

#### **Features**

- Simple low parts count
- Internal 40V NDMOS switch
- 2A output current
- Single pin on/off and brightness control Using DC voltage or PWM
- Soft-start
- High efficiency (up to 97%)
- Wide input voltage range: 4.5V to 40V
- Output shutdown
- Open LED Protection
- Short LED Protection
- Up to 1MHz switching frequency
- Typical 5% output current accuracy
- Pb-free SOP-8(EP) Packages

## **Applications**

- High end LED flashlight
- LED light bar

## **Description**

The PAM2863 is a continuous mode inductive step-down converter, designed for driving single or multiple series connected LEDs efficiently from a voltage source higher than the LED voltage. The device operates from an input supply between 4.5V and 40V and provides an externally adjustable output current of up to 2A. Depending upon supply voltage and external components, this can provide up to 30 watts of output power.

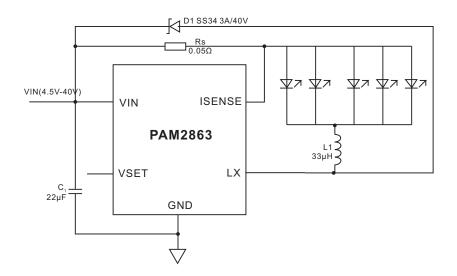
The PAM2863 includes the output switch and a high-side output current sensing circuit, which uses an external resistor to set the nominal average output current.

Output current can be adjusted below the set value, by applying an external control signal to the VSET pin.

The VSET pin will accept either a DC voltage or a PWM waveform.

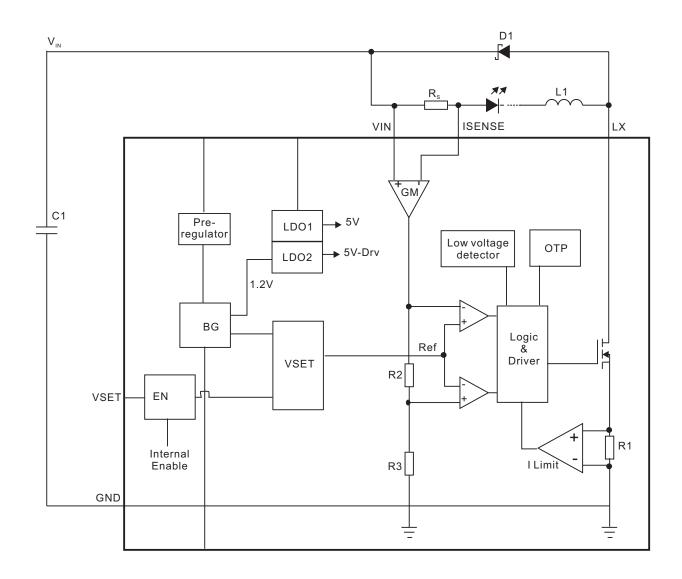
The soft-start time can be increased using an external capacitor from the VSET pin to ground. Applying a voltage of 0.2V or lower to the VSET pin turns the output off and switches the device into a low current standby state.

## **Typical Application**





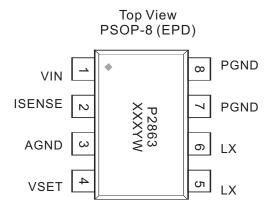
## **Block Diagram**







# **Pin Configuration**



X: Internal Code

Y: Year W: Week

# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Name	Decembring	
SOP-8(EP)	Name	Description	
5,6	LX	Drain of NDMOS switch.	
3,7,8	GND	Ground (0V)	
		Multi-function On/Off and brightness control pin:	
		Leave floating for normal operation.	
		Drive to voltage below 0.2V to turn off output current	
	VSET	• Drive with DC voltage (0.3V < VSET< 2.5V) to adjust output current from 12% to	
		100% of I <sub>OUT</sub> nom	
4		• Drive with PWM signal from open-collector or open-drain transistor, to adjust output	
		current. Adjustment range 1% to 100% of I <sub>OUT</sub> nom for f < 500Hz	
		Connect a capacitor from this pin to ground to increase soft-start time.	
		(Default soft-start time = 0.1ms. Additional soft-start time is	
		approx.1.5ms/1nF)	
2	ISENSE	Connect resistor R <sub>S</sub> from this pin to VIN to define nominal average output current	
	ISENSE	I <sub>OUT</sub> nom = 0.1/Rs	
1	VIN	Input voltage (6V to 40V). Decouple to ground with 10µF or higher X7R ceramic	
1		capacitor close to device.	





# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged time periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are with respect to ground.

Input Voltage Range0.3V to 40V	Maximum Junction Temperature170°C
LX, ISENSE Pin voltage0.3V to 40V	Storage Temperature65°C to 170°C
VSET Pin voltage0.3V to 6V	Soldering Temperature300°C, 5sec

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Input Voltage Range	4.5V to 40V	Ambient Temperature Range40°C to 85°C
		Junction Temperature Range40°C to 125°C

## **Thermal Information**

Parameter	Package	Symbol	Maximum	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	SOP-8(EP)	$\theta_{jA}$	90	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	SOP-8(EP)	$\theta_{jC}$	11	C/VV



#### **Electrical Characteristic**

 $T_A=25$ °C,  $V_{IN}=16$ V, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input voltage	Vin		4.5		40	V
Output current		$R_S$ =0.1 $\Omega$		1		Α
Output current	I <sub>LED</sub>	R <sub>S</sub> =0.05Ω		2		Α
Shutdown current	I <sub>SD</sub>	VSET pin grounded		20	40	μA
Quiescent current without switching	IQ	VSET pin floating, Vin=16V		0.6		mA
Mean current sense threshold voltage	Vsense	Measured on Isense pin with respect to VIN	95	100	105	mV
Sense threshold hysteresis	Vsense_hys			±13		%
Isense pin input current	Isense	Vsense = Vin – 0.1		8		μA
Vset range on VSET pin	Ven	For DC dimming	0.3		2.5	V
DC voltage on VSET pin to enable	Venon	Ven rising		0.25		V
DC voltage on VSET pin to disable	venoff	Ven falling		0.2		V
LX switch on resistance	R <sub>LX</sub>	@I <sub>LX</sub> =100mA		0.3		Ω
LX switch leakage current	I <sub>LX(leak)</sub>				5	μA
Soft start time	Tss	Vin=16V, Cen = 1nF		1.5		ms
Operating frequency	$F_LX$	Vi=16V, Vo=9.6V (3 LEDS), L=47μH, ΔI=0.25A (I <sub>LED</sub> =1A)		233		kHz
Recommended minimum switch ON time	Ton_rec	For 4% accuracy		500		ns
Recommended maximum switch frequency	$F_{LXmax}$				1.0	MHz
Max duty circle				98		%
Recommended duty cycle range	$D_LX$		25		75	%
Internal comparator propagation delay	T <sub>PD</sub> *			45		ns
Over temperature protection	T <sub>OTP</sub>			150		°C
Temp protection hysteresis	$T_{OTP\_hys}$			40		°C
Current limit	I <sub>XLmax</sub>	Peak inductor current		2.5		Α

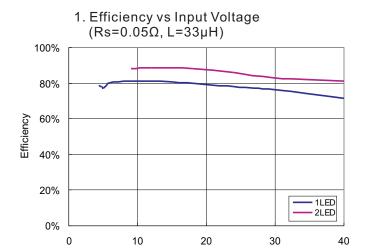
<sup>\*</sup>parameters are not tested at production, but guaranteed by design. Note: Vsense: level A: 95mV to 100mV; level B:100mV to 105mV

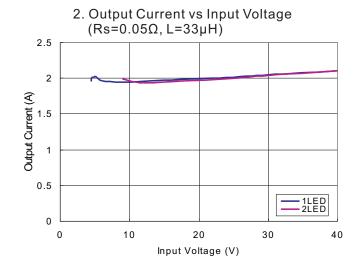


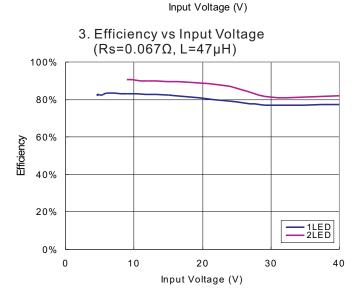


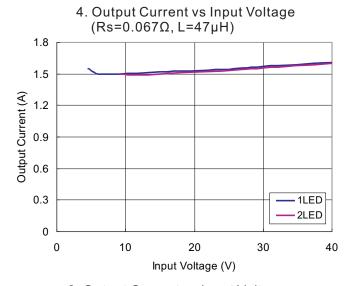
## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

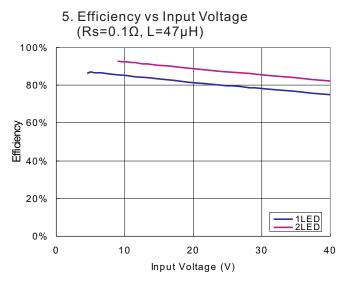
 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 16V$ , unless otherwise noted.

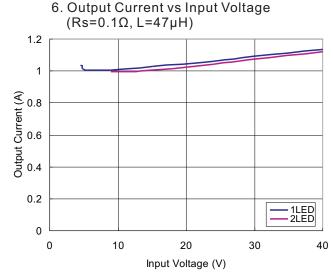








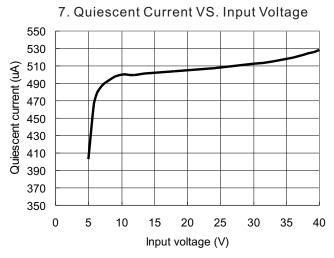


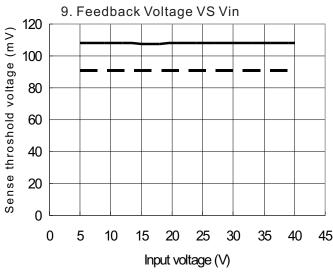


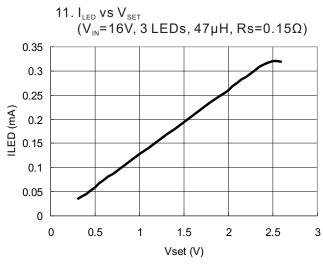


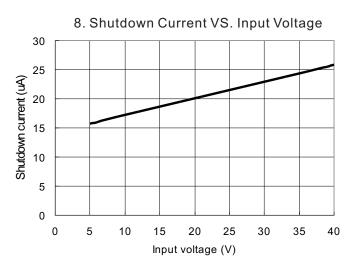
## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

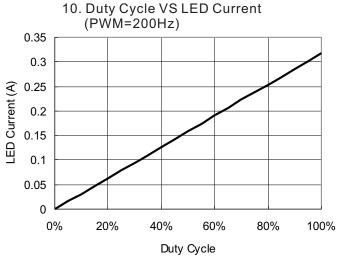
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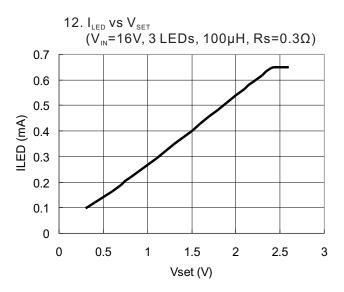
















# **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN}=16V$ , unless otherwise noted.

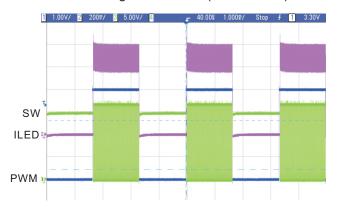
13. Steady State Waveforms



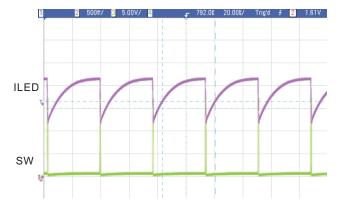
14. Start up Waveforms



15. Dimming Waveforms (PWM=50%)



16. Pulse skip mode





## **Application Information**

# Setting nominal average output current with external resistor $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{s}}$

The nominal average output current in the LED(s) is determined by the value of the external current sense resistor ( $R_s$ ) connected between VIN and ISENSE and is given by:

$$I_{OUTnom} = \frac{0.1}{R_s}$$

The table below gives values of nominal average output current for several preferred values of current setting resistor  $(R_s)$  in the typical application circuit shown on page 1.

$R_{S}(\Omega)$	Nominal average output current (mA)
0.05	2000
0.067	1500
0.1	1000
0.13	760
0.15	667
0.3	333

The above values assume that the VSET pin is floating and at a nominal voltage of VREF (2.5V). Note that  $R_{\rm s}$  = 0.1 $\Omega$  is the minimum allowed value of sense resistor under these conditions to maintain switch current below the specified maximum value. It is possible to use different values of  $R_{\rm s}$  if the VSET pin is driven from an external voltage.

#### **Capacitor selection**

A low ESR capacitor should be used for input decoupling, as the ESR of this capacitor appears in series with the supply source impedance and lowers overall efficiency. This capacitor has to supply the relatively high peak current to the coil and smooth the current ripple on the input supply. A minimum value of  $10\mu F$  is acceptable if the input source is close to the device, but higher values will improve performance at lower input voltages, especially when the source impedance is high. The input capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the IC.

For maximum stability over temperature and voltage, capacitors with X7R, X5R, or better dielectric are recommended. Capacitors with Y5V dielectric are not suitable for decoupling in this application and should NOT be used.

#### Inductor selection

Recommended inductor values for the PAM2863 are in the range  $33\mu H$  to  $100\mu H$ . Higher values of inductance are recommended at higher supply voltages in order to minimize errors due to switching delays, which result in increased ripple and lower efficiency. Higher values of inductance

also result in a smaller change in output current over the supply voltage range. The inductor should be mounted as close to the device as possible with low resistance connections to the LX and VIN pins. The chosen coil should have a saturation current higher than the peak output current and a continuous current rating above the required mean output current.

The inductor value should be chosen to maintain operating duty cycle and switch 'on'/'off' times within the specified limits over the supply voltage and load current range. The following equations can be used as a guide.

$$LX \; Switch \; 'On' \; time \\ T_{ON} = \frac{L\Delta I}{V_{IN} - V_{LED} - I_{LED}(R_S + R_L + R_{LX})}$$

$$LX \, Switch \, 'Off' \, time \\ T_{OFF} = \frac{L\Delta I}{V_{LED} + V_D + I_{LED}(R_S + R_L)}$$

Where: L is the coil inductance;  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$  is the coil resistance;  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$  is the current sense resistance  $I_{\scriptscriptstyle LED}$  is the required LED current;  $\Delta I$  is the coil peakpeak ripple current (Internally set to 0.25 x  $I_{\scriptscriptstyle LED});$   $V_{\scriptscriptstyle IN}$  is the supply voltage;  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle LED}$  is the total LED forward voltage;  $R_{\scriptscriptstyle Lx}$  is the switch resistance (0.3 $\Omega$  nominal);  $V_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$  is the diode forward voltage at the required load current.

#### Diode selection

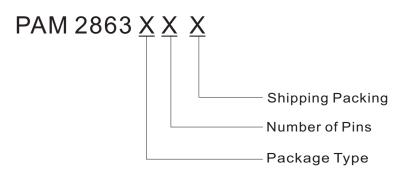
For maximum efficiency and performance, the rectifier (D1) should be a fast low capacitance Schottky diode with low reverse leakage at the maximum operating voltage and temperature. They also provide better efficiency than silicon diodes, due to a combination of lower forward voltage and reduced recovery time.

It is important to select parts with a peak current rating above the peak coil current and a continuous current rating higher than the maximum output load current. It is very important to consider the reverse leakage of the diode when operating above 85°C. Excess leakage will increase the power dissipation in the device and if close to the load may create a thermal runaway condition.

The higher forward voltage and overshoot due to reverse recovery time in silicon diodes will increase the peak voltage on the LX output. If a silicon diode is used, care should be taken to ensure that the total voltage appearing on the LX pin including supply ripple, does not exceed the specified maximum value.



# **Ordering Information**



Package Type	Number of pins	
E: SOP-8(EP)	C: 8	

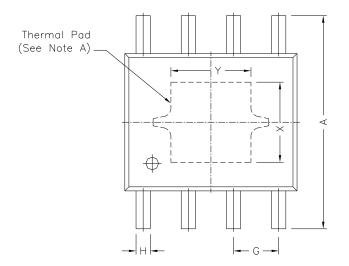
Part Number	Marking	Package Type	MOQ/ Packing
PAM2863ECR	P2863 XXXYW	SOP-8(EP)	2,500 Units/ Tape & Reel

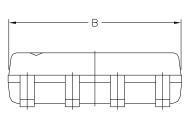




## **Outline Dimension**

# SOP-8(EP)





REF.		DIMENSIONS			
		Millimeters			
		Min.	Max.		
А		5.80	6.20		
В		4.80	5.00		
С		3.80	4.00		
D		0°	8°		
E		0.40	0.90		
F		0.19	0.25		
М		0	0.15		
Н		0.35	0.49		
L		1.35	1.75		
G		1.27 TYP.			
Option1	Χ	2.28			
	Y	2.28			
Option2	Χ	2.41			
	Υ	3.3	30		

