

**200 mA 36 V Input Ultra Low Supply Current VR for Industrial Applications**

No. EA-354-180524

**OUTLINE**

The R1524x is a CMOS-based ultra low supply current voltage regulator featuring 200 mA output current and 36 V input voltage. This device consists of an Output Short-circuit Protection Circuit, an Over-current Protection Circuit, and a Thermal Shutdown Circuit in addition to the basic regulator circuits. The operating temperature range is between  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and the maximum input voltage is 36 V. All these features allow this device to become an ideal power source for equipments used under high-temperature conditions.

The output voltages are internally fixed at either of the following: 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, 3.0 V, 3.3 V, 3.4 V, 5.0 V, 5.5 V, 6.0 V, 6.4 V, 8.0 V, 8.5 V and 9.0 V. The output voltage accuracy is  $\pm 0.6\%$ .

The packages for this device range from high-density mounting to ultra high wattage. The R1524x is offered in five packages; a 5-pin SOT-23-5, a 5-pin SOT-89-5, a 6-pin HSOP-6J, a 6-pin DFN(PLP)1820-6, and an 8-pin HSOP-8E package.

This is a high-reliability semiconductor device for industrial applications (-Y) that has passed both the screening at high temperature and the reliability test with extended hours. This line of products operate in a wide temperature range from low temperature to high temperature to support harsh environment applications.

**FEATURES**

- Input Voltage Range (Maximum Rating) ..... 3.5 V to 36 V (50 V)
- Operating Temperature Range .....  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Supply Current ..... Typ. 2.2  $\mu\text{A}$
- Standby Current ..... Typ. 0.1  $\mu\text{A}$
- Dropout Voltage ..... Typ. 0.6 V ( $I_{\text{OUT}} = 200 \text{ mA}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )
- Output Voltage Range ..... 1.8 V / 2.5 V / 2.8 V / 3.0 V / 3.3 V / 3.4V / 5.0 V / 5.5 V / 6.0 V / 6.4 V / 8.0 V / 8.5 V / 9.0 V  
\*Contact Ricoh sales representatives for other voltages.
- Output Voltage Accuracy .....  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Output Voltage Temperature-Drift Coefficient ..... Typ.  $\pm 60 \text{ ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Line Regulation ..... Typ. 0.01%/V ( $V_{\text{SET}} + 1 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{IN}} \leq 36 \text{ V}$ )
- Built-in Output Short-circuit Protection Circuit ..... Typ. 80 mA
- Built-in Over-current Protection Circuit ..... Typ. 350 mA
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit ..... Thermal Shutdown Temperature: Typ.  $160^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Ceramic capacitors are recommended to be used with this device .....  $C_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$  or more
- Packages ..... SOT-23-5, SOT-89-5, HSOP-6J, DFN(PLP)1820-6, HSOP-8E

**APPLICATIONS**

- Industrial equipments such as FAs and smart meters
- Equipments used under high-temperature conditions such as surveillance camera and vending machine
- Equipments accompanied by self-heating such as motor and lighting

## SELECTION GUIDE

The set output voltage and the package type are user-selectable.

### Selection Guide

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R1524NxxxB-TR-YE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1524HxxxB-T1-YE	SOT-89-5	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1524SxxxB-E2-YE	HSOP-6J	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1524KxxxB-TR-Y	DFN(PLP)1820-6	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1524SxxxH-E2-YE	HSOP-8E	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

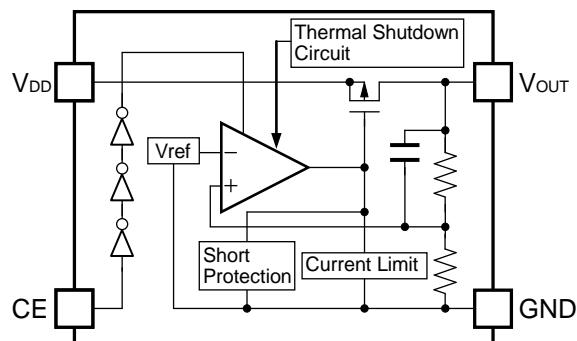
xxx: Specify the set output voltage ( $V_{SET}$ )

1.8 V (018) / 2.5 V (025) / 2.8 V (028) / 3.0 V (030) / 3.3 V (033) / 3.4 V (034) /  
5.0 V (050) / 5.5 V (055) / 6.0 V (060) / 6.4 V (064) / 8.0 V (080) / 8.5 V (085) / 9.0 V (090)

\*Contact Ricoh sales representatives for other voltages.

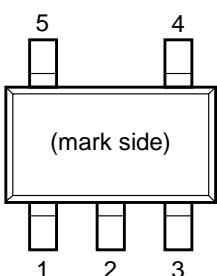
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## BLOCK DIAGRAM

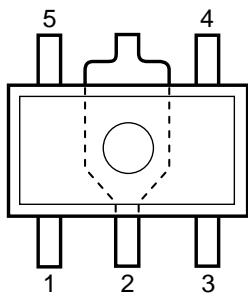


R1524x Block Diagram

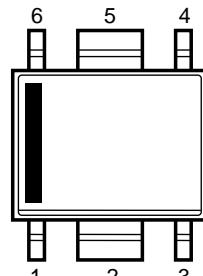
## PIN DESCRIPTIONS



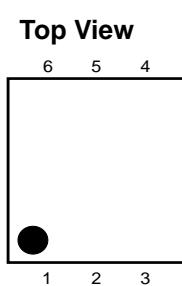
SOT-23-5 Pin Configuration



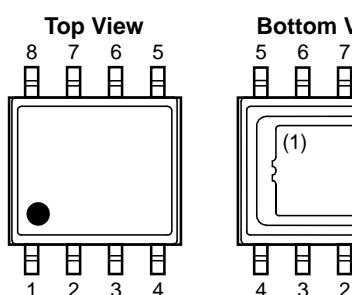
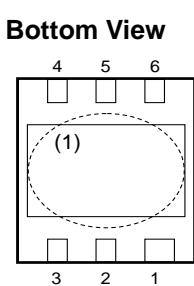
SOT-89-5 Pin Configuration



HSOP-6J Pin Configuration



DFN(PLP)1820-6 Pin Configuration



HSOP-8E Pin Configuration

### SOT-23-5 Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	GND <sup>(2)</sup>	Ground Pin
2	GND <sup>(2)</sup>	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
5	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

### SOT-89-5 Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
2	GND <sup>(3)</sup>	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
4	GND <sup>(3)</sup>	Ground Pin
5	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

<sup>(1)</sup> The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left open.

<sup>(2)</sup> The GND pin must be wired together when it is mounted on board.

<sup>(3)</sup> The GND pin must be wired together when it is mounted on board.

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## R1524x-Y

No. EA-354-180524

### HSOP-6J Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
2	GND <sup>(1)</sup>	Ground Pin
3	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
4	GND <sup>(1)</sup>	Ground Pin
5	GND <sup>(1)</sup>	Ground Pin
6	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

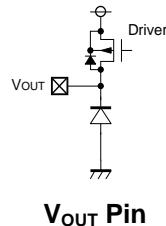
### DFN(PLP)1820-6 Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
2	NC	No Connection
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin
5	NC	No Connection
6	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin

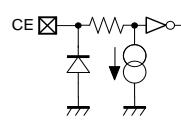
### HSOP-8E Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Pin
2	NC	No Connection
3	NC	No Connection
4	CE	Chip Enable Pin (Active-high)
5	GND	Ground Pin
6	NC	No Connection
7	NC	No Connection
8	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin

### PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



V<sub>OUT</sub> Pin



CE Pin

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<sup>(1)</sup> The GND pin must be wired together when it is mounted on board.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 50	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Peak Input Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	60	V
V <sub>CE</sub>	Input Voltage (CE Pin)	-0.3 to 50	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3 ≤ 50	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	300	mA
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation <sup>(2)</sup> (JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern)	SOT-23-5	830
		SOT-89-5	3200
		HSOP-6J	3400
		DFN(PLP)1820-6	2700
		HSOP-8E	3600
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature	-50 to 150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings are not assured.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	3.5 to 36	V
T <sub>a</sub>	Operating Temperature Range	-50 to 125	°C

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Duration time: 200 ms

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to *POWER DISSIPATION* for detailed information.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.1 \mu F$ , unless otherwise noted.

The specifications surrounded by  are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-50^\circ C \leq Ta \leq 125^\circ C$ .

R1524x (-Y/-YE)

( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{IN} = 14 V$ $I_{OUT} = 0 mA$	$V_{SET} \leq 5.0 V$		2.2	<input type="checkbox"/> 6.5	$\mu A$
			$5.0 V < V_{SET}$		2.5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6.8	
I <sub>STANDBY</sub>	Standby Current	$V_{IN} = 36 V, V_{CE} = 0 V$			0.1	1.0	$\mu A$
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	$V_{SET} + 1 V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36 V$ $I_{OUT} = 1 mA$	$T_a = 25^\circ C$	$\times 0.994$		$\times 1.006$	$V$
			$-50^\circ C \leq T_a \leq 125^\circ C$	$\times 0.984$		$\times 1.016$	
$\Delta V_{OUT}$ $/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0 V$ $1 mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200 mA$		Refer to the <i>Product-specific Electrical Characteristics</i>			
$\Delta V_{OUT}$ $/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{SET} + 1 V \leq V_{IN} \leq 36 V,$ $I_{OUT} = 1 mA$	$V_{SET} < 3.3 V$	<input type="checkbox"/> -20	5	<input type="checkbox"/> 20	mV
			$3.3 V \leq V_{SET}$	<input type="checkbox"/> -0.02	0.01	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.02	%/V
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 200 mA$		Refer to the <i>Product-specific Electrical Characteristics</i>			
I <sub>LIM</sub>	Output Current Limit	$V_{IN} = V_{SET} + 3.0 V$		<input type="checkbox"/> 220	350	<input type="checkbox"/> 420	mA
I <sub>SC</sub>	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0 V$		<input type="checkbox"/> 60	80	<input type="checkbox"/> 110	mA
V <sub>CEH</sub>	CE Input Voltage "H"			<input type="checkbox"/> 2.0		36	$V$
V <sub>CEL</sub>	CE Input Voltage "L"			0		<input type="checkbox"/> 1.0	$V$
I <sub>PD</sub>	CE Pull-down Current				0.2	<input type="checkbox"/> 0.6	$\mu A$
T <sub>TSD</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Temparature	Junction Temperature			160		$^\circ C$
T <sub>TSR</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature			135		$^\circ C$

All test items listed under Electrical Characteristics are done under the pulse load condition ( $T_j \approx T_a = 25^\circ C$ ).

The specifications surrounded by  are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**R1524x (-Y/-YE) Product-specific Electrical Characteristics** (Ta = 25°C)

Product Name	$V_{\text{OUT}}$ (V) (Ta = 25°C)			$V_{\text{OUT}}$ (V) (-50°C ≤ Ta ≤ 125°C)			$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}/\Delta I_{\text{OUT}}$ (mV)			$V_{\text{DIF}}$ (V)		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	
R1524x018x	1.7892	1.80	1.8108	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.7712</span>	1.80	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.8288</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">-10</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">10</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">40</span>	1.6	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.5</span>	
R1524x025x	2.4850	2.50	2.5150	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.4600</span>	2.50	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.5400</span>				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.2</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.2</span>	
R1524x028x	2.7832	2.80	2.8168	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.7552</span>	2.80	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.8448</span>					<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.0</span>	
R1524x030x	2.9820	3.00	3.0180	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2.9520</span>	3.00	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.0480</span>					<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.8</span>	
R1524x033x	3.2802	3.30	3.3198	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.2472</span>	3.30	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.3528</span>				<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.6</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.2</span>	
R1524x034x	3.3796	3.40	3.4204	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.3456</span>	3.40	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3.4544</span>					<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1.3</span>	
R1524x050x	4.9700	5.00	5.0300	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">4.9200</span>	5.00	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5.0800</span>					<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0.5</span>	
R1524x055x	5.4670	5.50	5.5330	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5.4120</span>	5.50	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5.5880</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">-18</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">18</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">72</span>			
R1524x060x	5.9640	6.00	6.0360	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5.9040</span>	6.00	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6.0960</span>						
R1524x064x	6.3616	6.40	6.4384	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6.2976</span>	6.40	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6.5024</span>						
R1524x080x	7.9520	8.00	8.0480	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">7.8720</span>	8.00	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8.1280</span>						
R1524x085x	8.4490	8.50	8.5510	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8.3640</span>	8.50	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8.6360</span>						
R1524x090x	8.9460	9.00	9.0540	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8.8560</span>	9.00	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">9.1440</span>						

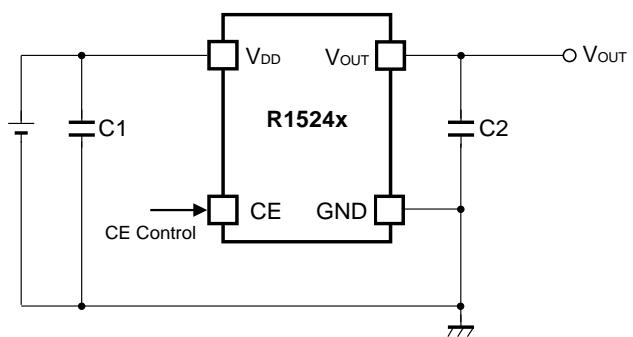
## THEORY OF OPERATION

### Thermal Shutdown

R1524x has a built-in thermal shutdown circuit, which stops the regulator operation if the junction temperature of this device increases to 160°C (Typ.) or higher. If the temperature drops to 135°C (Typ.) or lower, the regulator restarts the operation. Unless eliminating the overheating problem, the regulator turns on and off repeatedly and as a result, a pulse shaped output voltage is generated.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

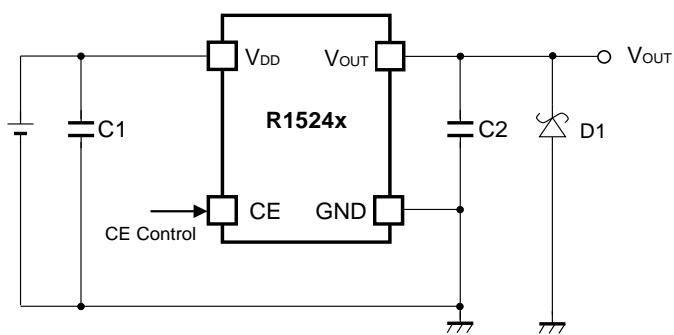
### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



C1 = Ceramic 0.1 µF  
C2 = Ceramic 0.1 µF

**R1524x Typical Applications**

### TYPICAL APPLICATION FOR IC CHIP BREAKDOWN PREVENTION



C1 = Ceramic 0.1 µF  
C2 = Ceramic 0.1 µF

**R1524x Typical Application for IC Chip Breakdown Prevention**

When a sudden surge of electrical current travels along the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and GND due to a short-circuit, electrical resonance of a circuit involving an output capacitor (C<sub>2</sub>) and a short circuit inductor generates a negative voltage and may damage the device or the load devices. Connecting a schottky diode (D<sub>1</sub>) between the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and GND has the effect of preventing damage to them.

## TECHNICAL NOTES

### Phase Compensation

In the R1524x, phase compensation is provided to secure stable operation even when the load current is varied. For this purpose, make sure to use 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or more of a capacitor (C2).

In case of using a tantalum type capacitor and the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) value of the capacitor is large, the output might be unstable. Evaluate the circuit including consideration of frequency characteristics. Connect 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  or more of a capacitor (C1) between V<sub>DD</sub> and GND, and as close as possible to the pins.

### PCB Layout

For SOT-23-5 package type, wire the following GND pins together: No. 1 and No. 2

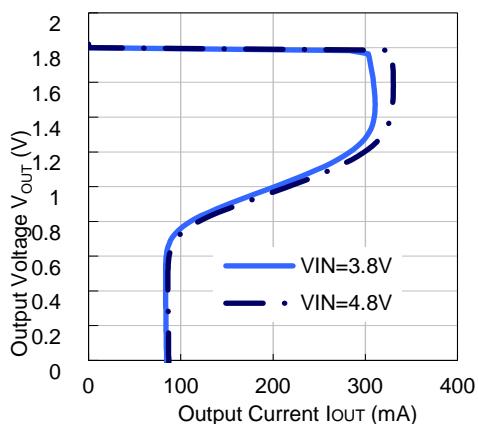
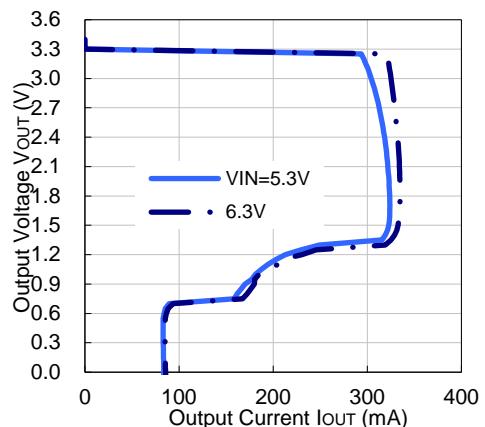
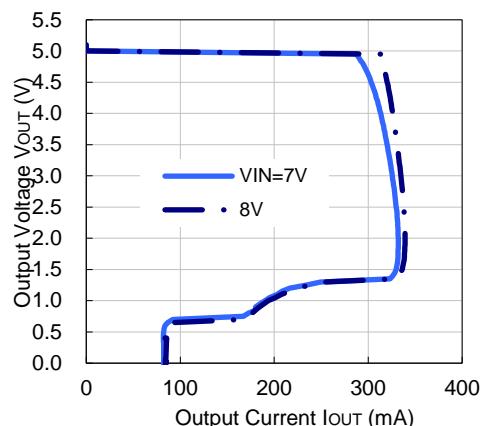
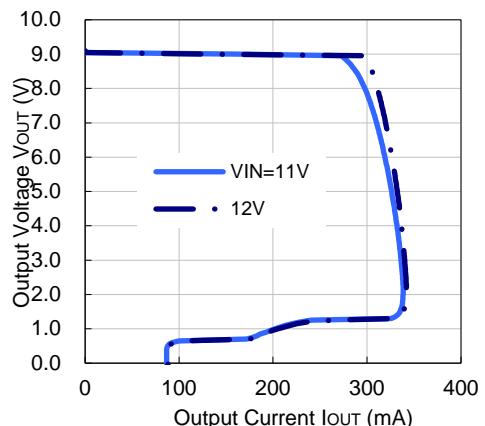
For SOT-89-5 package type, wire the following GND pins together: No. 2 and No. 4.

For HSOP-6J package type, wire the following GND pins together: No. 2, No. 4, and No. 5.

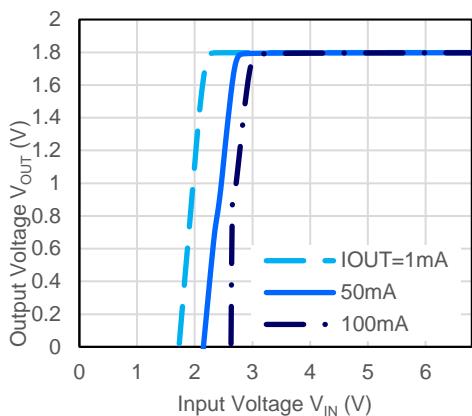
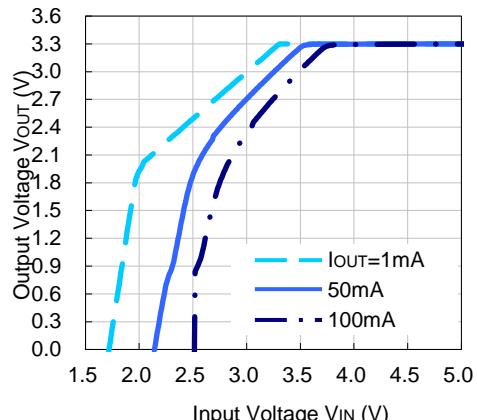
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

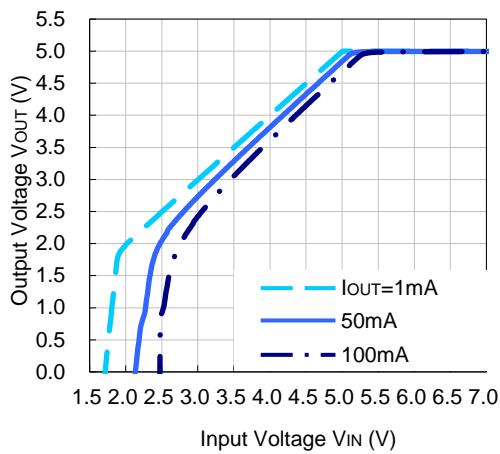
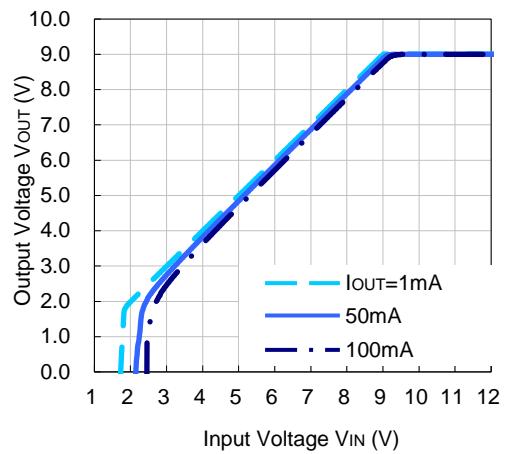
Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

### 1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

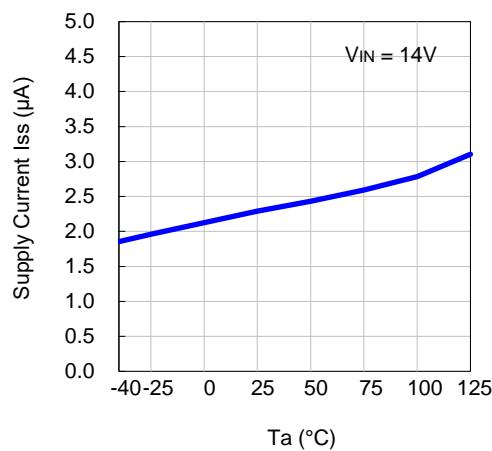
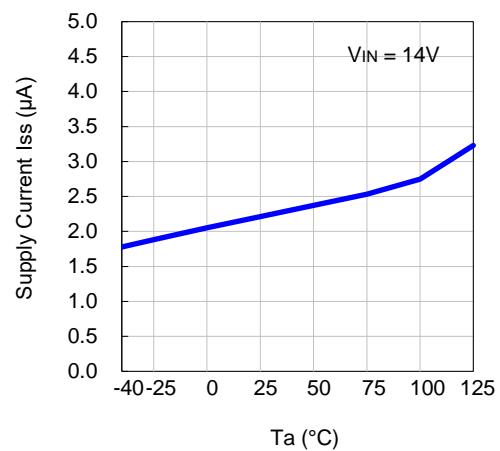
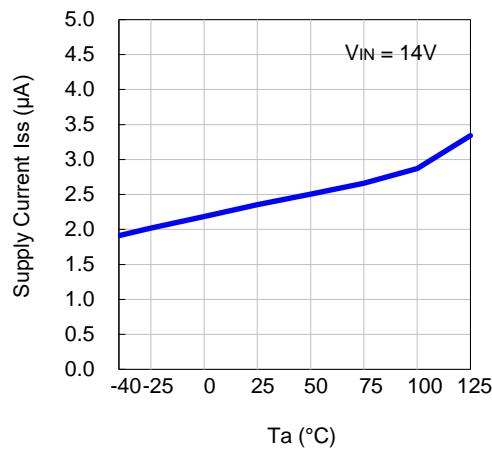
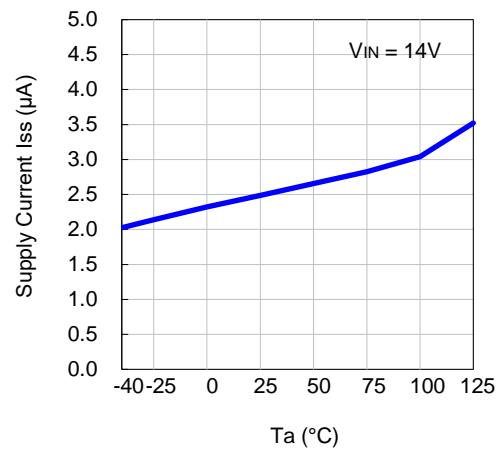
**R1524x018B****R1524x033B****R1524x050B****R1524x090B**

### 2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )

**R1524x018B****R1524x033B**

**R1524x050B****R1524x090B**

### 3) Supply Current vs. Temperature

**R1524x018B****R1524x033B****R1524x050B****R1524x090B**

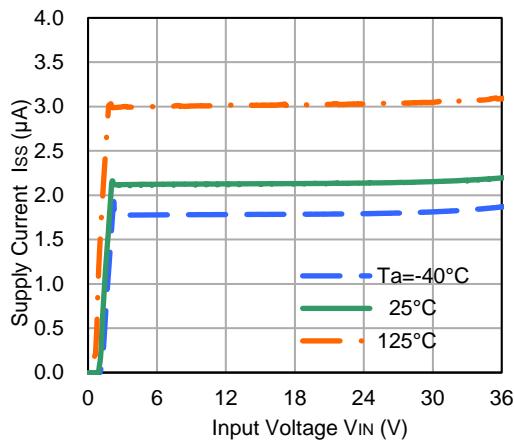
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## R1524x-Y

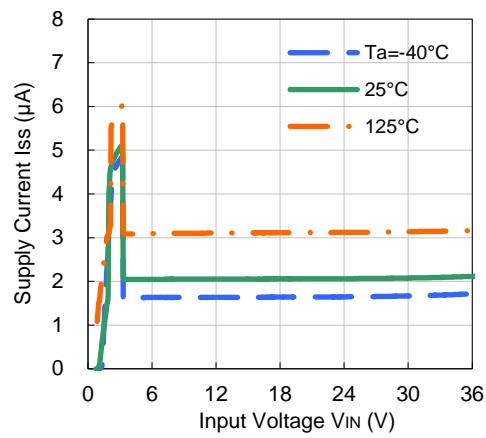
No. EA-354-180524

### 4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

R1524x018B

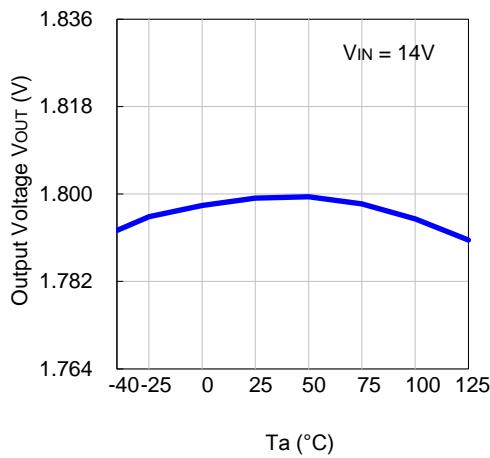


R1524x033B

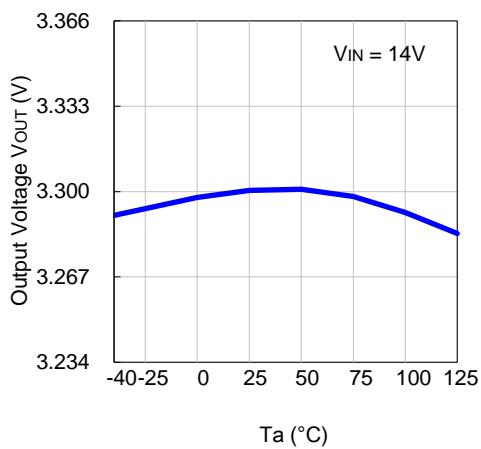


### 5) Output Voltage vs. Temperature ( $I_{OUT} = 1mA$ )

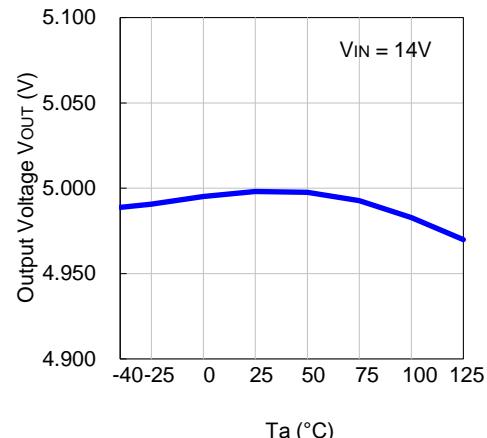
R1524x018B



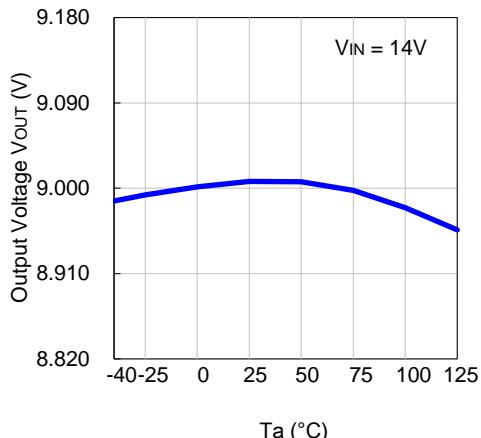
R1524x033B



R1524x050B

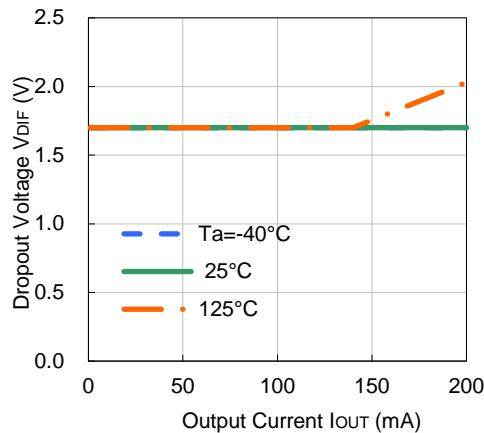


R1524x090B

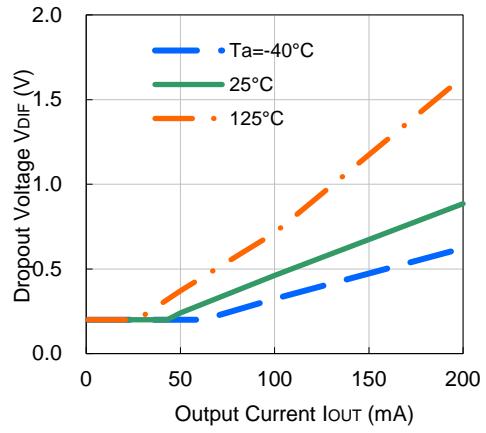


### 6) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

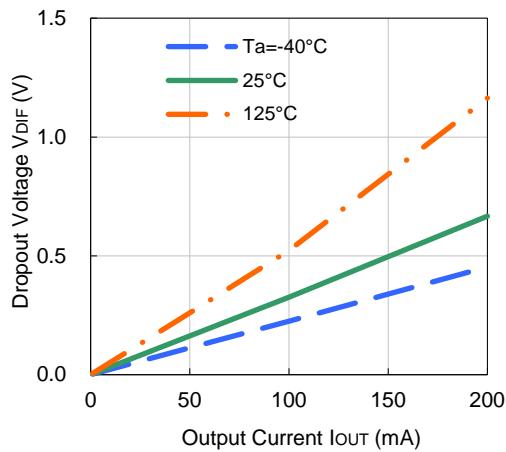
R1524x018B



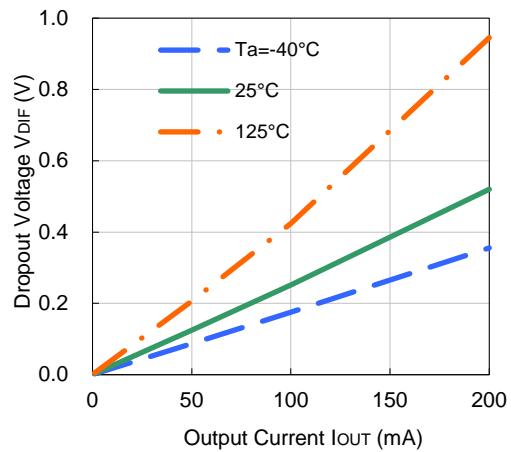
R1524x033B



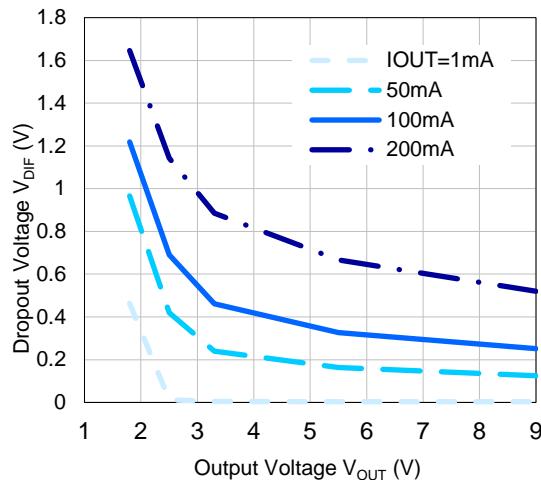
R1524x050B

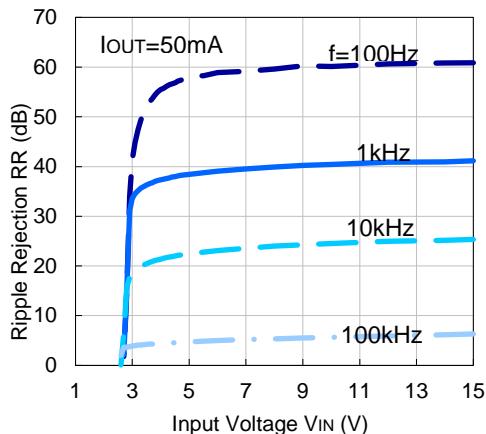
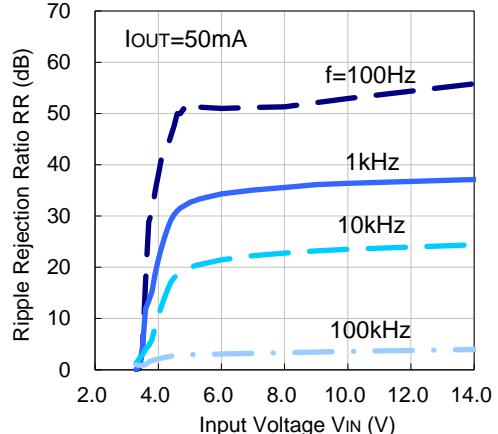
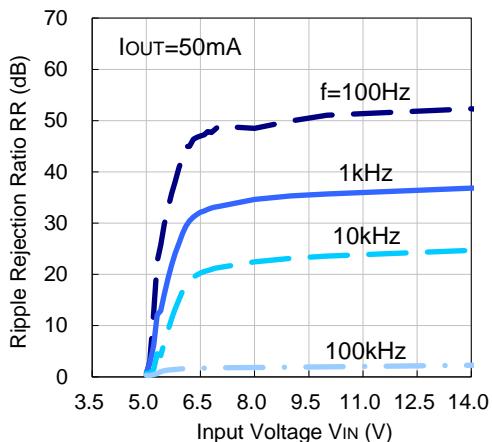
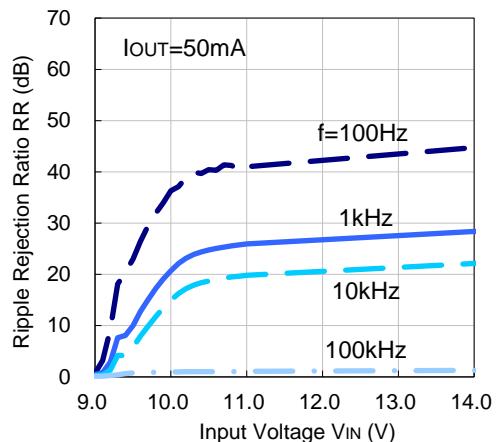
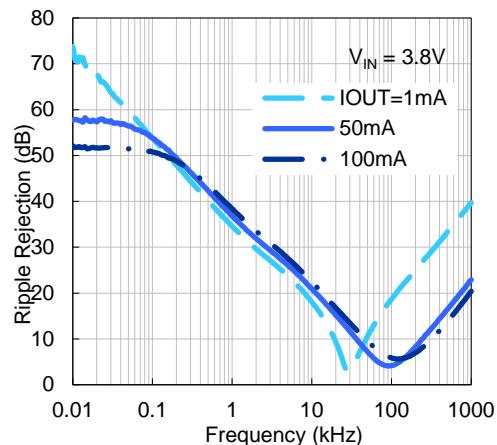
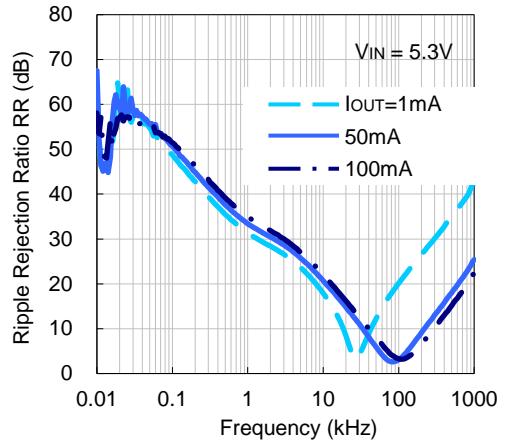


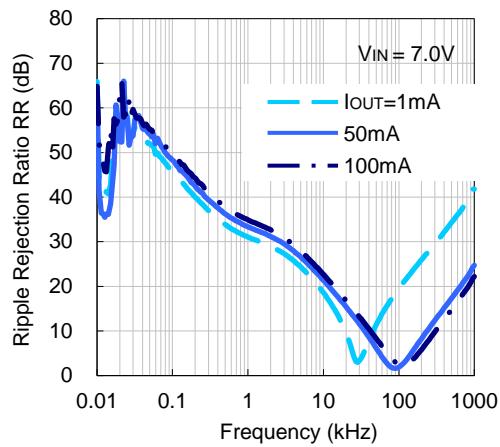
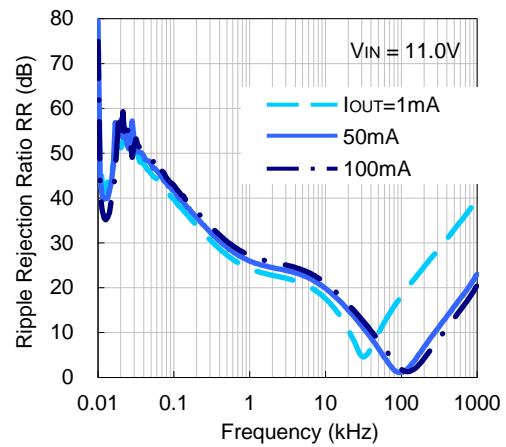
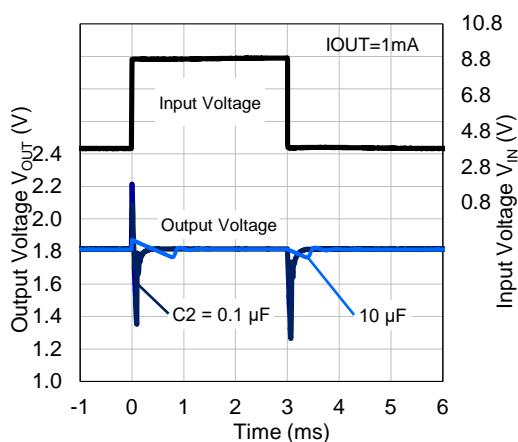
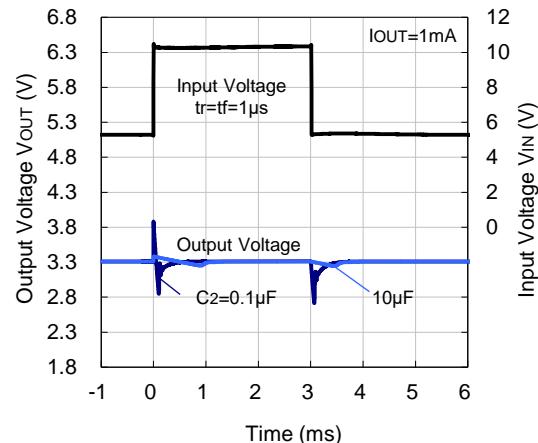
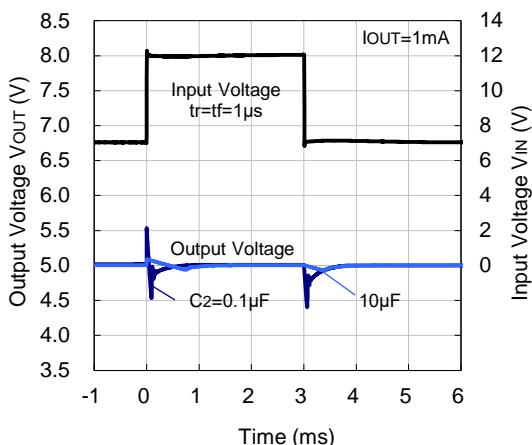
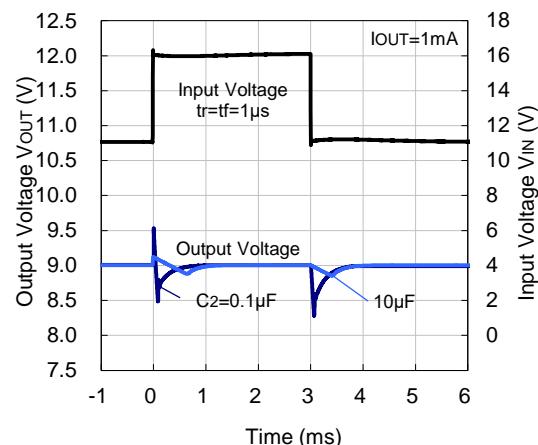
R1524x090B



### 7) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Voltage ( $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )



**8) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Voltage ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , Ripple = 0.2 Vpp)****R1524x018B****R1524x033B****R1524x050B****R1524x090B****9) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , Ripple = 0.2 Vpp)****R1524x018B****R1524x033B**

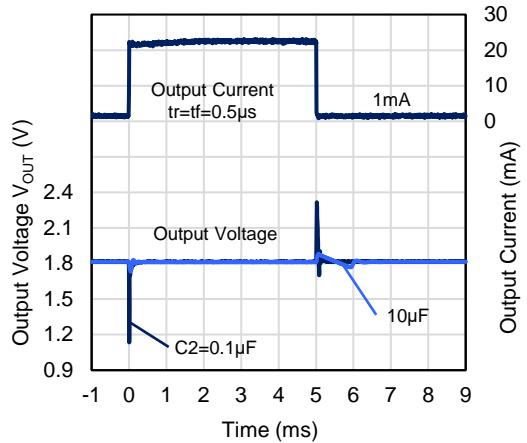
**R1524x050B****R1524x090B****10) Input Transient Response ( $T_a = 25^\circ C$ )****R1524x018B****R1524x033B****R1524x050B****R1524x090B**

## R1524x-Y

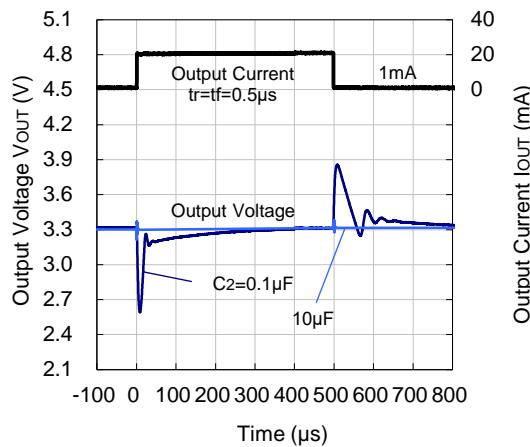
No. EA-354-180524

### 11) Load Transient Response ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

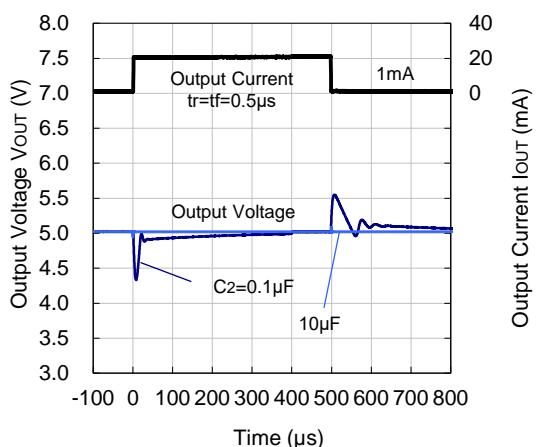
R1524x018B



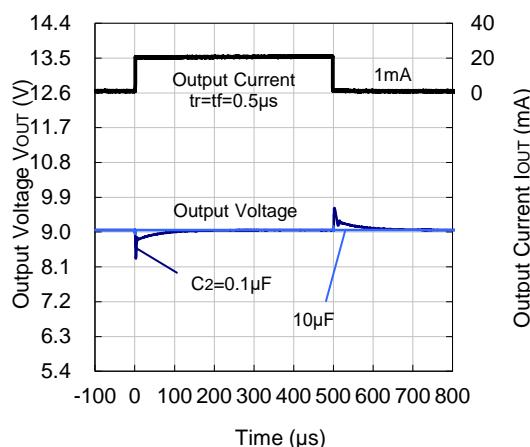
R1524x033B



R1524x050B

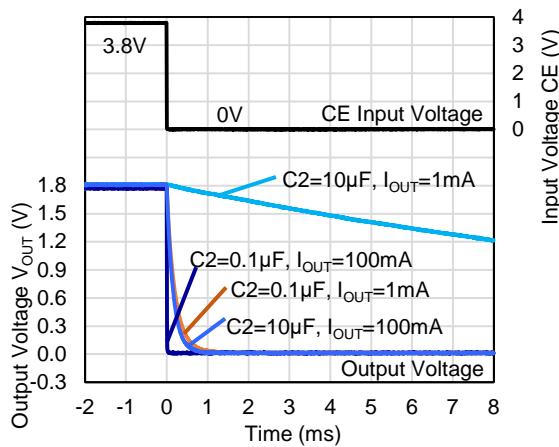
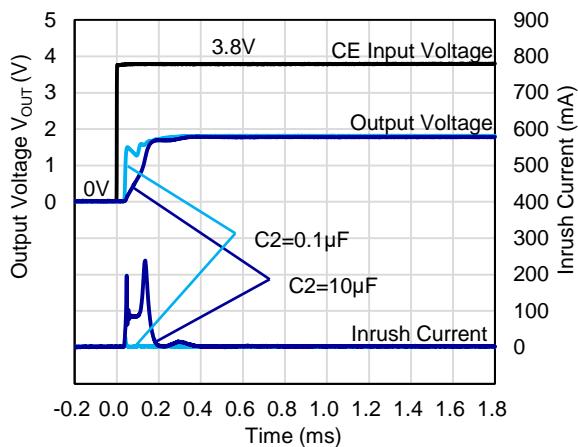


R1524x090B

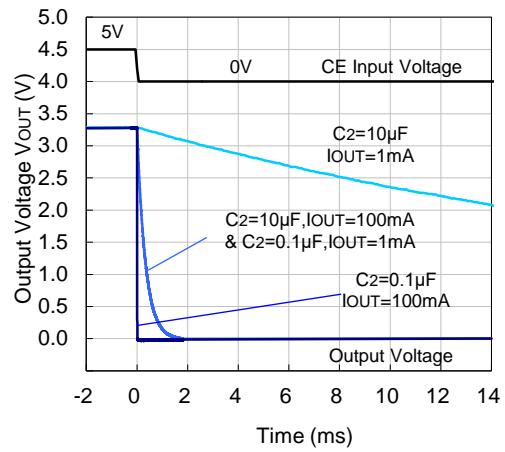
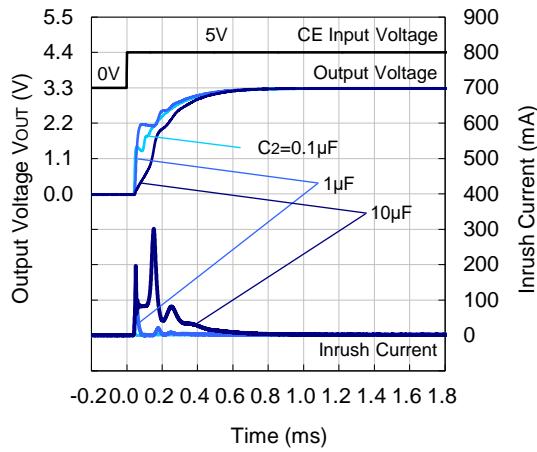


### 12) CE Transient Response ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

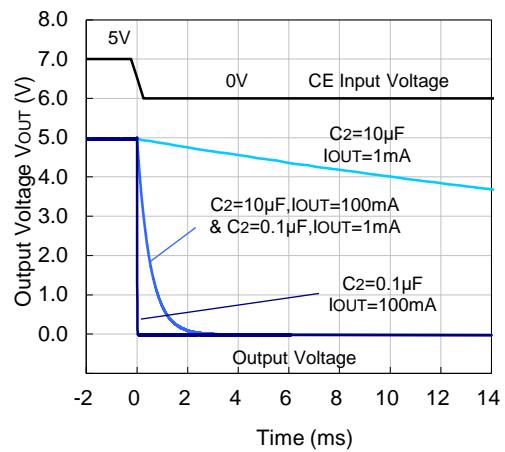
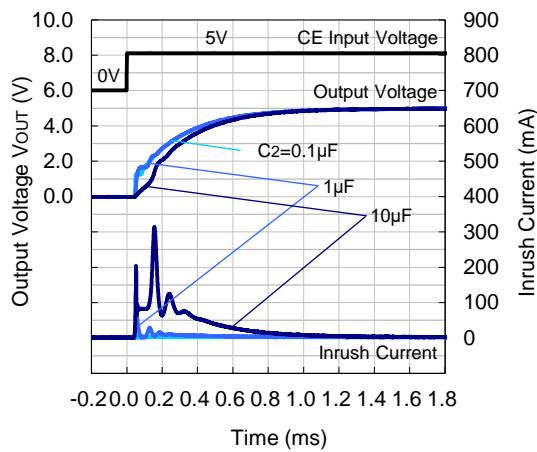
R1524x018B



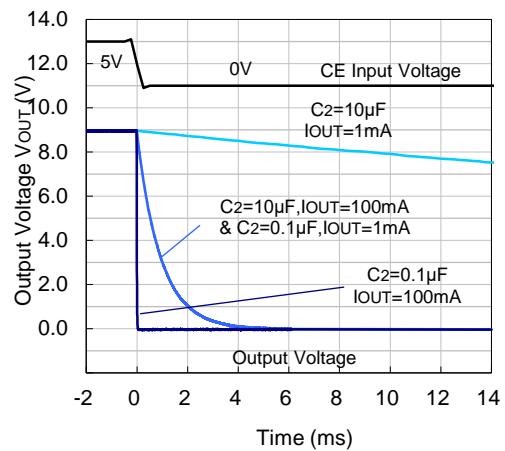
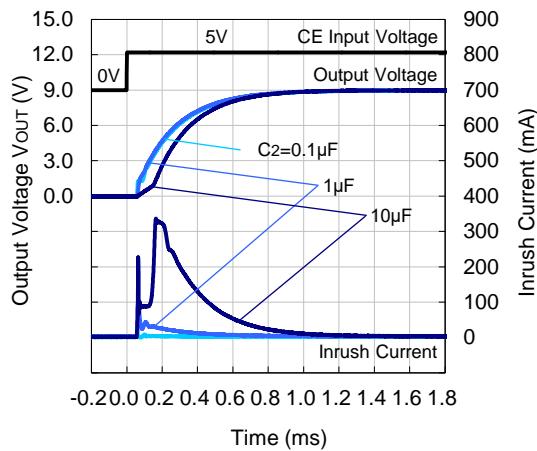
**R1524x033B**



**R1524x050B**



**R1524x090B**

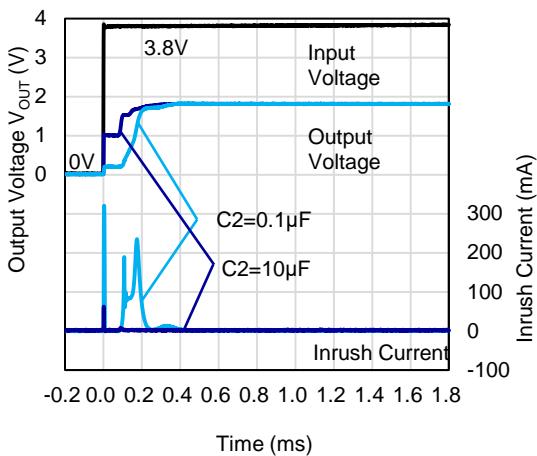


## R1524x-Y

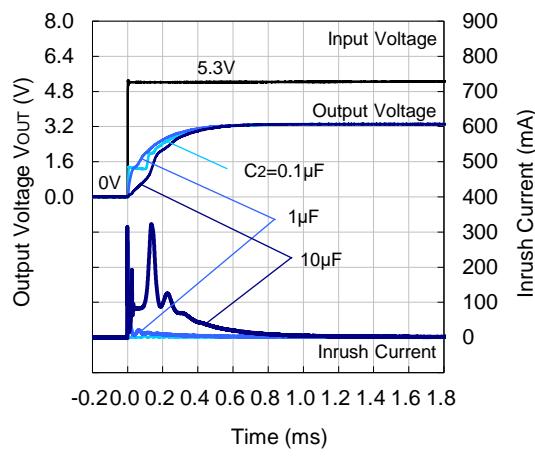
No. EA-354-180524

### 13) Power-on Transient Response ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ )

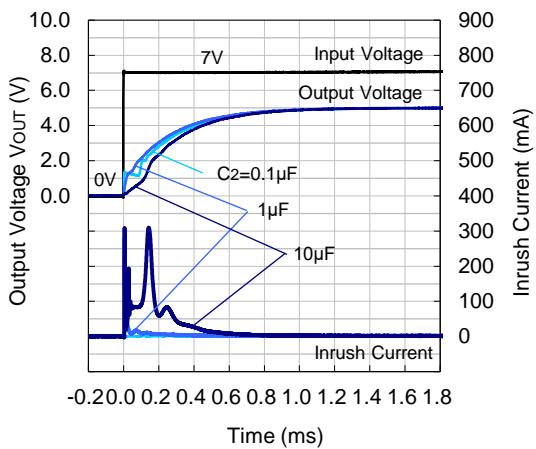
R1524x018B



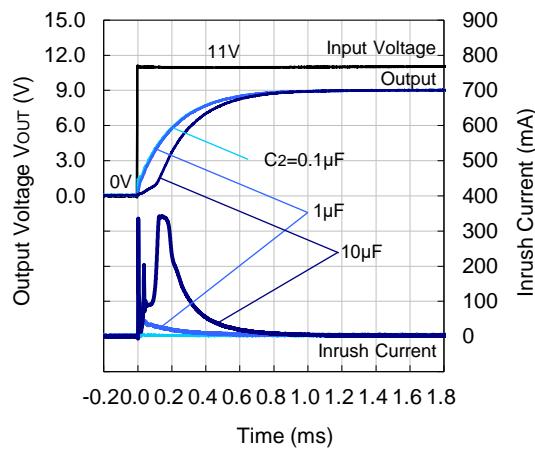
R1524x033B



R1524x050B

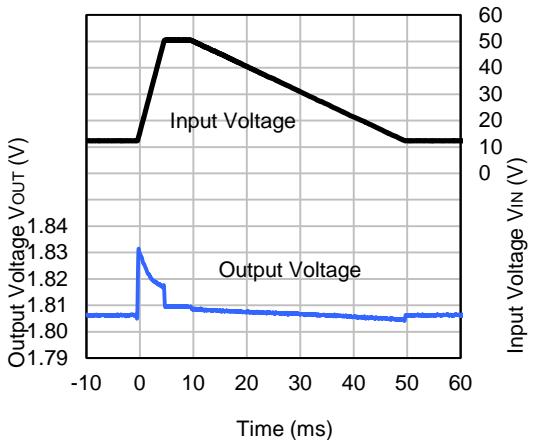


R1524x090B

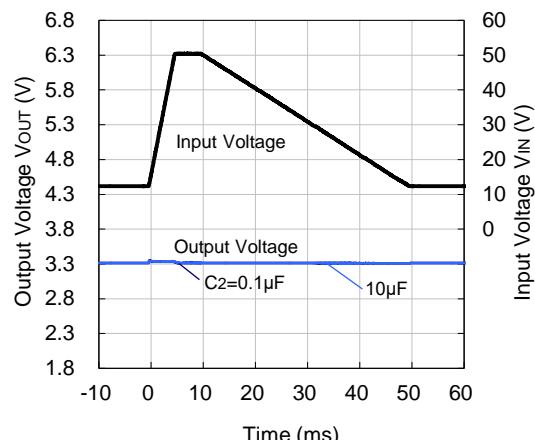


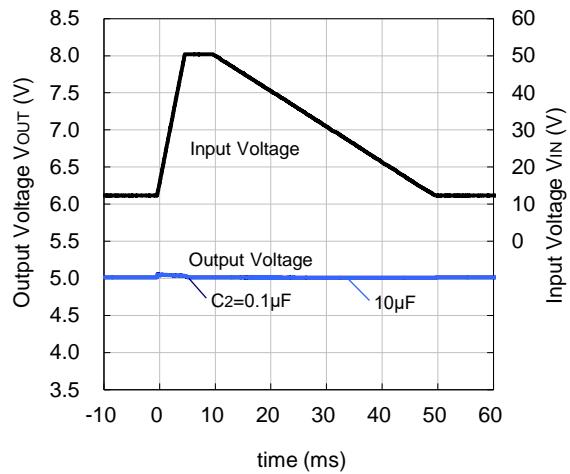
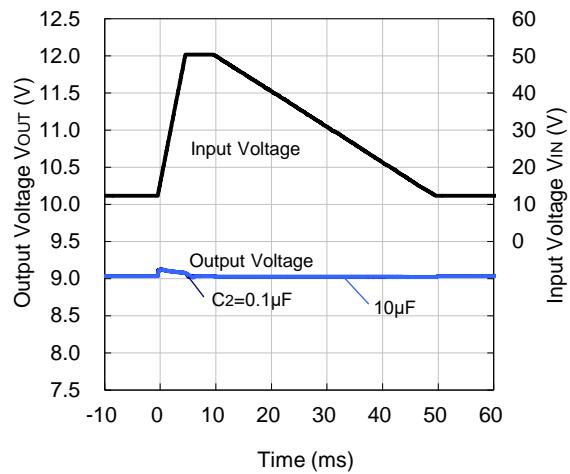
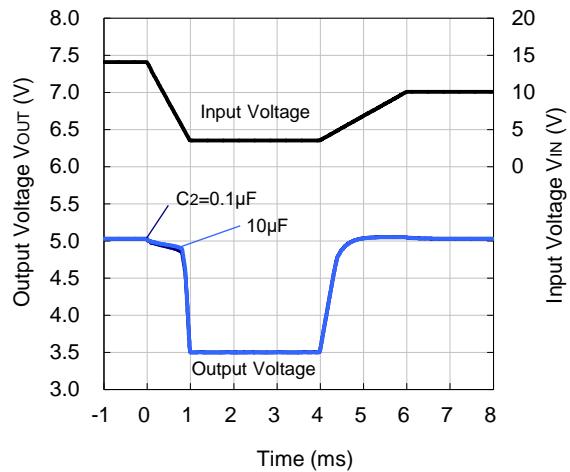
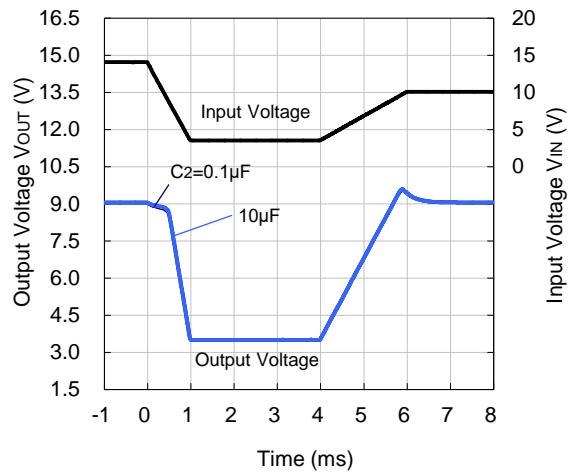
### 14) Load Dump ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

R1524x018B



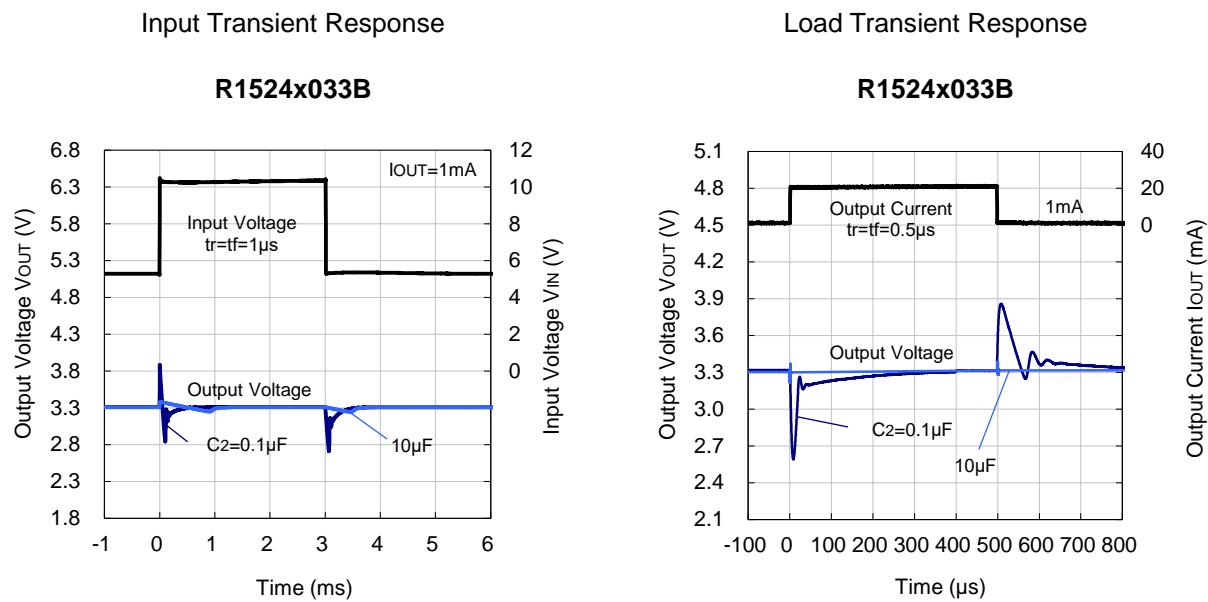
R1524x033B



**R1524x050B****R1524x090B****15) Cranking (Ta = 25°C)****R1524x050B****R1524x090B**

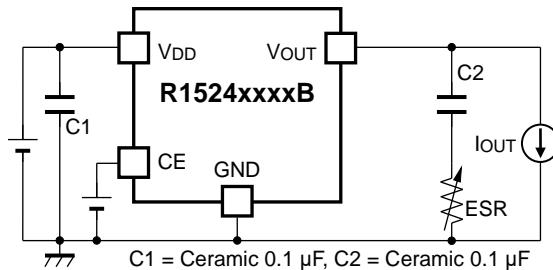
**Input Transient/Load Transient vs. Output Capacity (C2)**

R1524 performs a stable operation by using 0.1  $\mu$ F of ceramic capacitor as the output capacitor. However, the variation of output voltage may not meet the demand of the system when input voltage and load current vary. In such cases, the variation of output voltage can be minimized significantly by using 10  $\mu$ F or higher ceramic capacitor. When using an electrolytic capacitor for the output line, place the electrolytic capacitor outer side of the ceramic capacitor arranged close to the IC.



## ESR vs. Output Current

It is recommended that a ceramic type capacitor be used for this device. However, other types of capacitors having lower ESR can also be used. The relation between the output current ( $I_{OUT}$ ) and the ESR of output capacitor is shown below.



### Measurement Conditions

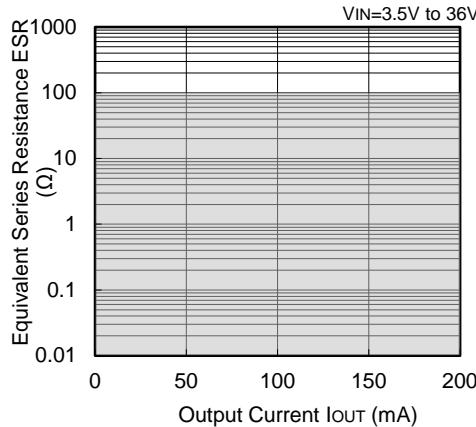
Frequency Band: 10 Hz to 2 MHz

Measurement Temperature:  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $125^{\circ}C$

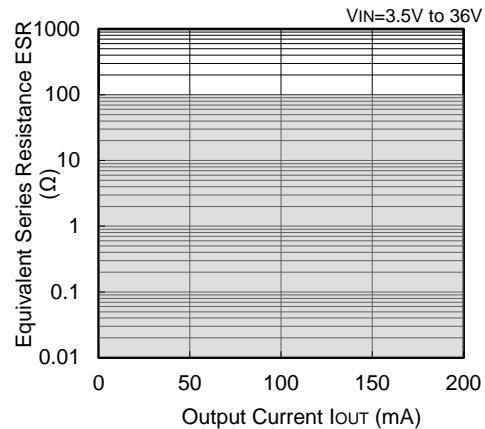
Hatched area: Noise level is 40  $\mu V$  (average) or below

Ceramic Capacitors:  $C_1 = 0.1 \mu F$ ,  $C_2 = 0.1 \mu F$

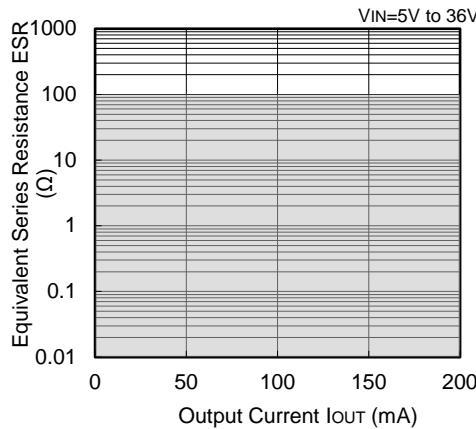
**R1524x018B**



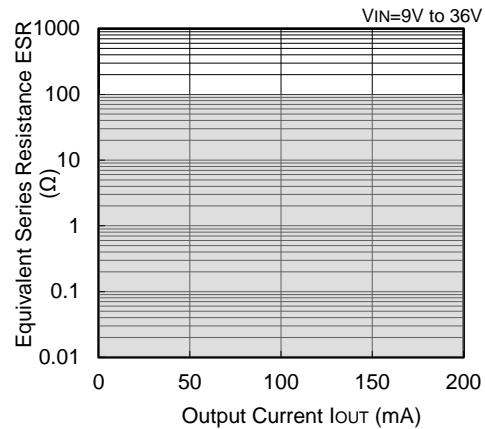
**R1524x033B**



**R1524x050B**



**R1524x090B**



The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

#### Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	Ø 0.3 mm × 7 pcs

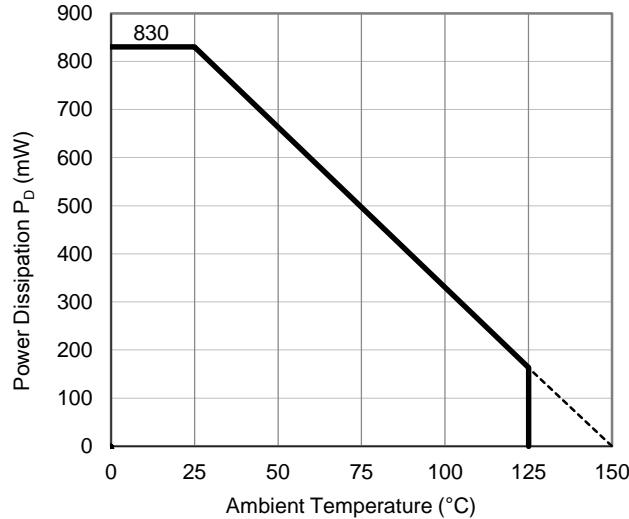
#### Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

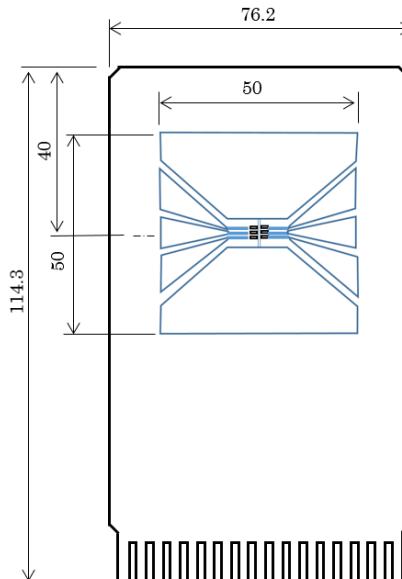
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	830 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 150^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 51^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

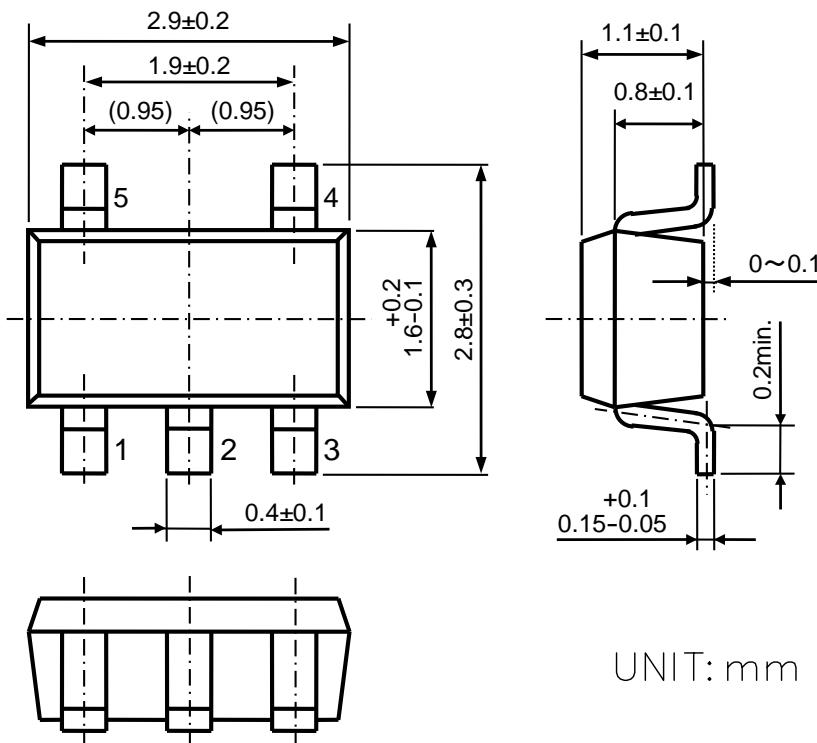


Measurement Board Pattern

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-23-5

Ver. A



SOT-23-5 Package Dimensions

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

#### Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	Ø 0.3 mm × 13 pcs

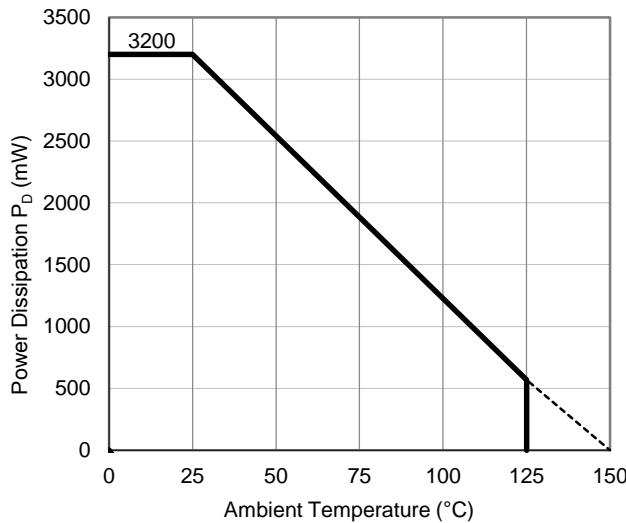
#### Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

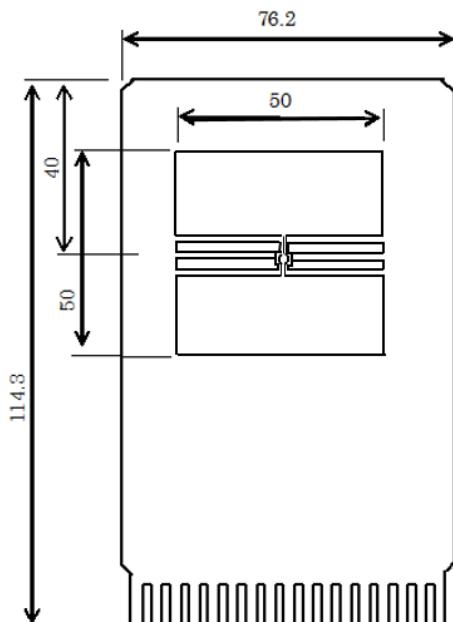
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3200 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 38^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 13^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

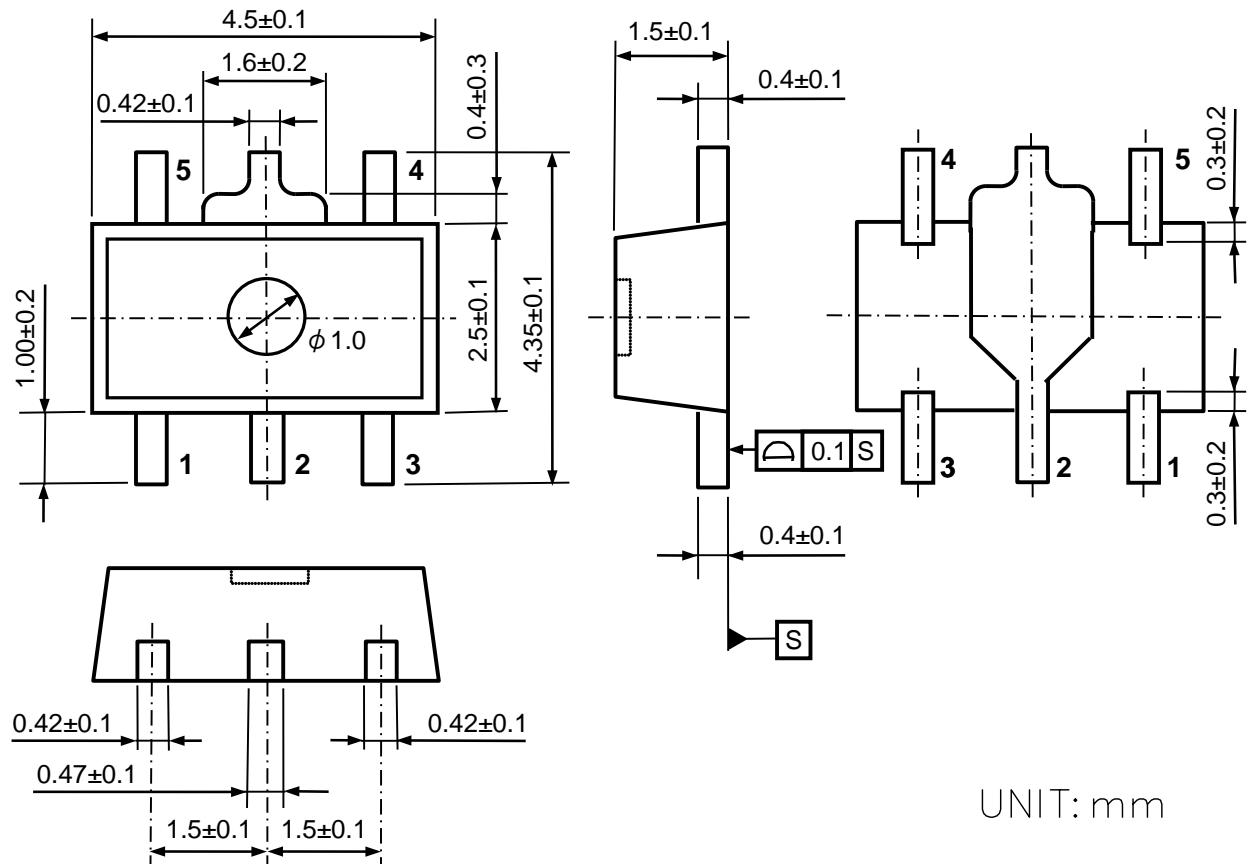


Measurement Board Pattern

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-89-5

Ver. A



SOT-89-5 Package Dimensions

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

### Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	Ø 0.3 mm × 28 pcs

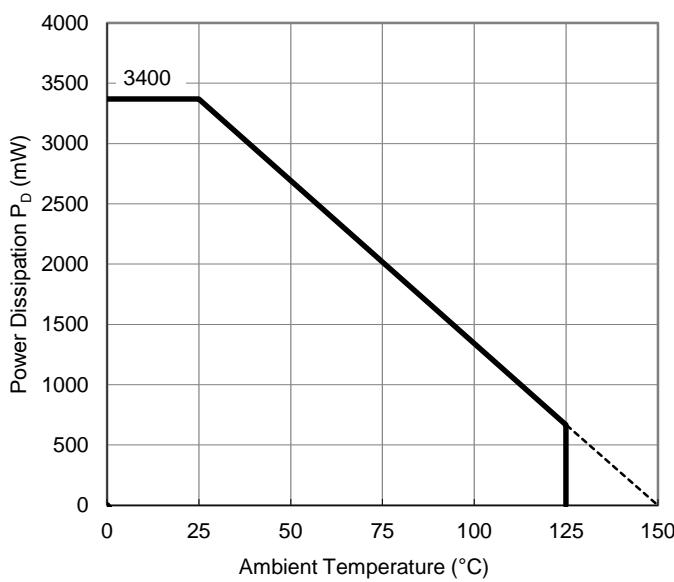
### Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

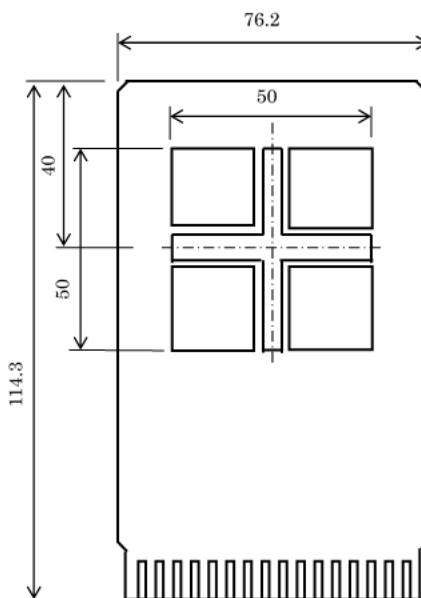
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3400 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 37^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 7^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

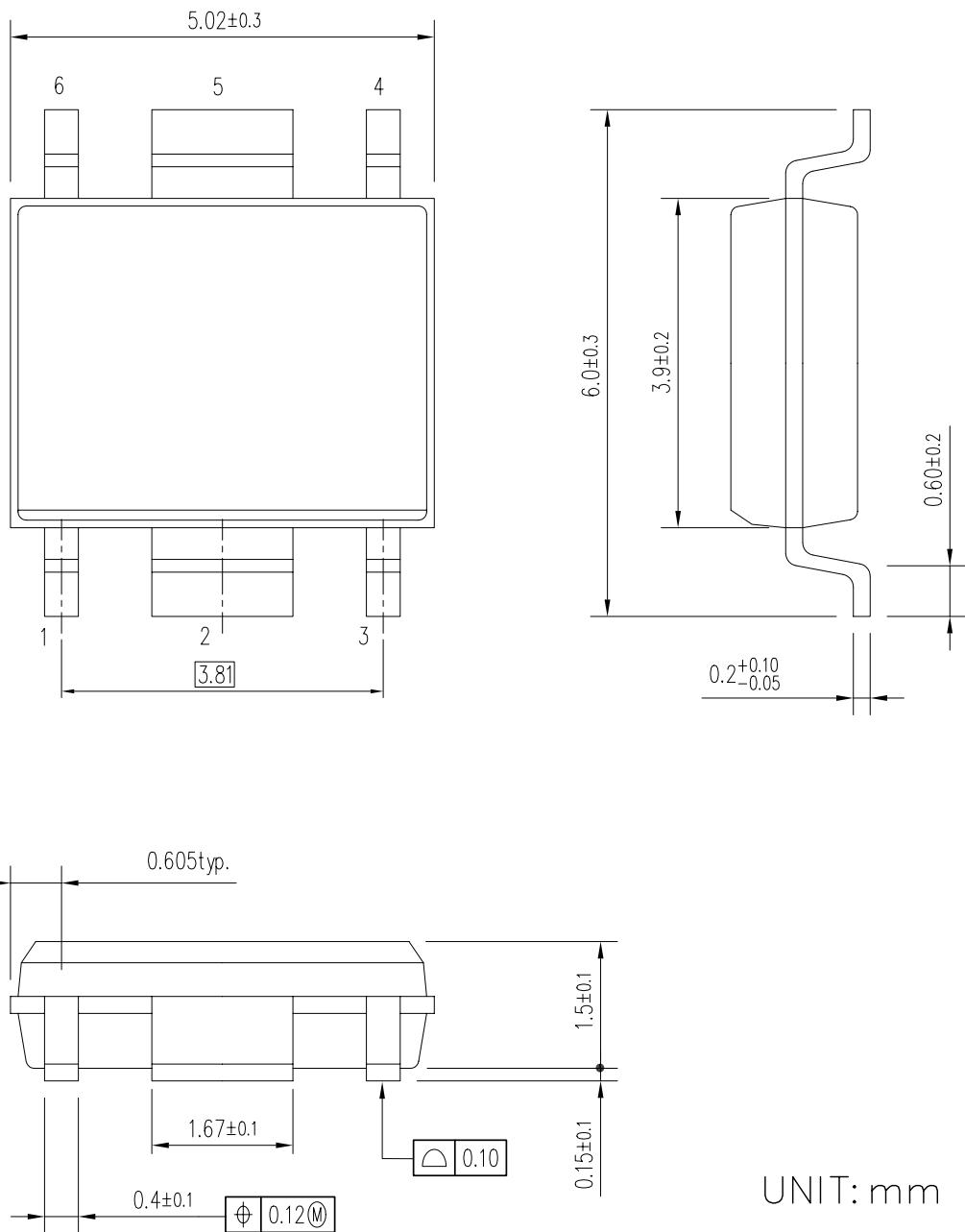


Measurement Board Pattern

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

HSOP-6J

Ver. A



HSOP-6J Package Dimensions

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

### Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	Ø 0.2 mm × 34 pcs

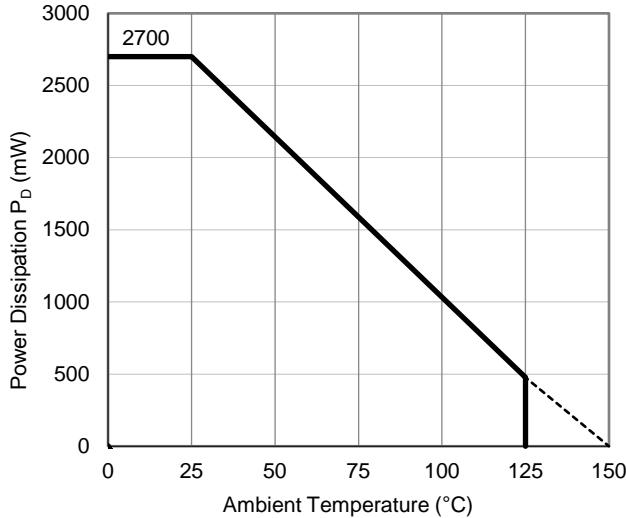
### Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

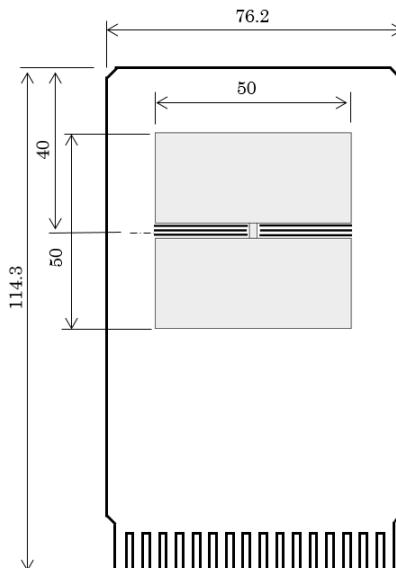
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	2700 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 45^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 18^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

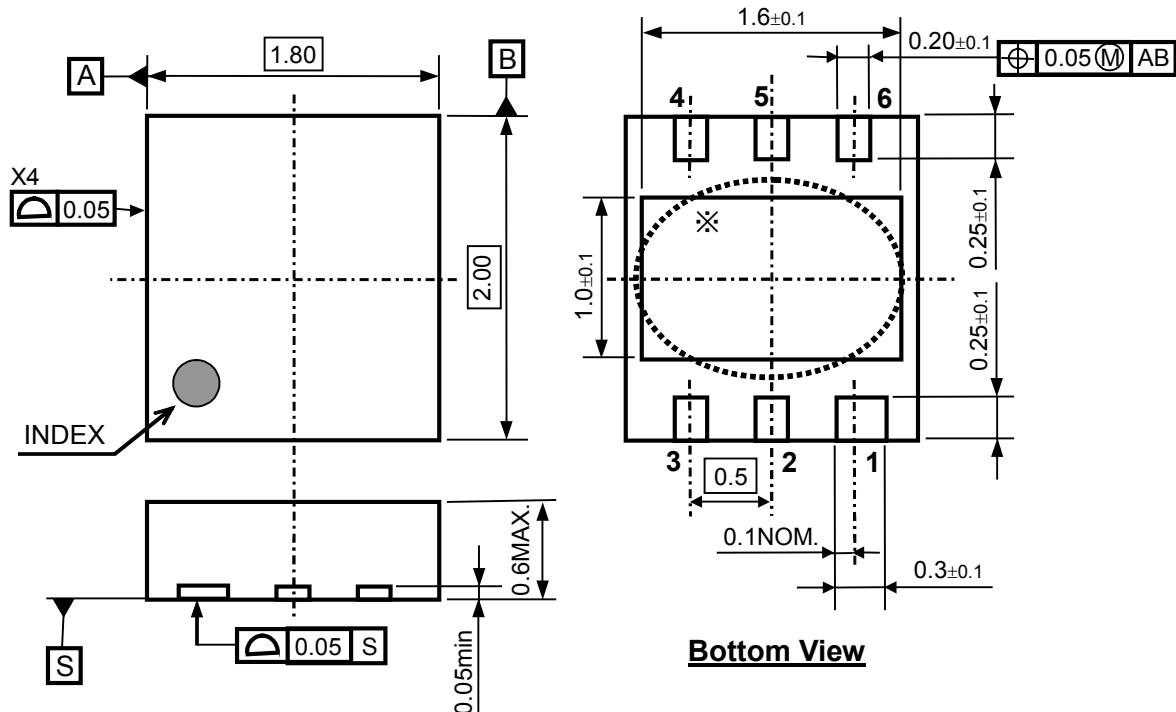


Measurement Board Pattern

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

DFN(PLP)1820-6

Ver. A



DFN(PLP)1820-6 Package Dimensions (Unit: mm)

\* The tab on the bottom of the package is substrate level (GND). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left floating.

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

### Measurement Conditions

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	Ø 0.3 mm × 21 pcs

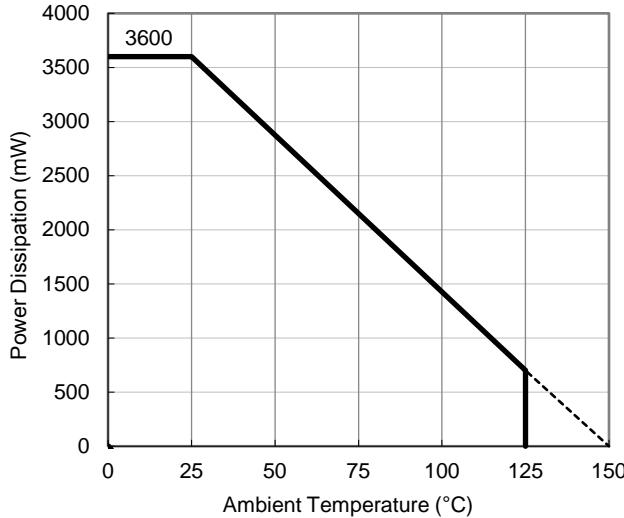
### Measurement Result

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 150°C)

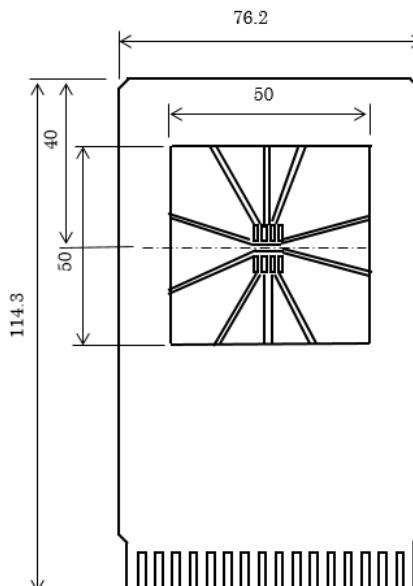
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	3600 mW
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{ja}$ )	$\theta_{ja} = 34.5^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Characterization Parameter ( $\psi_{jt}$ )	$\psi_{jt} = 10^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

$\theta_{ja}$ : Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

$\psi_{jt}$ : Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



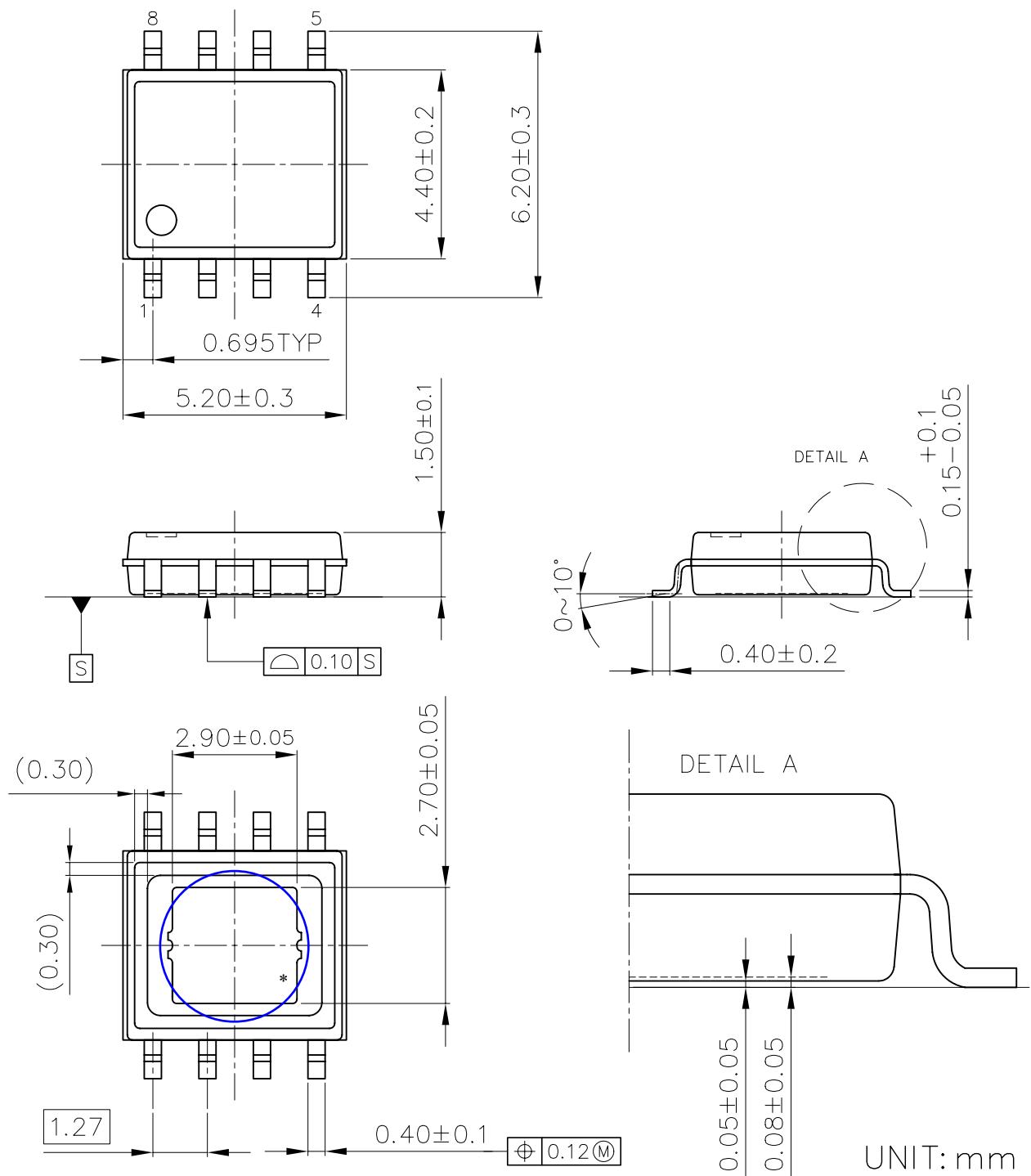
Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Measurement Board Pattern

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

**HSOP-8E**



**HSOP-8E Package Dimensions**

\* The tab on the bottom of the package shown by blue circle is substrate potential (GND). It is recommended that this tab be connected to the ground plane on the board but it is possible to leave the tab floating.



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