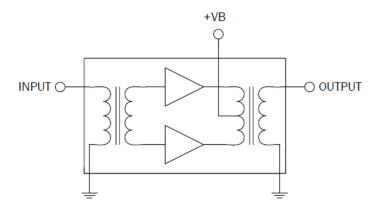


RFPD2940

GaAs/GaN Power Doubler Hybrid 45MHz to 1003MHz

The RFPD2940 is a Hybrid Power Doubler amplifier module. The part employs GaAs pHEMT die and GaN HEMT die, has high output capability, and is operated from 45MHz to 1003MHz. It provides excellent linearity and superior return loss performance with low noise and optimal reliability.





RFPD2940 Box with 50 Pieces

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
RF Input Voltage (single tone)	60	dBmV
DC Supply Over-Voltage (5 minutes)	30	V
Storage Temperature	-40 to +100	°C
Operating Mounting Base Temperature	-30 to +100	°C



Package: SOT-115J

Features

- Extremely High Output Capability
- Excellent Linearity
- Superior Return Loss Performance
- Extremely Low Distortion
- Optimal Reliability
- Low Noise
- Unconditionally Stable Under All Terminations
- 22.5dB Min. Gain at 1003MHz
- 490mA Max. at 24V_{DC}

Applications

 45MHz to 1003MHz CATV Amplifier Systems



Caution! ESD sensitive device.



RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances): Compliant per EU Directive 2011/65/EU.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.



Nominal Operating Parameters

Parameter	Specification		Unit	Condition		
raiailietei	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Condition	
General Performance					$V+ = 24V; T_{MB} = 30^{\circ}C; Z_{S} = Z_{L} = 75\Omega$	
Power Gain	21.0	21.5	22.0	dB	f = 45MHz	
rower Gairi	22.5	23.0	24.0	dB	f = 1003MHz	
Slope ^[1]	1.0	1.5	2.5	dB	f = 45MHz to 1003MHz	
Flatness of Frequency Response			0.8	dB	f = 45MHz to 1003MHz	
Input Return Loss	-20			dB	f = 45MHz to 320MHz	
	-19			dB	f = 320MHz to 640MHz	
	-18			dB	f = 640MHz to 870MHz	
	-16			dB	f = 870MHz to 1003MHz	
Output Return Loss	-20			dB	f = 45MHz to 320MHz	
	-19			dB	f = 320MHz to 640MHz	
	-18			dB	f = 640MHz to 870MHz	
	-17			dB	f = 870MHz to 1003MHz	
Noise Figure		3.7	4.5	dB	f = 50MHz to 1003MHz	
Total Current Consumption (DC)		470.0	490.0	mA		
Distortion Data 40MHz to 550MHz					$V+ = 24V$; $T_{MB} = 30^{\circ}C$; $Z_{S} = Z_{L} = 75\Omega$	
СТВ		-73	-68	dBc		
XMOD		-68	-63	dBc	$V_{\rm O}$ = 62.0dBmV at 1000MHz, 18dB extrapolated tilt, 79 analog channels plus 75 digital channels (-6dB offset) ^[2]	
CSO		-74	-66	dBc		
CIN	55	57		dB		

^{1.} The slope is defined as the difference between the gain at the start frequency and the gain at the stop frequency.

Composite Second Order (CSO) - The CSO parameter (both sum and difference products) is defined by the NCTA.

Composite Triple Beat (CTB) - The CTB parameter is defined by the NCTA.

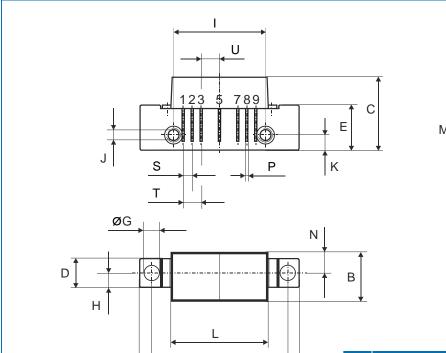
Cross Modulation (XMOD) - Cross modulation (XMOD) is measured at baseband (selective voltmeter method), referenced to 100% modulation of the carrier being tested.

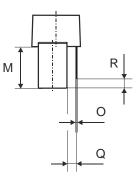
Carrier to Intermodulation Noise (CIN) - The CIN parameter is defined by ANSI/SCTE 17 (Test procedure for carrier to noise).

^{2. 79} analog channels, NTSC frequency raster: 55.25MHz to 547.25MHz, +44dBmV to +53.4dBmV tilted output level, plus 75 digital channels, -6dB offset relative to the equivalent analog carrier.



Package Drawing (Dimensions in millimeters)





0 5 10mm لسلسيا scale

Notes:







Pinning:

_	
Pin	Name
1	Input
2-3	GND
4	
5	+VB
6	
7-8	GND
9	Output

	Nominal	Min	Max
Α	44,6 ^{± 0,2}	44,4	44,8
В	13,6 ^{± 0,2}	13,4	13,8
С	20,4 ^{± 0,5}	19,9	20,9
D	8 ^{± 0,15}	7,85	8,15
Е	12,6 ^{± 0,15}	12,45	12,75
F	38,1 ^{± 0,2}	37,9	38,3
G	4 +0,2 / -0,05	3,95	4,2
Н	4 ^{± 0,2}	3,8	4,2
1	25,4 ^{± 0,2}	25,2	25,6
J	UNC 6-32	-	-
K	4,2 ± 0,2	4,0	4,4
L	27,2 ^{± 0,2}	27,0	27,4
M	11,6 ^{± 0,5}	11,1	12,1
N	5,8 ^{± 0,4}	5,4	6,2
0	0,25 ^{± 0,02}	0,23	0,27
Р	0,45 ^{± 0,03}	0,42	0,48
Q	2,54 ^{± 0,3}	2,24	2,84
R	2,54 ^{± 0,5}	2,04	3,04
S	2,54 ^{± 0,25}	2,29	2,79
Т	5,08 ^{± 0,25}	4,83	5,33
U	5,08 ^{± 0,25}	4,83	5,33