# **TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

# **NLB121SV01L-01**

31cm (12.1 Type) **SVGA** LVDS interface (1port)



DOD-PP-1526 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1492(1).

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

### INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

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The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

## CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	2
1. OUTLINE	
1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE	
1.2 APPLICATION	
1.3 FEATURES	
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
3. BLOCK DIAGRAM	6
4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS.	
4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.3.2 Backlight lamp	
4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple	
4.3.4 Fuse	10
4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE	
4.4.1 LCD panel	
4.4.2 LED driver board	
4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board	
4.5.2 Backlight lamp	
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket	.13
4.5.5 Input data mapping 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	10
4.6 DISPLAT COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS	
4.6.2 262,144 colors	
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS	
4.7 DISPLAT POSITIONS	
4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS	
4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings	
4.9.2 Timing characteristics	
4.9.3 Input signal timing chart	
4.10 OPTICS	
4.10.1 Optical characteristics	
4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio	
4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity	
4.10.4 Definition of response times	
4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles	
5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME	
6. RELIABILITY TESTS	
7. PRECAUTIONS	
7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS	
7.2 CAUTIONS	
7.3 ATTENTIONS	27
7.3.1 Handling of the product	
7.3.2 Environment	
7.3.3 Characteristics	
7.3.4 Others	
8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS	29
8.1 FRONT VIEW	
8.2 REAR VIEW	30

### **1. OUTLINE**

### **1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE**

Color LCD module NLB121SV01L-01 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

### **1.2 APPLICATION**

• For industrial use

### **1.3 FEATURES**

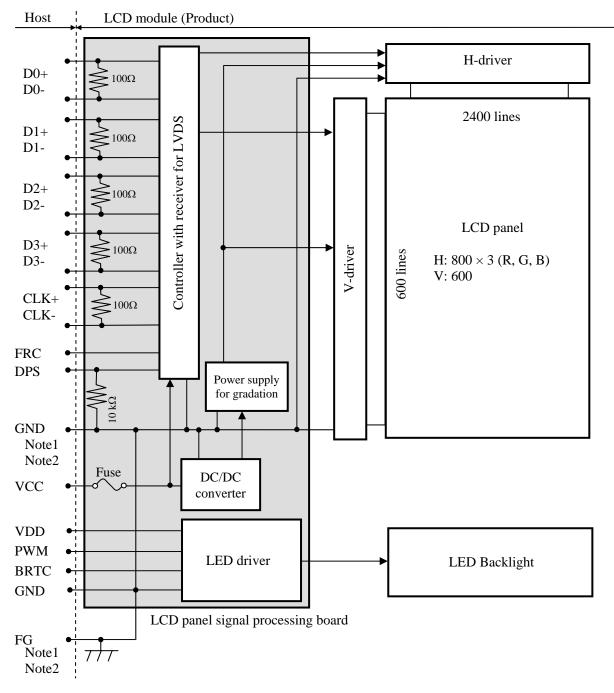
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Long life LED backlight type
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)

### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,194,277 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= VCC) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= GND)
Pixel	$800 (H) \times 600 (V)$ pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.1025 (H) \times 0.3075 (V) mm$
Pixel pitch	$0.3075 (H) \times 0.3075 (V) mm$
Module size	279.0 mm (H) (typ.) $\times$ 209.0 mm (V) (typ.) $\times$ 9.0 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	540 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	700:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	<ul> <li>At the contrast ratio ≥10:1</li> <li>Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)</li> <li>Vertical: Up side 65° (typ.), Down side 75° (typ.)</li> </ul>
Designed viewing direction	<ul> <li>Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒2.2): normal axis (perpendicular)</li> <li>Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock)</li> </ul>
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 55% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$\begin{array}{l} Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%) \\ 35 \text{ms (typ.)} \end{array}$
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 450cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS 1port [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel: 3.3V LED backlight: 12V
Backlight	LED backlight type (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. 121LHS201
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern 6.7 W (typ.)

☆

### **3. BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

 GND-FG
 Connected

 GND-FG
 Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$279.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 209.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	540 (typ.), 580 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply	LCD	panel	VCC	VCC -0.3 to +3.6				
voltage	LED o	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +26.5	V			
	Display Not	-	VD	-0.3 to +1.98	v	Ta= 25°C		
Input voltage for signals	Function Not	•	VF	-0.3 to VCC	v	Ta= 25 C		
	Function signal	for LED driver	PWM	-0.3 to +26.5	v			
	Function signal		BRTC	-0.3 to +26.5	V			
S	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-		
Operating t	omporatura	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3		
Operating	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4		
	Relative humidity		Relative humidity		RH	≤90	%	$Ta \le 40^{\circ}C$
	Note5	NII	≤ 80	%	$40^{\circ}C < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$			
	Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤70	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 50°C		

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: FRC and DPS

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

5.1 LeD parlet signal proc	8						(Ta= 25°C)
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	v	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	280 Note1	600 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	300	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.25V
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.8*VCC and 2.5	-	VCC	V	
DPS and FRC signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3*VCC	V	-
Input Current for DPS	High	IFH1	-	-	5	μΑ	-
input Current for DFS	Low	IFL1	-5	-	-	μΑ	-
Input Current for FRC	High	IFH2	-	-	370	μΑ	-
	Low	IFL2	1	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note4: Minimum VFH must be 2.5V or higher.

 $(T_{0}, 250C)$ 

### 4.3.2 Backlight lamp

							$(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$
Parame	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltag	e	VDD	10.8	12.0	12.6	V	Note1
Power supply curren	ıt	IDD	-	480	660 Note2	mA	At the maximum luminance control.
Permissible ripple vo	oltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD Note3
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	-	V	
PWM signals	Low	VDFL1	-	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	-	V	
BRTC signals	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.8	V	-
Input current for BRTC and PWM	High	IDFH	-	-	10	μΑ	
signals	Low	IDFL	1	-	-	μΑ	-
PWM frequency	PWM frequency		200	-	10k	Hz	Note4, Note5
PWM duty ratio	PWM duty ratio		1	-	100	%	Nota6 Nota7
PWM pulse width		tPWH	1	-	-	μs	Note6, Note7

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage. Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

- Note3: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.
- Note4: A recommended  $f_{PWM}$  value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n= integer, fv= frame frequency of LCD module)

- Note5: Depending on the frequency used, so noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.
- Note6: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than 1µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.
- Note7: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

### 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 300	mVp-p
VDD	12.0V	≤ 200	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

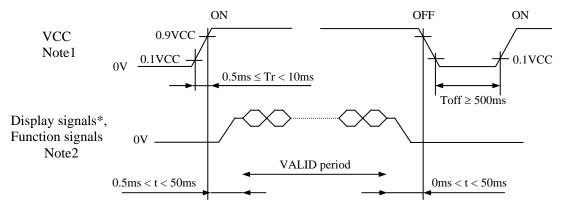
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	Fı	ise	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
I diameter	Туре	Supplier	Katilig	Fushig current	Kennarks
VCC FCC16152AB		KAMAYA	1.5A	3.0A	
vee	I'CC10132AB	ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.	36V	5.0A	Note1
VDD	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA	1.5A	2.0.4	Note1
٧DD	FUU10152AB	ELECTRIC Co., Ltd.	36V	3.0A	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

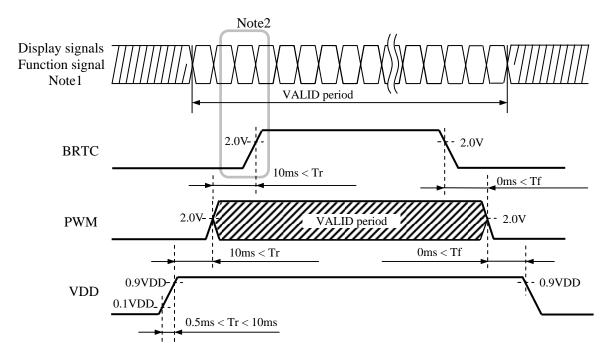
4.4.1 LCD panel



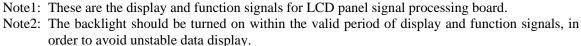
\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 0.9VCC, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS and FRC) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.



#### 4.4.2 LED driver board



### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

#### CN1 socket (LCD module side): MSB240420HE (Produced by STM) Adaptable plug: DF14-20S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks									
	-		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i									
1	VCC	Power supply	Note1									
2	VCC											
3	GND	Ground	Note1									
4	FRC	Select 6 or 8 bit LVDS input	VCC: 8Bit, GND: 6Bit Note3, Note4									
5	D0-	Direct data	N-4-2									
6	D0+	- Pixel data	Note2									
7	GND	Ground	Note1									
8	D1-	Direct data	Note2									
9	D1+	Pixel data	NOICZ									
10	GND	Ground	Note1									
11	D2-		N. ( 2									
12	D2+	Pixel data	Note2									
13	GND	Ground	Note1									
14	CLK-		N + 2									
15	CLK+	Pixel clock	Note2									
16	GND	Ground	Note1									
17	D3-/NC		Used for 8Bits LVDS input; N.C for 6Bits									
18	D3+/NC	Pixel data	Note2									
19	DPS	Display reverse function	VCC: Reverse display GND/N. C: Normal display Note5									
20	N. C./GND	Test function pin	Do not set this pin to high									

Note1: All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

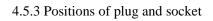
- Note4: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".
- Note5: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

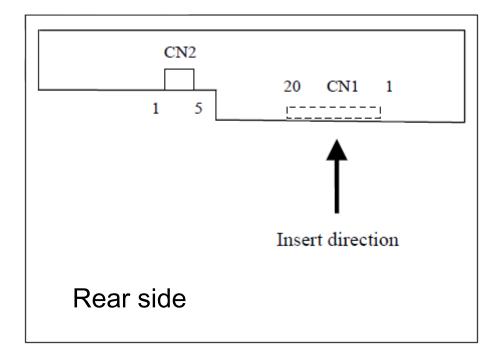
### 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

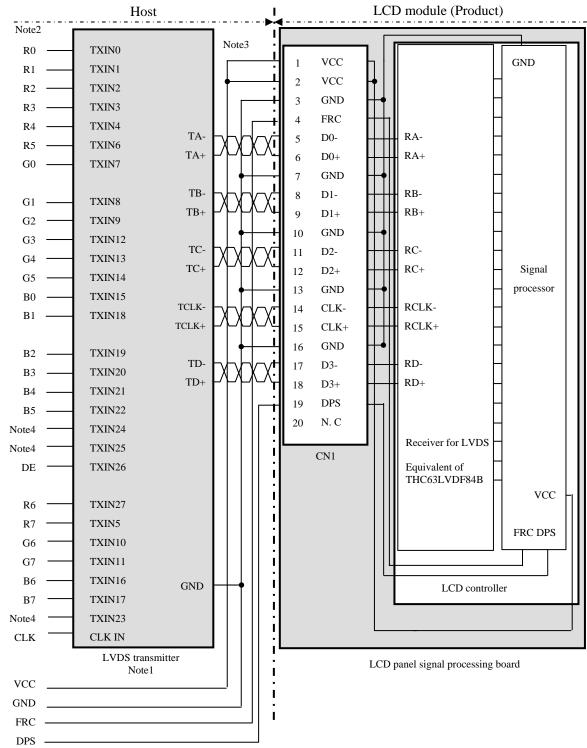
CN2 socket (LCD module side):	MSB24038P5 (Produced by STM)
Adaptable plug:	P24038P5 (Produced by STM)

Adaptab	le plug.	P24058P3 (Ploduced	1 Uy S1 WI)
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VDD	Power supply	Note1
2	GND	Ground	Note1
3	BRTC	Back light ON/OFF control	High- On / Low- Off
4	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming
5	N. C.	Non connection	Keep this pin Open.

Note1: All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.







4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit

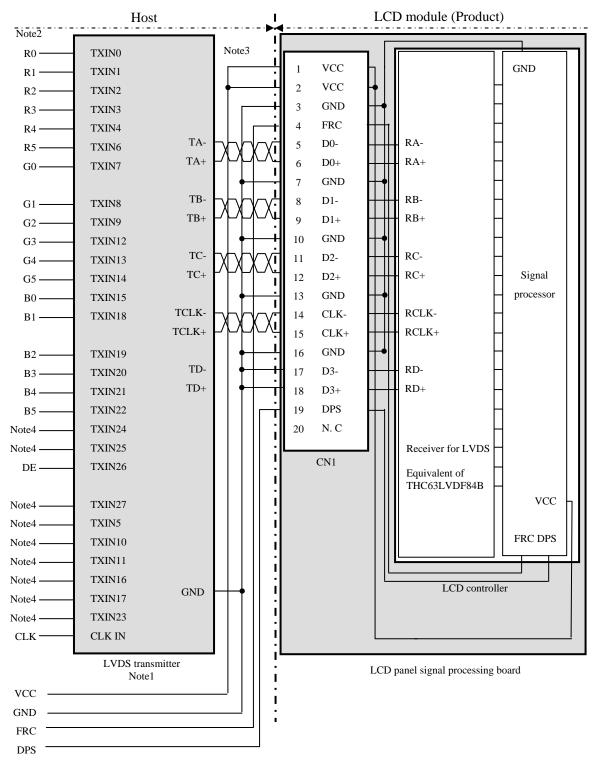
Note1: Recommended transmitter: DS90C383 (Texas Instruments) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TXIN23, TXIN24 and TXIN25 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TXIN23, TXIN24 and TXIN25 open to avoid noise problem.

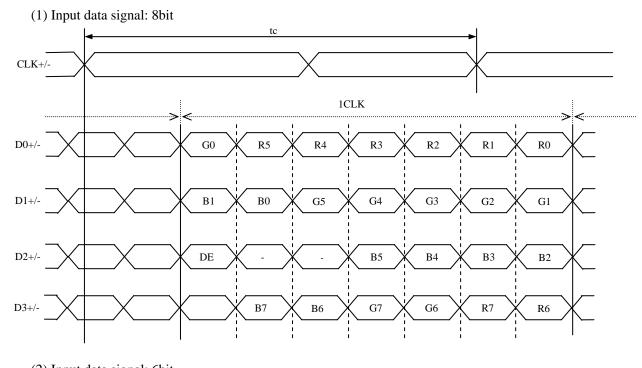
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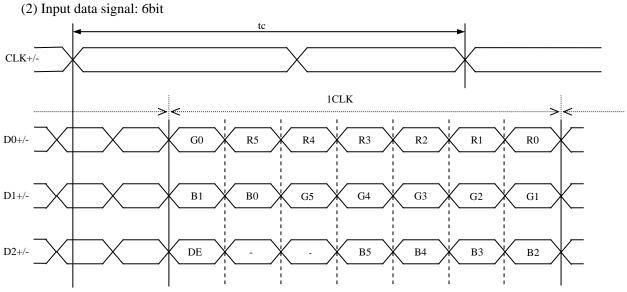
### (2) Input data signal: 6bit



- Note1: Recommended transmitter: DS90C383 (Texas Instruments) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R5, G5, B5
- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TXIN24, TXIN25, TXIN27, TXIN5, TXIN10, TXIN11, TXIN16, TXIN17 and TXIN23 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TXIN24, TXIN25, TXIN27, TXIN5, TXIN10, TXIN11, TXIN16, TXIN17 and TXIN23 open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping





### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

### 4.6.1 16,194,277 colors

Display colors									Data	a sig	nal	(0: I	Low	leve	el, 1:	: Hi	gh le	evel)							
Display	01013	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	' G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	5 B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Co	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\mathbf{B}^{a}$	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale						:																:			
g b	$\downarrow$	1	1	1	1	:	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	0	0	0
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0 1	1 0	0 0															
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o	DIACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay :	$\uparrow$					:								:								:			
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$					:								:								:			
ree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1					:								:								:			
le gj	$\downarrow$		0	0	0	:	0	0	0		0	0	0	:	0	0	0					:		0	
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	D1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### NLB121SV01L-01

### 4.6.2 262,144 colors

Display colors							Data	a sign	al (0:	Low	level	, 1: F	ligh le	evel)					
Display	/ 001018	R 5	R4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
$B_{i}$	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	$\uparrow$				:						:						:		
Red gray scale	$\downarrow$				:						:						:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
' sci	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray					:						:						:		
Green gray scale	$\downarrow$				:						:						:		
Jre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ŭ	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue gray scale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	$\uparrow \\ \downarrow$				:						:						:		
ne {	↓ bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
Bl	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
L	2140	-			~	-	,	-			÷		÷	-	-	-	-	-	-

### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel.

C (0,	0) B					
$\begin{pmatrix} C(0, 0) \end{pmatrix}$	C( 1, 0)	• • •	C( X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C( 0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C( X, 1)	• • •	C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, Y)	C( 1, Y)	• • •	C( X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C( 0, 766)	C( 1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)	• • •	C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C( 0, 767)	C(1, 599)	• • •	C( X, 599)	• • •	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

### 4.8 DISPLAY DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

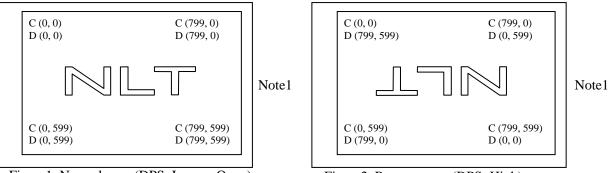


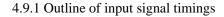
Figure1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

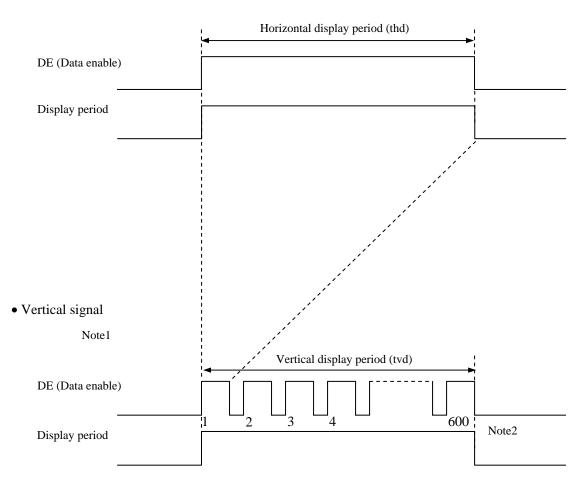
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS



• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

### 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

>1 <u>2</u> 18	endraeteristic	, ,					(Note	e1, Note2, Note3)
	Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Fre	1/tc	34.0	39.8	48.3	MHz	25.13 ns (typ.)	
CLK	]	Duty	-				-	
	Rise time, Fall time		-		-		ns	-
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns	
DATA	CER-DATA	Hold time	-	-			ns	-
	Rise time, Fall tin		-				ns	
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	21.23	26.5	31.85	μs	37.69 kHz (typ.)
		Cycle	ui	920	1,056	1,240	CLK	57.69 KHZ (typ.)
		Display period	thd	800			CLK	-
	Martinal.	Cycle	tv	13.33	16.67	20	ms	
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	ťv	608	628	650	Н	60.0 Hz (typ.)
	(0110 1111)	Display period	tvd	600			Н	
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns	
	CER-DE	Hold time	-	-			ns	-
	Rise tin	Rise time, Fall time					ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

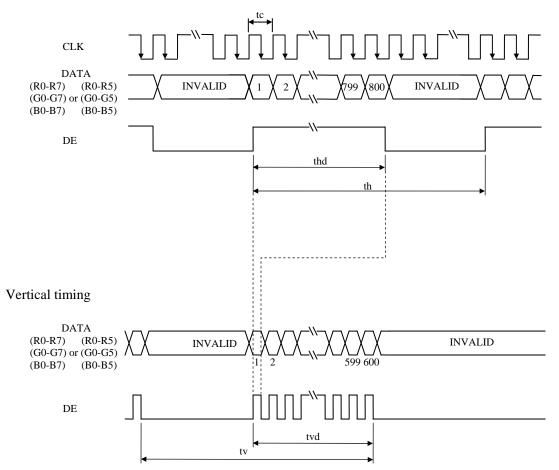
tc=1CLK, th=1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

### 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



### 4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

4.10.1 Opti								(Note1,	Note2)
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	280	450	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	atio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	CR	300	700	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.33	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	<b>x</b> coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	<b>x</b> coordinate	Rx	-	0.589	-	-		Note5
Chromaticity		<b>y</b> coordinate	Ry	-	0.339	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	<b>x</b> coordinate	Gx	-	0.328	-	-	SR-3	
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.592	-	-		
	Blue	<b>x</b> coordinate	Bx	-	0.151	-	-		
		y coordinate	By	-	0.095	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	50	55	-	%		
Response t	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	10	20	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Response t	me	Black to White	Toff	-	25	30	ms	-10000	Note7
	Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θR	-	80	-	0	BM-5A	
Viewing on -1-	Viewing angle	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θL	-	80	-	0	or	NIC
viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	-	65	-	0	EZ	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	-	75	-	0	Contrast	
NT ( 1		••••				•			

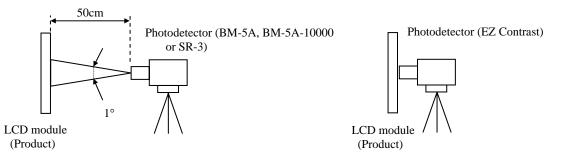
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM: Duty 100%,

Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.69kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal display

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



- Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".
- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 29°C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

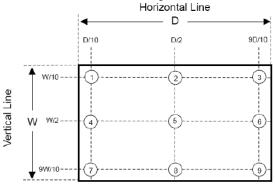
Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

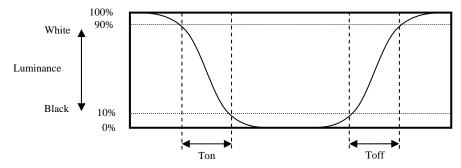
 $Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (3)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (3)}$ 

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.

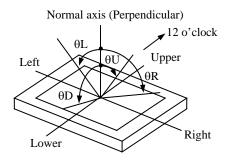


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from " white " to " black ", or " black " to " white " on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



### 5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

#### This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM Duty: 100%	50,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for an LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

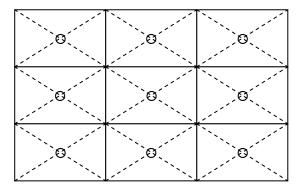
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

### 6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment	Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	<ol> <li>50 ± 2°C, RH= 80%, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>		
High temperature (Operation)	<ol> <li>70 ± 3°C, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>(1) -20 ± 3°C30minutes 60 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>(2) 100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>(3) Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>		
ESD (Operation)	<ul> <li>Contact Discharge</li> <li>150pF, 150Ω, ±8kV</li> <li>9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>25 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> <li>Air Discharge</li> <li>150pF, 330Ω, ±15kV</li> <li>9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>25 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions	
Vibration (Non operation)	<ol> <li>5 to 100Hz, 19.60m/s<sup>2</sup></li> <li>1 minute/cycle</li> <li>X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>120 times each directions</li> </ol>		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	<ul> <li>① 539m/s<sup>2</sup>, 11ms</li> <li>② X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>③ 3 times each directions</li> </ul>		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



### 7. PRECAUTIONS

### 7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!** 



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

### 7.2 CAUTIONS



\* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s<sup>2</sup> and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\$\operptyle\$16mm jig))



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑤ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ⑤ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working. When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ⑦ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

### 7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

### 7.3.3 Characteristics

### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (4) The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

### 7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

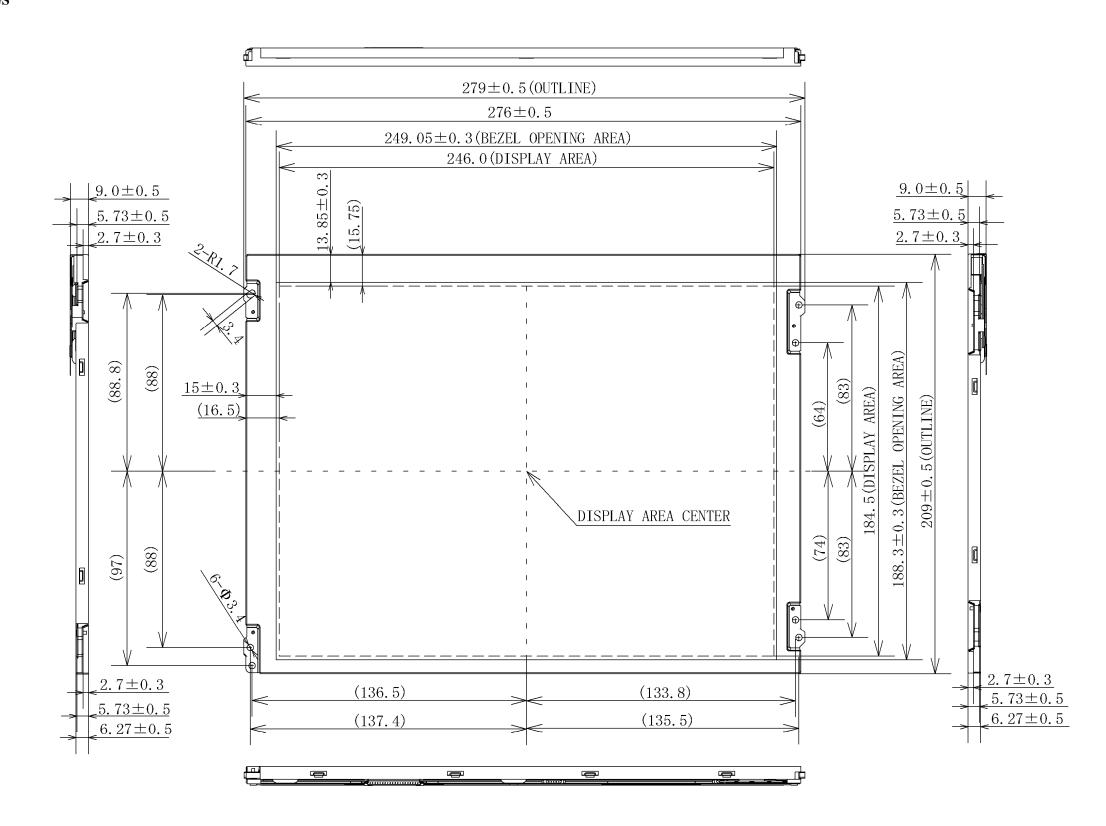
	China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)				
×	0	0	0	0	0				

Note1: O: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous smaterials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

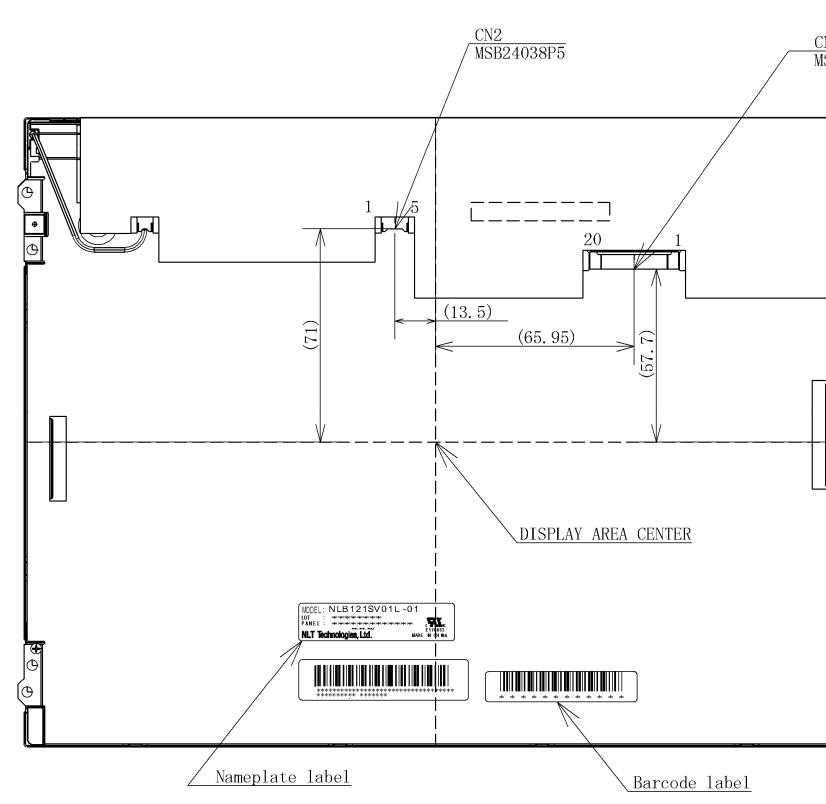
### 8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

### 8.1 FRONT VIEW

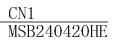


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.





Unit: mm