### NICHIA CORPORATION

### SPECIFICATIONS FOR WARM WHITE LED

# NSBLL066A

Built-in ESD Protection Device

• RoHS Compliant



# SPECIFICATIONS

### (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Forward Current	$\mathbf{I}_{F}$	600	mA
Pulse Forward Current	$\mathrm{I}_{FP}$	900	mA
Allowable Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	85	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	21.6	W
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~100	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40~100	°C
Junction Temperature	T,	130	°C

\* Absolute Maximum Ratings at  $T_c=25^{\circ}C$ .

\*  $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize FP}}$  conditions with pulse width  ${\leq}10\mbox{ms}$  and duty cycle  ${\leq}10\%.$ 

 $\ast$  The operating Temperature (T\_{\tiny opr}) range is the range of case temperatures.

### (2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

Item		Symbol	Condition	Тур	Max	Unit	
Forward Voltage			VF	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	33.3	-	V
	Luminous Flux		Φ <sub>v</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	1470	-	lm
570	Color Rendering Index		Ra	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	73	-	-
R70	Chromaticity Coordinate	x -		I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	0.3818	-	-
		y -		I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	0.3797	-	-
	Luminous Flux		Φ <sub>v</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	1260	-	lm
<b>B0</b> 000	Color Rendering Index		Ra	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	83	-	-
R8000		x -		I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	0.4338	-	-
	Chromaticity Coordinate			I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	0.4030	-	-
Thermal Resistance			R <sub>ejc</sub>	-	1.8	2.1	°C/W

\* Characteristics at  $T_C=25^{\circ}C$ .

\* Luminous Flux value as per CIE 127:2007 standard.

\* Chromaticity Coordinates as per CIE 1931 Chromaticity Chart.

\*  $R_{\mbox{\tiny HJC}}$  is Thermal Resistance from junction to  $T_C$  measuring point.

# RANKS

Item	Rank		Min	Max	Unit	
Forward Voltage	-		30	36	V	
	J1450		1450	1600		
Luminous Flux	J1300		1300	1450		
	J1150		1150	1300	lm	
	J1000 1000			1150		
	R70	R <sub>a</sub>	70	-	-	
Color Rendering Index		R <sub>a</sub>	80	-	-	
	R8000	R <sub>9</sub>	0	-	-	

#### Color Ranks

		Rank sm243	Rank sm273	Rank sm303	Rank sm353	Rank sm403	Rank sm453
	x	0.4829 0.	4578 0.	4338	0.4073 0.	3818 0.	3611
Center Point	у	0.4144 0.	4101 0.	4030	0.3917 0.	3797 0.	3658

\* Ranking at T<sub>c</sub>=25°C.

\* Forward Voltage Tolerance: ±0.32V

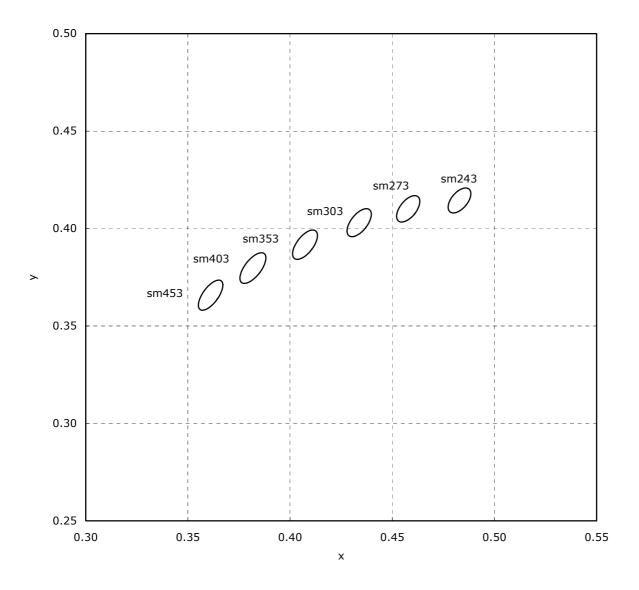
- \* Luminous Flux Tolerance: ±7%
- \* Color Rendering Index  $R_a$  Tolerance:  $\pm 2$
- \* Color Rendering Index  $R_9$  Tolerance:  $\pm 6.5$
- $\ast$  The  $R_9$  value for the above rank shall be greater than 0.
- \* Chromaticity Coordinate Tolerance:  $\pm 0.005$
- \* The color rank has a chromaticity range within a 3-step MacAdam ellipse.
- \* LEDs from the above ranks will be shipped.

The rank combination ratio per shipment will be decided by Nichia.

#### Luminous Flux Ranks by Color Rank, Color Rendering Index Rank

	Ranking by Luminous Flux				
Ranking by	Ranking by			J1300	J1450
Color Coordinates,	Color Coordinates,				
Color Rendering Ind	lex				
sm243,sm273	R8000				
sm303,sm353	R8000				
100	R70				
sm403	R8000				
sm453	R8000				

# CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM



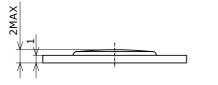
#### NICHIA STS-DA1-2677A <Cat.No.130528>

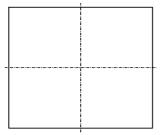
# OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

\* 本製品はRoHS指令に適合しております。 This product complies with RoHS Directive. NSBxL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-3990

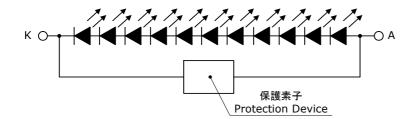
(単位 Unit: mm, 公差 Tolerance: ±0.3)

発光部中心の位置精度 ±0.3mm The center of emitting area to be centered  $\pm 0.3$ mm. 17 Cathode 14 1 Ο 7 16 14 V ₽ Anode (9) (11) 19





項目 Item	内容 Description
パッケージ材質 Package Materials	セラミックス Ceramics
封止樹脂材質 Encapsulating Resin Materials	シリコーン樹脂 (拡散剤+蛍光体入り) Silicone Resin (with diffuser and phosphor)
電極材質 Electrodes Materials	金メッキ Au-plated
質量 Weight	1.2g(TYP)



# SOLDERING

• Recommended Hand Soldering Condition

Temperature	380°C Max
Soldering Time	5sec Max

\* Hand soldering must not be performed more than once.

- \* Since the silicone used in the encapsulating resin frame is soft, do not press on the encapsulating resin frame or resin area. Pressure can cause nicks, chip-outs, encapsulant delamination and deformation, and wire breaks, decreasing reliability.
- \* Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- \* When soldering, do not apply stress to the LED while the LED is hot.
- \* When using a pick and place machine, choose an appropriate nozzle for this product. Using a pick-and-place nozzle with a smaller diameter than the size of the LED's emitting surface will cause damage to the emitting surface and may also cause the LED not to illuminate.
- \* When flux is used, it should be a halogen free flux. Ensure that the manufacturing process is not designed in a manner where the flux will come in contact with the LEDs.

# TRAY DIMENSIONS

\* 数量は1トレイにつき 54個入りです。 Tray Size: 54pcs

管理番号 No.

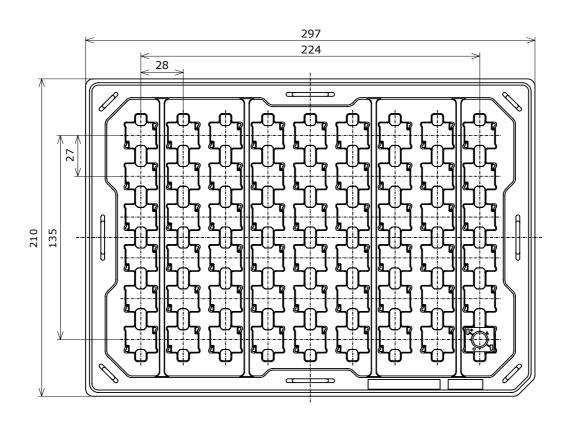
NxxxL066x STS-DA7-3991

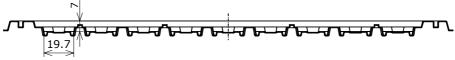
(単位 Unit: mm)

16.

11ay Size: 54pcs \* 寸法は参考です。

All dimensions shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.





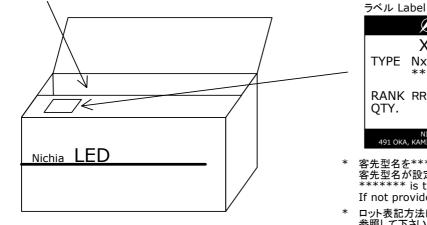
### PACKAGING - TRAY PACK

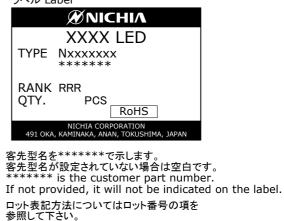
シリカゲルとともにトレイをアルミ防湿袋に入れ、熱シールにより封をします。 Trays are shipped with desiccants in heat-sealed moisture-proof bags.

シリカゲル Desiccants 熱シール Seal アルミ防湿袋 Moisture-proof bag Nxxxxxx 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-0007C



アルミ防湿袋を並べて入れ、ダンボールで仕切ります。 Moisture-proof bags are packed in cardboard boxes with corrugated partitions.





参照して下さい。 For details, see "LOT NUMBERING CODE" in this document.

- \* 本製品はトレイに入れたのち、輸送の衝撃から保護するためダンボールで梱包します。
  Products shipped on trays are packed in a moisture-proof bag.
  They are shipped in cardboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation.
- They are simpped in caraboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation. \* 取り扱いに際して、落下させたり、強い衝撃を与えたりしますと、製品を損傷させる原因になりますので注意して下さい。
- Do not drop or expose the box to external forces as it may damage the products. \* ダンボールには防水加工がされておりませんので、梱包箱が水に濡れないよう注意して下さい。
- Do not expose to water. The box is not water-resistant. \* 輸送、運搬に際して弊社よりの梱包状態あるいは同等の梱包を行って下さい。
- Using the original package material or equivalent in transit is recommended.

# LOT NUMBERING CODE

Lot Number is presented by using the following alphanumeric code.

YMxxxx	-	RRR	
--------	---	-----	--

Y - Year

Cui	
Year	Y
2009	9
2010	А
2011	В
2012	С
2013 D	
2014	E

#### M - Month

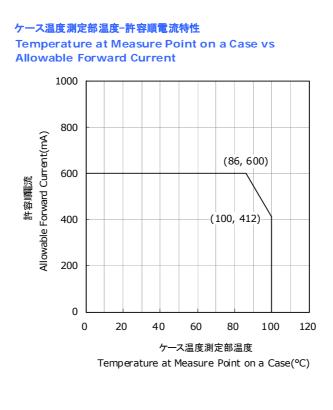
Month	М	Month	М
1	1	7	7
2	2 2 8		8
3	3 9		9
4	4	10	А
5	5	11	В
6	6	12	С

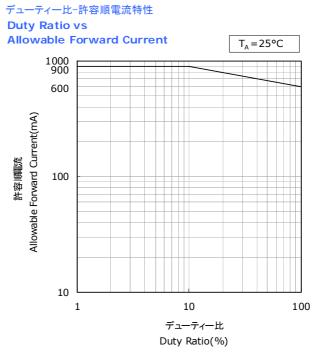
xxxx-Nichia's Product Number

RRR-Ranking by Color Coordinates, Ranking by Luminous Flux, Ranking by Color Rendering Index

# DERATING CHARACTERISTICS

NSBxL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4280





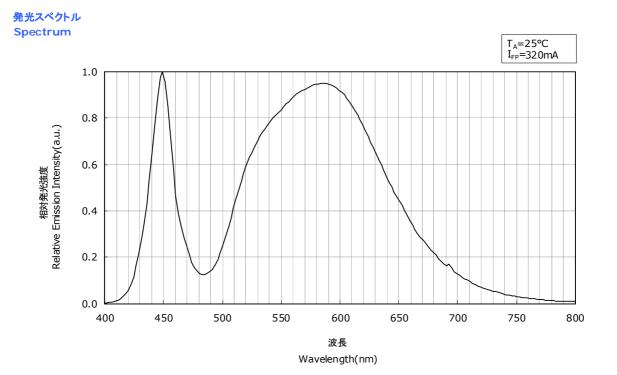
9

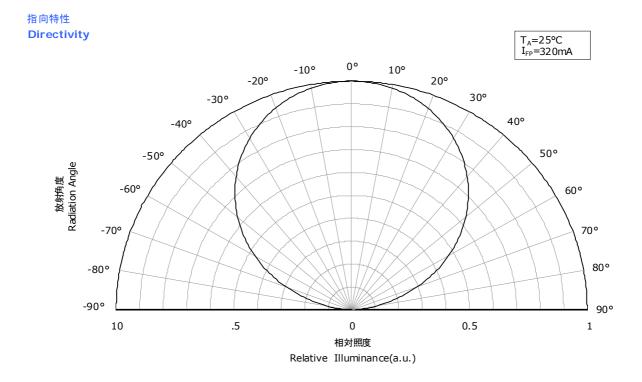
# **OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSBLL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4321





\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。

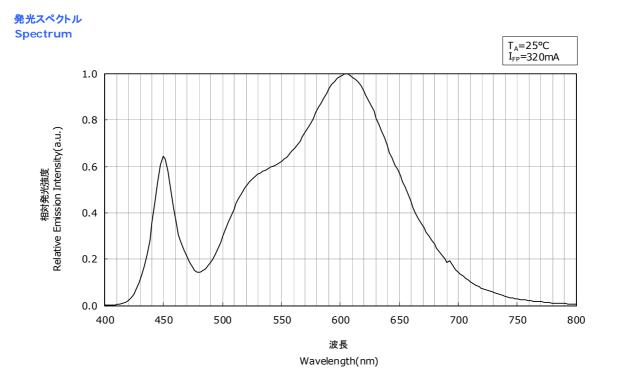
The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

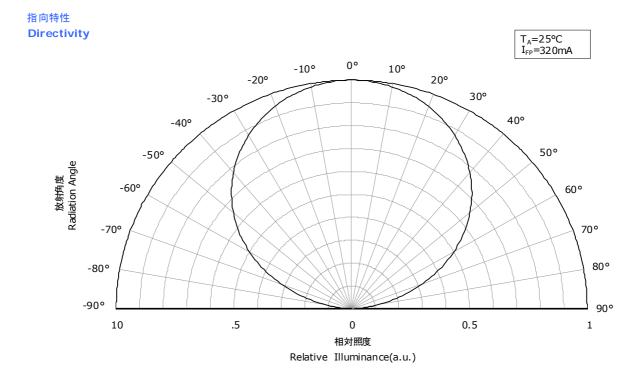
# **OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

\* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSBLL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4322





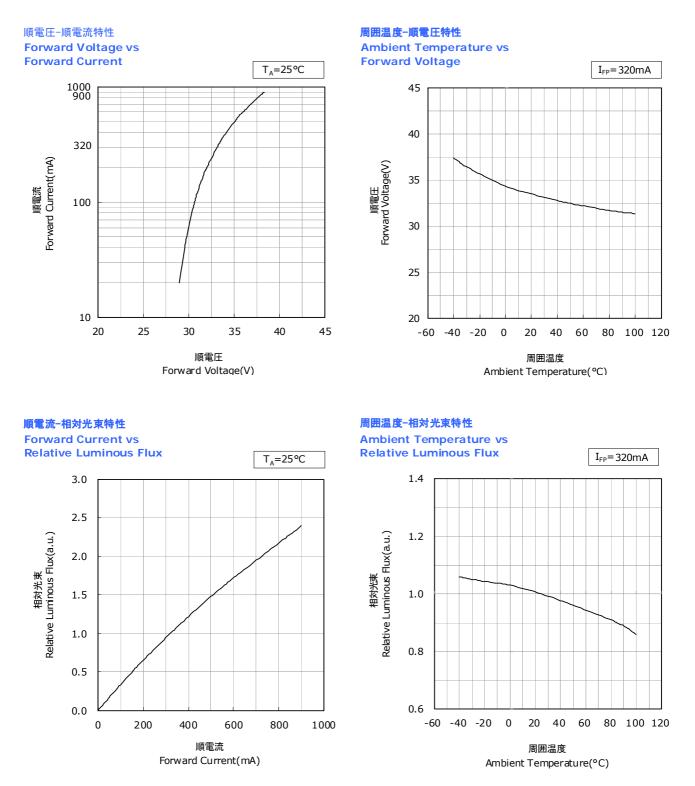
\*本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。 The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

## FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

#### \* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSBLL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4323

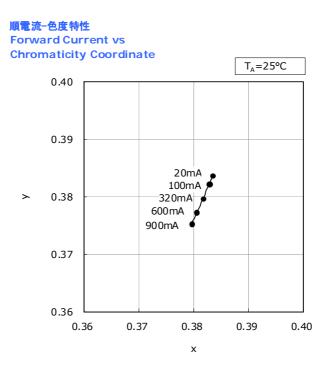


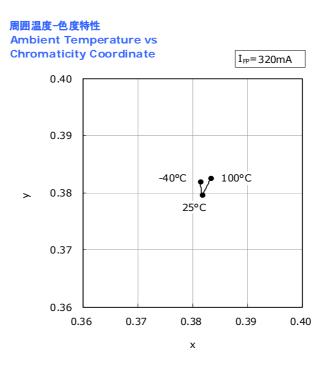
# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

#### \* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSBLL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4324





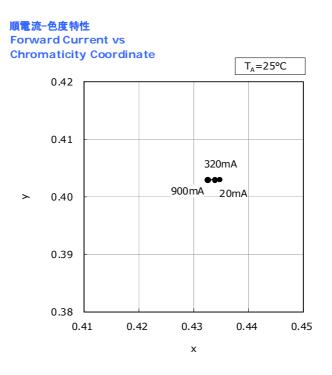
\* 本特性は演色性ランクR70に対応しています。 The graphs above show the characteristics for R70 LEDs of this product.

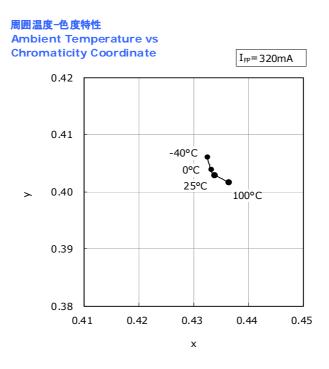
# FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

#### \* 本特性は参考です。

All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.

NSBLL066A 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-4325





\* 本特性は演色性ランクR8000に対応しています。 The graphs above show the characteristics for R8000 LEDs of this product.

# RELIABILITY

### (1) Tests and Results

Test	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Test Duration	Failure Criteria #	Units Failed/Tested
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40°C(30min)~25°C(5min)~ 100°C(30min)~25°C(5min)	100cycles #1		0/10
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	T <sub>A</sub> =100°C 1000hours		#1	0/10
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	T <sub>A</sub> =60°C, RH=90%	1000hours	#1	0/10
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	T <sub>A</sub> =-40°C 1000hours		#1	0/10
High Temperature Operating Life		$T_c$ =85°C, I <sub>F</sub> =600mA 1000hours		#1	0/10
Electrostatic Discharges	JEITA ED-4701 300 304	HBM, 2kV, $1.5k\Omega$ , 100pF, 3pulses, alternately positive or negative	#1		0/10

### NOTES:

Measuremen ts are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.

### (2) Failure Criteria

	Criteria #	Items	Conditions	Failure Criteria
		Forward Voltage(V <sub>F</sub> )	I <sub>F</sub> =320mA	>Initial value×1.1
	#1	Luminous Flux( $\Phi_v$ ) I	<sub>F</sub> =320mA <init< td=""><td>ial value×0.7</td></init<>	ial value×0.7

# CAUTIONS

### (1) Storage

Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	≤30°C	≤90%RH	Within 1 Year from Delivery Date
	After Opening Aluminum Bag	≤30°C	≤70%RH	≤168hours

• After opening the moisture-proof aluminum bag, the products should go through the soldering process within the range of the conditions stated above. Unused remaining LEDs should be stored with silica gel desiccants in a hermetically sealed container, preferably the original moisture-proof bags for storage.

 Although the leads or electrode pads (anode and cathode) of the product are plated with gold, prolonged exposure to a corrosive environment might cause the gold plated the leads or electrode pads to tarnish. If unused LEDs remain, they must be stored in a hermetically sealed container. Nichia recommends using the original moisture-proof bag for storage.

 Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products. Some materials, such as seals and adhesives, may contain sulfur. The contaminated plating of LEDs might cause an open circuit. Silicone rubber is recommended as a material for seals. Bear in mind, the use of silicones may lead to silicone contamination of electrical contacts inside the products, caused by low molecular weight volatile siloxane.

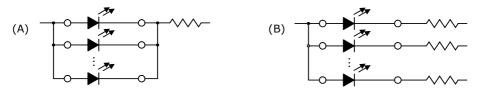
- To prevent water condensation, please avoid large temperature and humidity fluctuations for the storage conditions.
- Do not store the LEDs in a dusty environment.
- Do not expose the LEDs to direct sunlight and/or an environment where the temperature is higher than normal room temperature.

### (2) Directions for Use

• When designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating.

Operating at a constant current per LED is recommended. In case of operating at a constant voltage, Circuit B is recommended. If the LEDs are operated with constant voltage using Circuit A, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation

in Forward Voltage characteristics of the LEDs.



• This product should be operated using forward current. Ensure that the product is not subjected to either forward or reverse voltage while it is not in use. In particular, subjecting it to continuous reverse voltage may cause migration, which may cause damage to the LED die. When used in displays that are not used for a long time, the main power supply should be switched off for safety.

- Pulse width modulation (PWM) is recommended for dimming LEDs as color point changes with drive current.
- It is recommended to operate the LEDs at a current greater than 10% of the sorting current to stabilize the LED characteristics.
- Ensure that excessive voltages such as lightning surges are not applied to the LEDs.
- For outdoor use, necessary measures should be taken to prevent water, moisture and salt air damage.

### (3) Handling Precautions

- Do not handle the LEDs with bare hands as it will contaminate the LED surface and may affect the optical characteristics: it might cause the LED to be deformed and/or the wire to break, which will cause the LED not to illuminate.
- When handling the product with tweezers, be careful not to apply excessive force to the resin.

Otherwis e, The resin can be cut, chipped, delaminate or deformed, causing wire-bond breaks and catastrophic failures.

- Dropping the product may cause damage.
- Do not stack assembled the products. Failure to comply can cause the resin portion of the product to be cut, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed. It may cause wire to break, leading to catastrophic failures.

#### (4) Design Consideration

- Excessive forces on this product can cause the ceramic package to crack.
  - It is recommended to use a holder when fixing this product to a chassis.
- It is recommended to use a thermal film or thermal grease between the product and a chassis for increased heat dissipation.

### (5) Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

• The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability.

When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended: E liminating the charge

Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors

Grounded workstation equipment and tools

ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials

- Ensure that tools (e.g. soldering irons), jigs and machines that are being used are properly grounded and that proper grounding techniques are used in work areas. For devices/equipment that mount the LEDs, protection against surge voltages should also be used.
- If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic,

the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Diss ipating static charge with conductive materials

Preventi ng charge generation with moisture

N eutralizing the charge with ionizers

### (6) Thermal Management

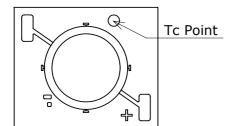
- Proper thermal management is an important when designing products with LEDs. LED die temperature is affected by LED module thermal resistance and LED spacing. Please design products in a way that the LED die temperature does not exceed the maximum Junction Temperature (T<sub>J</sub>).
- The dice temperature of the products should be calculated, using the case temperature (T<sub>c</sub>) of the product incorporated into the end-product, by the following equation.

$$T_{J} = T_{C} + R_{\theta JC} \cdot W$$

\* T<sub>J</sub>=LED junction temperature: °C

R  $_{ ext{BJC}}$ =Thermal resistance from junction to T<sub>c</sub> measuring point: °C/W

W=Input power( $I_F \times V_F$ ): W



### (7) Cleaning

- The LEDs should not be cleaned with water, benzine, and/or thinner.
- If required, isopropyl alcohol (IPA) should be used. Other solvents may cause premature failure to the LEDs due to the damage to the resin portion. The effects of such solvents should be verified prior to use. In addition, the use of CFCs such as Freon is heavily regulated.
- When dust and/or dirt adheres to the LEDs, soak a cloth with Isopropyl alcohol (IPA), then squeeze it before wiping the LEDs.
- Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended since it may have adverse effects on the LEDs depending on the ultrasonic power and how LED is assembled.

If ultrasonic cleaning must be used, the customer is advised to make sure the LEDs will not be damaged prior to cleaning.

### (8) Eye Safety

• In 2006, the International Electrical Commission (IEC) published IEC 62471:2006 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems, which added LEDs in its scope.

On the other hand, the IEC 60825-1:2007 laser safety standard removed LEDs from its scope. However, please be advised that some countries and regions have adopted standards based on the IEC laser safety standard IEC 60825-1:20112001, which still includes LEDs in its scope. Most of Nichia's LEDs can be classified as belonging into either the Exempt Group or Risk Group 1.

- Hi gh-power LEDs, that emit light containing blue wavelengths, may be classified as Risk Group 2. Please proceed with caution when viewing directly any LEDs driven at high current, or viewing LEDs with optical instruments which may greatly increase the damages to your eyes.
- Viewing a flashing light may cause eye discomfort. When incorporating the LED into your product, pl ease be careful to avoid adverse effects on the human body caused by light stimulation.

### (9) Others

- The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, commun ications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances).
  Consult Nichia's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control system, automobiles, tr affic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- The customer shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective LEDs are found, the customer shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The specifications and appearance of this product may change without notice;
  Nichia does not guarantee the contents of this specification. Both the customer and Nichia
  will agree on the official specifications of supplied products before the volume production of a program begins.