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		Doc No. QD23HL0201
Preliminary		Doc. REV.: 07
		Issue Date: Apr.28,'05
	Quanta Display	Inc. With RoHS compliant
	SPECIFICAT	
( Sp	ecification for TF	Г LCD Module
	Model No.	
	QD23HL02	Rev ·01
	QD2JIIL02	Rev01
Customer's Approval Date		
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		Approved
by		Approved By

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The device listed in these technical literature sheets was designed and manufactured for use in OA equipment.

In case of using the device for applications such as control and safety equipment for transportation (aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.), rescue and security equipment and various safety related equipment which require higher reliability and safety, take into consideration that appropriate measures such as fail-safe functions and redundant system design should be taken.

Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment (trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

QDI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the device, which does not comply with the instructions, and the precautions specified in these technical literature sheets.

Contact and consult with a QDI sales representative for any questions about this device.

REV.

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**Revision History** 





Date

Nov/01/2004

Jan/25/2005

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ECN NO.

N/A

N/A

**Preliminary specification Initiate** 1. update the model no. (p.5) 2. update the weight (p.5) 3. modify the LVDS connector pin assignment (p.6) 4. update "Interface block diagram" (p.7) 5. update the lamp connector (p.8) 6. update the TFT LCD panel driving parameter (p.10) 7. update the lamp spec (p.11) update the lamp wire length (p.12) 8. 9. update the inverter electrical characteristics (p.12) undate the uniformity spec (n.17) 10

**Change Content** 

		I	10. update the uniformity spec (p.17)
			1. Modify the inverter connector spec (p.8)
			2. Update the rush current spec (p.10)
Feb/23/2005 N/A			3. Modify the lamp spec (p.11)
			4. Modify the inverter electrical characteristics (p.12)
			5. Modify the lum control freq. (p.14)
	Mar.16,'05	N/A	Page 6, pin 9 support NS only, page 7, update diagaram block, page 15, update timing, page 17, update uniformity.
	Mar.24,'05	N/A	Page 11, update lamp current, Page 15, update timing, page 17, update optical spec.
	Apr.07,'05	N/A	Page 24 , update barcode position in back cover.
	Apr. 28,'05	N/A	Page 11, lamp current change from 5.6 to 5.2mA typ., page 14, PWM frequency change from 190~210 to 150~350Hz.





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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to a color TFT-LCD module, QD23HL02

#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel; driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×3×768 dots panel with 16.7 million colors by using the LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface, 8-bit driving method and supplying +12V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module has very high aperture ratio. A low-reflection and higher-colorsaturation type color filter is also used for this panel. Therefore, high-brightness and high-contrast image, which is suitable for the LCD TV,HDTV and multimedia use, can be obtained by using this module.

#### [Features]

- 1) High-brightness
- 2) Brilliant and high contrast image.
- 3) High speed response
- 4) WXGA resolution. 16:9
- 5) LVDS interface.

General Specifications		
Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	58.30 (23") Diagonal	cm
Active area	508.152 (H)×285.696 (V)	mm
Pixel format	1366 (H)×768 (V)	Pixel
	$(1 \text{ pixel} = \mathbf{R} + \mathbf{G} + \mathbf{B} \text{ dots})$	
Pixel pitch	0.372 (H) × 0.372 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally White	
Unit outline dimensions	546 x 318.3	mm
Thickness	Max. 46	mm
Weight	3300 (max)	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare(26%) and hard-coating 3H	
Lamp Quantity	6 U shape	pcs

#### **3. General Specifications**

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4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals and +12V DC power supply) Connector on Panel : FI-X30SSL-HF(Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent Mating connector : FI-30C2L (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
2	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
3	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
4	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
5	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
9	LVDS	Support NS only	
10	Reserved	N.C.	
11	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
12	RXIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
13	RXIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
14	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
15	RXIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
16	RXIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
17	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
18	RXIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
19	RXIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
20	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
21	RXCLKIN-	LVDS Clock negative	
22	RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Positive	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	RXIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
25	RXIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
26	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
27	Reserved	N.C.	
28	Reserved	N.C.	
29	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
30	GND	Ground and Signal Return	

[Note 1] All GND(ground) pins should be connected together.

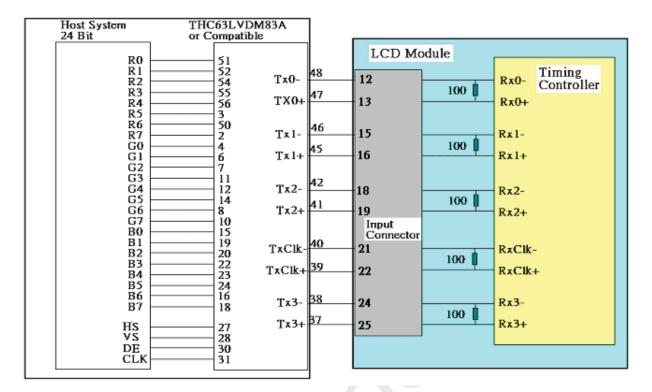
[Note 2] All  $V_{DD}$  (power supply) pins should be connected together.



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### 4-2 Interface block diagram





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- 4-3. Backlight driving
- 4-3-1. Inverter Connector

Connector on Inverter : S14B-PH-SM3(Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

Mating connector : PHR-14 (Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description	
1	VIN	<b>Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated</b>	24V
2	VIN	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
3	VIN	<b>Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated</b>	24V
4	VIN	<b>Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated</b>	24V
5	VIN	<b>Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated</b>	24V
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	GND
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	GND
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	GND
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	GND
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	GND
11	ADIM <sup>(1)</sup>	GND (0V) 80% Lum / Open (1.6V) 100% Lum / High (3.3V) 120% Lum	100%
12	ON/OFF	BL On-Off: Open/High (3.3V) for BL On as default	On
13	PDIM <sup>(2)</sup>	PWM Dimming: Open/High (3.3V) for 100% Lum Analog Dimming: GND (0V) 20% Lum/ Open or High (3,3V) 100% Lum	
14	PWM Selection <sup>(3)</sup>	GND: Duty Signal to 13pin, Open/High(3.3V): Analog Voltage to 13 pin	Analog

[Note]

- (1) ADIM is control signal for Inverter's output Power to Back Light Lamp Bulb. Input Signal should be able to control Amplitude of Inverter Output voltage. From 0V to 3.3V, Inverter Output Voltage should be able to vary to control Brightness of Lamp from 80% to 120% Luminescence variation.
- (2) PDIM is PWM control input; i.e. for the given ADIM, this PDIM input should be able to control Width of Voltage Burst of inverter output for Lamp Driving. This input can have two type of input; Ordinary default setting will be DC level signal using Saw Tooth Wave control for PWM duty control. The other setting is Duty Signal Input with 3.3V TTL specification. These two method should be decided by 14<sup>th</sup> Pin input setting.
- (3) 14 Pin is selection pin for PWM control method; if this pin is connected to GND, PDIM input of 13<sup>th</sup> Pin should have Logic Level Duty Signal for PWM control. If this is set to High or Open,



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13<sup>th</sup> Pin should have DC level signal therefore the Inverter should have Saw Tooth Wave Generator to generate internal PWM signal. Default setting is "Analog", means when it is "Not Connected", 13<sup>th</sup> pin of PWM control should be have DC Level signal for PWM.

4-3-2. Lamp connector

Back Light Lamp Connectors and Pin Assignment are as follows. Connectors attached to Lamp Lead : BHR-04VS-1(JST) Mating connectors for Inverter output : SM02(12.0)B-BHS-1-TB(JST) or

4002P0220T(LANDWIN)

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	CFL HOT	High Voltage AC Signal	
2	N.C.	Spacing for High Voltage Clearance	
3	CFL HOT	Return for High Voltage AC Signal	

#### 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### LCD module

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
+12V supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	Ta=25℃	$-0.3 \sim +14.0$	v	
Storage temperature	Tstg	_	$-30 \sim +70$	°C	[Note1]
<b>Operating temperature (Ambient)</b>	Тора	_	$0 \sim +60$	°C	

[Note1] Humidity : 90%RH Max. at Ta≦40℃

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39℃ or less at Ta>40℃.

No condensation.





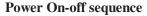
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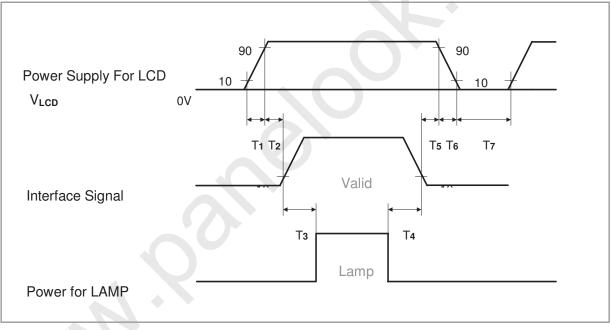
- 6. Electrical Characteristics
- 6-1.TFT-LCD panel driving

-1.TFT	1.TFT-LCD panel driving $Ta=25^{\circ}C$								
	Parameter			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> Supply voltage       Current dissipation		V <sub>DD</sub>	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	V	[Note2]	
			I <sub>DD</sub>	—	280	400	mA	[Note3]	
Per	Permissive input ripple voltage			_	_	100	mV p-p	V <sub>DD</sub> =+12V	
Differ	Differential input High		V <sub>TH</sub>	—	—	100	mV	V <sub>CM</sub> =+1.2V	
thre	threshold voltage Low		V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	—	—	mV	[Note1]	
Rush current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>			2	Α	<b>Rise Time</b>		
								470uS	

[Note1]  $V_{CM}$ : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

## [Note2]





 $1ms < T1,T6 \le 10 ms; 0.5ms < T2,T5 \le 50 ms; 200ms < T3,T4; T7 > 1 s$ 

[Note3] Maximum current condition; Change to 1x1 dot checker board pattern. V<sub>DD</sub>=+12V

	G		R		В
R	Q	В		G	
R	G	В	R	O.	В

: 0 GS

: 255 GS





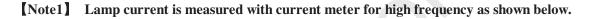
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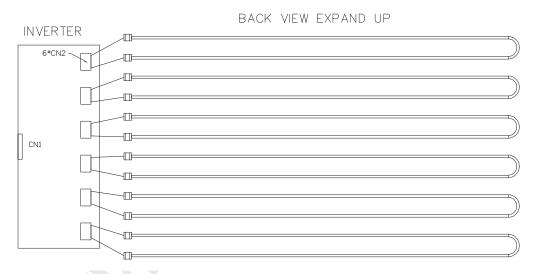
6-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is a direct-lighting type with 6 U shape CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Rem	ark
Lamp current range	IL	4.7	5.2	5.7	mArms	[Note1]	
Lamp voltage	VL		1780		Vrms		
Lamp power consumption	PL		9.3		W	[Note2] I	L= <mark>5.2</mark> mA
Lamp frequency	FL		57		kHz	[Note3]	
Established starting voltage	Vs		2350		Vrms	Ta=25℃	
			2810		Vrms	Ta=0℃	[Note4]
Lamp life time	LL	50000			hour	Lum ratio:100%	[Note5]
		40000			hour	Lum ratio:120%	[Note5]

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.





- [Note2] Calculated Value for reference ( $I_L \times V_L$ )
- [Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.
- [Note4] The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- [Note5] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either ① or ② occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta = 25 °C and  $I_L = 6mArms$ .
  - ① Brightness becomes 50 % of the original value under standard condition.
  - ② Kick-off voltage at  $Ta = 0^{\circ}C$  exceeds maximum value.
- [Note6] The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced



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by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

[Note7] The lamp wire length is 23+/-3mm(from AL back cover surface to connector, not including connector length)

#### 6-3 Backlight inverter

6-3-1. Inverter Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Power Supply	VDDB	22.8	24	26.4	Vdc	
Input Voltage						
Power Supply	Iddb		2.5		A	TBD
Input Current						
Power	Рв		60		W	TBD
Consumption						

#### 6.4 Luminance Controls

Method	Adjustment and Lun	ninance Ratio	PWM Selection	Rema	rk				
Voltage	Adjustment – Contir	nuous adjustment	High/Open for max.						
control	Luminance by adjust	ting the voltage							
	ADIM PDIM Lum ratio	0V 1.6V/open	3.3V						
	3.3V	80% 100%	120%						
	0V	20%	$\ge$						
PWM control	Adjustment- The lu	uminance is cont	GND	See	PWM				
	duty ratio of BF	RTP signal who	en PWM		timing	5			
	Selection is GND and PWM signal is inputted								
	into BRTP termial.								
	Duty Ratio	Luminance Rati	0						
	0.2	20%(minimum)							
	1.0	100% (maximur	n)						



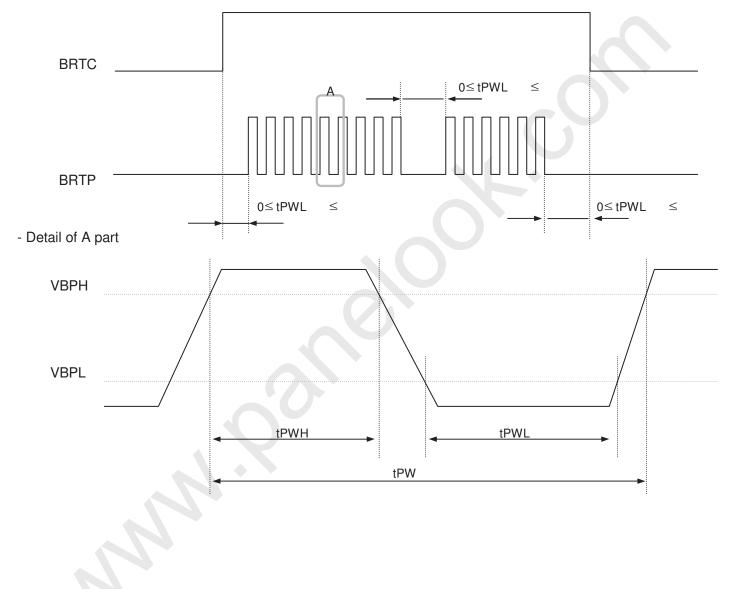
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## 6-5. PWM timing

- 6-5-1. Timing diagram
- Outline chart





#### 6-5-2. Each parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Luminance control fequency	FL	150		350	Hz	1, 2
Duty Ratio	DL	0.2	-	1.0	-	1, 3
Non signal Period	tPWL	0	-	50	Ms	4

Notes: 1. Definition of parameters is as follows

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$$FL = \frac{1}{tPW}$$
 ,  $DL = \frac{tPWH}{tPW}$ 

2. See the following formula for luminance control frequency.

Luminance control frequency = tvv X (n+0.25)[or(n+0.72)]

n=1,2,3,....

tvv : See "7.1 Signal timing specification"

The interference noise of luminance control frequency and input signal frequency for LCD panel signal processing board may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency

so that the interference noise does not appear.

- 3. See "6.4 Luminance control methods"
- 4. If tPWL is more than 50ms, the backlight will be turned off by a protection circuit for inverter.



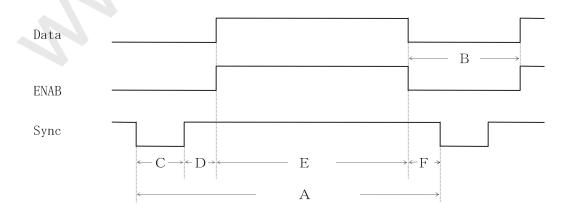
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- 7. Timing characteristics of LCD module input signals
- 7-1. Timing characteristics

(This is specified at digital outputs of LVDS driver.)

ITIME	Symbol	-	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
DCLK	Frequency	F <sub>CLK</sub>	53	80	82	MHz	
	Period	t <sub>CLK</sub>	12.2	12.5	18.8	ns	
Hsync	Frequency	f <sub>H</sub>	35	48.54	55	KHz	
	Period	t <sub>HA</sub>	1482	1648	1780	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Width-Active	t <sub>HC</sub>	8	16	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
Vsync	Frequency	$\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{V}}$	47	60	72	Hz	
	Period	t <sub>VA</sub>	771	810	-	t <sub>HA</sub>	
	Width-Active	t <sub>VC</sub>	1	6	-	t <sub>HA</sub>	
Data	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HD</sub>	8	80	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HF</sub>	100	186	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Horizontal active	t <sub>HE</sub>	1366	1366	1366	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Horizontal blanking	t <sub>HB</sub>	116	282	-	t <sub>CLK</sub>	
	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VD</sub>	1	20	-	t <sub>HA</sub>	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VF</sub>	1	16	-	t <sub>HA</sub>	
	Vertical active	tvE	768	768	768	t <sub>HA</sub>	
	Vertical blanking	t <sub>VB</sub>	3	42	-	t <sub>HA</sub>	

- Notes : 1.The performance of electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.
  - 2. Hsync period will be a double number of character (8).
- 7-2 Signal Timing Waveform(The time "B" is t<sub>HB</sub> on horizontal timing and t<sub>VB</sub> on vertical timing)





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## 8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors & Data Signal																								
	Gray scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	<b>R7</b>	G	G1	G2	G	G	G5	G6	G7	В	В	В	В	В	B	В	В
	·									0			3	4				0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
œ	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Col	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
or	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	1		1	1		1	1		1	1	1		1		
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
ଜ	Ŷ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
icale	<del>کر</del>			0		<u>ر</u>		0		0					Ū	0	0	•		•	1		•	0	0
of	Û					V								V							1				
Red	Bright	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Û	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay S	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale of Green	Û					1							1								1				
of (	Û					<u>۷</u>				_				<u>ار</u>											
Gree	Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ů		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gra	frack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
y So	Darker	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	仓					1								<u>۲</u>							1	<b>١</b>			
Gray Scale of Blue	Û					r								V								$\mathbf{b}$			
lue	Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Û	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage





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### 9. Optical Characteristics

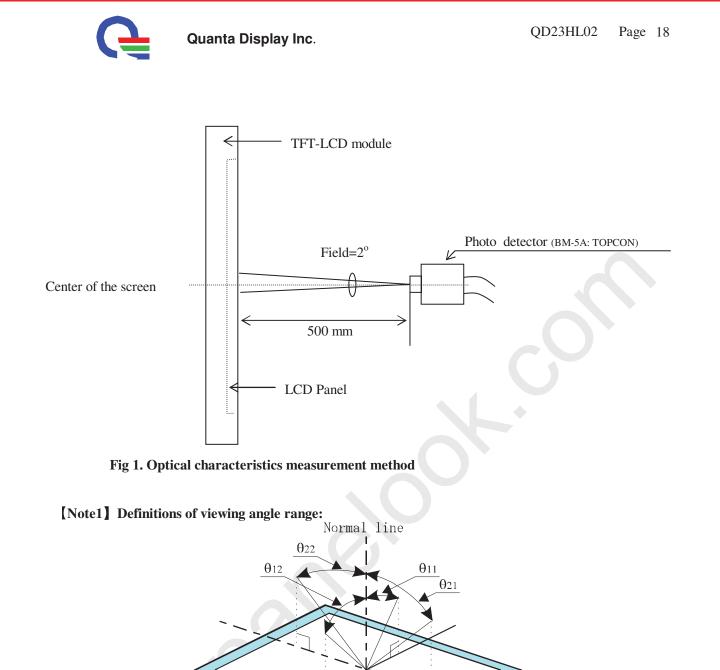
							Ta=25°	$C, V_{DD} = +12V$
Param	Parameter Symbol Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing	L/R	θ 21, θ 22	CR>10	65	70		Deg.	[Note1,4]
angle	U	θ 11		50	65		Deg.	
range	D	θ 12		55	60		Deg.	
Contras	t ratio	CRn	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	400	450			Note2,4
Respons	e time	τ			16	21	ms	[Note3,4]
Rise time	τr				6	11	ms	
Fall time	τd				10	15	ms	
Chromaticit	ty of	Wx		0.242	0.272	0.302		[Note4]
White (CIE	1931)	Wy		0.248	0.278	0.308		Color temperature
								12000K
Chromaticit	ty of	Rx		0.602	0.632	0.662		NTSC 72%
Red (CIE 19	931)	Ry		0.306	0.336	0.366		_
Chromaticit	ty of	Gx		0.234	0.264	0.294		_
Green (CIE	1931)	Gy		0.573	0.593	0.623		
Chromaticit	ty of	Bx		0.114	0.144	0.174		
Blue (CIE 1	931)	By		0.028	0.058	0.088		
Luminance	e of white	ΥL		450	500		Cd/m <sup>2</sup>	
Note	e4】							
Gamma	curve				2.2			
White Uni	iformity	δw	V		-	1.3		[Note5]
Black Uni	iformity	δв				1.3		[Note5]

% The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. (typical condition :  $I_L = 5.2$ mArms)

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.1 below.

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The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

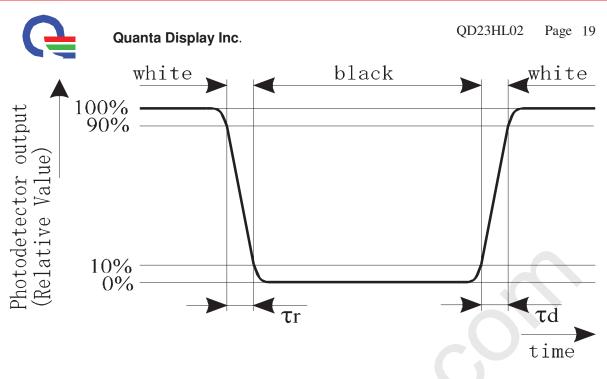
6 o'clock direction

Contrast Ratio (CR) = Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note3] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

 $\langle p \rangle$ 

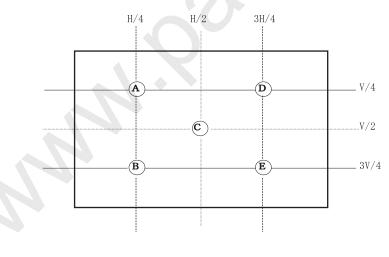


[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:

White and black uniformity is defined as the

following with nine measurements



 $\delta_{w, B} = \frac{Maximum Luminance (of 5 points measurement)}{Minnum Luminance (of 5 points measurement)}$ 





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#### **10. Display Quality**

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

- 11. Handling Precautions
  - a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
  - b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
  - c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
  - d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
  - e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
  - f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.Handle with care.
  - g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.
  - h) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
  - i) This module has its circuitry PCBs on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
  - j) Laminated film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched . Peel the film off slowly just before the use with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Ionized air shall be blown over during the action. Blow off the 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen gun, etc..

No.	Test item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	$Ta = 70^{\circ}C$ 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta =-30°C 240h
3	High temperature	$Ta = 50^{\circ}C$ ;95 % RH 240h
	& high humidity operation test	
4	High temperature operation test	$Ta = 60^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$
5	Low temperature operation test	$Ta = 0^{\circ}C$ 240h
6	Vibration test (non- operating)	Frequency: 10~500Hz, 1.0G , 20 min/each axis
7	Shock test	Gravity : 100G
	(non- operating)	Pulse width : 2ms, half sine wave
		Direction : $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$
		Once for each direction.

#### 12.Reliability test items

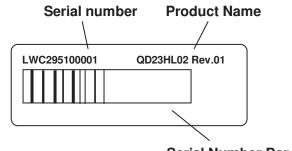
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13. Others

1) LCD Module Label:



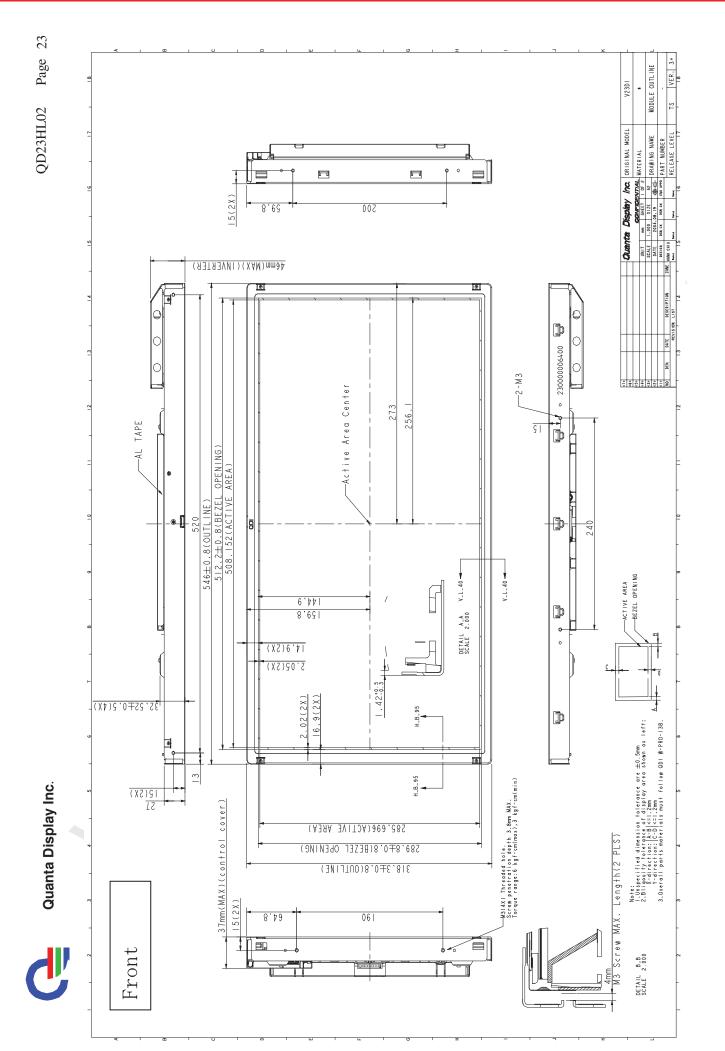
Serial Number Bar Code

LWC295100001 Digital code 4, 5 is Date code. Digital 4 (Year) 1: 2001, 2: 2002, 3:2003,.... Digital 5 (Month) 1: Jan, 2: Feb,..., A:Oct, B:Nov., C: Dec.

- 2) Adjusting volume has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 3) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 4) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 5) If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.



 $\oslash$ 

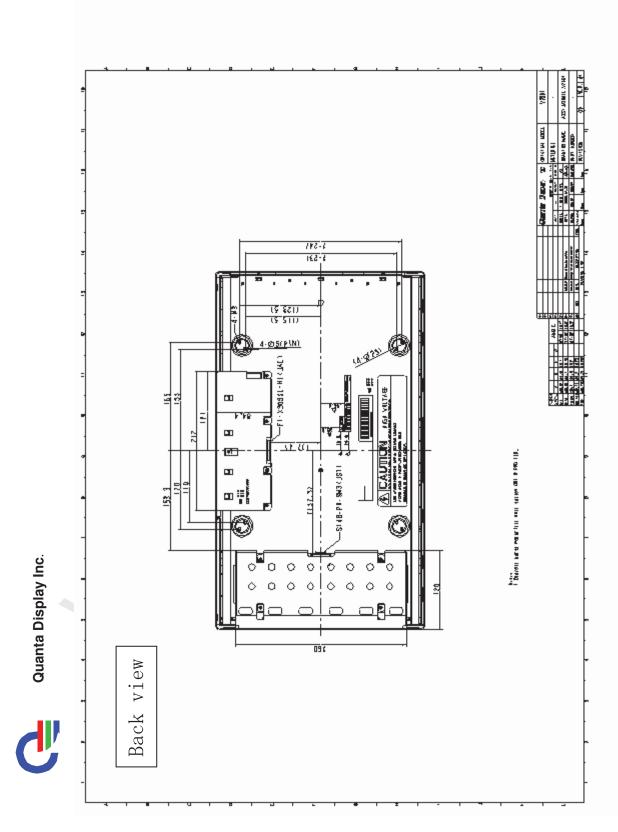


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