

PQ070XZ1HZxH

Low Voltage Operation Low Power-loss Voltage Regulator

■ Features

- 1.Low voltage operation
(Minimum operating voltage: 2.35V)
- 2.Low dissipation current
Dissipation current at no load: MAX.2mA
Output OFF-state dissipation current: MAX.5μA
- 3.Low power-loss (Dropout voltage: MAX.0.5V)
- 4.Built-in overcurrent and overheat protection functions
- 5.RoHS directive compliant

■ Applications

- 1.Power supplies for personal computers and peripheral equipment
- 2.Power supplies for various electronic equipment such as DVD player or STB

■ Model Line-up

Output current (I _o)	Package type	Model No.
1.5A	Taping	PQ070XZ1HZPH
	Sleeve	PQ070XZ1HZZH

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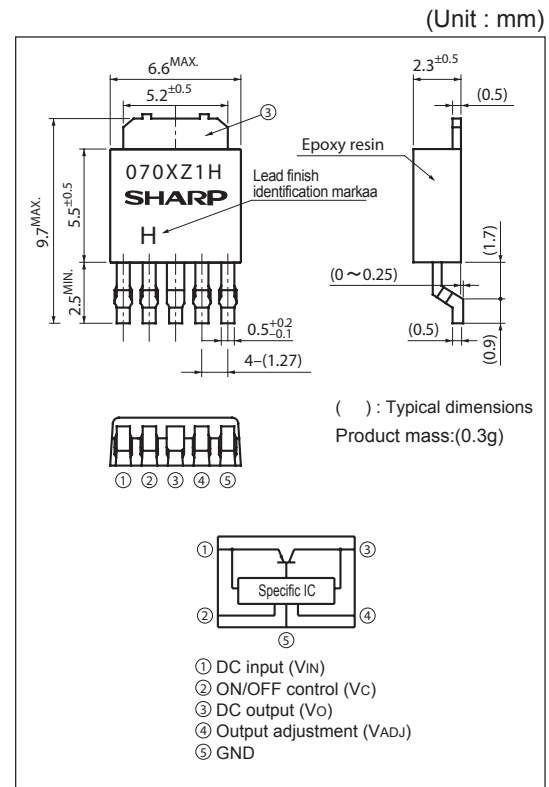
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
*1 Input voltage	V _{IN}	10	V
*1 ON/OFF control terminal voltage	V _C	10	V
*1 Output adjustment terminal voltage	V _{ADJ}	5	V
Output current	I _O	1.5	A
*2 Power dissipation	P _D	8	W
*3 Junction temperature	T _j	150	°C
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering temperature	T _{sol}	260(10s)	°C

*1 All are open except GND and applicable terminals.
 *2 P_D:With infinite heat sink
 *3 Overheat protection may operate at T_j:125°C to 150°C

■ Outline Dimensions



Lead finish:Lead-free solder plating
(Composition: Sn2Cu)

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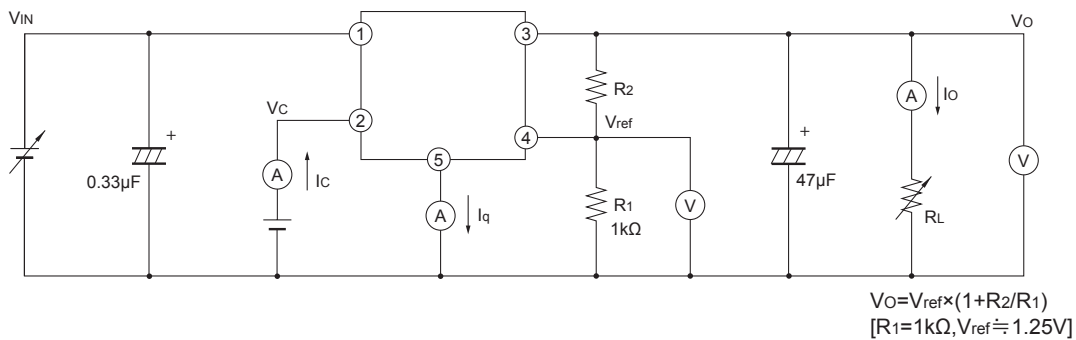
Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be $V_{IN}=5V, V_O=3V(R_1=1k\Omega), I_O=0.5A, V_C=2.7V, T_a=25^\circ C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage	V_{IN}	-	2.35	-	10	V
Output voltage	V_O	-	1.5	-	7	V
Load regulation	Reg_L	$I_O=5mA$ to 1.5A	-	0.2	2.0	%
Line regulation	Reg_l	$V_{IN}=4$ to 8V, $I_O=5mA$	-	0.2	1.0	%
Ripple rejection	RR	Refer to Fig.2	45	60	-	dB
Dropout voltage	V_{I-O}	$V_{IN}=3.3V, I_O=1.25A$	-	-	1.0	V
Reference voltage	V_{ref}	-	1.225	1.25	1.275	V
Temperature coefficient of reference voltage	$T_C V_{ref}$	$T_j=0$ to $125^\circ C, I_O=5mA$	-	± 1.0	-	%
ON-state voltage for control	$V_{C(ON)}$	*4	2.0	-	-	V
ON-state current for control	$I_{C(ON)}$	-	-	-	200	μA
OFF-state voltage for control	$V_{C(OFF)}$	$I_O=0mA$	-	-	0.8	V
OFF-state current for control	$I_{C(OFF)}$	$I_O=0mA, V_C=0.4V$	-	-	2	μA
Quiescent current	I_q	$I_O=0A$	-	1	2	mA
Output OFF-state consumption current	I_{qs}	$V_C=0.4V$	-	-	5	μA

*4 In case of opening control terminal ②, output voltage turns off.

Fig.1 Test Circuit



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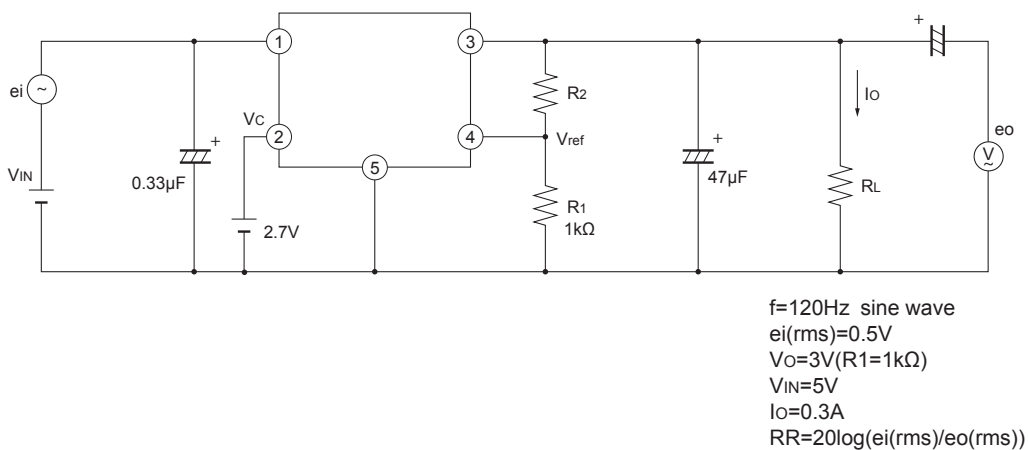
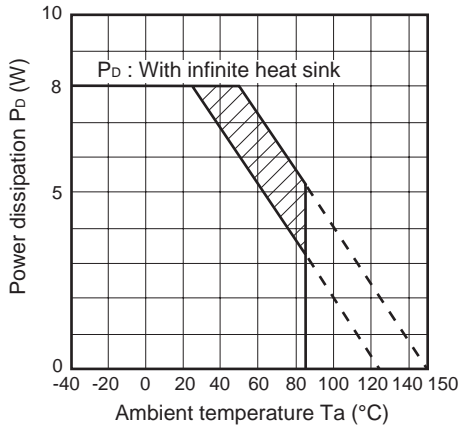


Fig.3 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Note) Oblique line portion: Overheat protection may operate in this area.

Fig.4 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics

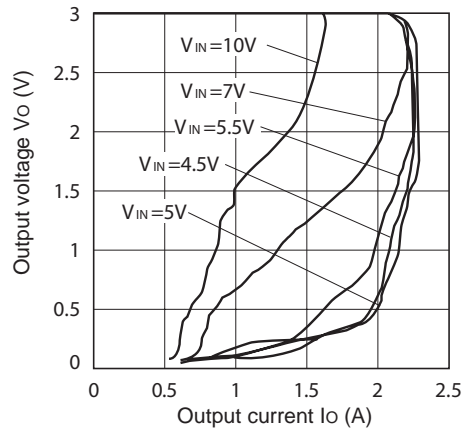


Fig.5 Reference Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

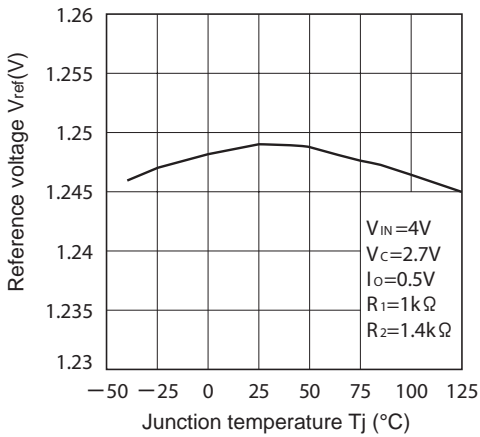
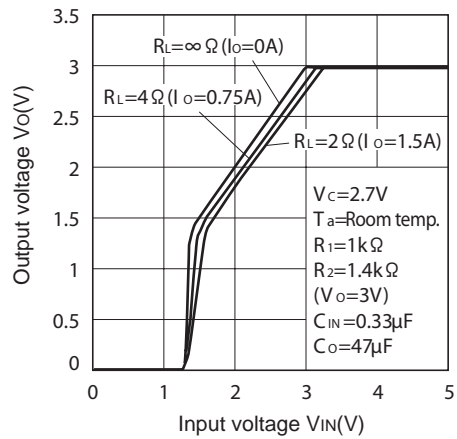


Fig.6 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



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Fig.7 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage

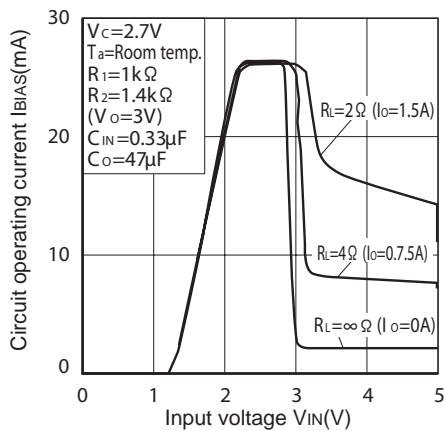


Fig.8 Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

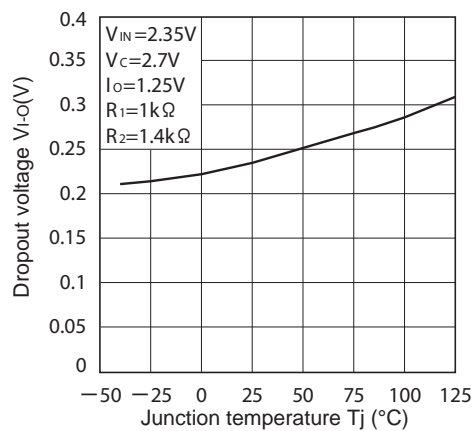


Fig.9 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature

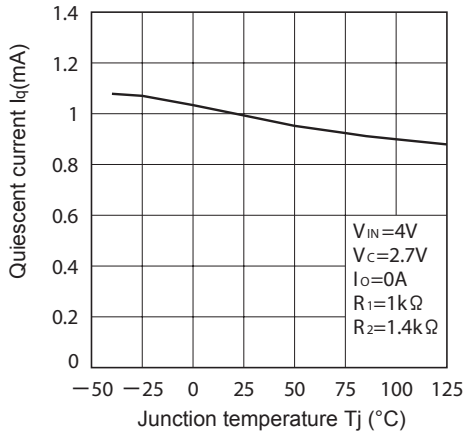


Fig.10 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency

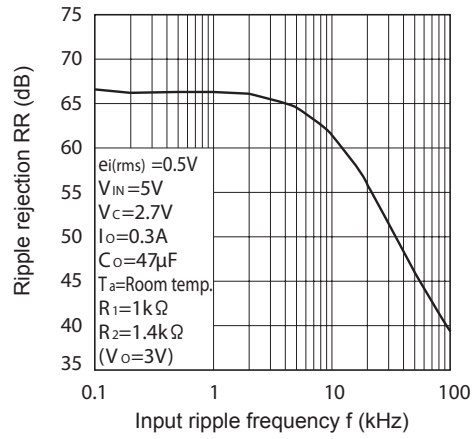
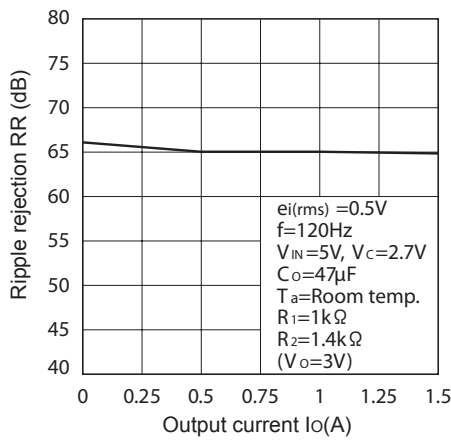
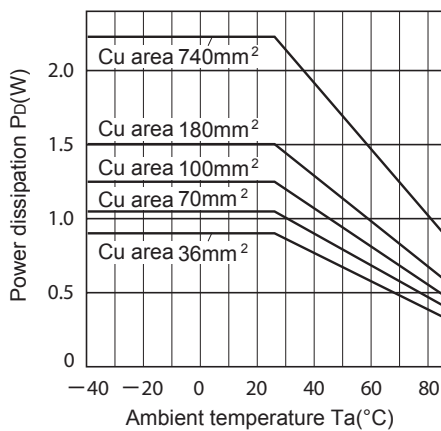


Fig.11 Ripple Rejection vs. Output Current

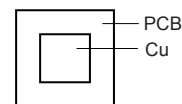


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Fig.12 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature (Typical Value)

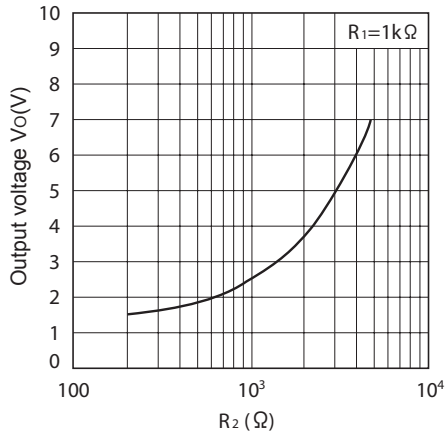


Mounting PCB

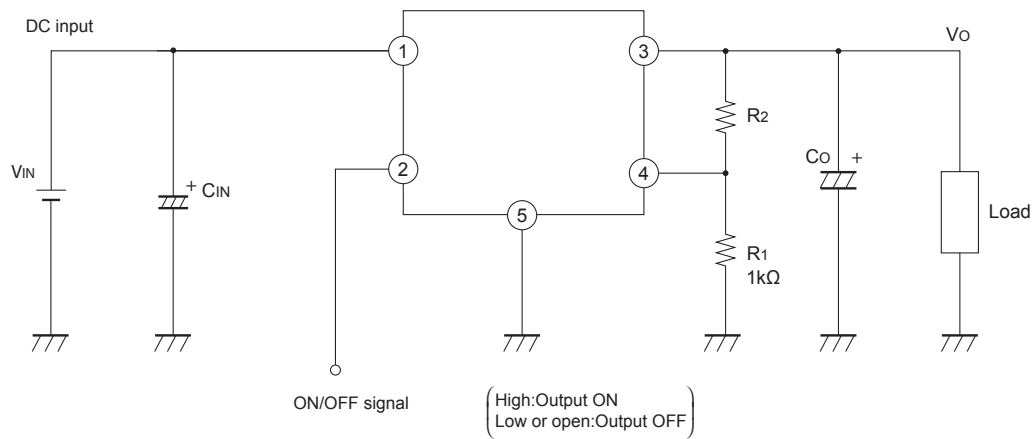


Material : Glass-cloth epoxy resin
 Size : $50 \times 50 \times 1.6mm$
 Cu thickness : $35\mu m$

Fig.13 Output Voltage Adjustment Characteristics (Typical Value)



■ Typical Application



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■ Setting of Output Voltage

Output voltage is able to set from 1.5V to 7V when resistors R₁ and R₂ are attached to ③,④,⑤ terminals. As for the external resistors to set output voltage, refer to the figure below and Fig.13.

