

## High-Speed, Rail-to-Rail I/O, Dual CMOS Operational Amplifier

### ■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

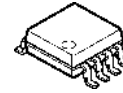
The NJU7047 is a high-speed, rail-to-rail input/output, dual CMOS operational amplifier.

Its 9V/ $\mu$ s slew rate, 5MHz gain bandwidth product and rail-to-rail output into a 600 $\Omega$  load, make it useful for a variety of wide dynamic range applications.

### ■FEATURES

- High Speed: Gain Bandwidth Product: 5MHz (at Ta=25 °C)  
Slew Rate: 9V/ $\mu$ s. (at V<sub>DD</sub>= 5V)
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output: Input Voltage Range: GND to V<sub>DD</sub>  
Output Voltage Range: GND + 0.14V to V<sub>DD</sub> - 0.14V  
(at R<sub>L</sub> = 600 $\Omega$ , Ta= -40°C to +125°C)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C to +125 °C
- RF noise Immunity
- Package outline: MSOP8 (TVSP8) \*  
\*meet JEDEC MO-187-DA/ thin type
- CMOS process
- AEC-Q100 This product meets the reliability level required by AEC-Q100.

### ■PACKAGE OUTLINE

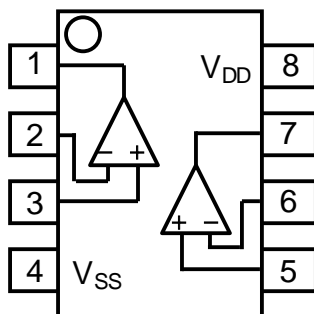


**NJU7047RB1-T1  
(MSOP-8(TVSP-8))**

### ■APPLICATIONS

- Current sensor
- Photodiode amplification
- ADC input buffers

### ■FEATURES



(Top View)  
NJU7047RB1-T1

#### PIN FUNCTION

- 1: A OUTPUT
- 2: A -INPUT
- 3: A +INPUT
- 4: V<sub>SS</sub>
- 5: B +INPUT
- 6: B -INPUT
- 7: B OUTPUT
- 8: V<sub>DD</sub>

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## ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

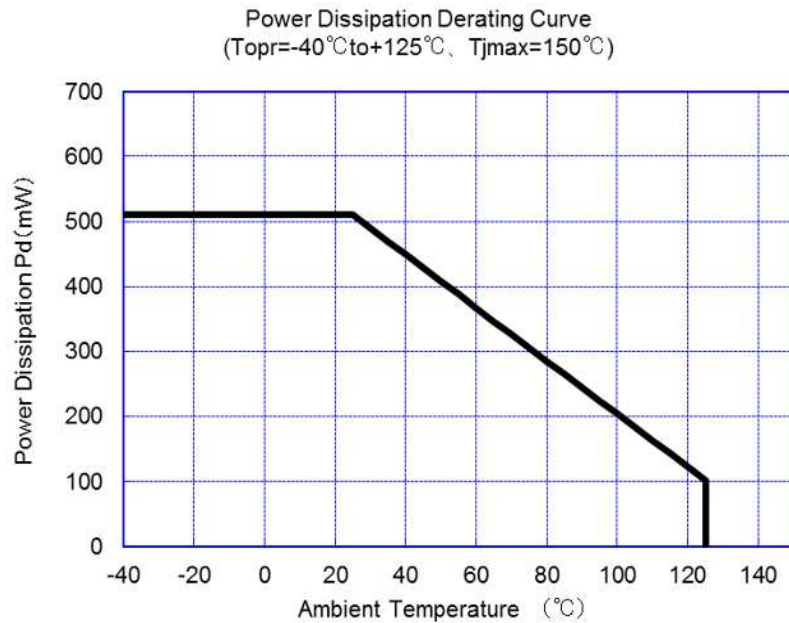
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	+7	V
Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	±7 (Note1)	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	510 (Note2)	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

(Note1) For supply voltage less than +7V, the absolute maximum rating is equal to the supply voltage.

(Note2) EIA/JEDEC STANDARD Test board (76.2 x 114.3 x 1.6mm, 2layers, FR-4) mounting.

(Note3) Do not exceed "Power dissipation: P<sub>D</sub>" in which power dissipation in IC is shown by the absolute maximum rating.

See Figure "Power Dissipation Curve" when ambient temperature is over 25°C.



## ■RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION (Ta=25°C)

PARAMATER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	+2.7	-	+5.5	V

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## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{DD}=5V$ , $V_{SS}=0V$ , $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

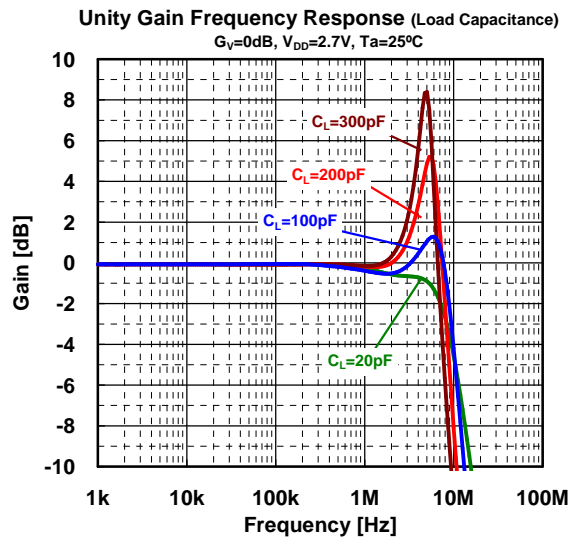
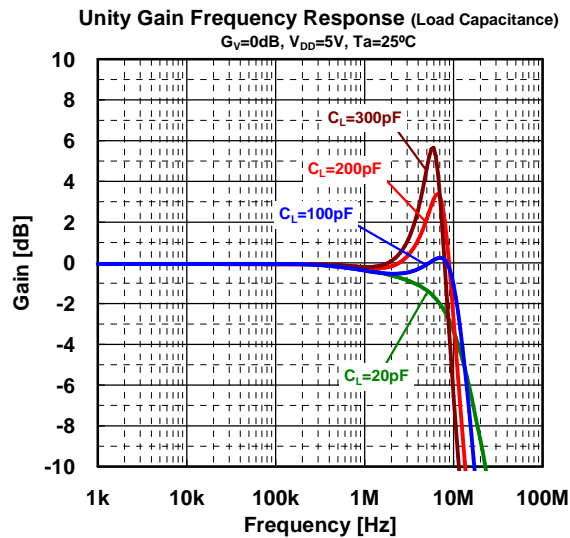
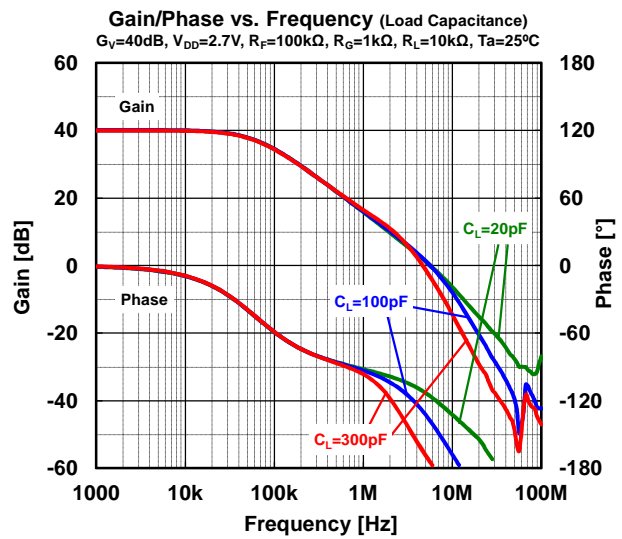
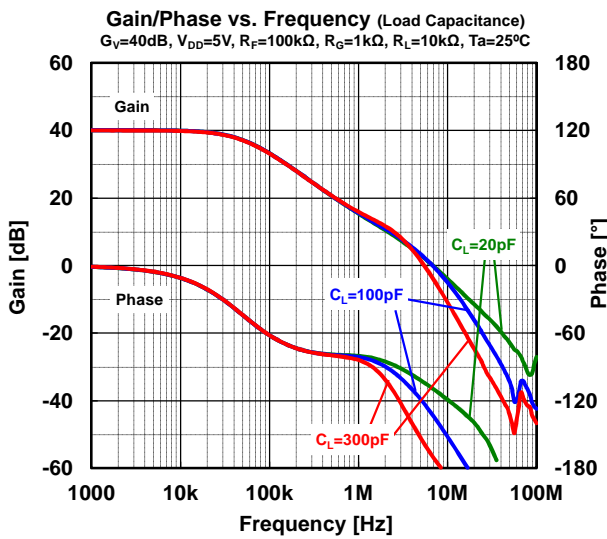
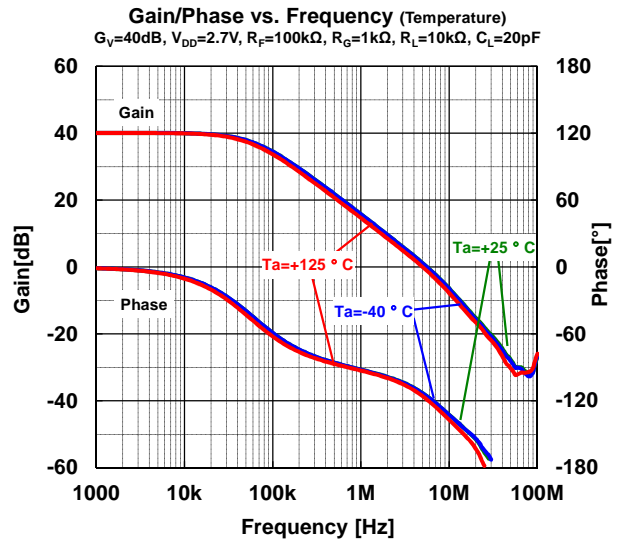
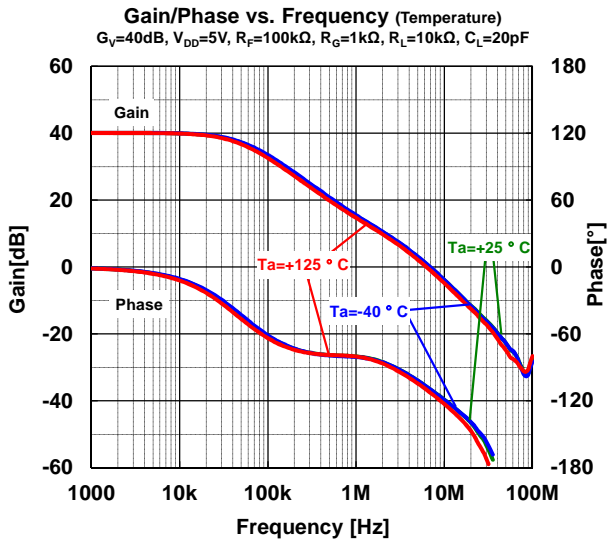
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	No Signal	-	2.7	4.3	mA
		No Signal, $T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	4.5	
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IO}$	$V_{ICM}=0V, 2.5V, 5V$	-	0.9	5	mV
		$V_{ICM}=0V, 2.5V, 5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	5	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$		-	2	-	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$		-	1	-	pA
Input Offset Current	$I_{IO}$		-	1	-	pA
Open Loop Gain	$A_V$	$V_{out}=1.5V$ to $3.5V, R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V$	90	110	-	dB
		$V_{out}=1.5V$ to $3.5V, R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	80	-	-	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	$V_{ICM}=0V$ to $5V$	60	80	-	dB
		$V_{ICM}=0V$ to $5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	60	-	-	
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	$V_{DD}=2.7V$ to $5.5V, V_{ICM}=0V$	65	90	-	dB
		$V_{DD}=2.7V$ to $5.5V, V_{ICM}=0V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	65	-	-	
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	$V_{ICM}$	CMR $\geq 60dB$	0	-	5	V
		CMR $\geq 60dB, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	0	-	5	
Maximum Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V$	4.95	4.99	-	V
		$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	4.95	-	-	
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $2.5V$	4.88	4.93	-	V
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $2.5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	4.86	-	-	
	$V_{OL}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V$	-	0.01	0.05	V
		$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $2.5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	0.05	
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $2.5V$	-	0.07	0.12	V
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $2.5V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	0.14	
<b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Slew Rate	SR	$G_V=0dB, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF, V_{IN}=2V_{PP}$	5	9	-	V/ $\mu s$
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBW	$G_V=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	5	-	MHz
Phase Margin	$\phi_M$	$G_V=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	70	-	deg
Gain Margin	$G_M$	$G_V=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	16	-	dB
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$V_{NI}$	$f=1kHz$	-	20	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD+N	$G_V=0dB, R_L=10k\Omega, f=1kHz, V_O=1V_{pp}$	-	0.01	-	%
Channel Separation	CS	$f=1kHz$	-	130	-	dB

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## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{DD}=2.7V$ , $V_{SS}=0V$ , $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

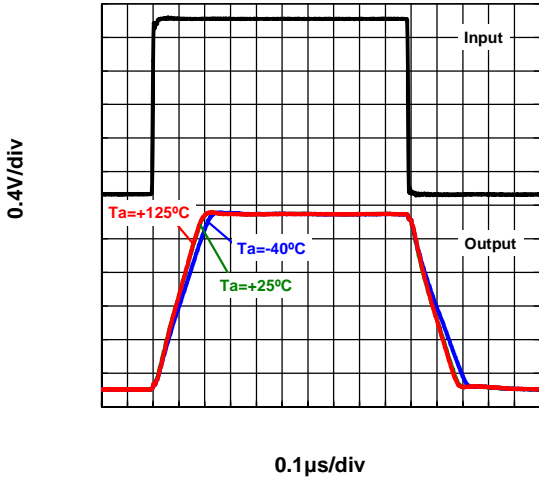
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>DC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	No Signal	-	2.5	4.0	mA
		No Signal, $T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	4.2	
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IO}$	$V_{ICM}=0V, 1.35V, 2.7V$	-	0.9	5	mV
		$V_{ICM}=0V, 1.35V, 2.7V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	5	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$		-	2	-	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Bias Current	$I_B$		-	1	-	pA
Input Offset Current	$I_{IO}$		-	1	-	pA
Open Loop Gain	$A_v$	$V_{out}=0.35V$ to $2.35V, R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V$	90	110	-	dB
		$V_{out}=0.35V$ to $2.35V, R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	80	-	-	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	$V_{ICM}=0V$ to $2.7V$	55	75	-	dB
		$V_{ICM}=0V$ to $2.7V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	55	-	-	
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	$V_{DD}=2.7V$ to $5.5V, V_{ICM}=0V$	65	90	-	dB
		$V_{DD}=2.7V$ to $5.5V, V_{ICM}=0V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	65	-	-	
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	$V_{ICM}$	CMR $\geq$ 55dB	0	-	2.7	V
		CMR $\geq$ 55dB, $T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	0	-	2.7	
Maximum Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V$	2.65	2.69	-	V
		$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	2.65	-	-	
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $1.35V$	2.60	2.64	-	V
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $1.35V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	2.58	-	-	
	$V_{OL}$	$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V$	-	0.01	0.05	V
		$R_L=10k\Omega$ to $1.35V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	0.05	
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $1.35V$	-	0.05	0.10	V
		$R_L=600\Omega$ to $1.35V, T_a = -40^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$	-	-	0.12	
<b>AC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Slew Rate	SR	$G_v=0dB, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF, V_{IN}=2V_{PP}$	3.5	7	-	V/ $\mu s$
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBW	$G_v=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	5	-	MHz
Phase Margin	$\phi_M$	$G_v=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	65	-	deg
Gain Margin	$G_M$	$G_v=40dB, R_F=100k\Omega, R_L=10k\Omega, C_L=20pF$	-	18	-	dB
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$V_{NI}$	$f=1kHz$	-	20	-	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	THD+N	$G_v=0dB, R_L=10k\Omega, f=1kHz, V_O=1V_{pp}$	-	0.02	-	%
Channel Separation	CS	$f=1kHz$	-	130	-	dB

## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

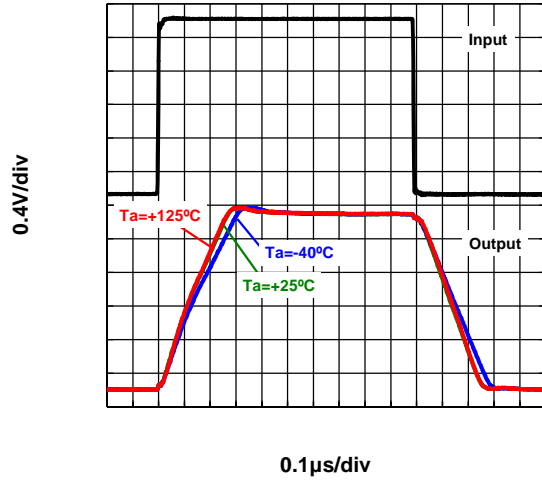


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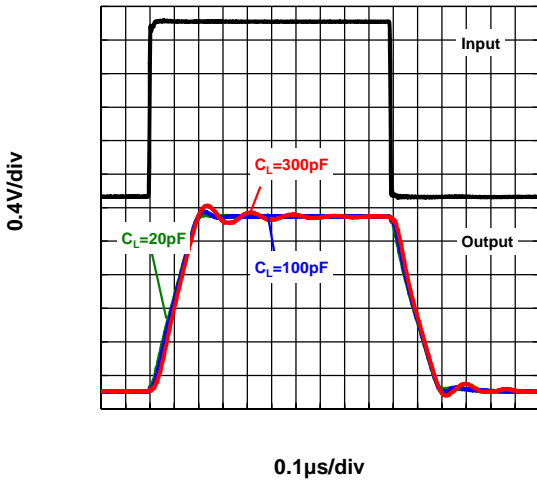
**Transient Response (Temperature)**  
 $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $V_{IN}=2V_{pp}$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $C_L=20pF$



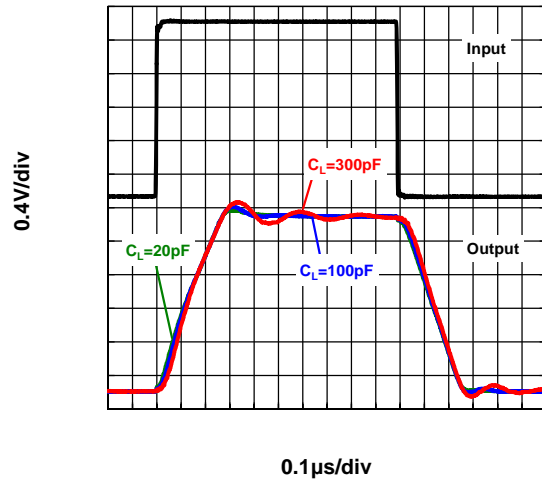
**Transient Response (Temperature)**  
 $V_{DD}=2.7V$ ,  $V_{IN}=2V_{pp}$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $C_L=20pF$



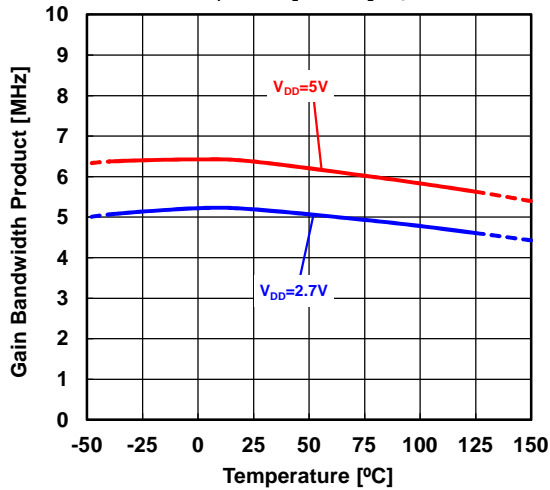
**Transient Response (Load Capacitance)**  
 $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $V_{IN}=2V_{pp}$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$



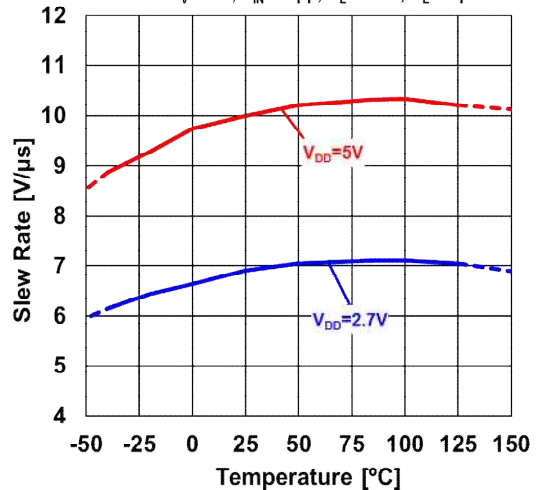
**Transient Response (Load Capacitance)**  
 $V_{DD}=2.7V$ ,  $V_{IN}=2V_{pp}$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$



**Gain Bandwidth Product vs. Temperature**  
 $G_V=40dB$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $C_L=20pF$

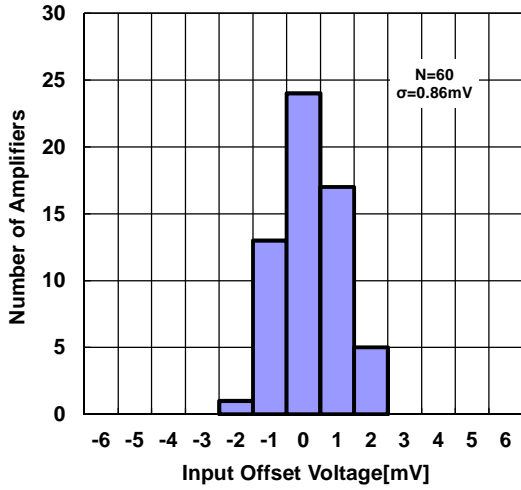


**Slew Rate vs. Temperature (Supply Voltage)**  
 $G_V=0dB$ ,  $V_{IN}=1V_{pp}$ ,  $R_L=10k\Omega$ ,  $C_L=20pF$



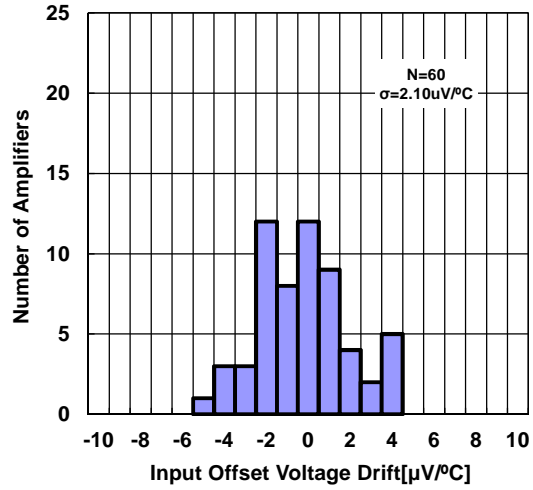
**Input Offset Voltage Distribution**

$V_{DD}=5V, V_{ICM}=2.5V, T_a=25^\circ C$



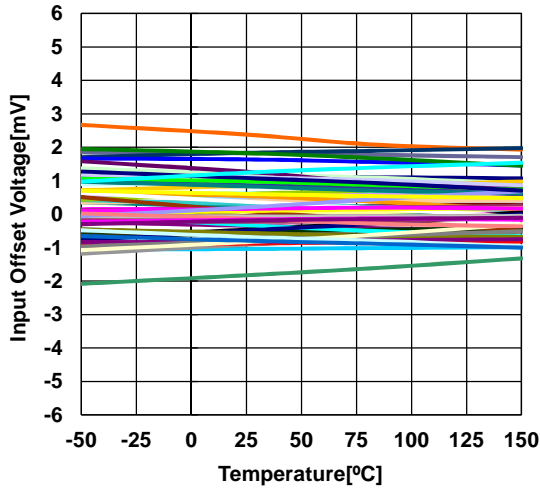
**Input Offset Voltage Drift Distribution**

$V_{DD}=5V, V_{ICM}=2.5V, T_a=-40^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$



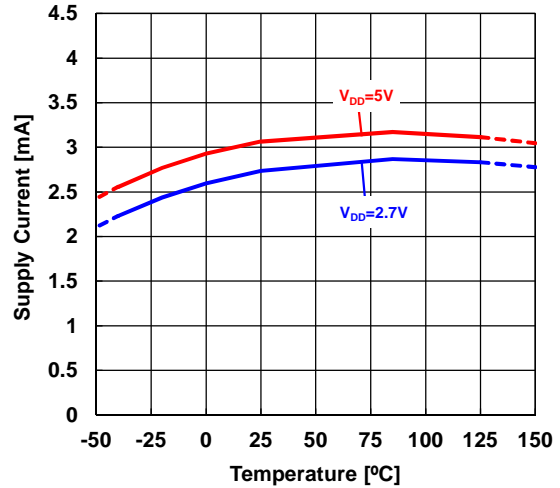
**Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature**

$V_{DD}=5V, V_{ICM}=2.5V$



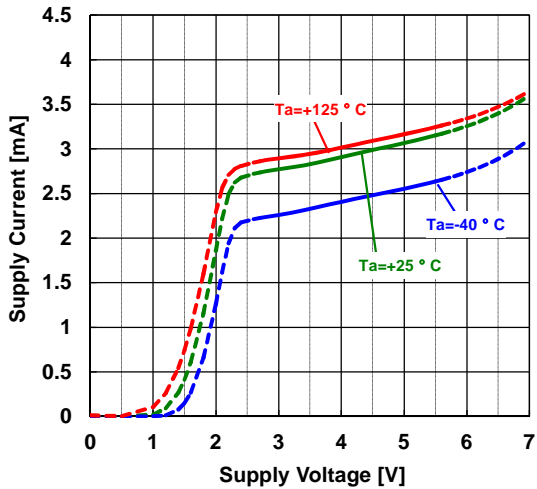
**Supply Current vs. Temperature (Supply Voltage)**

$V_{ICM}=V_{DD}/2$



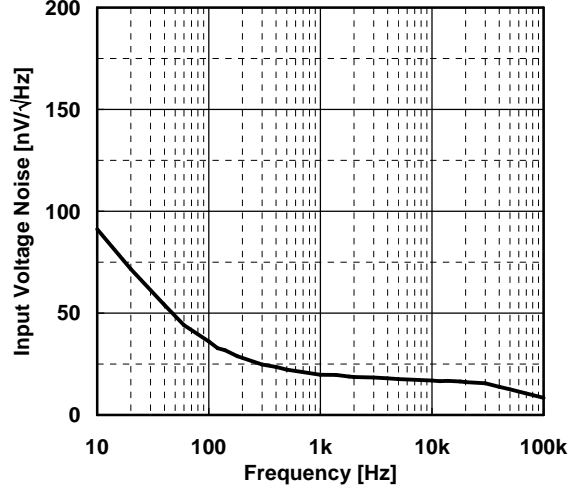
**Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (Temperature)**

$V_{ICM}=V_{DD}/2$



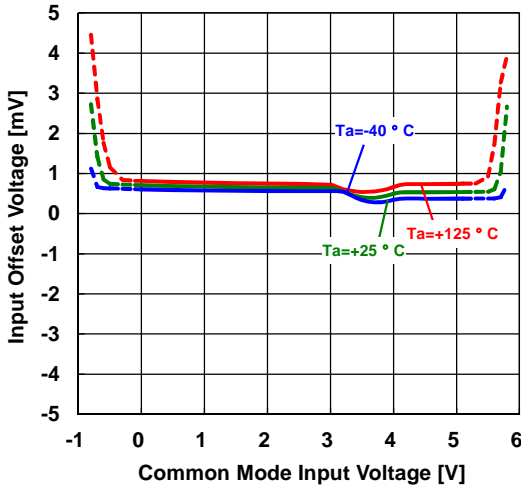
**Input Voltage Noise vs. Frequency**

$V_{DD}=5V, R_S=100\Omega, R_F=10k\Omega, T_a=25^\circ C$

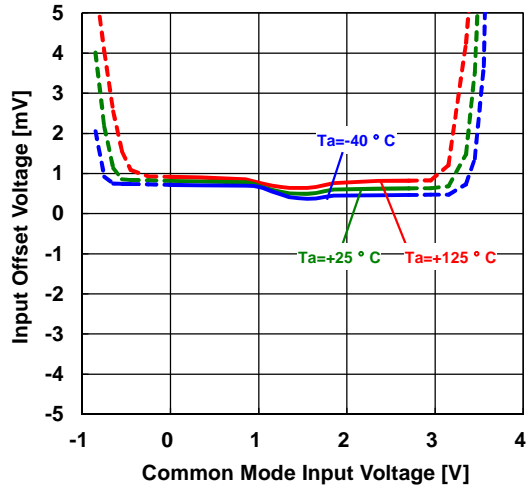


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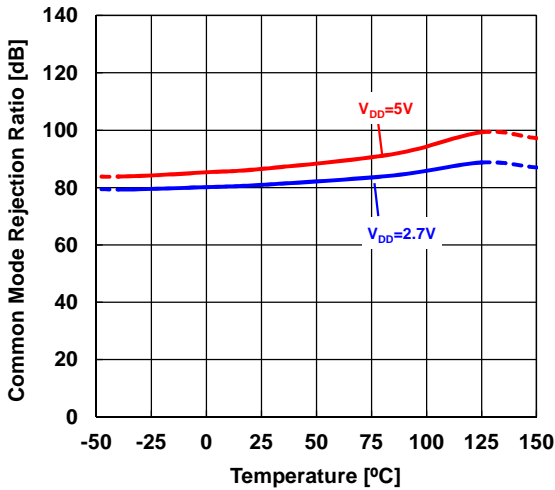
Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage (Temperature)  
 $V_{DD}=5V, V_{ICM}=V_{DD}/2$



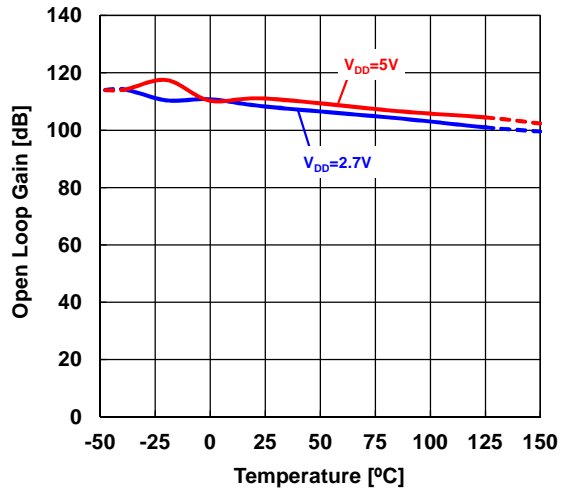
Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage (Temperature)  
 $V_{DD}=2.7V, V_{ICM}=V_{DD}/2$



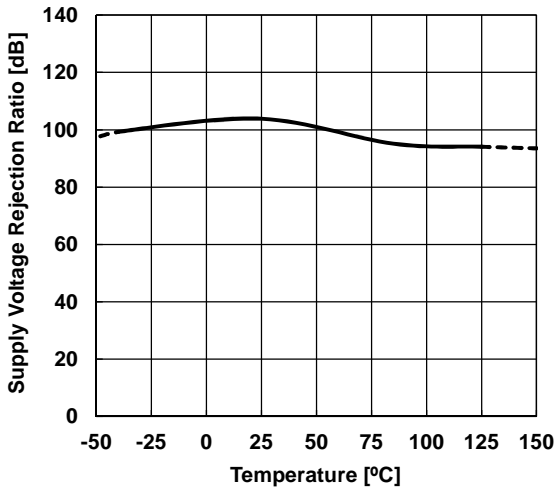
CMR vs. Temperature (Supply Voltage)  
 $V_{ICM}=V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{DD}$



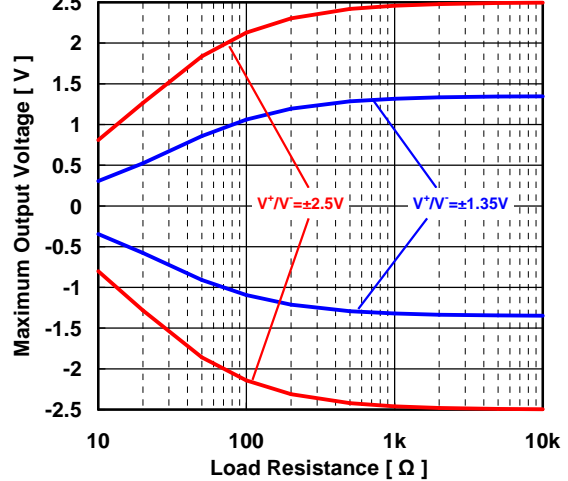
Open Loop Gain vs. Temperature (Supply Voltage)  
 $V_O=V_{DD}/2 \pm 1V$



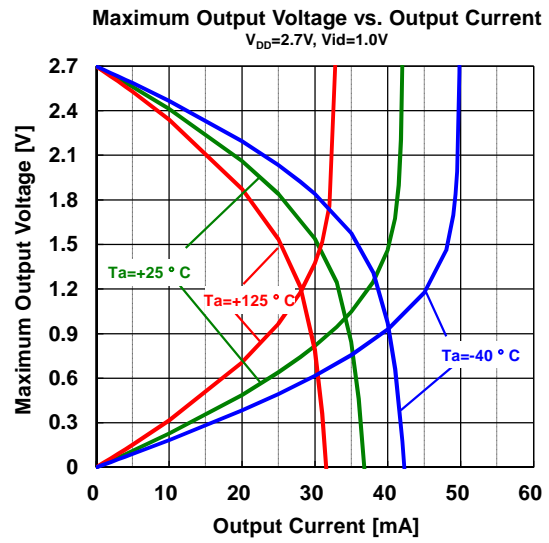
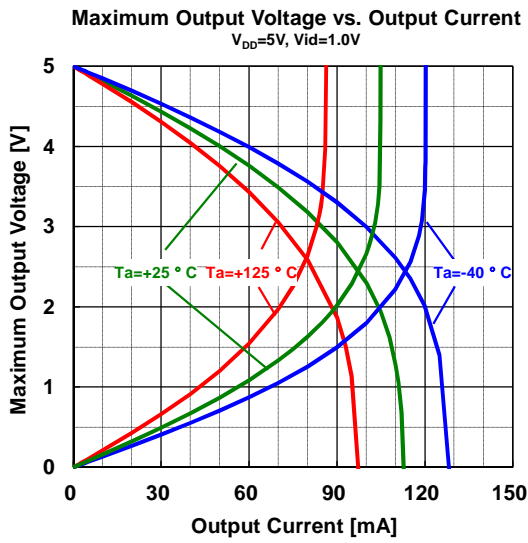
SVR vs. Temperature  
 $V_{DD}=2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V$



Maximum Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance  
 $T_a=25^\circ C$







**[CAUTION]**  
 The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.