP Master operating	

In NJU26124 is used by 256 times of Maximum sampling frequency, NJU26124 is able to output LR clock of same sampling rate and two-third times of sampling rate, and output BCK clock of 32 times sampling rate and 64 times sampling rate in Master mode.

Table 6 Input clock (In Slave mode)

Mode	Clock Signal	Multiple Frequency	32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz
DSP Slave	LR	1fs	32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz
	BCK (32fs)	32fs	1.024MHz	1.4112MHz	1.536MHz
	BCK (64fs)	64fs	2.048MHz	2.822MHz	3.072MHz
	MCK (SLAVEb="L")	Input terminal: Clock is generated by MCK or CLK			
	MCK (SLAVEb="H")	Buffer output of CLK	12.288MHz		

Table 7 Output clock (In Master mode)

Mode	Clock Signal	Multiple Frequency	CLK pin frequency		
			32kHz	44.1kHz	48kHz
DSP Master	LR	1fs	32kHz	-	48kHz
	BCK (32fs)	32fs	1.024MHz	-	1.536MHz
	BCK (64fs)	64fs	2.048MHz	-	3.072MHz
	MCK	Buffer output of CLK	12.288MHz		

3. Digital Audio Interface

3.1 Digital Audio Data Format

The NJU26124 can use three kinds of formats hereafter as industry-standard digital audio data format.

- (1) I²S : MSB is put on the 2nd bit of LR clock change rate.(1 bit is delayed to left stuffing)
- (2) Left-justified : LR clock – MSB is placed for changing.
- (3) Right-justified : LSB is placed just before LR clock change rate.

The main differences among three kinds of formats are in the position relation between LR clock (LR) and an audio data (SDI, SDO).

- In every format: : a left channel is transmitted previously.
- In Right/Left-justified : LR clock ='High' shows a left channel.
- I²S : LR clock="Low" shows a left channel.
- The Bit clock BCK is used as a shift clock of transmission data. The number of clocks more than the number of sum total transmission bits of a L/R channel is needed at least.
- One cycle of LR clock is one sample of a stereo audio data. The frequency of LR clock becomes equal to a sample rate (Fs).
- The NJU26124 supports serial data format which includes 32(32fs) or 64(64fs) BCK clocks. This serial data format is applied to both MASTER and SLAVE mode.

3.2 Serial Audio Data Input/output

The NJU26124 audio interface includes 3 data input lines: SDI0, SDI1 and SDI2 (Table 8). 3 data output lines: SDO0, SDO1 and SDO2. (Table 9).

Table 8 Serial Audio Input Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
6	SDI0	Audio Data Input 0 L/R
5	SDI1	Audio Data Input 1 C/SW
4	SDI2	Audio Data Input 2 LS/RS

Table 9 Serial Audio Output Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
19	SDO0	Audio Data Output 0 L/R
20	SDO1	Audio Data Output 1 C/SW
21	SDO2	Audio Data Output 2 LS/RS

Please refer to the “Fig.2-1 NJU26124 Function Diagram.”

The NJU26124 can use three kinds of formats hereafter as industry-standard digital audio data format; (1) I²S (2) Left-Justified (3) Right-justified and 16 / 18 / 20 / 24bits data length. (Fig.6-1 to Fig6-12)
An audio interface input and output data format become the same data format.

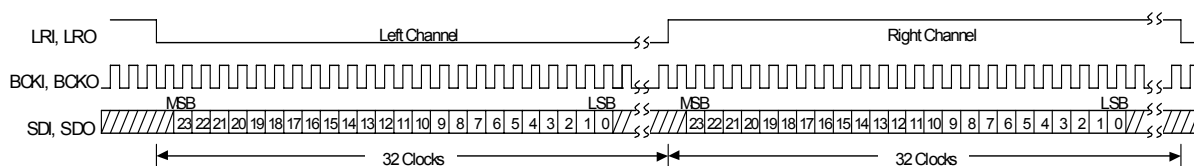


Fig. 6-1 I²S Data Format 64fs, 24bit Data

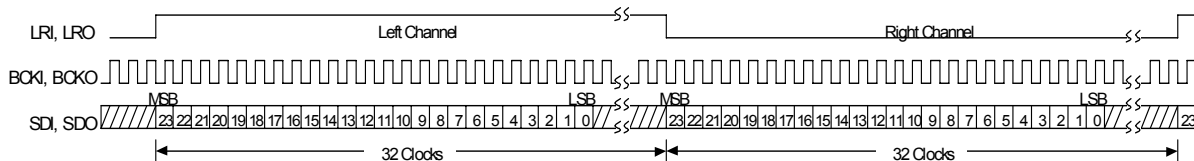


Fig. 6-2 Left-Justified Data Format 64fs, 24bit Data

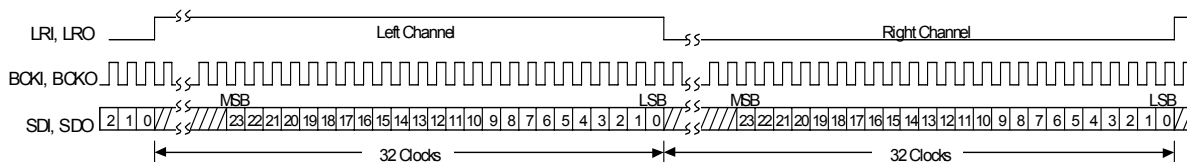


Fig. 6-3 Right-Justified Data Format 64fs, 24bit Data

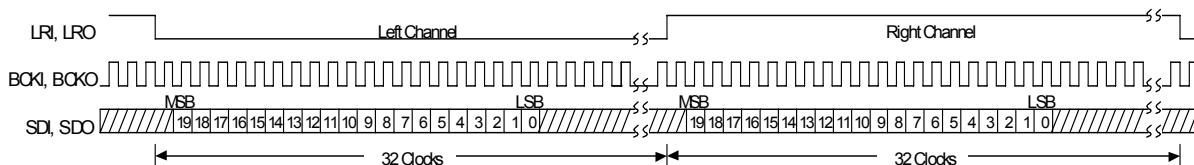


Fig. 6-4 I²S Data Format 64fs, 20bit Data

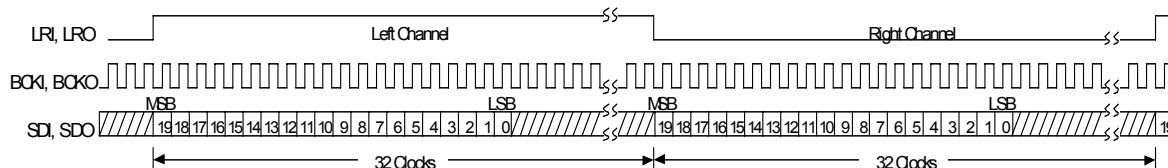


Fig. 6-5 Left-Justified Data Format 64fs, 20bit Data

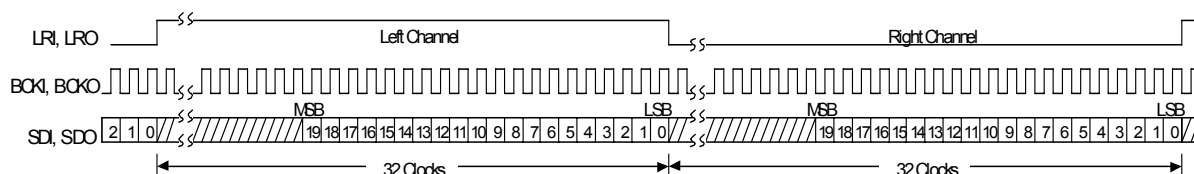


Fig. 6-6 Right-Justified Data Format 64fs, 20bit Data

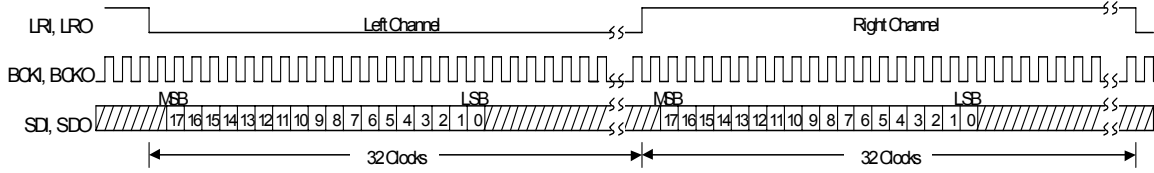


Fig. 6-7 I²S Data Format 64fs, 18bit Data

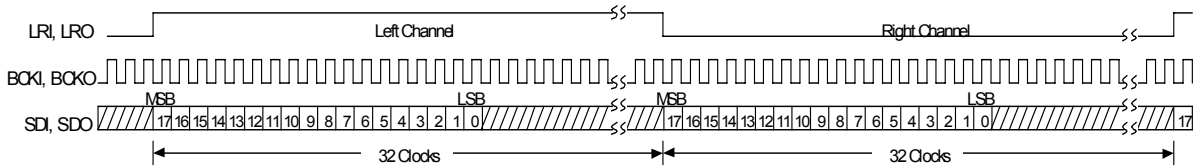


Fig. 6-8 Left-Justified Data Format 64fs, 18bit Data

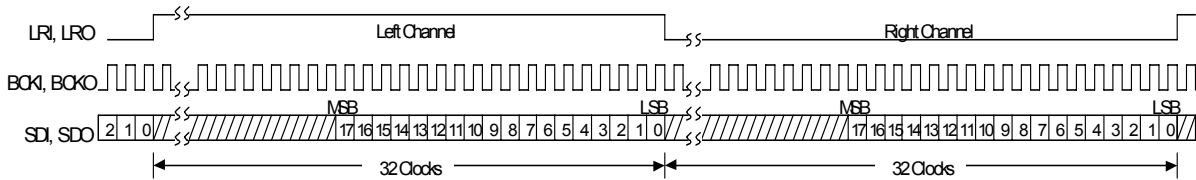


Fig. 6-9 Right-Justified Data Format 64fs, 18bit Data

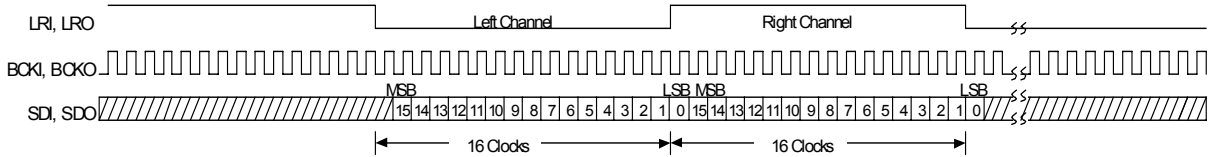


Fig. 6-10 I²S Data Format 32fs, 16bit Data

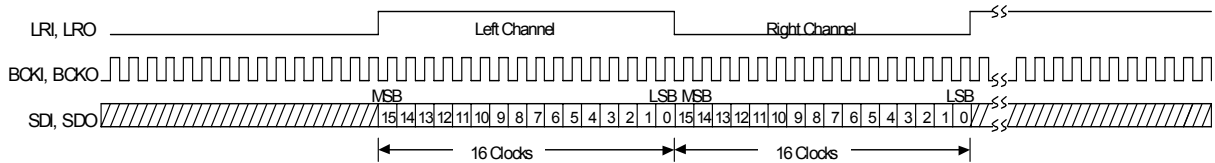


Fig. 6-11 Left-Justified Data Format 32fs, 16bit Data

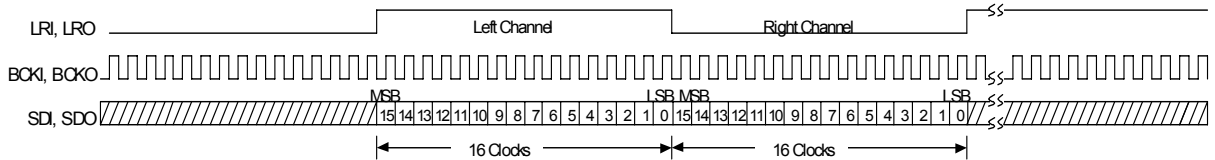


Fig. 6-12 Right-Justified Data Format 32fs, 16bit Data

3.3 Serial Audio Input Timing

Table 10 Serial Audio Input Timing Parameters ($V_{DD}=3.3V, T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Units
BCK Frequency *	f_{BCK}		-	-	6.5	MHz
BCK Period *						
Low Pulse Width	t_{SIL}		75	-	-	ns
High Pulse Width	t_{SIH}		75	-	-	ns
BCK to LR Time **	t_{SLI}		40	-	-	ns
LR to BCK Time **	t_{LSI}		40	-	-	ns
Data Setup Time	t_{DS}		15	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}		15	-	-	ns

* It is the regulation of absolute maximum ratings. Maximum frequency of BCK is limited.

** It is the regulation in slave mode.

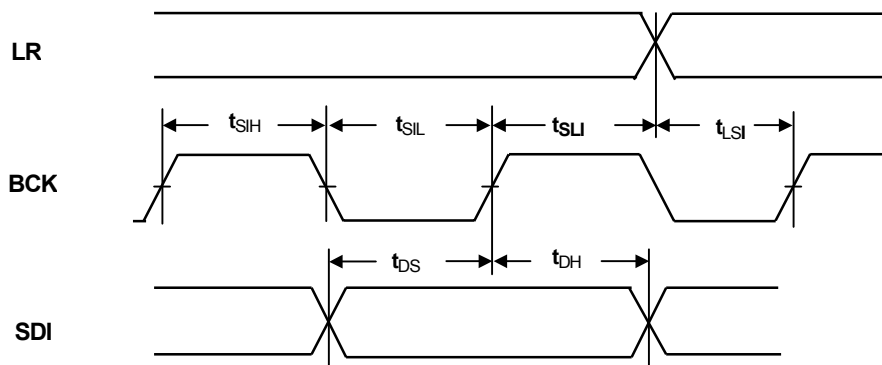


Fig. 7 Serial Audio Input Timing

Table 11 Serial Audio Output Timing Parameters ($V_{DD}=3.3V, T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Units
BCK to LR Time *	t_{SLO}	$C_L=25pF$	-15	-	15	ns
Data Output Delay	t_{DOD}		-	-	15	ns

* It is the regulation in Master mode.

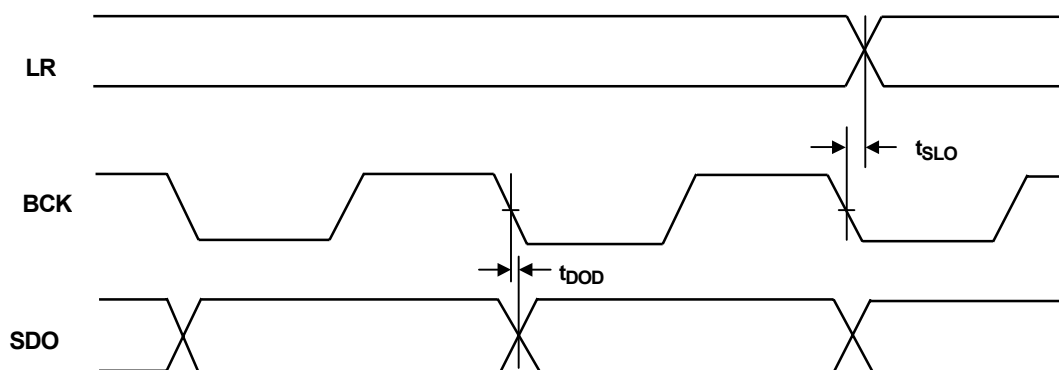


Fig. 8 Serial Audio Output Timing

■ Host Interface

The NJU26124 can be controlled via Serial Host Interface (SHI) using I²C bus. Data transfers are in 8 bit packets (1 byte) when using either format. Refer to serial Host Interface Pin Description.(Table 12)

Table 12 Serial Host Interface Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol (I ² C bus)	I ² C bus Format
16	AD1	I ² C bus address Bit
22	SDA	Serial Data Input/Output (Open Drain Input/Output)
23	SCL	Serial Clock

Note : SDA pin (No.22) is a bi-directional open drain terminal. This pin requires a pull-up resistor.

AD1 (No.16) pin is input pin with pull-down. AD1 (No.16) pin is connected with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through 3.3kΩ resistance.

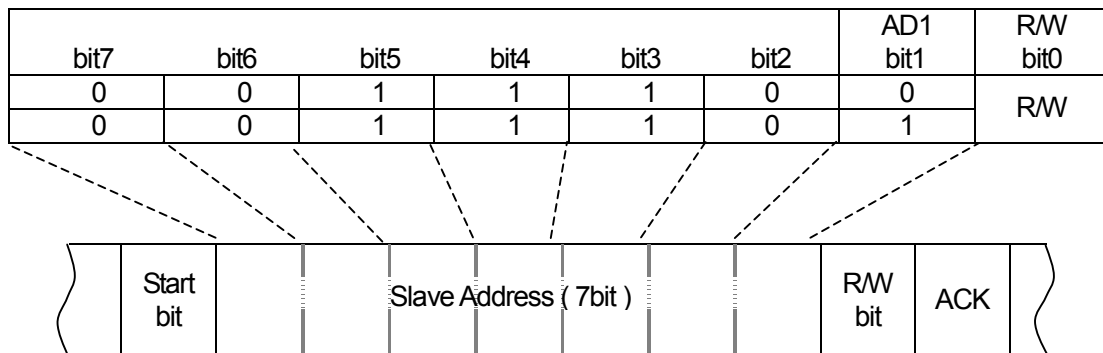
When NJU26124 is stopped by power supply VDD, SDA pin and SCL pin become Hi-Z. But these pins are not 5V tolerant when VDD stops.

■ I²C bus

I²C bus interface transfers data to the SDA pin and clocks data to the SCL pin. SDA pin is a bi-directional open drain and requires a pull-up resistor.

AD1 pin is used to configure the seven-bit SLAVE address of the serial host interface. (Table 13) This offers additional flexibility to a system design by two different SLAVE addresses of the NJU26124. An address can be arbitrarily set up by the AD1 pin. The I²C address of AD1 is decided by connection of AD1 pin.

Table 13 I²C bus SLAVE Address



* SLAVE address is 0 when AD1 is “Low”. SLAVE address is 1 when AD1 is “High”.

* SLAVE address is 0 when RW is “W”. SLAVE address is 1 when RW is “R”.

Note : The serial host interface supports “Standard-Mode (100kbps)” and “Fast-Mode (400kbps)” I²C bus data transfer.

Table 14 I²C bus Interface Timing Parameters (V_{DD}=3.3V, f_{OSC}=12.288MHz, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
SCL Clock Frequency	f _{SCL}	0	400	kHz
Start Condition Hold Time	t _{HD:STA}	0.6	-	μs
SCL "Low" Duration	t _{LOW}	1.3	-	μs
SCL "High" Duration	t _{HIGH}	0.6	-	μs
Start Condition Setup Time	t _{SU:STA}	0.6	-	μs
Data Hole Time ^{*1}	t _{HD:DAT}	0	0.9	μs
Data Setup Time	t _{SU:DAT}	250	-	ns
Rising Time	t _R	-	1000	ns
Falling Time	t _F	-	300	ns
Stop Condition Setup Time	t _{SU:STO}	0.6	-	μs
Bus Release Time ^{*2}	t _{BUF}	1.3	-	μs

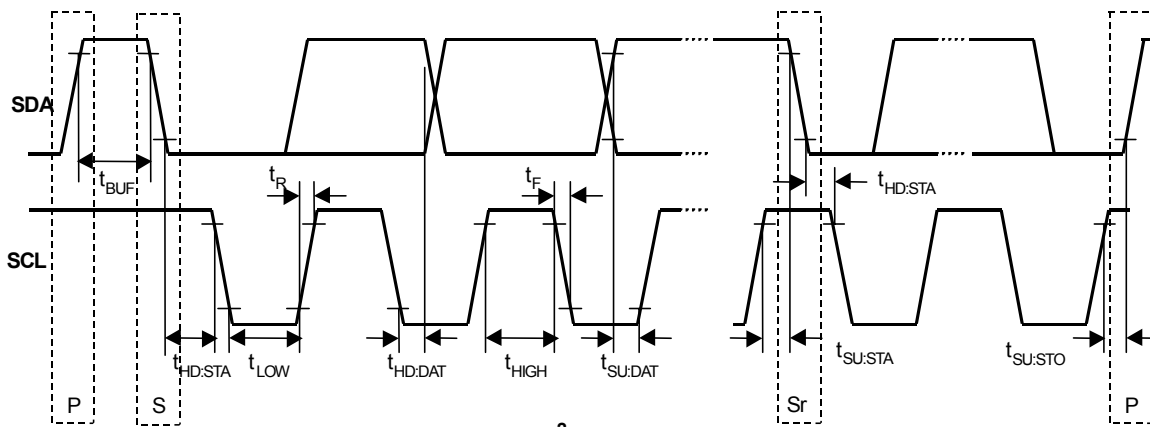


Fig. 9 I²C bus Timing

Note :

- *1 t_{HD:DAT}: Keep data 100ns hold time to avoid indefinite state by SCL falling edge.
- *2 This item shows the interface specification. The interval of a continuous command is specified separately.

■ Pin setting

The NJU26124 selects function after resetting the NJU26124 by setting MODE pin (No.17) (Table 15). This pin is input pin. However, this pin operates as bi-directional pin. Connect with V_{DD} or V_{SS} through 3.3k Ω resistance.

Table 15 Pin setting

Pin No.	Symbol	Setting	Function
17	MODE	"High"	The NJU26124 selects FIR Filter + 3Band PEQ after reset.
		"Low"	The NJU26124 selects PEQ + Time Alignment Delay after reset.

■ WatchDog Clock

The NJU26124 outputs clock pulse through WDC (No.18) pin during normal operation.

The NJU26124 generates a clock pulse through the WDC terminal after resetting the NJU26124. The WDC clock is useful to check the status of the NJU26124 operation. For example, a microcomputer monitors the WDC clock and checks the status of the NJU26124. When the WDC clock pulse is lost or not normal clock cycle, the NJU26124 does not operate correctly. Then reset the NJU26124 and set up the NJU26124 again. Watchdog clock output cycle is about 100msec.

Note: If input and output of an audio signal stop and an audio interface stops, WDC can't output. That is because it has controlled based on the signal of an audio interface.

■ Vocabulary of Filters

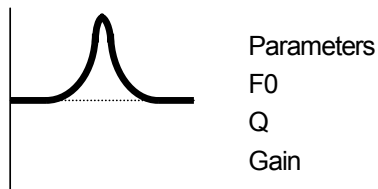


Fig. 10-1 PEQ (Parametric Equalizer)

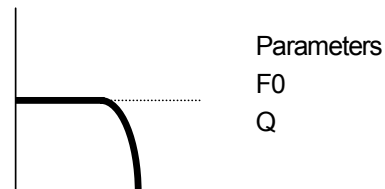


Fig. 10-2 LPF (Low Pass Filter)

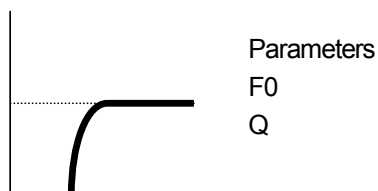


Fig. 10-3 HPF (High Pass Filter)

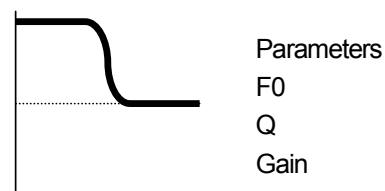


Fig. 10-4 LSF (Low Shelf Filter)

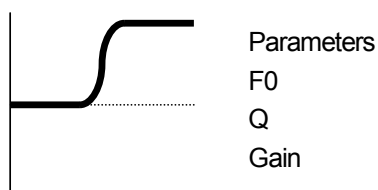


Fig. 10-5 HSF (High Shelf Filter)

■ NJU26124 Command Table

Table 16 NJU26124 Command (Mode terminal (High), FIR Filter + 3 Band PEQ Mode)

No.	Command	No.	Command
1	Set Task	13	Fs=32kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Lch
2	System State	14	Fs=32kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Rch
3	Sample Rate Select	15	FIR Filter Coefficient Update Command
4	Smooth Control	16	PEQ F0 for FIR Filter
5	Master Volume	17	PEQ Q for FIR Filter
6	Channel Trim	18	PEQ Gain for FIR Filter
7	Input Trim	19	PEQ Mode Config for FIR Filter
8	Bypass Trim	20	PEQ Smooth Config
9	Fs=48kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Lch	21	Firmware Revision Number Request
10	Fs=48kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Rch	22	Software Reset
11	Fs=44.1kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Lch	23	Start Command
12	Fs=44.1kHz FIR Filter New Coefficient Rch	24	No Operation (Nop)

Table 17 NJU26124 Command (Mode terminal (Low), PEQ + Time Alignment Delay Mode)

No.	Command	No.	Command
1	Set Task	11	PEQ Q
2	System State	12	PEQ Gain
3	Sample Rate Select	13	PEQ Mode Config
4	Smooth Control	14	Time Alignment Delay
5	Master Volume	15	PEQ Smooth Config
6	Channel Trim	16	Firmware Revision Number Request
7	Input Trim	17	Software Reset
8	Center Mix Trim	18	Start Command
9	Input / Output Channel Select	19	No Operation (Nop)
10	PEQ F0		

Notes : In respect to detail command information, request New Japan Radio Co., Ltd.

■ Response of status

NJU26124 returns the response of 4 types to the host controller.

Table 18 Response of status

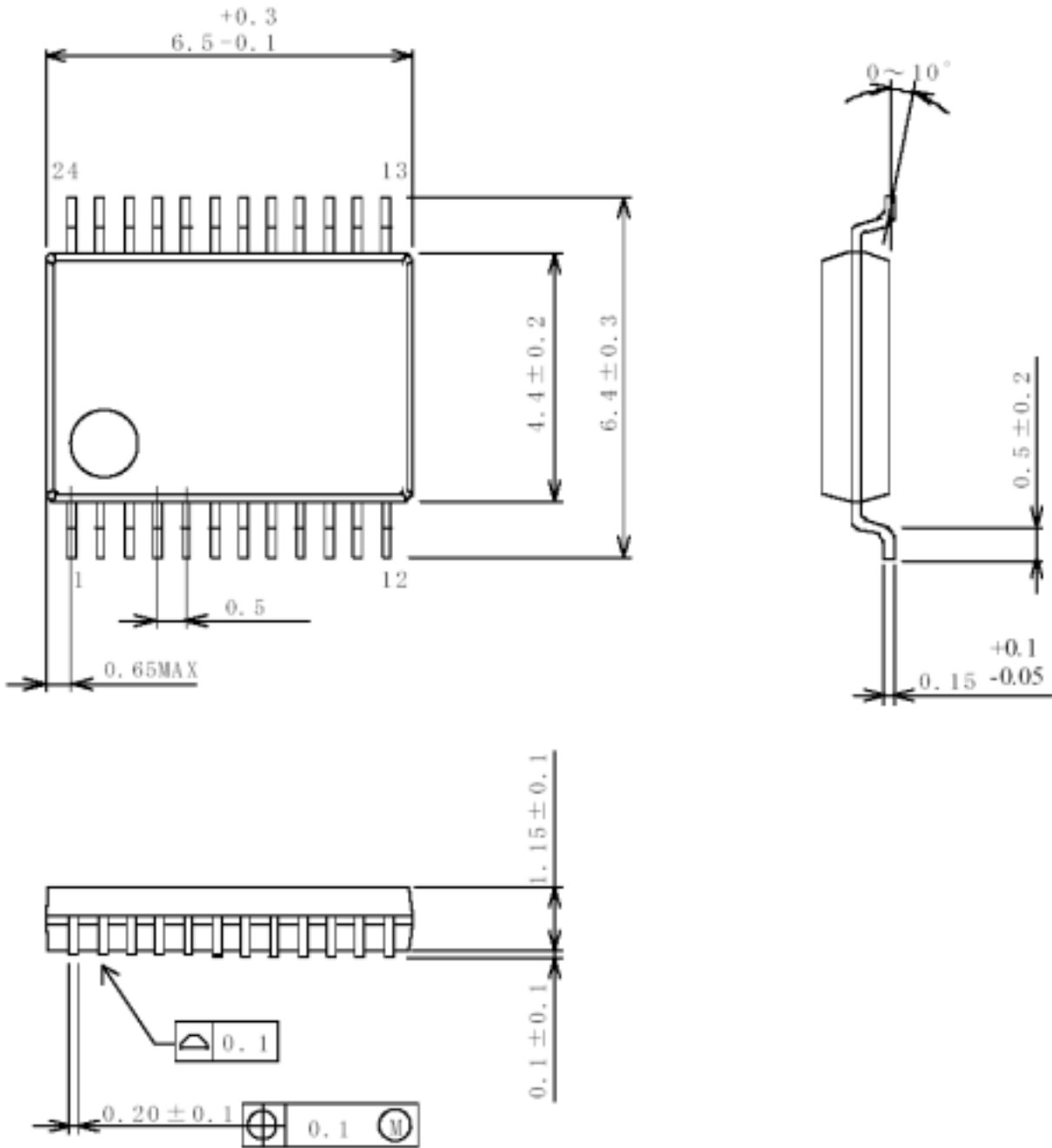
Response	Command	Remark
Status : Command Accepted	0x80	Reception OK
Status : Command Error	0x81	Reception ERROR
Status : Command Process	0x82	Command processing
Status : Not Ready	0x83	Initialization

NJU26124

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Package

SSOP24-C2, Pb-Free



[CAUTION]

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