# **Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet**

| 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification |                      |  |                  |                        |
|--|----------------------|--|------------------|------------------------|
| Product Name:                                  | Helium, compressed ( | MSDS No. P-4602-F)                       | Trade Name: Hel  | ium, Medipure™ Helium  |
| Chemical Name: Helium                          |                      | Synonyms: Helium-4, refrigerant gas R704 |                  |                        |
| Formula: He                                    |                      |  | Chemical Family: | Rare gas               |
| Telephone:                                     | <b>Emergencies:</b>  | 1-800-645-4633*                          | Company Name:    | Praxair, Inc.          |
|  | <b>CHEMTREC:</b>     | 1-800-424-9300*                          |                  | 39 Old Ridgebury Road  |
|  | Routine:             | 1-800-PRAXAIR                            |                  | Danbury, CT 06810-5113 |

\* Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier, Praxair sales representative, or call 1-800-PRAXAIR (1-800-772-9247).

#### 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

This section covers materials of manufacture only. See sections 3, 8, 11, and 16 for information on by-products generated during use, especially use in welding and cutting. See section 16 for important information about mixtures.

|                 |             | CONCEN-<br>TRATION | OSHA PEL                   | ACGIH TLV-TWA (2002) |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Helium          | 7440-59-7   | >99%*              | None currently established | Simple asphyxiant    |
| *The symbol > m | eans "areat | er than."          | •                          |                      |

## 3. Hazards Identification

## EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION! High-pressure gas. Can cause rapid suffocation. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers. Odor: None

**THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE:** Simple asphyxiant (ACGIH, 2002). ACGIH recommends a TLV-TWA of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for welding fumes not otherwise classified (NOC) that may be generated during welding with this product. See section 16 for more information on welding hazards. TLV-TWAs should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and not as fine lines between safe and dangerous concentrations.

## EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:

**INHALATION**–Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.

SKIN CONTACT-No harm expected.

**SWALLOWING**-This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT-No harm expected.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE: No harm expected.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Helium is an asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:** The toxicology and the physical and chemical properties of helium suggest that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION: None known.

CARCINOGENICITY: Helium is not listed by NTP, OSHA, or IARC.

## 4. First Aid Measures

**INHALATION:** Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water; seek medical attention if discomfort persists.

**SWALLOWING:** This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

**EYE CONTACT:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get medical attention if discomfort persists.

**NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:** There is no specific antidote. This product is inert. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

| 5. Fire Fighting Measures             |   |  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| FLASH POINT (test method):            | Not applicable                              |  |
| AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:             | Not applicable                              |  |
| FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % by volume: | LOWER: Not applicable UPPER: Not applicable |  |

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Helium cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: CAUTION! High-pressure gas.** Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately deluge cylinders with water from maximum distance until cool; then move them away from fire area if without risk. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Helium cannot catch fire. Heat of fire can build pressure in cylinder and cause it to rupture. No part of cylinder should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Helium cylinders are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.)

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: None known.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: CAUTION! High-pressure gas.** Helium is an asphyxiant; lack of oxygen can kill. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use selfcontained breathing apparatus where needed. Shut off flow if you can do so without risk. Ventilate area or move cylinder to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry.

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:** Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE:** Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING:** Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the cylinder. High temperatures may damage the cylinder and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the cylinder contents. For other precautions in using helium, see section 16.

For additional information on storage and handling, refer to Compressed Gas Association (CGA) pamphlet P-1, *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers*, available from the CGA. Refer to section 16 for the address and phone number along with a list of other available publications.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

**LOCAL EXHAUST**–Use a local exhaust system, if necessary, to prevent oxygen deficiency, and in welding, to keep hazardous fumes and gases below applicable TLVs in the worker's breathing zone.

**MECHANICAL** (general)–General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air and keep hazardous fumes and gases below applicable TLVs in the worker's breathing zone.

SPECIAL-None

OTHER-None

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use air-purifying or air-supplied respirators, as appropriate, where local or general exhaust ventilation is inadequate. Adequate ventilation must keep worker exposure below applicable TLVs for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding with helium. See sections 3, 10, and 16 for details. An air-supplied respirator must be used in confined spaces. Respiratory protection must conform to OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear work gloves when handling cylinders; welding gloves for welding.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders. For welding, wear goggles with filter lens selected as per ANSI Z49.1. Provide protective screens and goggles, if necessary, to protect others. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Metatarsal shoes for container handling; select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132 and 1910.133. As needed, wear hand, head, and body protection to prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as substantial clothing. Regardless of protective equipment, never touch live electrical parts.

| 9. Physical and Chemical Properties                           |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| MOLECULAR WEIGHT:   | 4.00   |  |
| <b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</b> (Air = 1) at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm: | 0.138  |  |
| GAS DENSITY at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:                       | 0.0103 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> (0.165 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |  |
| SOLUBILITY IN WATER, vol/vol at 32°F (0°C) and 1 atm:         | 0.0094   |  |
| PERCENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME:                                  | 100  |  |
| BOILING POINT at 1 atm:                                       | -452.07°F (-268.93°C)                                |  |
| FREEZING POINT/MELTING POINT at 1 atm:                        | None   |  |

**APPEARANCE, ODOR, AND STATE:** Colorless, odorless, tasteless gas at normal temperature and pressure.

| 10. Stability and Reactivity                    |                        |                  |  |
|---|------------------------|------------------|--|
| STABILITY:                                      | Unstable               | Stable           |  |
| <b>INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):</b> No | ne known. Helium is ch | nemically inert. |  |
| HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCT                 | <b>FS:</b> None known. |                  |  |
| HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:                       | May Occur              | Will Not Occur   |  |
| <b>CONDITIONS TO AVOID:</b> None known.         |                        |                  |  |

#### 11. Toxicological Information

Helium is a simple asphyxiant. The welding process may generate hazardous fumes and gases. (See section 16.)

## **12. Ecological Information**

No adverse ecological effects expected. Helium does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. Helium is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:** Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

| 14. Transport Information                 |                               |         |                  |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|------------------|
| DOT/IMO SHIPPING NAME                     | Helium, compressed            |         |                  |
| HAZARD CLASS: 2.2                         | <b>IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:</b> | UN 1046 | PRODUCT RQ: None |
| SHIPPING LABEL(s):                        | NONFLAMMABLE                  | GAS     |                  |
| PLACARD (when required): NONFLAMMABLE GAS |                               |         |                  |

**SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:** Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, nonventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

Shipment of compressed gas cylinders that have been filled without the owner's consent is a violation of federal law [49 CFR 173.301(b)].

#### **15. Regulatory Information**

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

#### **U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:**

#### EPA (ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY)

**CERCLA:** COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302):

Reportable Quantity (RQ): None

SARA: SUPERFUND AMENDMENT AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT:

**SECTIONS 302/304:** Require emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQ) of Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) (40 CFR Part 355):

Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): None EHS RQ (40 CFR 355): None

**SECTIONS 311/312:** Require submission of MSDSs and reporting of chemical inventories with identification of EPA hazard categories. The hazard categories for this product are as follows:

| IMMEDIATE: No | PRESSURE: Yes         |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| DELAYED: No   | <b>REACTIVITY:</b> No |
|               | FIRE: No              |

**SECTION 313:** Requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR Part 372.

Helium does not require reporting under Section 313.

**40 CFR 68:** RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR CHEMICAL ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION: Requires development and implementation of risk management programs at facilities that manufacture, use, store, or otherwise handle regulated substances in quantities that exceed specified thresholds.

Helium is not listed as a regulated substance.

**TSCA:** TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: Helium is listed on the TSCA inventory.

#### **OSHA:** OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION:

**29 CFR 1910.119:** PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Requires facilities to develop a process safety management program based on Threshold Quantities (TQ) of highly hazardous chemicals.

Helium is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical.

#### **STATE REGULATIONS:**

**CALIFORNIA:** Helium is not listed by California under the SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (Proposition 65).

**PENNSYLVANIA:** This product is subject to the PENNSYLVANIA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT (35 P.S. Sections 7301-7320).

#### 16. Other Information

Be sure to read and understand all labels and instructions supplied with all containers of this product.

**OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE:** *High-pressure gas.* Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. *Gas can cause rapid suffocation* due to oxygen deficiency. Store and use with adequate ventilation at all times. Close valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. *Never work on a pressurized system.* If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Blow the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, state, and local laws; then repair the leak. *Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.* 

**SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS:** *Use in welding and cutting.* Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. See American Standard Z49.1, *Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, published by the American Welding Society, www.aws.org—order from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112-5776 and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR 1910), US Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, for more information.

*Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials.* Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, *Standard for Fire Prevention in Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork.* **Do not strike an arc on the cylinder.** The defect produced by an arc burn could lead to cylinder rupture.

*Use in Underwater Breathing.* Suitability of this product for use in underwater breathing must be determined by or under supervision of someone experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures. This person must be familiar with *how* the product is used; the frequency, duration, and effects of use; the hazards and side effects of use, and the precautions to take to avoid or control them.

**MIXTURES:** When you mix two or more gases or liquefied gases, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties that can cause serious injury or death.

#### HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS:

| NFPA RATINGS: | HN               | AIS RATINGS:               |                   |
|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| HEALTH        | = 0              | HEALTH                     | = 0               |
| FLAMMABILITY  | = 0              | FLAMMABILITY               | = 0               |
| INSTABILITY   | = 0              | PHYSICAL HAZARD            | = 0               |
| SPECIAL       | = SA (CGA recomm | nends this to designate Si | mple Asphyxiant.) |

#### STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

| THREADED:                        | 0-3000 psig    | CGA-580 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|
|                                  | 3001-5500 psig | CGA-680 |
|                                  | 5001-7500 psig | CGA-677 |
| PIN-INDEXED YOKE:                | CGA-930 (Medic | al Use) |
| ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY CONNECTION: | CGA-718        |         |

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlet V-1 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about this product can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700.

| AV-1  | Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gases                    |
|-------|--|
| G-9.1 | Commodity Specification for Helium                               |
| P-1   | Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers                  |
| P-9   | The Inert Gases—Argon, Nitrogen, and Helium                      |
| P-14  | Accident Prevention in Oxygen-Rich, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres |
| SB-2  | Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres                                     |
| SB-8  | Use of Oxy-Fuel Gas Welding and Cutting Apparatus                |
| V-1   | Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections       |
|       | Handbook of Compressed Gases, Fourth Edition                     |

Praxair asks users of this product to study this MSDS and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this MSDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair MSDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current Praxair MSDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative or local distributor or supplier. If you have questions regarding Praxair MSDSs, would like the form number and date of the latest MSDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (**Phone:** 1-800-PRAXAIR; **Address:** Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., PO Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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