DATA SHEET



MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP82N06PLG

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The NP82N06PLG is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE	
NP82N06PLG-E1-AY Note		Tape		
NP82N06PLG-E2-AY Note	Pure Sn (Tin)	800 p/reel	TO-263 (MP-25ZP)	

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in the external electrode.)

FEATURES

• Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)1}$ = 6.7 m Ω MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, ID = 41 A)

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 8.5 \, m\Omega \, MAX. \, (V_{GS} = 5 \, V, \, I_{D} = 41 \, A)$

• Low input capacitance

Ciss = 5700 pF TYP.

• Built-in gate protection diode

(TO-263)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Vss = 0 V)	Voss	60	V
Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0 V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	ID(DC)	±82	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	ID(pulse)	±270	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P _{T1}	143	W
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	P _{T2}	1.8	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	175	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +175	°C
Repetitive Avalanche Current Note2	Iar	37	Α
Repetitive Avalanche Energy Note2	Ear	137	mJ

Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 1%

2. T_{ch} \leq 150°C, V_{DD} = 30 V, R_G = 25 Ω , V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 V, L = 100 μ H

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case Thermal Resistance	Rth(ch-C)	1.05	°C/W
Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance	Rth(ch-A)	83.3	°C/W

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

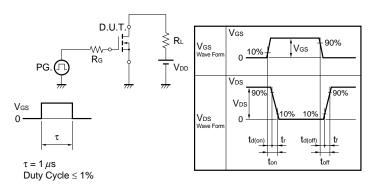
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V _{DS} = 60 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			1	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V _{GS} = ±20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Note	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 250 μA	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	yfs	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 41 A	19	40		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	R _{DS(on)1}	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 41 A		5.1	6.7	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	V _{GS} = 5 V, I _D = 41 A		6.4	8.5	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = 25 V,		5700	8550	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{GS} = 0 V,		420	630	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		275	500	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = 30 V, I _D = 41 A,		28	70	ns
Rise Time	tr	V _{GS} = 10 V,		22	60	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	$R_G = 0 \Omega$		79	160	ns
Fall Time	tf			9	30	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	V _{DD} = 48 V,		106	160	nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V _{GS} = 10 V,		29		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	I _D = 82 A		35		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V _{F(S-D)}	I _F = 82 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		0.9	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I _F = 82 A, V _{GS} = 0 V,		43		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/ <i>μ</i> s		65		nC

Note Pulsed

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

$V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V}$ V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD}

TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



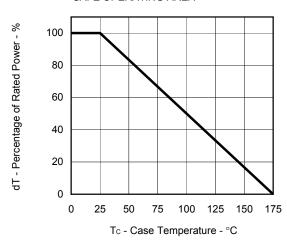
TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

PG.
$$\square$$
 $\stackrel{\bigcirc}{>} 50 \Omega$

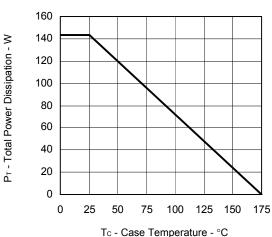
Starting Tch

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

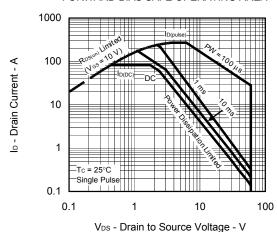
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

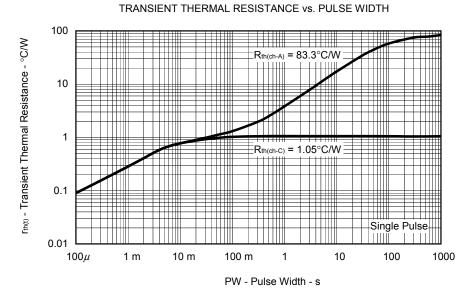


TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

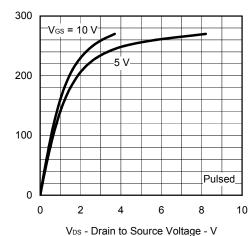




| yfs | - Forward Transfer Admittance - S

 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}$ - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - m Ω

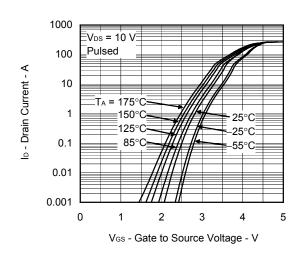
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



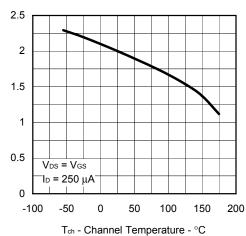
Ip - Drain Current - A

Vos(th) - Gate to Source Threshold Voltage - V

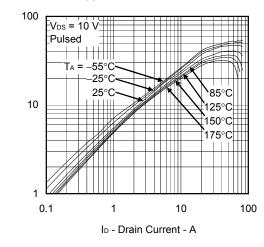
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



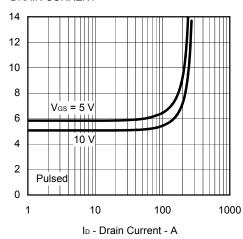
GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



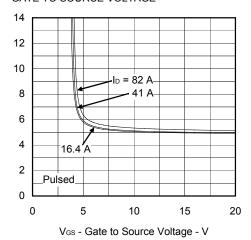
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

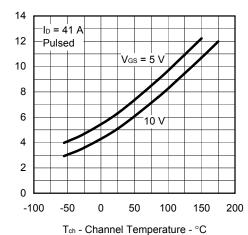


DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



R_{DS(on)} - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

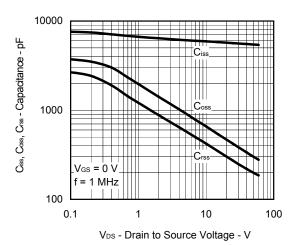




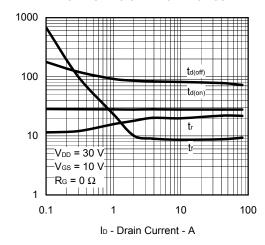
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}$ - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - $m\Omega$

ta(on), tr, ta(off), tr - Switching Time - ns

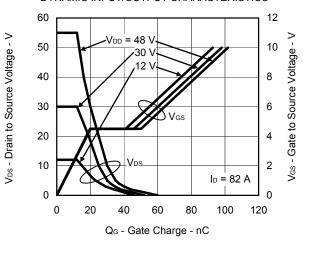
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



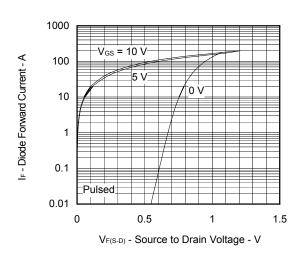
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



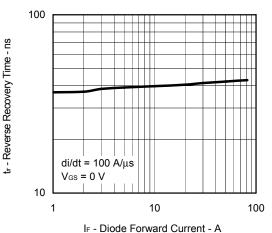
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

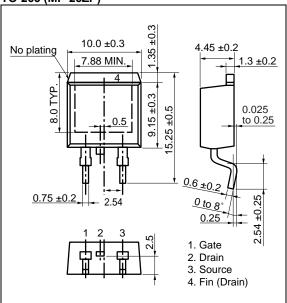


REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT

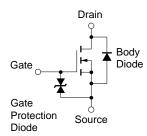


PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

TO-263 (MP-25ZP)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



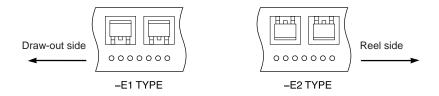
Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD.

When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

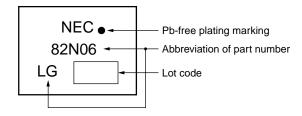


TAPE INFORMATION

There are two types (-E1, -E2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.



MARKING INFORMATION



RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The NP82N06PLG should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature): 260°C or below	IR60-00-3
	Time at maximum temperature: 10 seconds or less	
	Time of temperature higher than 220°C: 60 seconds or less	
	Preheating time at 160 to 180°C: 60 to 120 seconds	
	Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times	
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (percentage mass): 0.2% or less	
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below	P350
	Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less	
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less	

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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