

Barcode, printer red laser diode

RLD65NZT1

For Barcode, Laser Printer. The product is the single power supply drive type which realized low threshold current and the good temperature characteristic.

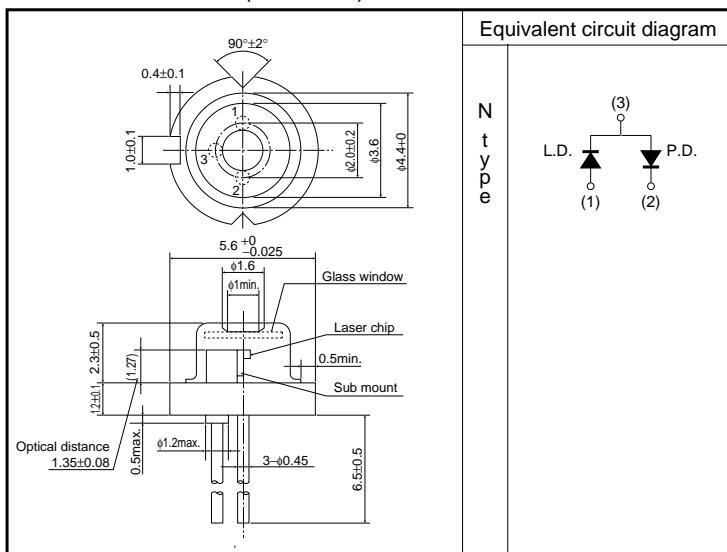
●Applications

Barcode readers
Printers
Sensors

●Features

- 1) Optimization of a strained multi quantum well realizes the reduction in threshold current, and the good temperature characteristic.
- 2) Low operation current drive type : 32mA (Tc=25°C, Po=5mW)
- 3) The single power supply drive type (LD=Anode common type)

●External dimensions (Units : mm)



Laser Diodes**●Absolute maximum ratings ($T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$)**

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Output	P_o	7	mW
Reverse voltage	Raser	2	V
	PIN photodiode	30	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-10 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +85	°C

●Electrical and optical characteristics ($T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Threshold current	I_{th}	—	25	60	mA	—
Operating current	I_{op}	—	35	70	mA	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Operating voltage	V_{op}	—	2.3	2.6	V	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Differential efficiency	η	0.2	0.4	0.8	mW/mA	—
Monitor current	I_m	0.1	0.2	0.5	mA	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Parallel divergence angle	$\theta_{//}^*$	7	8	10	deg	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Perpendicular divergence angle	θ_{\perp}^*	20	27	35	deg	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Parallel deviation angle	$\Delta\phi_{//}$	-2	0	+2	deg	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Perpendicular deviation angle	$\Delta\phi_{\perp}$	-3	0	+3	deg	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Emission point accuracy	$\frac{\Delta X}{\Delta Y}$ $\frac{\Delta Y}{\Delta Z}$ $\frac{\Delta Z}{\Delta X}$	-80	0	+80	μm	—
Peak emission wavelength	λ	645	655	660	nm	$P_o=5\text{mW}$
Astigmatism	$\Delta\ell$	—	—	10	μm	$P_o=5\text{mW}$

* $\theta_{//}$ and θ_{\perp} are defined as the angle within which the intensity is 50% of the peak value.

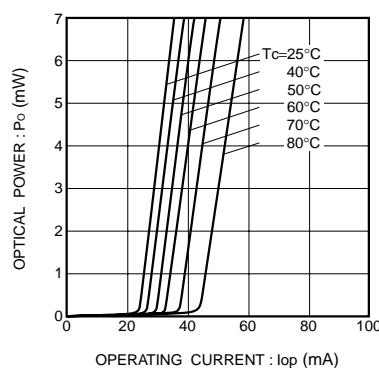
●Electrical and optical characteristics curves

Fig.1 Optical output vs. operating current

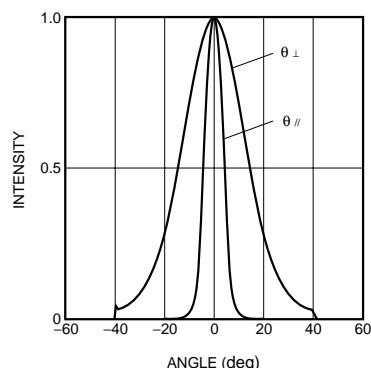


Fig.2 Far field pattern

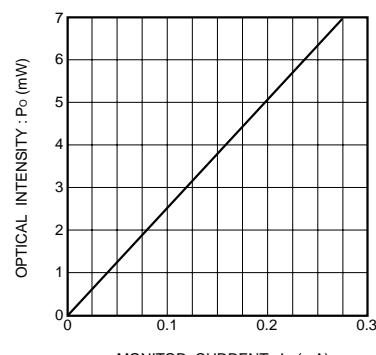


Fig.3 Monitor current vs. optical output

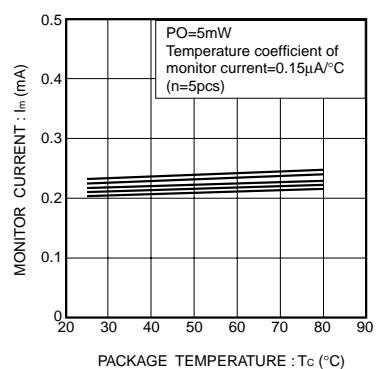


Fig.4 Temperature dependence of monitor current