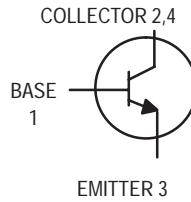


# NPN Silicon Planar Epitaxial Transistor

This NPN Silicon Epitaxial transistor is designed for use in industrial and consumer applications. The device is housed in the SOT-223 package which is designed for medium power surface mount applications.

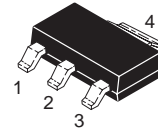
- High Current: 2.0 Amp
- The SOT-223 package can be soldered using wave or reflow.
- SOT-223 package ensures level mounting, resulting in improved thermal conduction, and allows visual inspection of soldered joints. The formed leads absorb thermal stress during soldering, eliminating the possibility of damage to the die.
- Available in 12 mm Tape and Reel  
Use PZT651T1 to order the 7 inch/1000 unit reel  
Use PZT651T3 to order the 13 inch/4000 unit reel
- PNP Complement is PZT751T1



**PZT651T1**

Motorola Preferred Device

**SOT-223 PACKAGE  
HIGH CURRENT  
NPN SILICON  
TRANSISTOR  
SURFACE MOUNT**



**CASE 318E-04, STYLE 1  
TO-261AA**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	80	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5.0	Vdc
Collector Current	$I_C$	2.0	Adc
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (1) Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.8 6.4	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

## DEVICE MARKING

651

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance from Junction-to-Ambient in Free Air	$R_{\theta JA}$	156	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Temperature for Soldering Purposes Time in Solder Bath	$T_L$	260 10	$^\circ\text{C}$ Sec

1. Device mounted on a FR-4 glass epoxy printed circuit board using minimum recommended footprint.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	60	—	Vdc
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{Adc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	80	—	Vdc
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{Adc}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	5.0	—	Vdc
Base–Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 4.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{EBO}$	—	0.1	$\mu\text{Adc}$
Collector–Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 80\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$	—	100	nAdc

**ON CHARACTERISTICS (2)**

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 2.0\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$h_{FE}$	75 75 75 40	— — — —	—
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltages ( $I_C = 2.0\text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 200\text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 100\text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	0.5 0.3	Vdc
Base–Emitter Voltages ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0\text{ Vdc}$ )	$V_{BE(on)}$	—	1.0	Vdc
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ Adc}$ , $I_B = 100\text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$	—	1.2	Vdc
Current–Gain — Bandwidth ( $I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	75	—	MHz

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle = 2.0%