

## MINI ANALOG SERIES CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

## S-89110A/89120A

The mini-analog series is a group of ICs that incorporate a general purpose analog circuit in a small package.

The S-89110A/89120A is a CMOS type single operational amplifier that has a phase compensation circuit, and that can be driven at a lower voltage with lower current consumption than existing bipolar operational amplifiers. These features make this product the ideal solution for small battery-powered portable equipment.

The S-89110A/89120A is a single operational amplifier.

### ■ Features

- Lower operating voltage than the conventional general-purpose operational amplifiers:  $V_{DD} = 1.8$  to  $5.5$  V
- Low current consumption:  $I_{DD} = 50$   $\mu$ A (S-89110A)  
 $I_{DD} = 10$   $\mu$ A (S-89120A)
- Low input offset voltage:  $4.0$  mV (max.)
- No external capacitors required for internal phase compensation
- Output full swing
- Lead-free products

### ■ Application

- Cellular phones
- PDAs
- Notebook PCs
- Digital cameras
- Digital video cameras

### ■ Package

| Package Name | Drawing Code |         |         |
|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|
|              | Package      | Tape    | Reel    |
| SC-88A       | NP005-B      | NP005-B | NP005-B |

### ■ Product Name List

Table 1

| Current consumption   | SC-88A             |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| $I_{DD} = 50$ $\mu$ A | S-89110ANC-1A1-TFG |
| $I_{DD} = 10$ $\mu$ A | S-89120ANC-1A2-TFG |

**Remark** Delivery form : Taping only

■ Pin Configuration

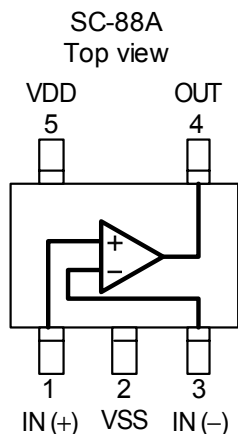


Figure 1

Table 2

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description               | Internal Equivalent Circuit |
|---------|--------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1       | IN(+)  | Non-inverted input pin    | Figure 3                    |
| 2       | VSS    | GND pin                   | —                           |
| 3       | IN(-)  | Inverted input pin        | Figure 3                    |
| 4       | OUT    | Output pin                | Figure 2                    |
| 5       | VDD    | Positive power supply pin | Figure 4                    |

■ Internal Equivalent Circuit

<1> Output pin

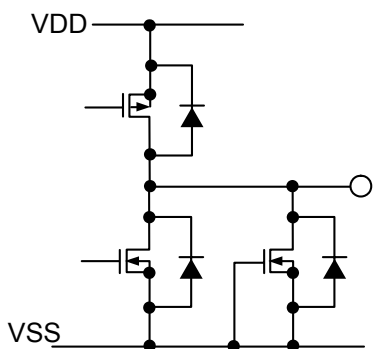


Figure 2

<2> Input pin

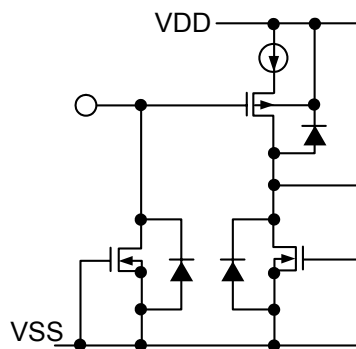


Figure 3

<3> VDD pin

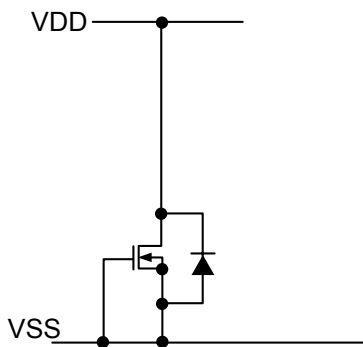


Figure 4

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 3

| Parameter                   | Symbol    | Ratings                                 | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----------|---|------|
| Power supply voltage        | $V_{DD}$  | $V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{SS}+10.0$           | V    |
| Input voltage               | $V_{IN}$  | $V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{SS}+7.0$ (7.0 max.) | V    |
| Output voltage              | $V_{OUT}$ | $V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{DD}+0.3$ (7.0 max.) | V    |
| Differential input voltage  | $V_{IND}$ | $\pm 7.0$                               | V    |
| Power dissipation           | $P_D$     | 200 (When not mounted on board)         | mW   |
|                             |           | $350^{*1}$                              | mW   |
| Operating temperature range | $T_{opr}$ | -40 to +85                              | °C   |
| Storage temperature         | $T_{stg}$ | -55 to +125                             | °C   |

\*1. When mounted on board  
[Mounted board]

- (1) Board size : 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm
- (2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

**Caution** The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

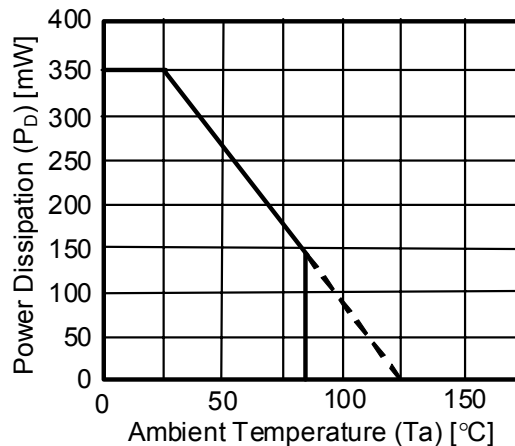


Figure 5 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

■ Recommended Operating Power Supply Voltage Range

Table 4

| Parameter                            | Symbol   | Range      | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------|------------|------|
| Operating power supply voltage range | $V_{DD}$ | 1.8 to 5.5 | V    |

■ **Electrical Characteristics**

1.  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$

**Table 5**

DC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                | Symbol       | Measurement Conditions     | Min.                  | Typ.    | Max. | Unit          | Measurement Circuit |                  |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Current consumption                      | $I_{DD}$     | S-89110A                   | —                     | 50      | 120  | $\mu\text{A}$ | <b>Figure 10</b>    |                  |
|  |              | S-89120A                   | —                     | 10      | 30   | $\mu\text{A}$ |                     |                  |
| Input offset voltage                     | $V_{IO}$     | —                          | -4                    | $\pm 3$ | +4   | mV            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Input offset current                     | $I_{IO}$     | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Input bias current                       | $I_{BIAS}$   | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Common-mode input voltage range          | $V_{CMR}$    | —                          | 0                     | —       | 4.3  | V             | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Voltage gain (open loop)                 | $G_V$        | —                          | 70                    | 80      | —    | dB            | —                   |                  |
| Maximum output swing voltage             | $V_{OH}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | 4.9                   | —       | —    | V             | <b>Figure 8</b>     |                  |
|  | $V_{OL}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | —                     | —       | 0.1  |               | <b>Figure 9</b>     |                  |
| Common-mode input signal rejection ratio | CMRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Power supply voltage rejection ratio     | PSRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Source current                           | $I_{SOURCE}$ | S-89110A                   | $V_{OH} = 0\text{ V}$ | 120     | —    | —             | $\mu\text{A}$       | <b>Figure 11</b> |
|  |              | S-89120A                   |                       | 25      | —    | —             |                     |                  |
| Sink current                             | $I_{SINK}$   | $V_{OL} = V_{DD}$          | 20                    | —       | —    | mA            | <b>Figure 12</b>    |                  |

**Table 6**

AC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter              | Symbol | Measurement Conditions | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit |                  |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------|---|------|-------|------|------------------|
| Slew rate              | SR     | S-89110A               | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}$<br>(Refer to <b>Figure 13.</b> ) | —    | 0.07  | —    | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 0.015 | —    |                  |
| Gain-bandwidth product | GBP    | S-89110A               | —   | —    | 180   | —    | kHz              |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 40    | —    |                  |

**2.  $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$**

**Table 7**

DC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                | Symbol       | Measurement Conditions     | Min.                  | Typ.    | Max. | Unit          | Measurement Circuit |                  |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Current consumption                      | $I_{DD}$     | S-89110A                   | —                     | 50      | 120  | $\mu\text{A}$ | <b>Figure 10</b>    |                  |
|  |              | S-89120A                   | —                     | 10      | 30   | $\mu\text{A}$ |                     |                  |
| Input offset voltage                     | $V_{IO}$     | —                          | -4                    | $\pm 3$ | +4   | mV            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Input offset current                     | $I_{IO}$     | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Input bias current                       | $I_{BIAS}$   | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Common-mode input voltage range          | $V_{CMR}$    | —                          | 0                     | —       | 2.3  | V             | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Voltage gain (open loop)                 | $G_V$        | —                          | 70                    | 80      | —    | dB            | —                   |                  |
| Maximum output swing voltage             | $V_{OH}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | 2.9                   | —       | —    | V             | <b>Figure 8</b>     |                  |
|  | $V_{OL}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | —                     | —       | 0.1  | V             | <b>Figure 9</b>     |                  |
| Common-mode input signal rejection ratio | CMRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Power supply voltage rejection ratio     | PSRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Source current                           | $I_{SOURCE}$ | S-89110A                   | $V_{OH} = 0\text{ V}$ | 120     | —    | —             | $\mu\text{A}$       | <b>Figure 11</b> |
|  | $I_{SOURCE}$ | S-89120A                   |                       | 25      | —    | —             |                     |                  |
| Sink current                             | $I_{SINK}$   | $V_{OL} = V_{DD}$          | 15                    | —       | —    | mA            | <b>Figure 12</b>    |                  |

**Table 8**

AC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter              | Symbol | Measurement Conditions | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit |                  |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------|---|------|-------|------|------------------|
| Slew rate              | SR     | S-89110A               | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}$<br>(Refer to <b>Figure 13.</b> ) | —    | 0.07  | —    | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 0.015 | —    |                  |
| Gain-bandwidth product | GBP    | S-89110A               | —   | —    | 175   | —    | kHz              |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 35    | —    |                  |

**3.  $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$**

**Table 9**

DC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                                | Symbol       | Measurement Conditions     | Min.                  | Typ.    | Max. | Unit          | Measurement Circuit |                  |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Current consumption                      | $I_{DD}$     | S-89110A                   | —                     | 50      | 120  | $\mu\text{A}$ | <b>Figure 10</b>    |                  |
|  |              | S-89120A                   | —                     | 10      | 30   | $\mu\text{A}$ |                     |                  |
| Input offset voltage                     | $V_{IO}$     | —                          | -4                    | $\pm 3$ | +4   | mV            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Input offset current                     | $I_{IO}$     | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Input bias current                       | $I_{BIAS}$   | —                          | —                     | 1       | —    | pA            | —                   |                  |
| Common-mode input voltage range          | $V_{CMR}$    | —                          | 0                     | —       | 1.1  | V             | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Voltage gain (open loop)                 | $G_V$        | —                          | 70                    | 80      | —    | dB            | —                   |                  |
| Maximum output swing voltage             | $V_{OH}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | 1.7                   | —       | —    | V             | <b>Figure 8</b>     |                  |
|  | $V_{OL}$     | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ | —                     | —       | 0.1  | V             | <b>Figure 9</b>     |                  |
| Common-mode input signal rejection ratio | CMRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 7</b>     |                  |
| Power supply voltage rejection ratio     | PSRR         | —                          | 60                    | 70      | —    | dB            | <b>Figure 6</b>     |                  |
| Source current                           | $I_{SOURCE}$ | S-89110A                   | $V_{OH} = 0\text{ V}$ | 100     | —    | —             | $\mu\text{A}$       | <b>Figure 11</b> |
|  | $I_{SOURCE}$ | S-89120A                   |                       | 20      | —    | —             |                     |                  |
| Sink current                             | $I_{SINK}$   | $V_{OL} = V_{DD}$          | 5                     | —       | —    | mA            | <b>Figure 12</b>    |                  |

**Table 10**

AC Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ )

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter              | Symbol | Measurement Conditions | Min.  | Typ. | Max.  | Unit |                  |
|------------------------|--------|------------------------|---|------|-------|------|------------------|
| Slew rate              | SR     | S-89110A               | $R_L = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega, C_L = 15\text{ pF}$<br>(Refer to <b>Figure 13.</b> ) | —    | 0.07  | —    | V/ $\mu\text{s}$ |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 0.015 | —    |                  |
| Gain-bandwidth product | GBP    | S-89110A               | —   | —    | 160   | —    | kHz              |
|                        |        | S-89120A               |   | —    | 30    | —    |                  |

■ Measurement Circuit

1. Power supply voltage rejection ratio, input offset voltage

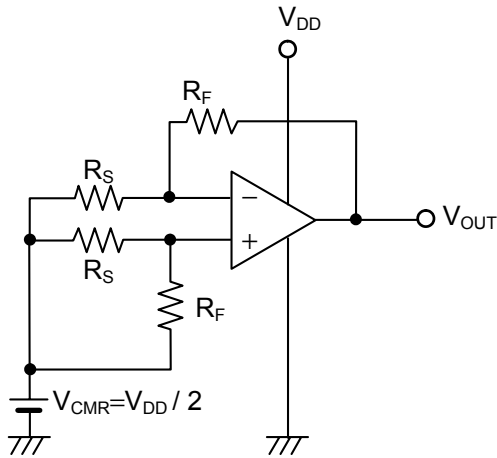


Figure 6

• Power supply voltage rejection ratio (PSRR)

The power supply voltage rejection ratio (PSRR) can be calculated by the following expression, with  $V_{OUT}$  measured at each  $V_{DD}$ .

Measurement conditions:

When  $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ V}$ :  $V_{DD} = V_{DD1}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT1}$

When  $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$ :  $V_{DD} = V_{DD2}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT2}$

$$PSRR = 20 \log \left( \left| \frac{V_{DD1} - V_{DD2}}{\left( V_{OUT1} - \frac{V_{DD1}}{2} \right) - \left( V_{OUT2} - \frac{V_{DD2}}{2} \right)} \right| \times \frac{R_F + R_S}{R_S} \right)$$

• Input offset voltage ( $V_{IO}$ )

$$V_{IO} = \left( V_{OUT} - \frac{V_{DD}}{2} \right) \times \frac{R_S}{R_F + R_S}$$

2. Common-mode input signal rejection ratio, common-mode input voltage range

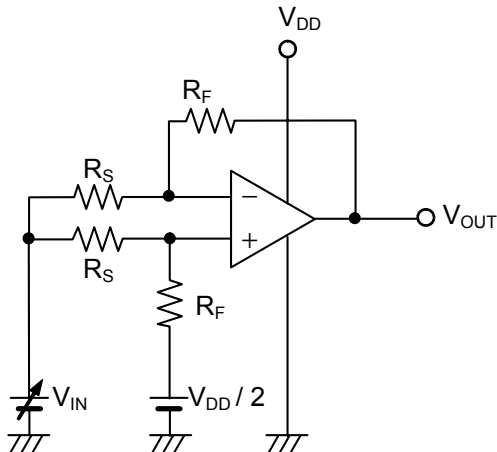


Figure 7

• Common-mode input signal rejection ratio (CMRR)

The common-mode input signal rejection ratio (CMRR) can be calculated by the following expression, with  $V_{OUT}$  measured at each  $V_{IN}$ .

Measurement conditions:

When  $V_{IN} = V_{CMR} (\text{max.})$ :  $V_{IN} = V_{IN1}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT1}$

When  $V_{IN} = V_{DD}/2$ :  $V_{IN} = V_{IN2}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT2}$

$$CMRR = 20 \log \left( \left| \frac{V_{IN1} - V_{IN2}}{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT2}} \right| \times \frac{R_F + R_S}{R_S} \right)$$

• Common-mode input voltage range ( $V_{CMR}$ )

The common-mode input voltage range is the range of  $V_{IN}$  in which  $V_{OUT}$  satisfies the common-mode input signal rejection ratio specifications.

3. Maximum output swing voltage

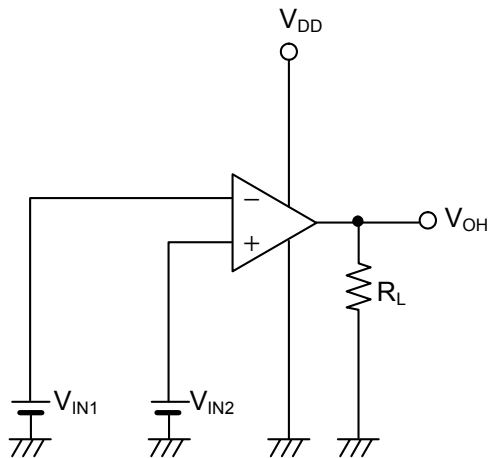


Figure 8

• Maximum output swing voltage ( $V_{OH}$ )

Measurement conditions:  $V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.5 \text{ V}$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$$R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$$

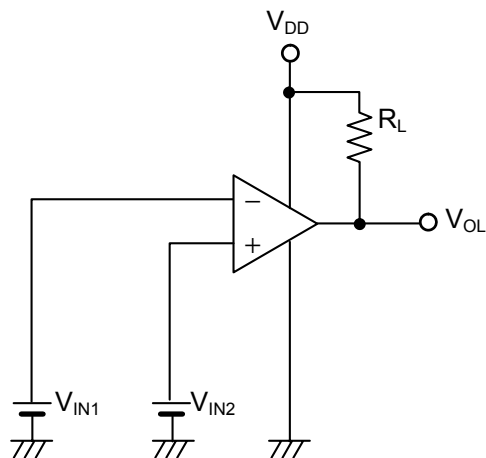


Figure 9

• Maximum output swing voltage ( $V_{OL}$ )

Measurement conditions:  $V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.5 \text{ V}$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$$R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$$

4. Current consumption

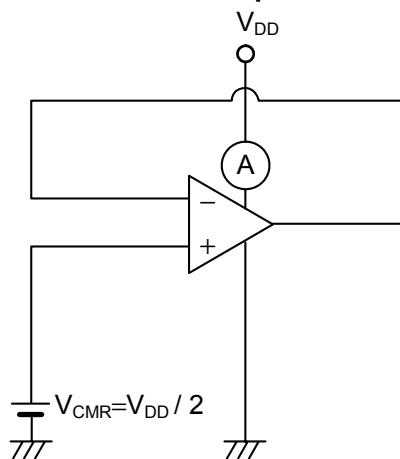


Figure 10

• Current consumption ( $I_{DD}$ )



5. Source current

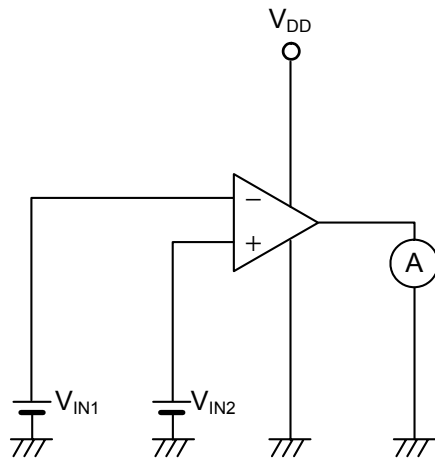


Figure 11

• Source current ( $I_{SOURCE}$ )

Measurement conditions:

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.5 \text{ V}$$

6. Sink current

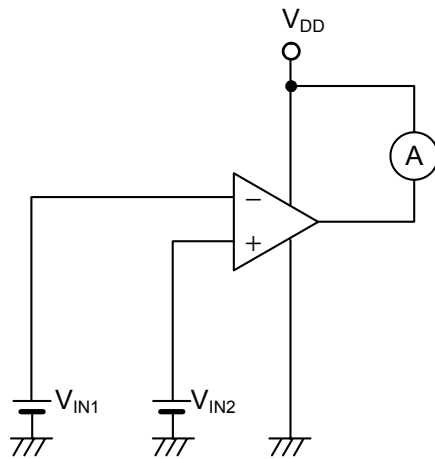


Figure 12

• Sink current ( $I_{SINK}$ )

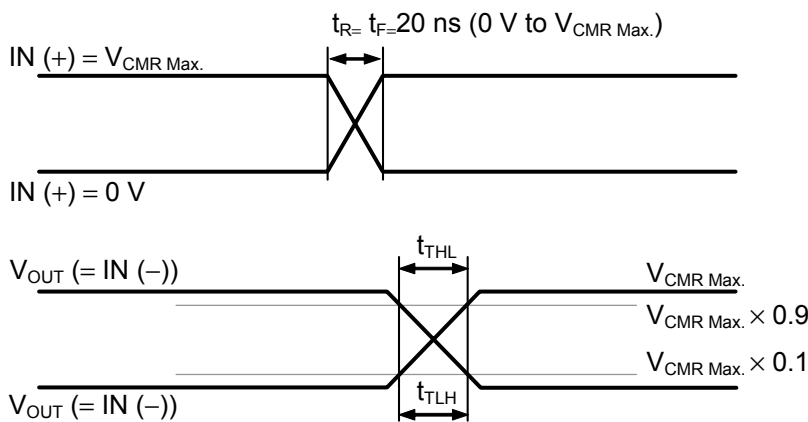
Measurement conditions:

$$V_{IN1} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} + 0.5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{IN2} = \frac{V_{DD}}{2} - 0.5 \text{ V}$$

7. Slew rate (SR):

Measured by the voltage follower circuit



$$SR = \frac{V_{CMR \text{ Max.}} \times 0.8}{t_{TLH}}$$

$$SR = \frac{V_{CMR \text{ Max.}} \times 0.8}{t_{THL}}$$

Figure 13

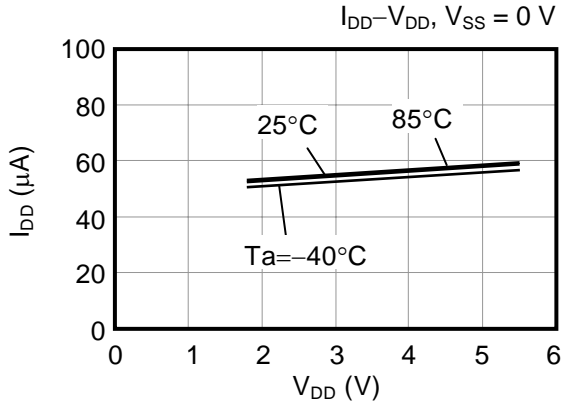
■ **Precaution**

- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- SII claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

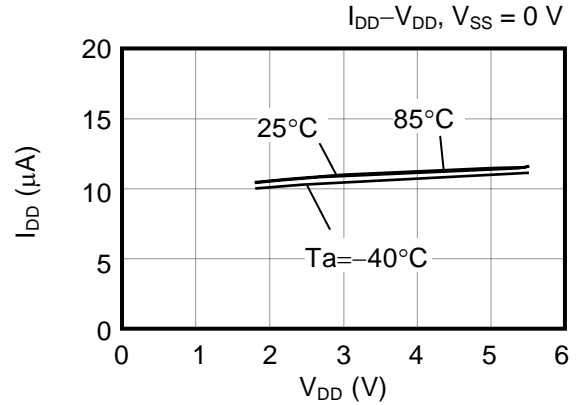
■ Characteristics (Reference Data)

1. Current consumption vs. Power supply voltage

(a) S-89110A

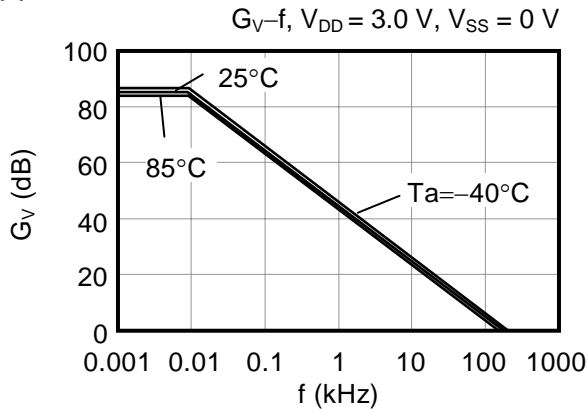


(b) S-89120A

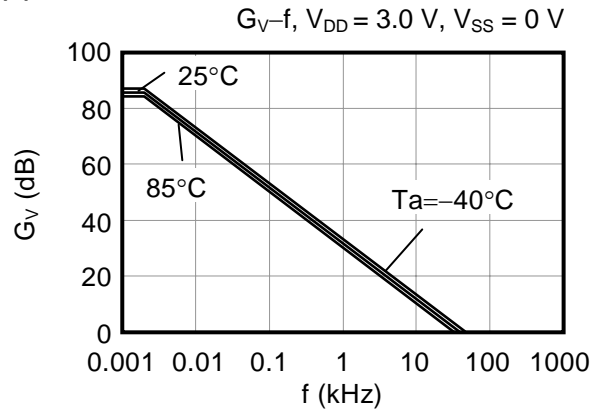


2. Voltage gain vs. Frequency

(a) S-89110A



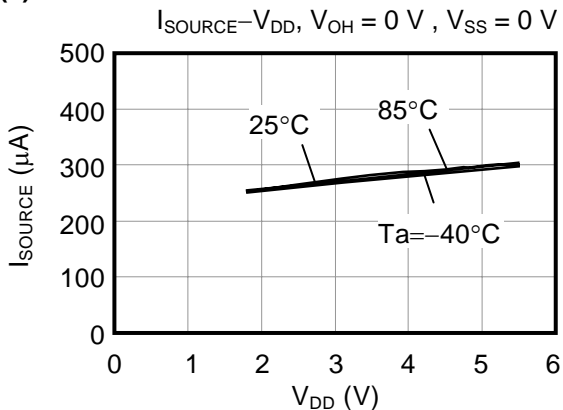
(b) S-89120A



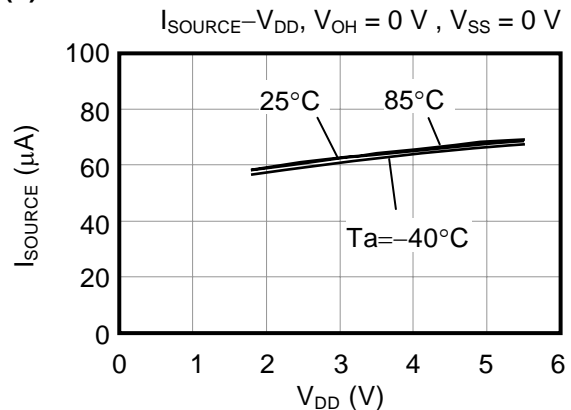
3. Output current

3-1.  $I_{SOURCE}$  vs. Power supply voltage

(a) S-89110A

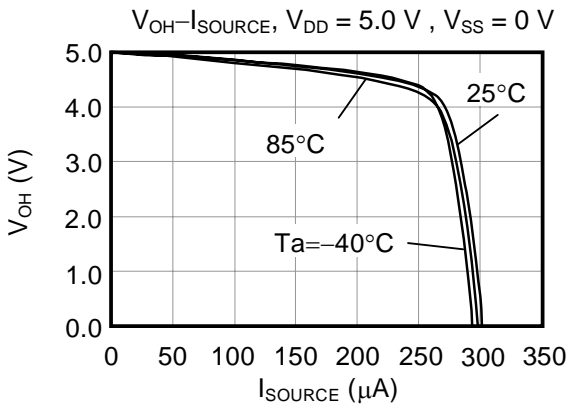
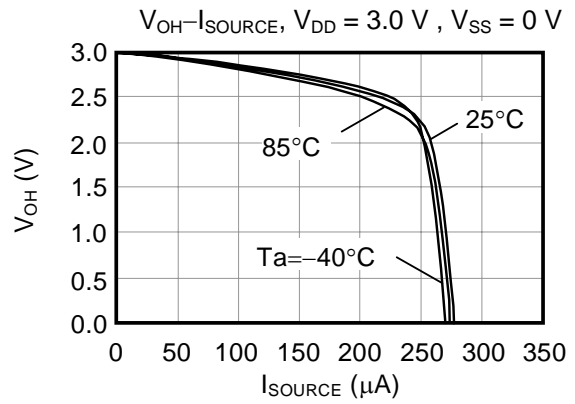
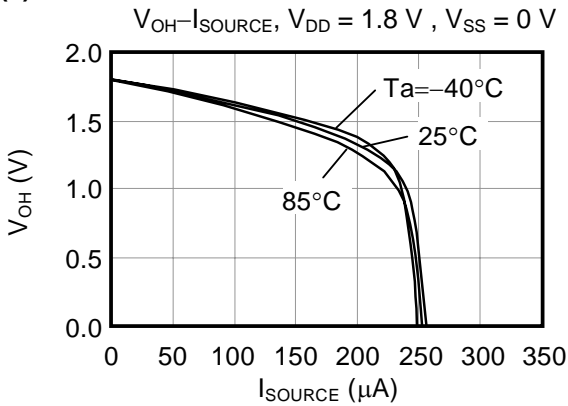


(b) S-89120A

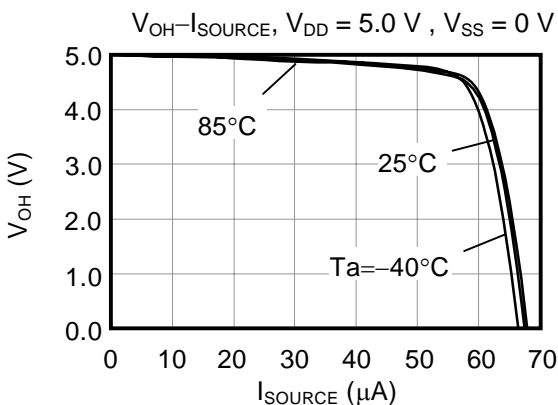
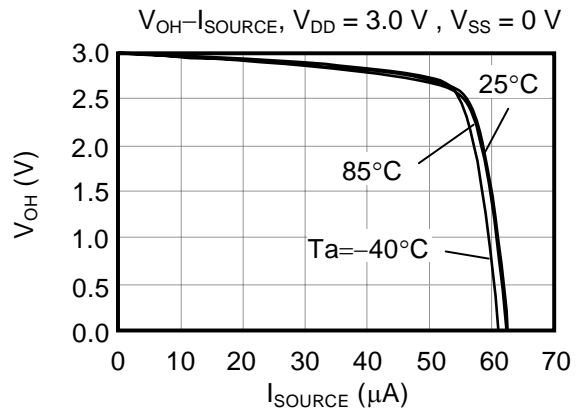
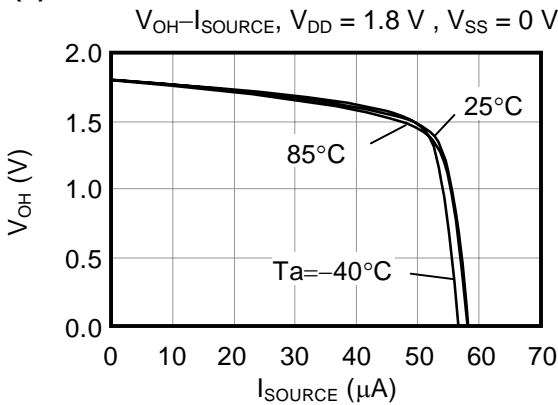


**3-2. Output voltage ( $V_{OH}$ ) vs.  $I_{SOURCE}$**

**(a) S-89110A**

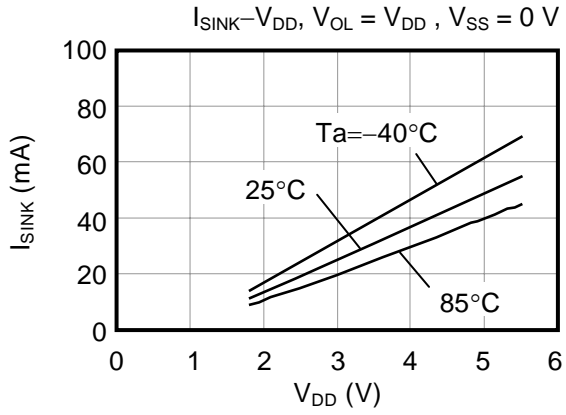


**(b) S-89120A**

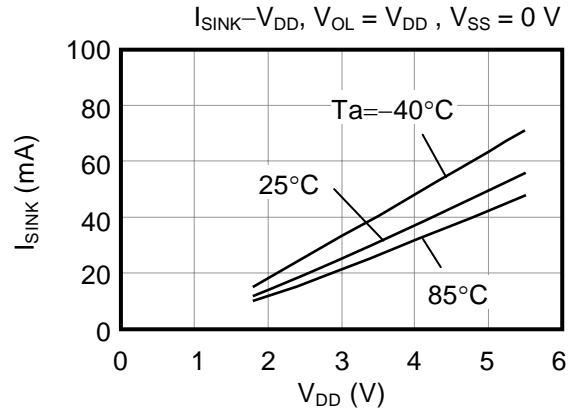


**3-3.  $I_{SINK}$  vs. Power supply voltage**

**(a) S-89110A**

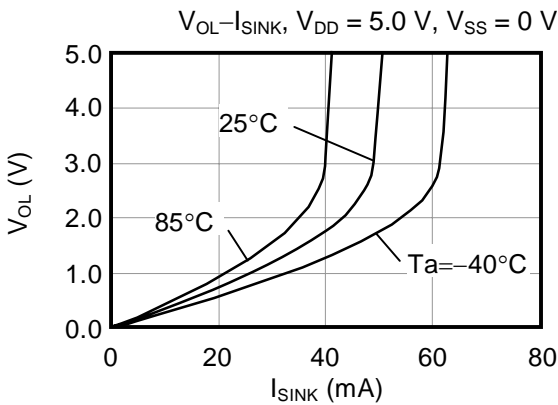
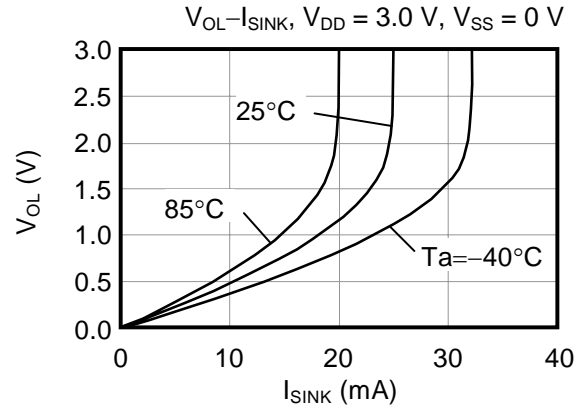
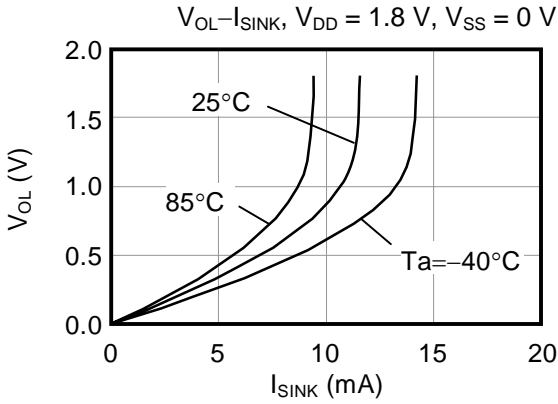


**(b) S-89120A**

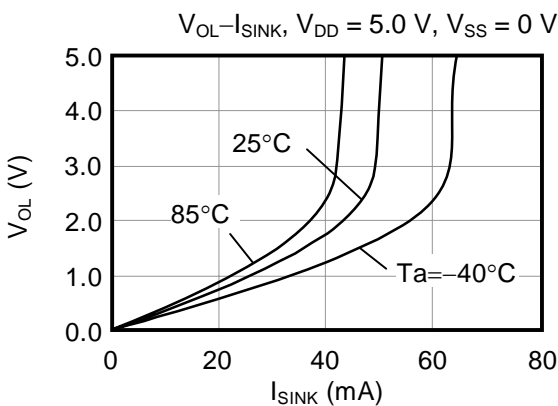
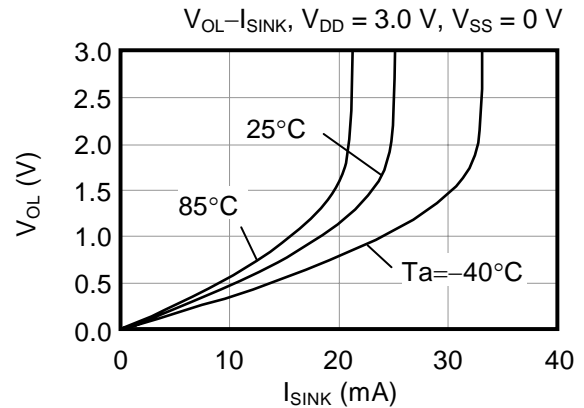
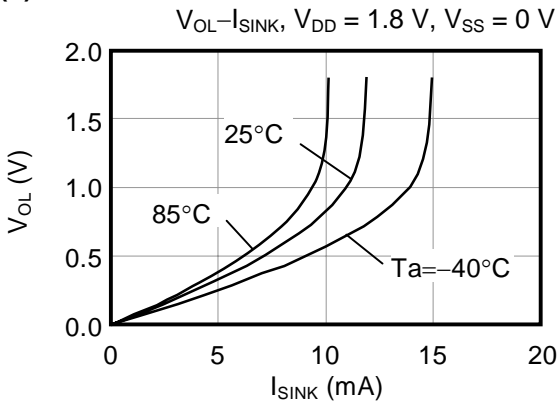


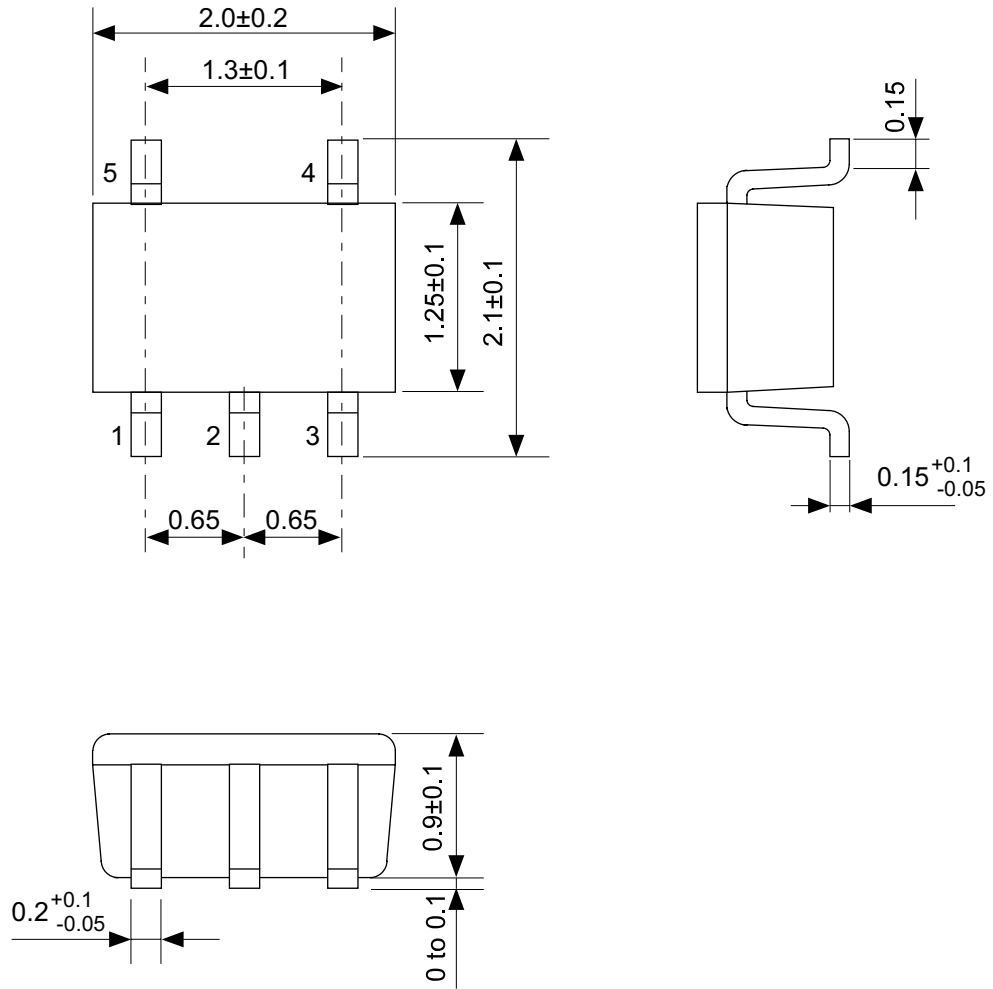
**3-4. Output voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) vs.  $I_{SINK}$**

**(a) S-89110A**



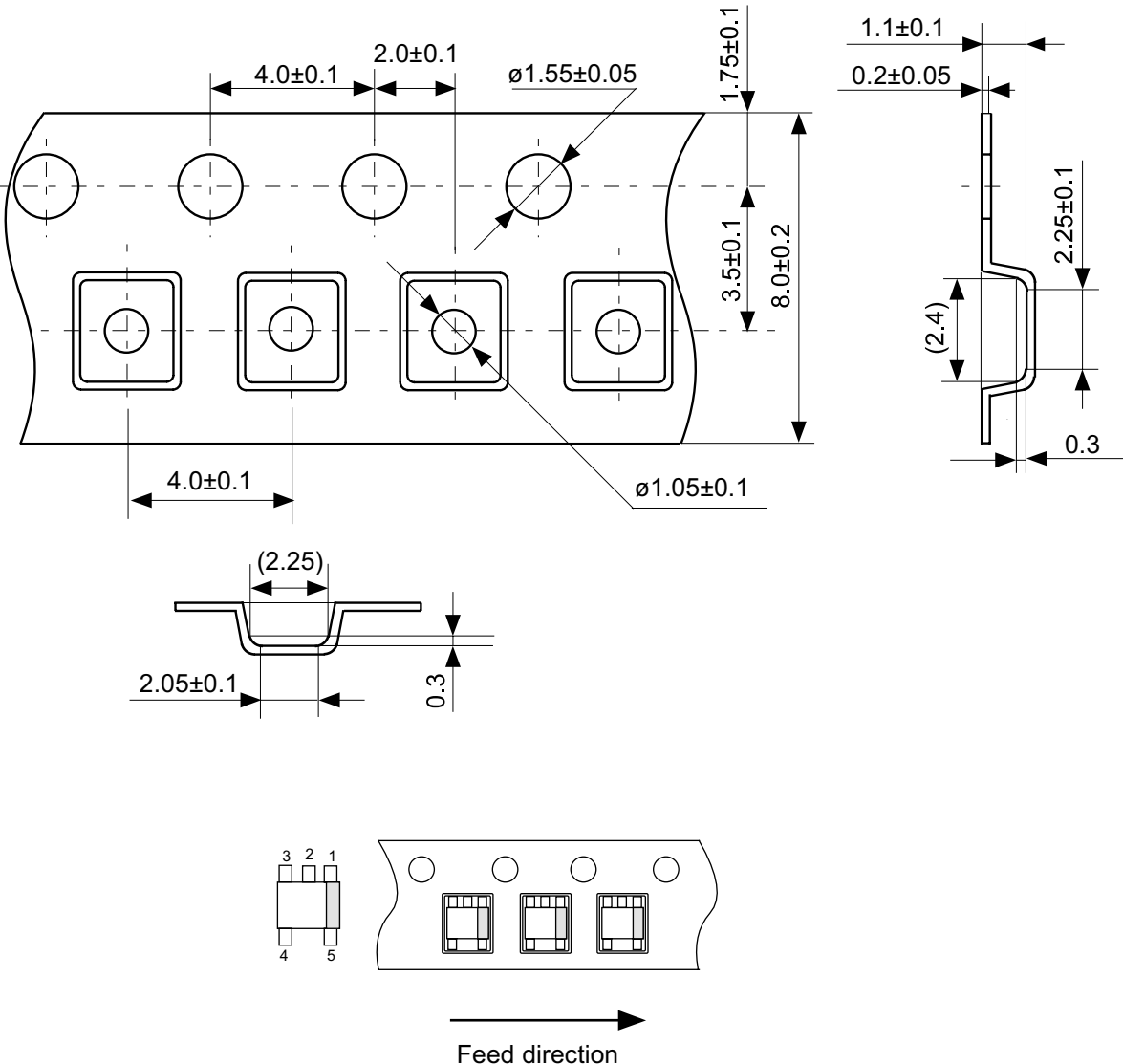
**(b) S-89120A**





No. NP005-B-P-SD-1.1

|       |                        |
|-------|------------------------|
| TITLE | SC88A-B-PKG Dimensions |
| No.   | NP005-B-P-SD-1.1       |
| SCALE |                        |
| UNIT  | mm                     |
|       |                        |

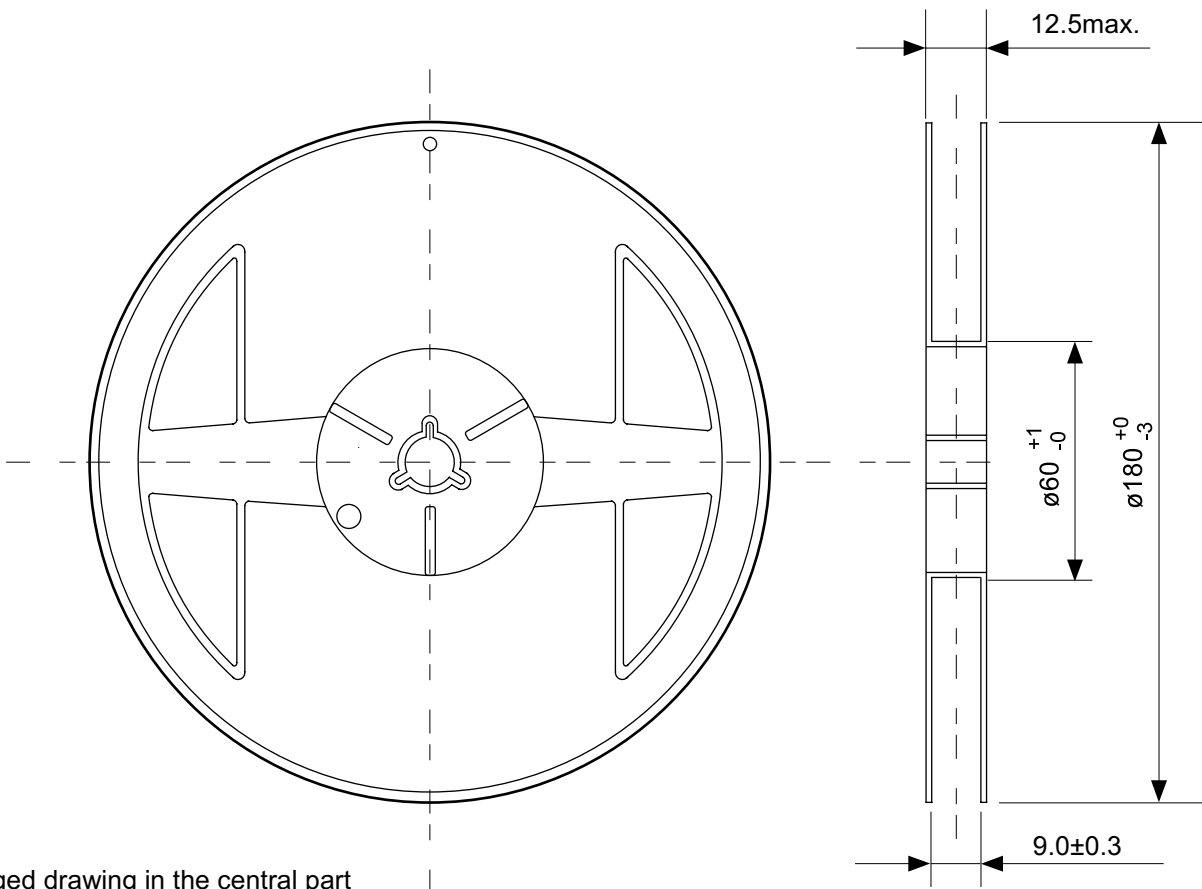


No. NP005-B-C-SD-2.0

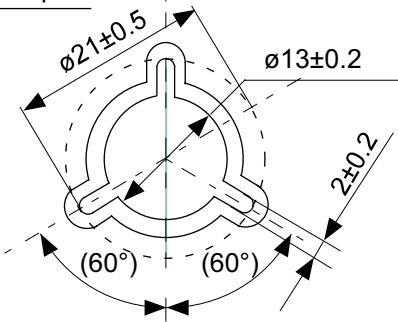
|       |                      |
|-------|----------------------|
| TITLE | SC88A-B-Carrier Tape |
| No.   | NP005-B-C-SD-2.0     |
| SCALE |                      |
| UNIT  | mm                   |
|       |                      |

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Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. NP005-B-R-SD-2.1

|                        |                  |      |      |
|------------------------|------------------|------|------|
| TITLE                  | SC88A-B-Reel     |      |      |
| No.                    | NP005-B-R-SD-2.1 |      |      |
| SCALE                  |                  | QTY. | 3000 |
| UNIT                   | mm               |      |      |
|                        |                  |      |      |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. |                  |      |      |

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