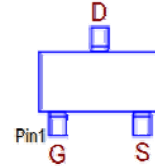
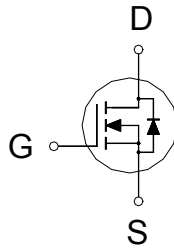




G: GATE  
D: DRAIN  
S: SOURCE

**PRODUCT SUMMARY**

$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D$
100V	190mΩ	1.6A



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  Unless Otherwise Noted)**

PARAMETERS/TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	LIMITS	UNITS
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.6
		$T_A = 70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.3
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	7	A
Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	$P_D$	$T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.25
		$T_A = 70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.8
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature Range	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS**

THERMAL RESISTANCE	SYMBOL	TYPICAL	MAXIMUM	UNITS
Junction-to-Ambient <sup>2</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$		100	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction-to-Ambient <sup>2</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$		147	

<sup>1</sup>Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

<sup>2</sup>The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

<sup>3</sup>The Power dissipation is based on  $R_{\theta JA} t \leq 10\text{s}$  value.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Noted)**

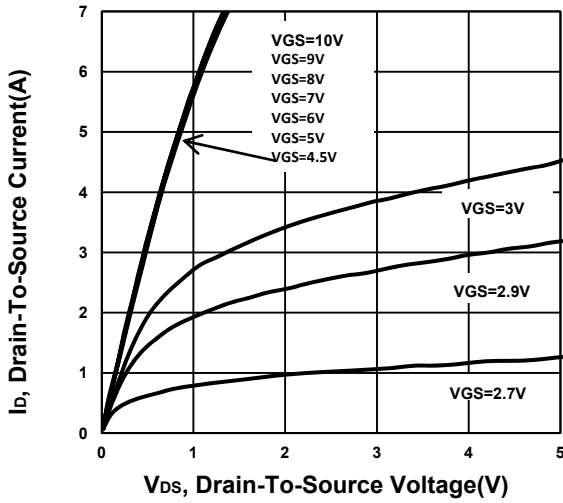
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
<b>STATIC</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	100			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.9	2.3	

Gate-Body Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 100$	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 80V, V_{GS} = 0V$			1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS} = 80V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 100\text{ }^\circ C$			10	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>1</sup>	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 1.6A$		148	190	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 1.6A$		159	205	
Forward Transconductance <sup>1</sup>	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 5V, I_D = 1.6A$		7		S
<b>DYNAMIC</b>						
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V, f = 1MHz$		301		$\mu F$
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			29		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			19		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V, f = 1MHz$		2.3		$\Omega$
Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$Q_g$	$V_{DS} = 50V, V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 1.6A$		8.1		nC
Gate-Source Charge <sup>2</sup>	$Q_{gs}$			0.9		
Gate-Drain Charge <sup>2</sup>	$Q_{gd}$			3.1		
Turn-On Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 50V, I_D \cong 1.6A, V_{GEN} = 10V, R_{GS} = 6\Omega$		6		nS
Rise Time <sup>2</sup>	$t_r$			23		
Turn-Off Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$t_{d(off)}$			15		
Fall Time <sup>2</sup>	$t_f$			22		
<b>SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS (<math>T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ C</math>)</b>						
Continuous Current	$I_S$				0.9	A
Forward Voltage <sup>1</sup>	$V_{SD}$	$I_F = 1.6A, V_{GS} = 0V$			1.4	V
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1.6A, di_F/dt = 100A / \mu S$		17.8		nS
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$			8.8		nC

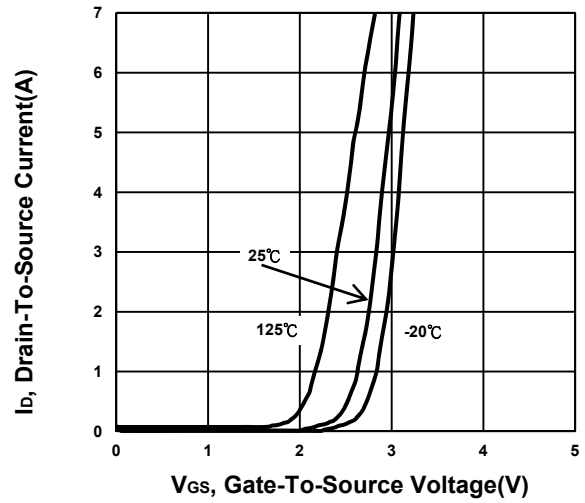
<sup>1</sup>Pulse test : Pulse Width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu sec$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

<sup>2</sup>Independent of operating temperature

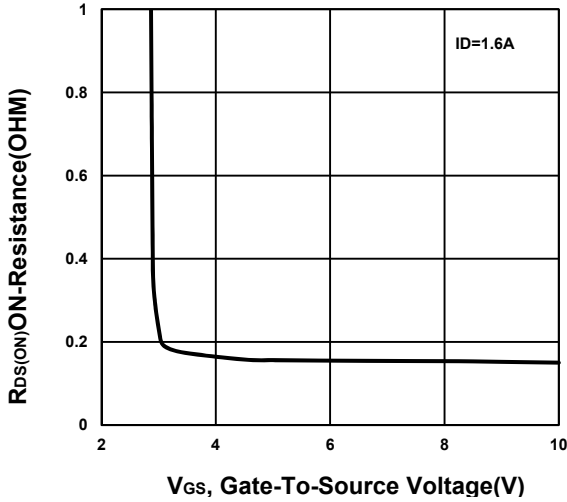
**Output Characteristics**



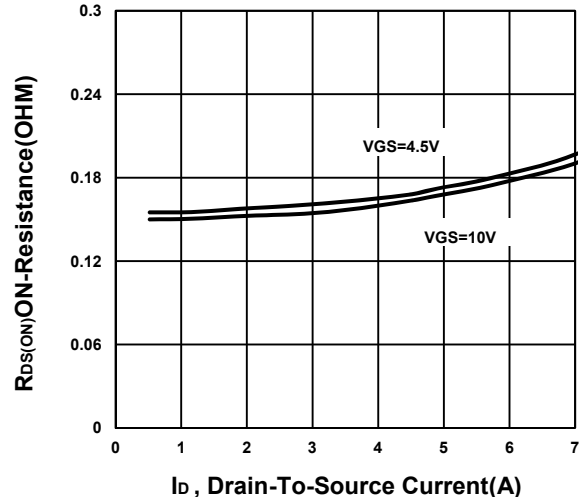
**Transfer Characteristics**



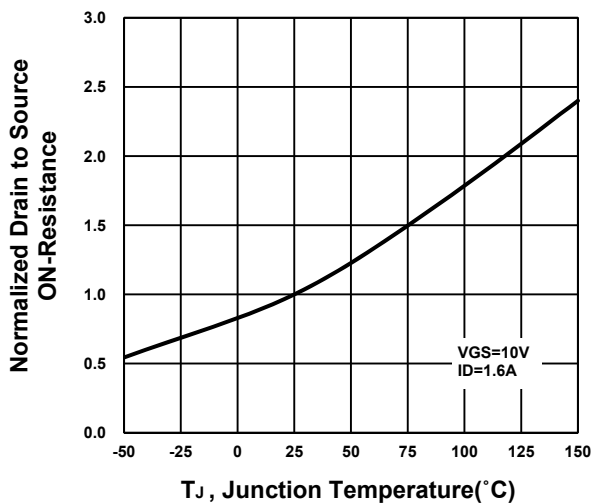
**On-Resistance VS Gate-To-Source**



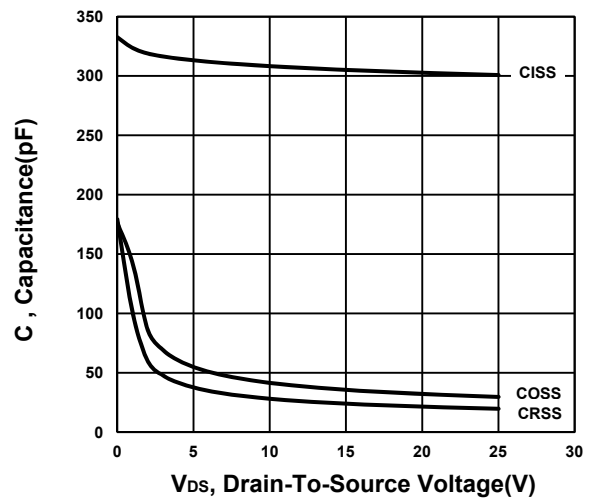
**On-Resistance VS Drain Current**



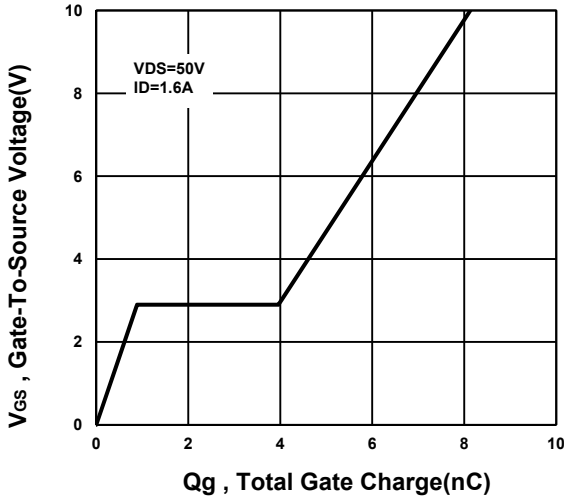
**On-Resistance VS Temperature**



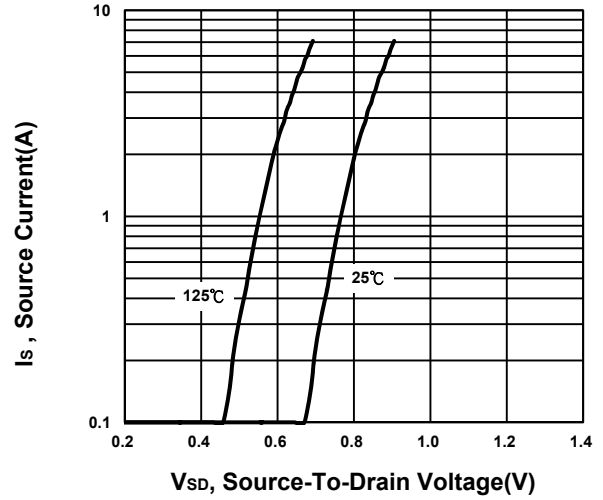
**Capacitance Characteristic**



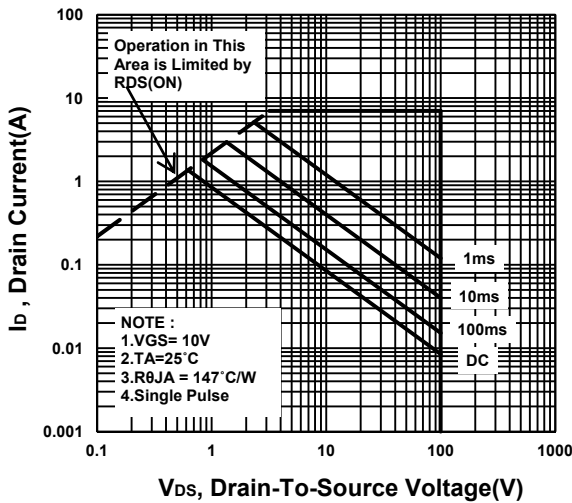
**Gate charge Characteristics**



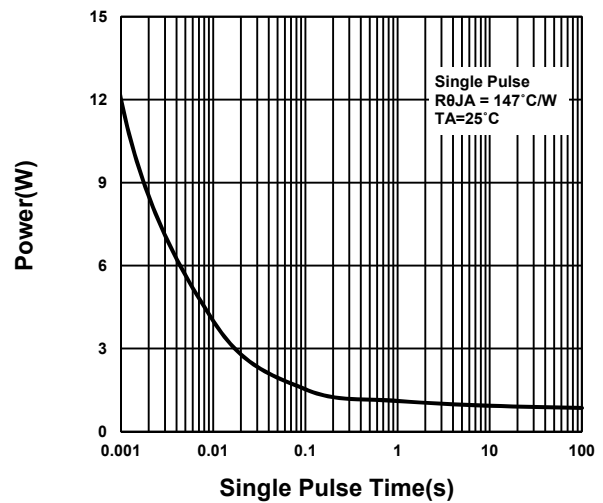
**Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage**



**Safe Operating Area**



**Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation**



**Transient Thermal Response Curve**

