

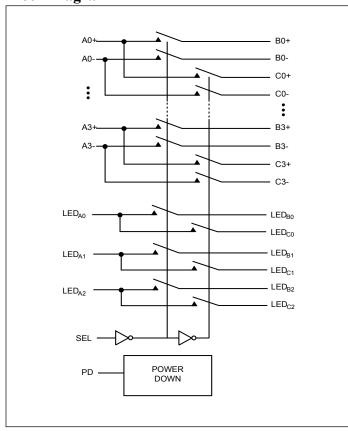


2:1 Mux/DeMux Gigabit Ethernet LAN Switch with Power-down Mode

Features

- 1:2 Gigabit LAN Switch
- · Power-down support
- Low bit-to-bit skew: 200ps
- Very Low Crosstalk: -75dB @ 250MHz
- Status Indicator LEDs Switched with Ethernet pairs
- V_{DD} Operating Range: +3.0V to +3.6V
- Enhanced ESD Protection (on A, B, C, LED pins):
 - 8kV (contact)⁽¹⁾
 - 1.0kV (machine model),
 11kV (human body model)
- >650 MHz bandwidth
- · Packaging:
 - 42-contact TQFN (3.5 x 9mm, 0.5 pitch)

Block Diagram



Description

The PI3L720 is a 8-Channel 2:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer LAN Switch with Hi-Z outputs. Industry leading advantages include a propagation delay of less than 250ps, resulting from its low channel resistance and I/O capacitance. The device multiplexes differential outputs from a Gigabit Ethernet transceiver (PHY) device to one of two corresponding B or C outputs. The switch is bidirectional and offers little or no attenuation of the high-speed signals at the outputs. It is designed for low bit-to-bit skew, high channel-to-channel noise isolation and is compatible with various standards, such as 10/100/1000 Base-T (Ethernet).

The PI3L720 provides a Power Down input (PD), which can put the device into standby mode (PD=1) while mobile, eliminating an external power switch.

Generally, this part can be used to replace mechanical relays in low-voltage LAN applications that interface a physical layer over CAT 5 or CAT 6 unshielded twisted pair cable through an isolation transformer.

Applications

- Dual Physical Layer Device sharing to one interface connector, or one controller to dual connectors for docking
- Routes signals for 10/100/1000 Mbit Ethernet

Truth Table

PD	SEL	Function			
L	L	A_X to B_X ; LED A_X to LED B_X			
L	Н	A_X to C_X ; LEA _X to LEDC _X			
Н	X	Hi-Z			

Note:

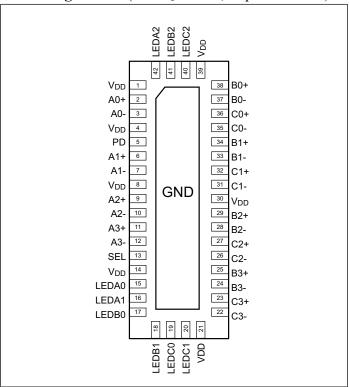
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1. IEC 6100-4-2





Pin Configuration (42-TQFN ZH, Top-Side View)



Pin Description

Pin Name	Description	
A_X+, A_X-	Port A DeMux I/O	
$B_{X}+, B_{X}-$	Port B Mux I/O	
C_X+, C_X-	Port C LED Mux I/O	
GND	Ground	
LED _{ZX}	LED I/O	
PD	Power Down. Active high, with internal pull-down resistor	
SEL	Select	
V _{DD}	Power	





Maximum Ratings

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential	0.5V to +4.0V
DC Input Voltage	0.5V to +5.5V
DC Output Current	120mA
Power Dissipation	

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RAT-INGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

DC Electrical Characteristics for 1000 Base-T Ethernet Switching over Operating Range

 $(T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10\%)$

Paramenter	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed HIGH level (Control Pins)	2.0	_	_	
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed LOW level (Control Pins)	-0.5	_	0.8	V
V_{IK}	Clamp Diode Voltage	$V_{DD} = Max., I_{IN} = -18mA$	_	-0.7	-1.2	
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	_	_	±2	A
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = GND$	_	_	±2	μA
R _{ON}	Switch On-Resistance ⁽³⁾	$\begin{aligned} V_{DD} &= Min., \ 1.5V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD} \\ I_{IN} &= -40mA \end{aligned}$	_	4.0	6.5	
R _{FLAT(ON)}	On-Resistance Flatness ⁽³⁾	V_{DD} = Min., V_{IN} @ 1.5V and V_{DD} I_{IN} = -40 mA	_	0.5	_	Ohm
$\Delta R_{ m ON}$	On-Resistance match from center ports to any other port ⁽³⁾	V_{DD} = Min., $1.5V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD}$ I_{IN} = -40mA	_	0.4	1.0	

DC Electrical Characteristics for 10/100 Base-T Ethernet Switching over Operating Range

 $(T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10\%)$

Paramenter	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
$V_{ m IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed HIGH level (Control Pins)	2.0	_	_	
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed LOW level (Control Pins)	-0.5	_	0.8	V
V _{IK}	Clamp Diode Voltage	$V_{DD} = Max., I_{IN} = -18mA$	_	-0.7	-1.2	
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	_	_	±2	4
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = GND$	_	_	±2	μΑ
R _{ON}	Switch On-Resistance ⁽³⁾	$V_{DD} = Min., 1.25V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD} I_{IN} = -10mA \text{ to } -30mA$	_	4.0	6.5	
R _{FLAT(ON)}	On-Resistance Flatness ⁽³⁾	V_{DD} = Min., V_{IN} @ 1.25V and V_{DD} I_{IN} = -10mA to -30mA	_	0.5	_	Ohm
$\Delta R_{ m ON}$	On-Resistance match from center ports to any other port ⁽³⁾	$V_{DD} = Min., 1.25V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DD} I_{IN} = -10mA \text{ to } -30mA$	_	0.4	1.0	





Capacitance($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$)

Parameters ⁽⁴⁾	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance			2.0	3.0	
C _{OFF(B1, B2)}	Port B Capacitance, Switch OFF	$V_{IN} = 0V$, $f = 1MHz$		3.0	6.0	pF
C _{ON(A/B)}	A/B Capacitance, Switch ON			8.0	11.0	

Notes:

- 1. For max. or min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C ambient and maximum loading.
- 3. Measured by the voltage drop between A and B pins at indicated current through the switch. ON resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages on the two (A & B) pins.
- 4. This parameter is determined by device characterization but is not production tested.

Power Supply Characteristics

Parameters	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
I _{DD-Standby} (3)	Quiescent Power Supply Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = GND \text{ or } V_{DD}$	_	0.3	0.5	mA
I _{DD-Active} (3)	Active Power Supply Current	$V_{DD} = Max., V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND		1.0	1.5	mA
I _{DD-PD} ⁽³⁾	Power Down Current	$PD = 1$, $V_{DD} = MAX$, $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND		0.15	0.25	mA

Notes:

- 1. For max. or min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading...
- 3. Active power represents normal data communication. Standby power is when the device is enabled for operation but there is no LAN traffic (cable not connected). Power down current is the minimum power state used when not connected and mobile.
- 4. The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the ON resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagational delay to the system. Propagational delay of the bus switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range ($T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10$ %)

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ.(2)	Max.	Units
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk ⁽³⁾	D- = 100 Ohm f = 250MHz	_	-75	_	dB
O _{IRR}	OFF Isolation ⁽³⁾	$R_L = 100$ -Ohm, $f = 250$ MHz	_	-35	_	ав
BW	Bandwidth –3dB ⁽³⁾	$R_L = 100$ -Ohm	_	650		MHz

Notes:

- 1. For max, or min, conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading..
- 3. Guaranteed by design.
- 4. The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the ON resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagational delay to the system. Propagational delay of the bus switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.





Switching Characteristics ($T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$)

Paramenter	Description		Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units
t_{PD}	Propagation Delay ^(3,4)		0.25		
t _{PZH} , t _{PZL}	Line Enable Time - SEL to A _N , B _N		_	15.0	
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Line Disable Time - SEL to A _N , B _N		_	5.0	ns
t _{SK(o)}	Output Skew between center port to any other port ⁽³⁾		0.1	0.2	115
$t_{SK(p)}$	Skew between opposite transitions of the same output $(t_{PHL} - t_{PLH})^{(3)}$ – 0.1		0.2		
t _{ON/OFF}	Device enable / disable time from PD		100	200	

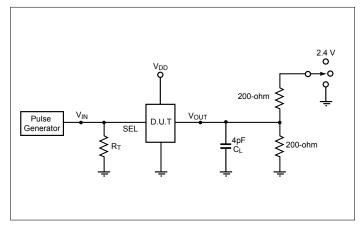
Notes:

- 1. For max. or min. conditions, use appropriate value specified under Electrical Characteristics for the applicable device type.
- 2. Typical values are at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $T_A = 25$ °C ambient and maximum loading...
- 3. Guaranteed by design.
- 4. The bus switch contributes no propagational delay other than the RC delay of the ON resistance of the switch and the load capacitance. The time constant for the switch alone is of the order of 0.25ns for 10pF load. Since this time constant is much smaller than the rise/fall times of typical driving signals, it adds very little propagational delay to the system. Propagational delay of the bus switch when used in a system is determined by the driving circuit on the driving side of the switch and its interactions with the load on the driven side.





Test Circuit for Electrical Characteristics



Switch Positions

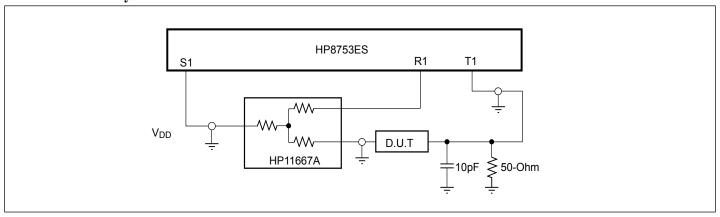
Test	Switch
t _{PLZ} , t _{PZL} (output on B-side)	6.0V
t _{PHZ} , t _{PZH} (output on B-side)	GND
Prop Delay	Open

Notes:

 C_L = Load capacitance: includes jig and probe capacitance.

 R_T = Termination resistance: should be equal to Z_{OUT} of the Pulse Generator

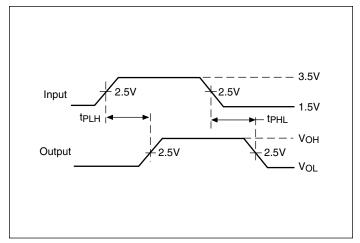
Test Circuit for Dynamic Electrical Characteristics







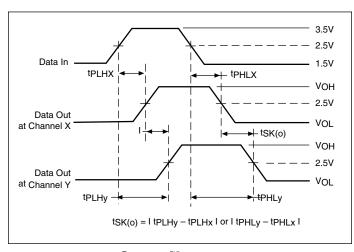
Switching Waveforms



SEL $V_{DD}/2$ $V_{DD}/2$ $V_{DD}/2$ $V_{DD}/2$ $V_{OH=VP}$ V_{O

Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times

Voltage Waveforms Enable and Disable Times



3.5V
2.5V
1.5V
Output

VOH
VOL

tSK(p) = I tPHL - tPLH I

Output Skew - t_{SK(0)}

Pulse Skew - $t_{SK(p)}$

Notes:

Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control. All input impulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \le MHz$, $Z_O = 50$ -Ohm, $t_R \le 2.5$ ns, $t_F \le 2.5$ ns.

Applications Information

Logic Inputs

The logic control inputs can be driven up to +3.6V regardless of the supply voltage. For example, given a +3.3V supply, the output enables or select pins may be driven low to 0V and high to 3.6V. Driving IN Rail-to-Rail® minimizes power consumption.

Power-Supply Sequencing

Proper power-supply sequencing is advised for all CMOS devices. It is recommended to always apply V_{DD} before applying signals to the input/output or control pins.

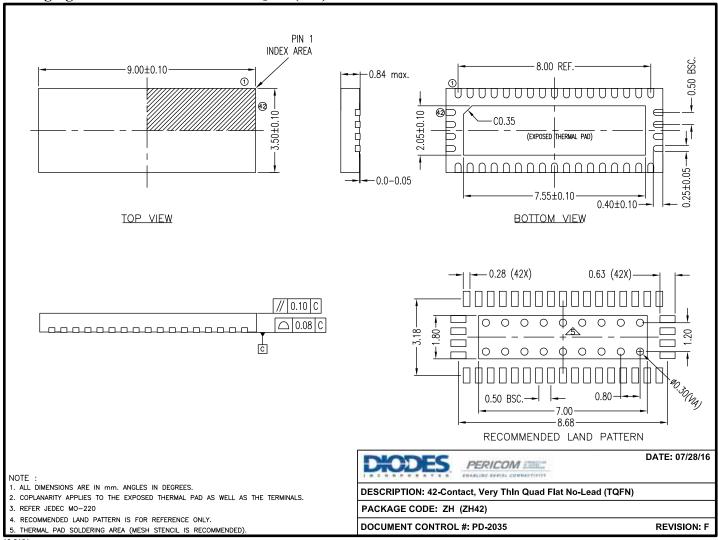
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 ${\it Rail-to-Rail is \ a \ registered \ trademark \ of \ Nippon \ Motorola, \ Ltd}$





Packaging Mechanical: 42-Contact TQFN (ZH)



Note: For latest package info, please check: http://www.pericom.com/support/packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/packaging-mechanical-and-thermal-characteristics/packaging-mechanical-and-thermal-characteristics/

Ordering Information

Ordering Number	Package Code	Package Description	
PI3L720ZHE	ZH	42-contact, Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN)	
PI3L720ZHEX	ZH	42-contact, Very Thin Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN), Tape & Reel	

Notes:

- Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.pericom.com/packaging/
- E = Pb-free & Green
- Adding an X suffix = Tape/Reel

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