

### Description

The PS2002B is an optically coupled isolator containing a GaAsP light emitting diode and an NPN silicon Darlington-connected photo transistor.

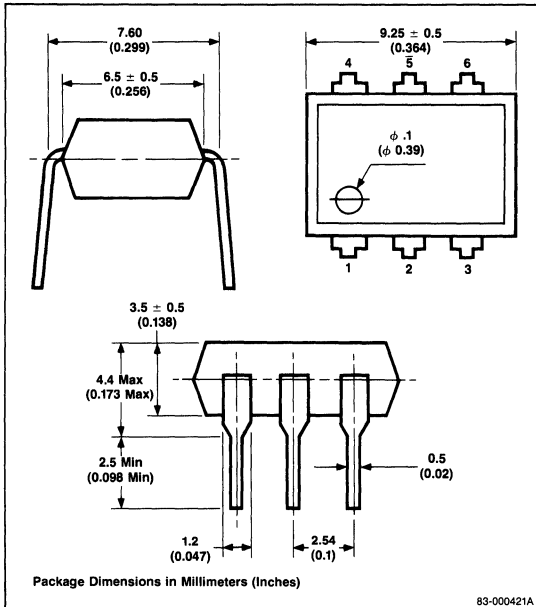
### Features

- High-voltage isolation: 2500V<sub>DC</sub> min
- High transfer ratio: 100% min
- Economical, compact, plastic dual in-line package

### Applications

- ECR
- Automat
- Replacement of pulse transformers
- Replacement of mechanical and reed relays

### Package Dimensions

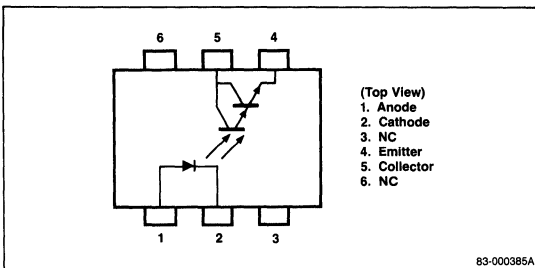


### Absolute Maximum Ratings

T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C

<b>Diode</b>	
Reverse Voltage, V <sub>R</sub>	7.0V
Forward Current, I <sub>F</sub>	50mA
Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub>	100mW
<b>Transistor</b>	
Collector to Emitter Voltage, V <sub>CEO</sub>	40V
Collector Current, I <sub>C</sub>	50mA
Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub>	100mW
Isolation Voltage <sup>1</sup> , BV	2500V <sub>DC</sub>
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub>	-55°C to +125°C
Operating Temperature, T <sub>OPT</sub>	-55°C to +100°C

### Pin Connection



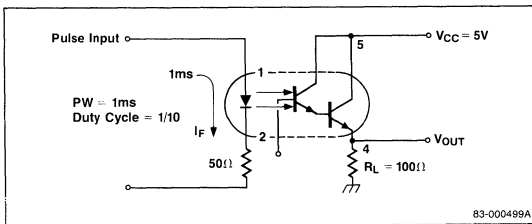
**Electrical Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Diode</b>						
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>			1.9	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.0mA
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>			2.0	μA	V <sub>R</sub> = 4.0V
Junction Capacitance	C		100		pF	V = 0, f = 1.0MHz
<b>Transistor</b>						
Collector to Emitter Dark Current	I <sub>CEO</sub>			400	nA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 10V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0
DC Current Gain	h <sub>FE</sub>		5000			I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 2.0V
<b>Coupled</b>						
Current Transfer Ratio	CTR (I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>F</sub> )	100			%	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.0mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 2.0V
Collector Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>			1.2	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.0mA, I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0mA
Isolation Resistance	R <sub>1-2</sub>	10 <sup>11</sup>			Ω	V <sub>IN-OUT</sub> = 1.0kV
Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>1-2</sub>		0.8		pF	V = 0, f = 1.0MHz
Rise Time <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>r</sub>		100		μs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω
Fall Time <sup>2</sup>	t <sub>f</sub>		120		μs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA, R <sub>L</sub> = 100Ω

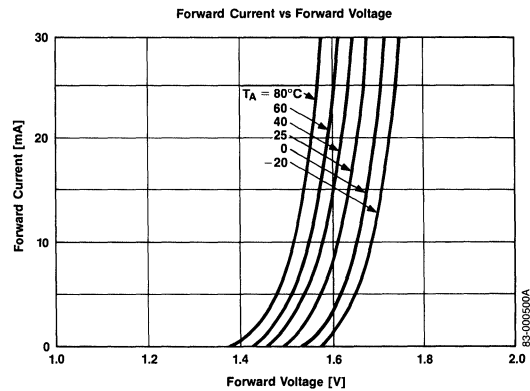
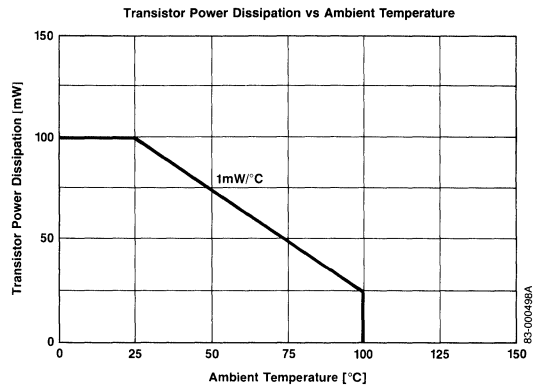
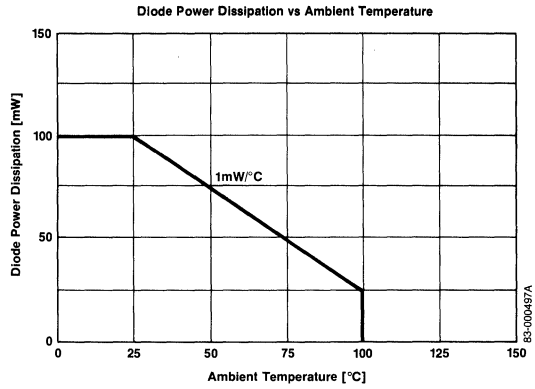
- Notes: 1. Measuring Conditions: DC or AC voltage for 1 min at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, RH = 60% between input (pins 1, 2, and 3 common) and output (pins 4, 5, and 6 common).  
 2. Test circuit for switching time.

**Test circuit for switching time**



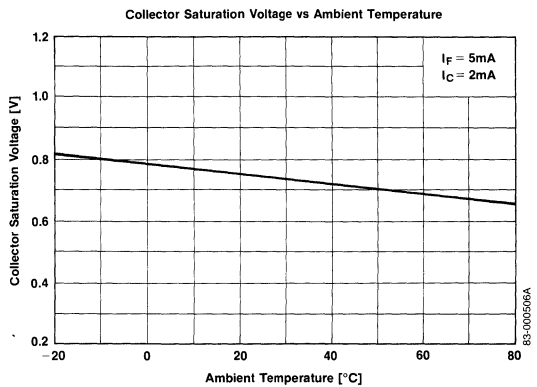
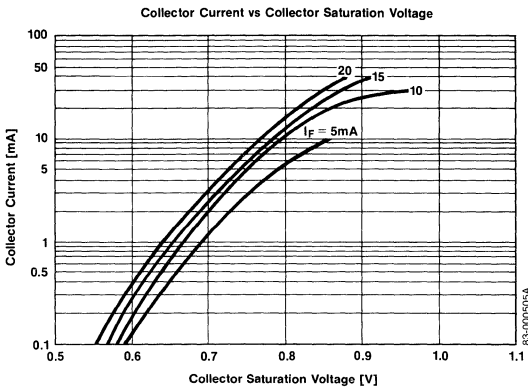
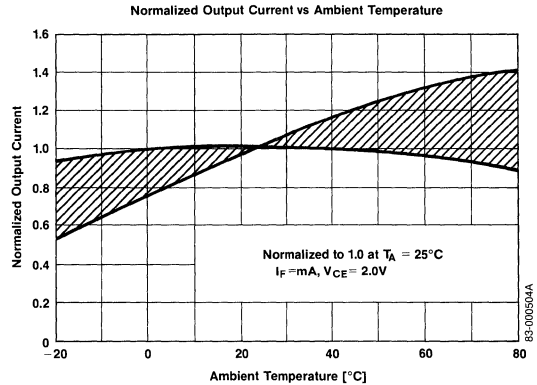
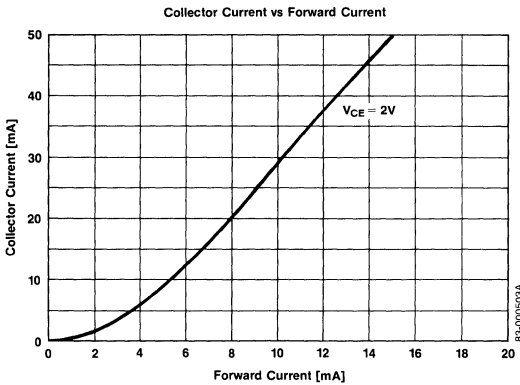
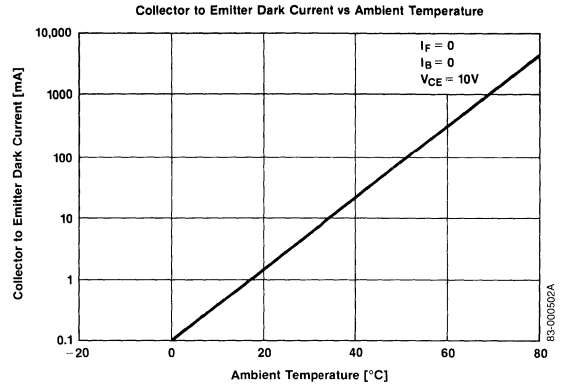
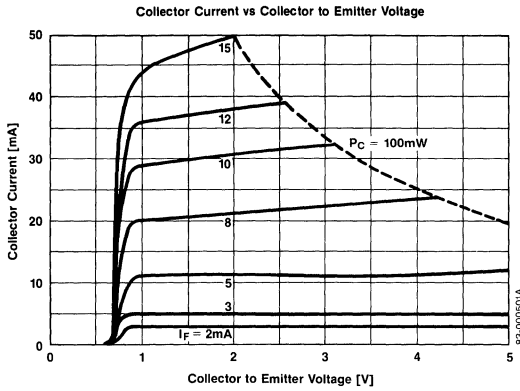
**Typical Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C



## Typical Characteristics (cont)

$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$



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