

**PRELIMINARY**  
**NLT Technologies, Ltd.**

**TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

**NL10276BC30-39**

**38cm (15.0 Type)**

**XGA**

**LVDS interface (1port)**

**PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET** 

**DOD-PP-1265 (3rd edition)**

**This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1249(2).**

**All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.**

## INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Computers, office automation equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment, industrial robots, etc.

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Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

The **Specific** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by a customer who requires an extremely higher level of reliability and quality for such products.

Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "**Standard**" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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### 1. OUTLINE

#### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL10276BC30-39 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### 1.2 APPLICATION

- For industrial use

#### 1.3 FEATURES

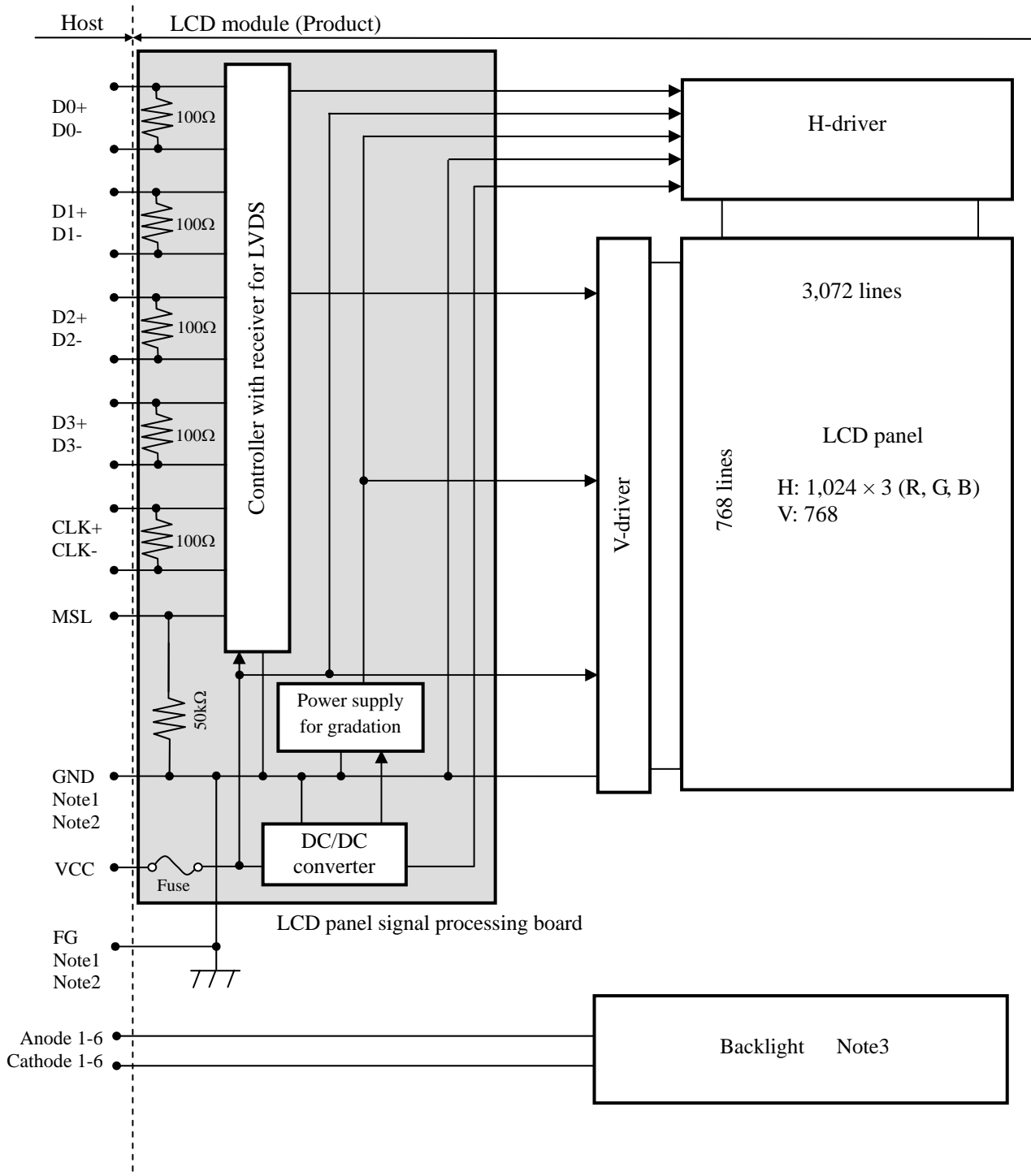
- Ultra-wide viewing angle (Adoption of Ultra-Advanced Super Fine TFT (UA-SFT))
- Long life LED backlight type
- High contrast
- Wide color gamut
- LVDS interface
- Selectable LVDS input map
- Small foot print
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1 /CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)

## 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

<b>Display area</b>	304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V) mm															
<b>Diagonal size of display</b>	38cm (15.0 inches)															
<b>Drive system</b>	a-Si TFT active matrix															
<b>Display color</b>	16,777,216 colors (6bit+FRC)															
<b>Pixel</b>	1,024 (H) × 768 (V) pixels															
<b>Pixel arrangement</b>	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe															
<b>Dot pitch</b>	0.099 (H) × 0.297 (V) mm															
<b>Pixel pitch</b>	0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V) mm															
<b>Module size</b>	326.5 (W) × 253.5 (H) × 11.7 (D) mm (typ.)															
<b>Weight</b>	(970)g (typ.)															
<b>Contrast ratio</b>	(900):1 (typ.)															
<b>Viewing angle</b>	At the contrast ratio $\geq 10:1$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.)</li> <li>• Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)</li> </ul>															
<b>Designed viewing direction</b>	Viewing angle with optimum grayscale ( $\gamma=2.2$ ): Normal axis (perpendicular)															
<b>Polarizer surface</b>	Antiglare															
<b>Polarizer pencil-hardness</b>	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]															
<b>Color gamut</b>	At LCD panel center 72% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]															
<b>Response time</b>	$T_{on} + T_{off}$ (10% ← → 90%) 25 ms (typ.)															
<b>Luminance</b>	At $I_L = 50mA$ /One circuit (270) $cd/m^2$ (typ.)															
<b>Signal system</b>	LVDS 1port (Receiver: Equivalent of THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc.) [8-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]															
<b>Power supply voltage</b>	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V															
<b>Backlight</b>	LED Backlight type: <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="border: none;">(</td> <td style="border: none;">Replaceable part</td> <td style="border: none;">)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;">• Lamp holder set: Type No.:150LHS36</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">(</td> <td style="border: none;">Recommended LED driver board (Option)</td> <td style="border: none;">)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;">• LED driver board: Type No.:150PW02F</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;">• Corresponding wiring harness: Type No. 150CBL02</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> </tr> </table>	(	Replaceable part	)		• Lamp holder set: Type No.:150LHS36		(	Recommended LED driver board (Option)	)		• LED driver board: Type No.:150PW02F			• Corresponding wiring harness: Type No. 150CBL02	
(	Replaceable part	)														
	• Lamp holder set: Type No.:150LHS36															
(	Recommended LED driver board (Option)	)														
	• LED driver board: Type No.:150PW02F															
	• Corresponding wiring harness: Type No. 150CBL02															
<b>Power consumption</b>	At $I_L = 50mA$ /One circuit, Checkered flag pattern 10.2 W (typ.)															

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**3. BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND – FG	Connected
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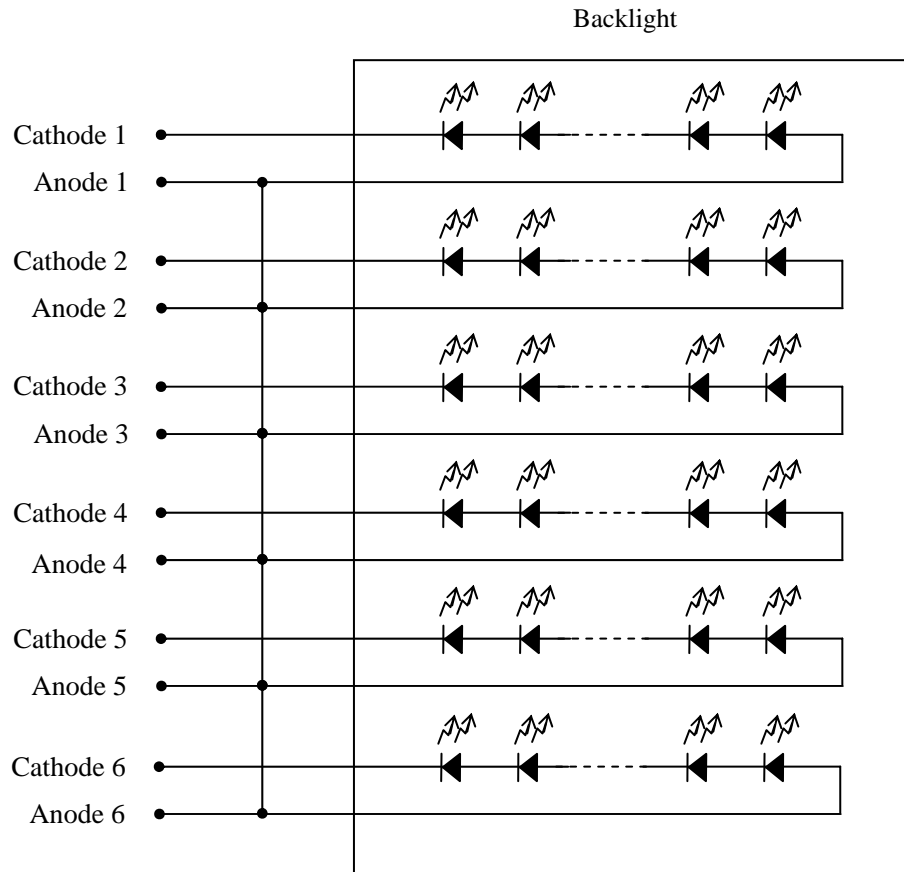
Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

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Note3: Detail of backlight



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## 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Module size	326.5 ± 0.5 (W) × 253.5 ± 0.5 (H) × 11.7 ± 0.5 (D) Note1	mm
Display area	304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V) Note1	mm
Weight	(970) (typ.), 1,050 (max.)	g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	-
Input voltage for signals	Display signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC +0.3	V	
	Function signal Note2	VF			
Backlight	Forward current	IL	60	mA	per one circuit
Storage temperature		Tst	-20 to +60	°C	-
Operating temperature	Front surface	TopF	0 to +55	°C	Note3
	Rear surface	TopR	0 to +60	°C	Note4
Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
			≤ 85	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
			≤ 70	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 55°C
Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 73 Note6	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 55°C
Operating altitude		-	≤ 4,850	m	0°C ≤ Ta ≤ 55°C
Storage altitude		-	≤ 13,600	m	-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ 60°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: MSL

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 55°C and RH= 70%



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## 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta= 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-	
Power supply current	ICC	-	500 Note1	700 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V	
Permissible ripple voltage	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC	
Differential input threshold voltage for LVDS receiver	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V Note3
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	
Input voltage swing for LVDS receiver	Vi	0	-	2.4	V	-	
Terminating resistance	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-	
Input voltage for MSL signal	High	VFH	2.0	-	VCC	V	-
	Low	VFL	0	-	0.8	V	
Input current for MSL signal	High	IFH	-	-	300	μA	-
	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μA	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

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### 4.3.2 Backlight lamp

(Ta= 25°C, Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50	55	mA	-
Forward voltage	VL	23.9	27.0	30.6	V	Ta= +25°C at IL= 50 mA/ One circuit
		21.6	-	(28.5)	V	Ta= +55°C at IL= 50 mA/ One circuit
		(25.0)	-	31.8	V	Ta= 0°C at IL= 50 mA/ One circuit
		(25.2)	-	32.1	V	Ta= 0°C at IL= 55 mA/ One circuit

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Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The above specifications are for one LED circuit of the backlight.

Note3: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 6 circuits.  
It is recommended that the current value difference among the circuits be less than 5%.

### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage	Ripple voltage (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Note1	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

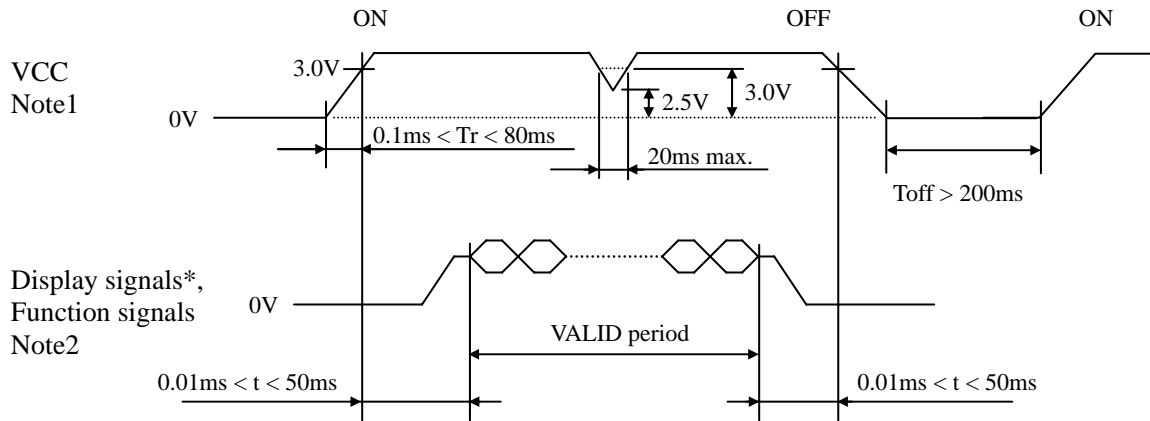
### 4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
	Type	Supplier			
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC Co., Ltd	2.0A	4.0A	Note1
			36V		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

#### 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



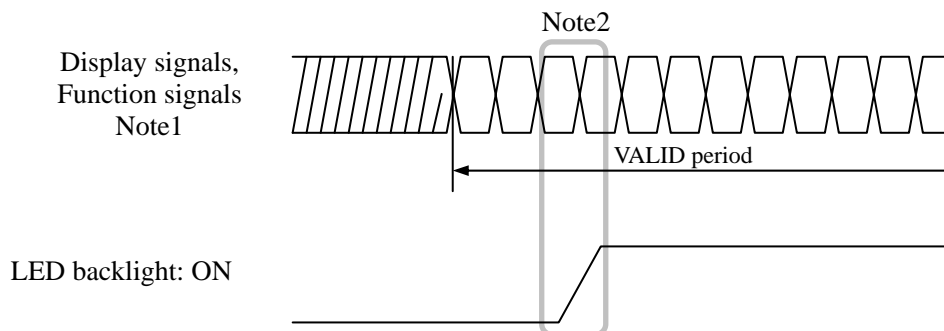
\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-) and function signal (MSL) must be set to Low or High impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

#### 4.4.2 LED driver board



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

#### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): DF14H-20P-1.25H (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF14-20S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VCC	Power supply	Note1
2	VCC		
3	GND	Ground	Note1
4	GND		
5	D0-	Pixel data	Note2
6	D0+		
7	GND	Ground	Note1
8	D1-	Pixel data	Note2
9	D1+		
10	GND	Ground	Note1
11	D2-	Pixel data	Note2
12	D2+		
13	GND	Ground	Note1
14	CLK-	Pixel clock	Note2
15	CLK+		
16	GND	Ground	Note1
17	D3-	Pixel data	Note2
18	D3+		
19	RSVD	Reserved	Keep this pin open.
20	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	High: Input map A Low or Open: Input map B Note3, Note4

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: See "**4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS**".

Note4: This terminal is pulled-down in the product. (Pull-down resistance: 50kΩ)

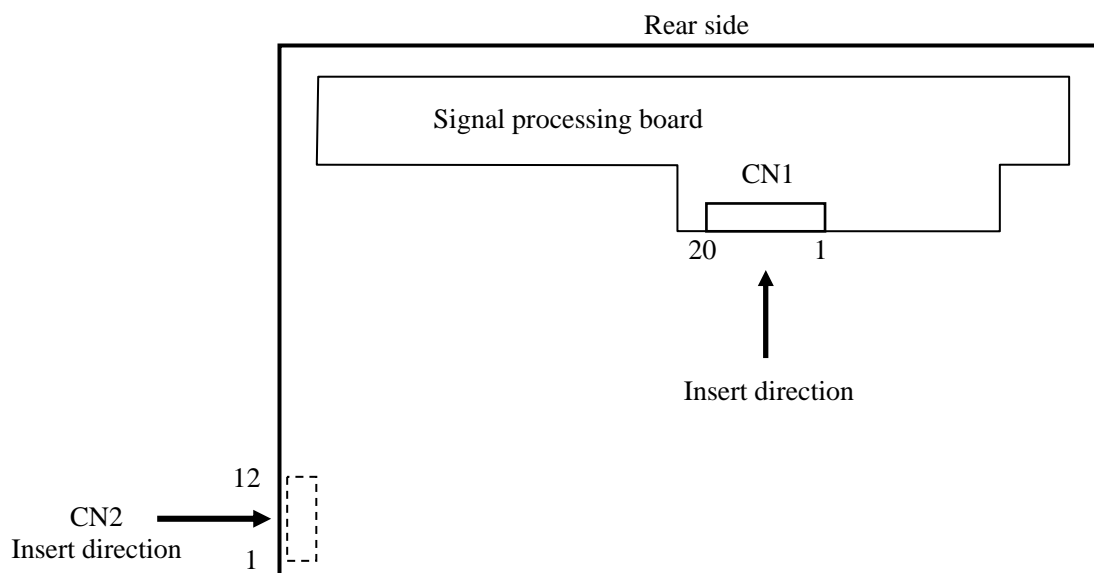
### 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM12B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Adaptable socket: SHR-12V-S (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

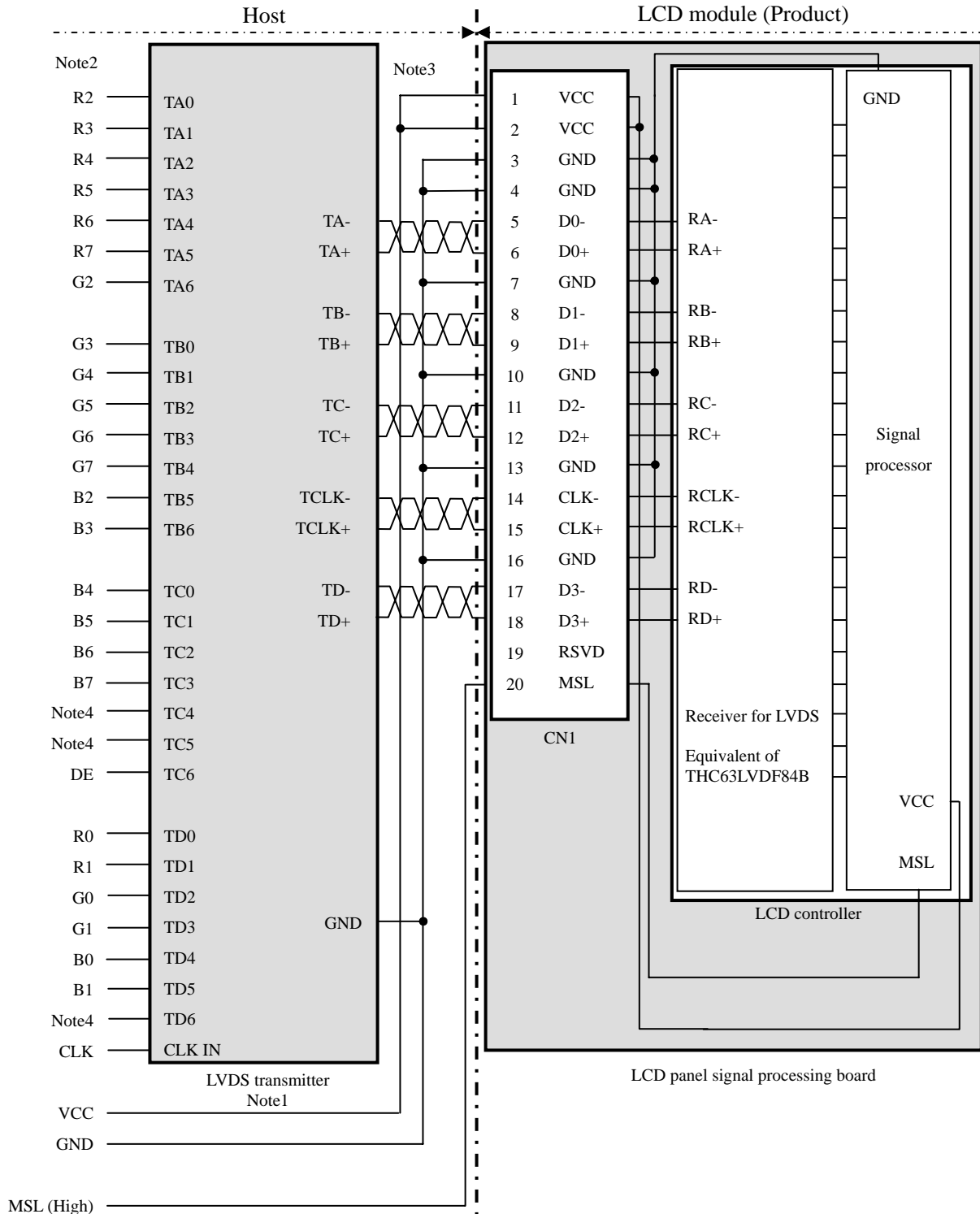
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	A4	Anode4	-
8	K4	Cathode4	-
9	A5	Anode5	-
10	K5	Cathode5	-
11	A6	Anode6	-
12	K6	Cathode6	-

### 4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



### 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

#### (1) Input LVDS map A (MSL: "High")



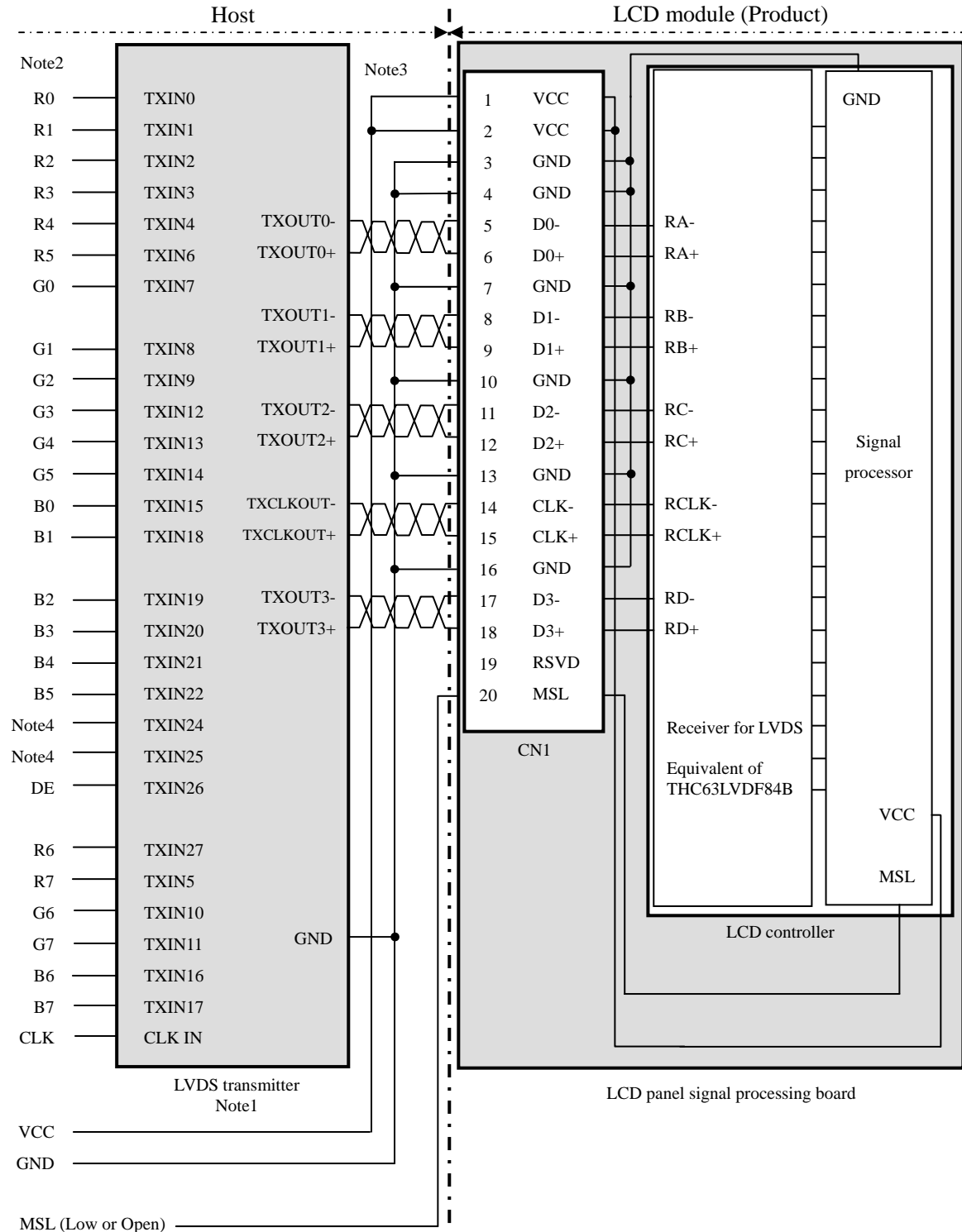
Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83D (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4, TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

(2) Input LVDS map B (MSL: "Low" or "Open")



- Note1: Recommended transmitter: DS90C383 (National Semiconductor) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TXIN24 and TXIN25 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TXIN24 and TXIN25 open to avoid noise problem.

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## 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

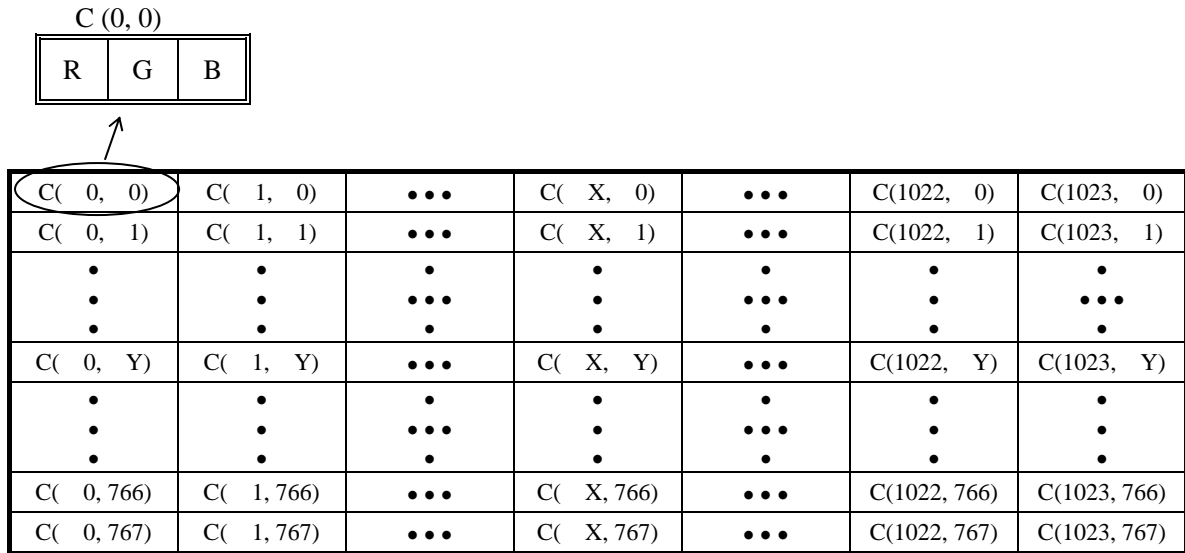
This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows;

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑																								
	↓																								
	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑																								
	↓																								
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Blue gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	↑																								
	↓																								
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	



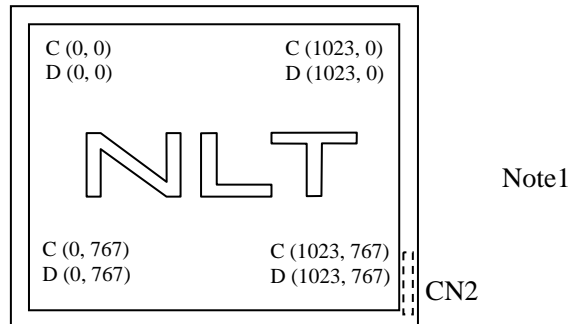
### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS").



### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.



Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

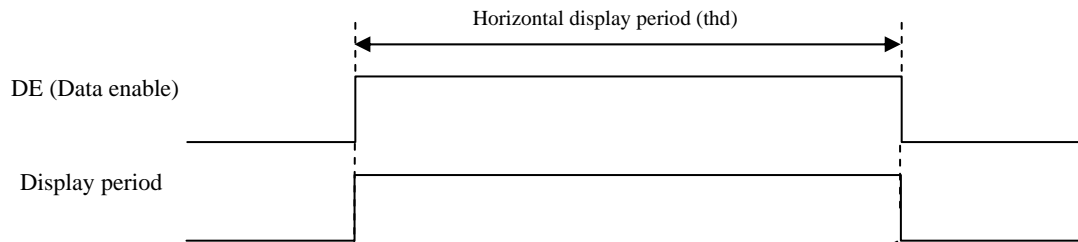
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

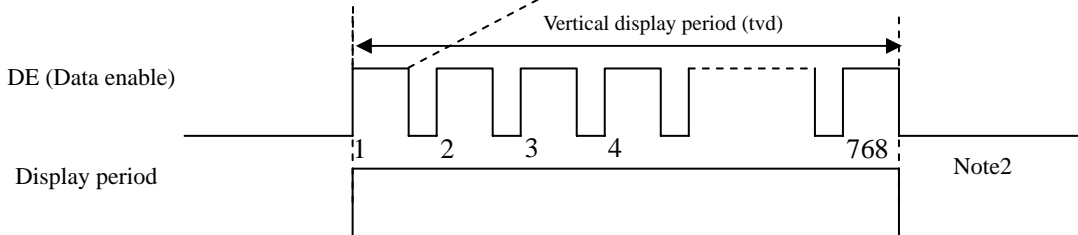
## 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

### 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

- Horizontal signal  
Note1



- Vertical signal  
Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.

# PRELIMINARY

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency	Vf= 75Hz	1/tc	60.0	-	70.0	MHz	-
		Vf= 60Hz		60.0	65.0	70.0		15.384 ns (typ.)
	Duty		-	-			-	-
	Rise time, Fall time		-	-			ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-	-			ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-	-			ns	
DE	Horizontal	Cycle	th	16.000	-	-	μs	48.363 kHz (typ.)
				1,100	-	1,800	CLK	
		Vf= 60Hz	16.000	20.676	-	μs		
		1,100	1,344	1,800	CLK			
	Display period		thd	1,024			CLK	-
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	-	13.328	20.0	ms	75.029 Hz (typ.)
				771	-	-	H	
		Vf= 60Hz	-	16.666	20.0	ms	60.000 Hz (typ.)	
		771	806	-	H			
	Display period		tvd	768			H	-
CLK-DE	Setup time		-	-			ns	-
	Hold time		-	-			ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-	-			ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

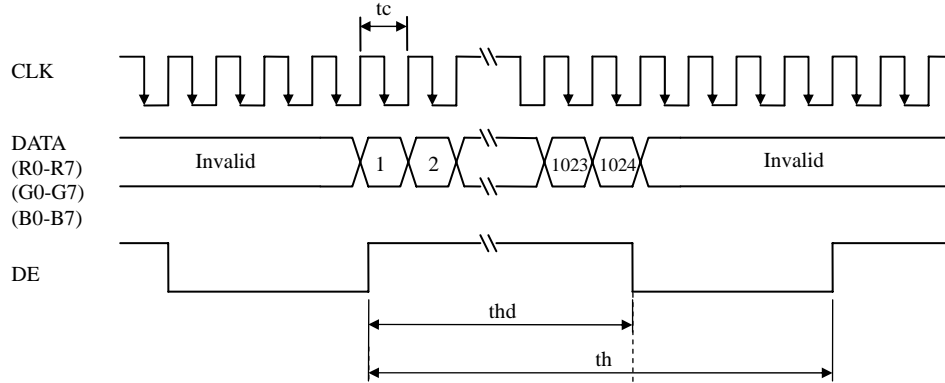
$$tc = 1CLK, th = 1H, Vf = 1/tv$$

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

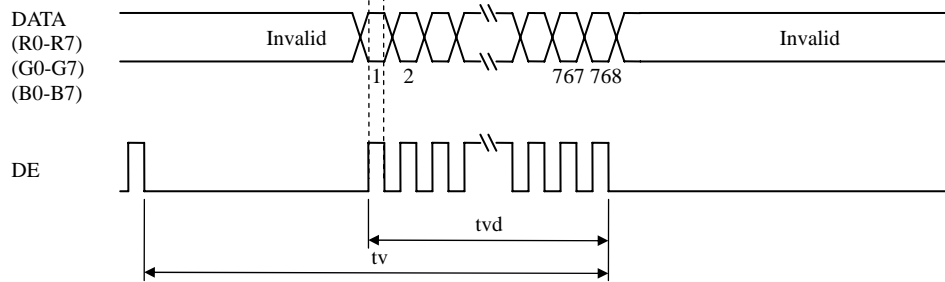
Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



Vertical timing



### 4.10 OPTICS

#### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
Luminance	White at center $\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, \theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ$	L	(170)	(270)	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	SR-3 or BM-5A	-	
Contrast ratio	White/Black at center $\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, \theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ$	CR	(500)	(900)	-	-	SR-3 or BM-5A	Note3	
Luminance uniformity	White $\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, \theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ$	LU	-	1.2	1.35	-	BM-5A	Note4	
Chromaticity	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	(0.65)	-	-		
		y coordinate	Ry	-	(0.34)	-	-		
	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	(0.29)	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	(0.60)	-	-		
Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	(0.14)	-	-			
	y coordinate	By	-	(0.08)	-	-			
Color gamut	$\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, \theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ$ at center, against NTSC color space	C	65	72	-	%			
Response time	Black to White	Ton	-	14	20	ms	BM-5A	Note6	
	White to Black	Toff	-	11	20	ms		Note7	
Viewing angle	Right	$\theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta R$	70	88	-	BM-5A or EZ Contrast	Note8	
	Left	$\theta U=0^\circ, \theta D=0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta L$	70	88	-			
	Up	$\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta U$	70	88	-			
	Down	$\theta R=0^\circ, \theta L=0^\circ, CR \geq 10$	$\theta D$	70	88	-			

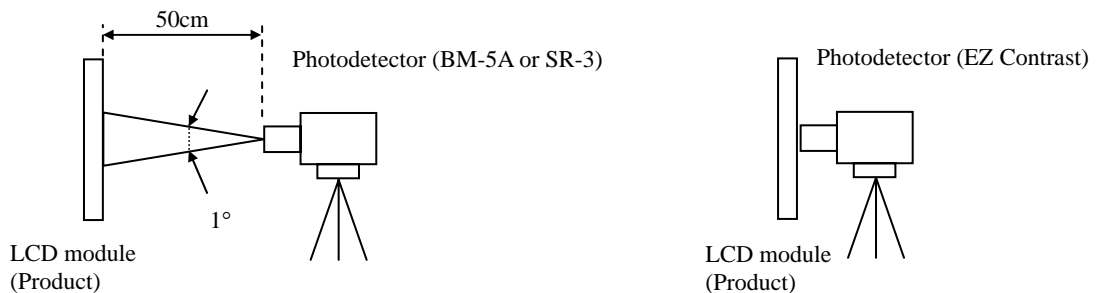
3

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $I_L=50\text{mA}$  / One circuit, Display mode: XGA,  
Horizontal cycle= 1/48.363kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= (31)°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

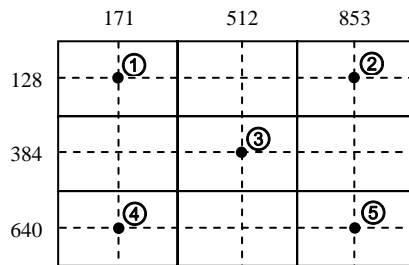
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

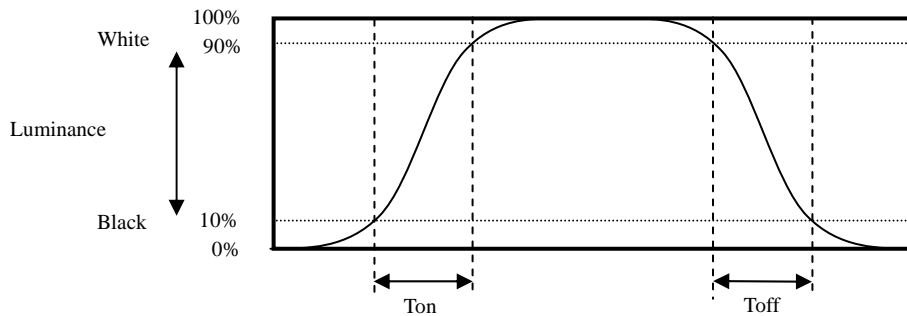
$$\text{Luminance uniformity (LU)} = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑤}}{\text{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

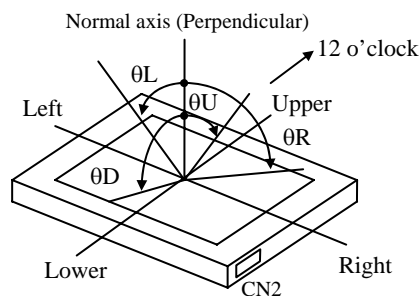


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



## 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

**This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.**

Condition		Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL= 50mA/One circuit	70,000	h
	55°C (Surface temperature at screen center) Continuous operation, IL= 50mA/One circuit	60,000	h

3

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

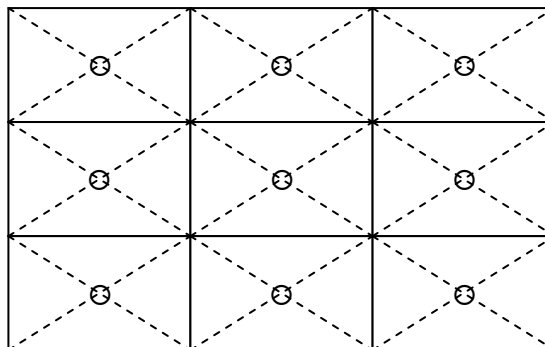
# PRELIMINARY

**6. RELIABILITY TESTS**

Test item		Condition	Judgment	Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)		① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 60%, 240hours ② Display data is white.	No display malfunctions	
Heat cycle (Operation)		① 0 ± 3°C...1hour 55 ± 3°C...1hour ② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle ③ Display data is white.		
Thermal shock (Non operation)		① -20 ± 3°C...30minutes 60 ± 3°C...30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.		
ESD (Operation)		① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval		
Dust (Operation)		① Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) ② 15 seconds stir ③ 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval		
Vibration (Non operation)		① 5 to 100Hz, 11.76m/s <sup>2</sup> ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 50 times each directions		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)		① 294m/s <sup>2</sup> , 11ms ② X, Y, Z directions ③ 3 times each directions		
Low pressure	Operation	① 53.3kPa (Equivalent to altitude 4,850m) ② 0°C±3°C...24 hours ③ 55°C±3°C...24 hours	No display malfunctions	
	Non-operation	① 15kPa (Equivalent to altitude 13,600m) ② -20°C±3°C...24 hours ③ 60°C±3°C...24 hours		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





## 7. PRECAUTIONS

## 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured, if the customer practices wrong operations.

## 7.2 CAUTIONS



**\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than  $294\text{m/s}^2$  and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ( $\phi 16\text{mm}$  jig))**

## 7.3 ATTENTIONS



## 7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed  $0.343\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$ . Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be  $\leq 2.8\text{mm}$ .
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑥ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑦ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ⑧ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ⑨ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended storage time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

### 7.3.3 Characteristics

**The following items are neither defects nor failures.**

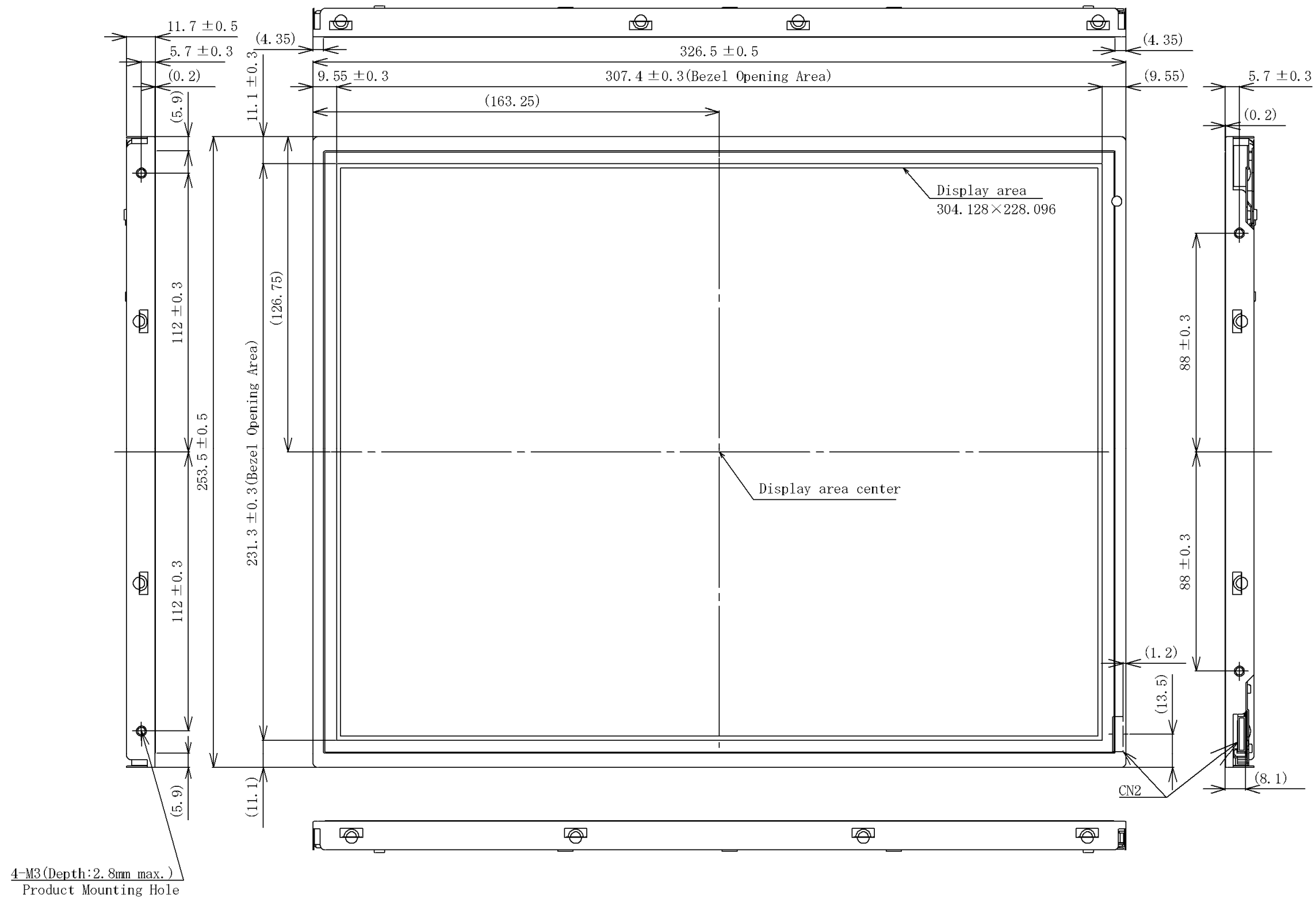
- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ④ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

### 7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT for repairing and so on.

8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

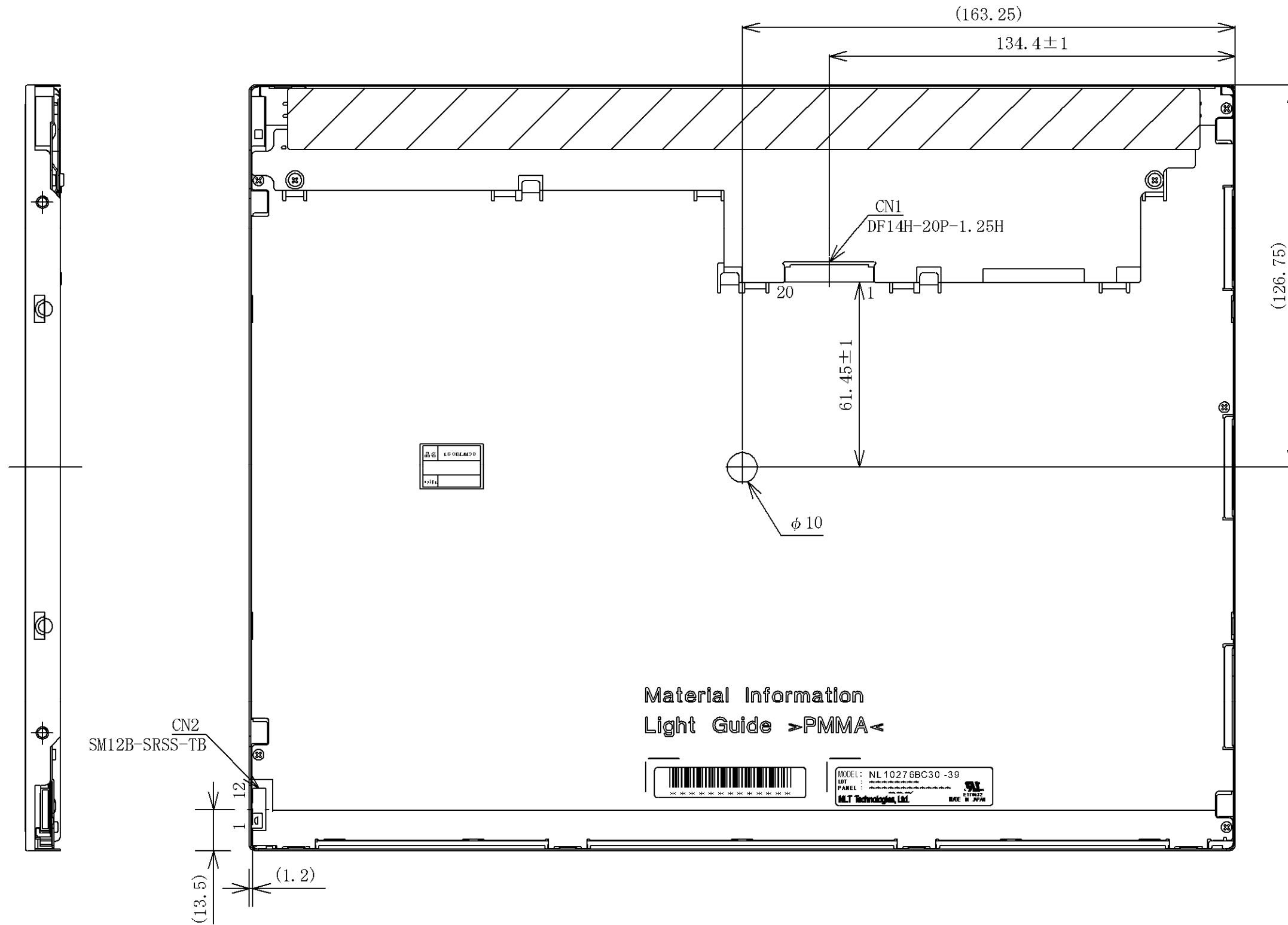
8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.  
 Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.343N·m.

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Unit: mm

# PRELIMINARY

## REVISION HISTORY

*The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.*

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature
1st edition	DOD-PP-1230	June 16, 2011	<p><b>Revision contents</b></p> <p>New issue</p> <p><b>Writer</b></p> <p>Approved by _____ T. OGAWA</p> <p>Checked by _____</p> <p>Prepared by _____ T. OGAWA</p>
2nd edition	DOD-PP-1249	July 26, 2011	<p><b>Revision contents</b></p> <p>P1 Company name is changed.</p> <p>P5 General specifications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Weight: (955) g (typ.) → (970) g (typ.)</li> </ul> <p>P8 Mechanical specifications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Weight: (955) (typ.) g → (970) (typ.) g</li> </ul> <p>P28 Rear view</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nameplate Label: Company name is changed.</li> <li>• Hole (elimination)</li> </ul> <p><b>Writer</b></p> <p>Approved by _____ T. OGAWA</p> <p>Checked by _____</p> <p>Prepared by _____ T. OGAWA</p>
3rd edition	DOD-PP-1265	Sep. 9, 2011	<p><b>Revision contents</b></p> <p>P4 Outline</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Features</li> <li>• Replaceable lamp for backlight → Replaceable lamp holder for backlight</li> </ul> <p>P5 General specifications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contrast ratio: (700):1 (typ.) → (900):1 (typ.)</li> </ul> <p>P10 Electrical characteristics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Backlight lamp</li> <li>• Forward voltage(VL) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ta=+55°C (IL=50mA): 21.69 (min.), (28.44) (max.)V → 21.6 (min.), (28.5) (max.)V</li> <li>- Ta=0°C (IL=50mA): (25.02) (min.), 31.77 (max.)V → (25.0) (min.), 31.8 (max.)V</li> <li>- Ta=0°C (IL=55mA): (25.29) (min.), 32.04 (max.)V → (25.2) (min.), 32.1 (max.)V</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>P21 Optics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Optical characteristics</li> <li>• Contrast ratio: (700) (typ.) → (900) (typ.)</li> </ul> <p>P23 Estimated luminance lifetime</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LED elementary substance: 70°C → 55°C</li> </ul> <p><b>Signature of writer</b></p> <p>Approved by _____ <i>T. Ogawa</i> T. OGAWA</p> <p>Checked by _____</p> <p>Prepared by _____ <i>A. Kumano</i> A. KUMANO</p>