

Silicon Controlled Rectifier for High-Current Pulse Applications

Features:

- Up to 900 Amperes Peak Forward Current Pulses
- 30 Watts Maximum Average Dissipation
- Forward Current of 35 Amperes (rms value)
- Shorted-Emitter Design
- All-Diffused Construction — Assures Exceptional Uniformity and Stability
- Direct Soldered Internal Construction — Assures Exceptional Resistance to Fatigue

The S6431M (formerly RCA type 40216) is an all-diffused, three-junction silicon controlled rectifier (SCR) designed especially for use in radar pulse modulators, inverters, switching regulators, and other applications requiring a large ratio of peak to average current.

It is especially constructed for rapid spread of forward current over the full junction area to achieve a high rate of change of forward current (di/dt) capability and low switching dissipation.

Absolute-Maximum Ratings

RATINGS	CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER TYPE	UNITS
	S6431M	
Transient Peak Reverse Voltage (Non-Repetitive), v_{RM} (non-rep)	720	volts
Peak Reverse Voltage (Repetitive), v_{RM} (rep)	600	volts
Peak Forward Blocking Voltage (Repetitive), v_{FBOM} (rep)	600	volts
Forward Current: For case temperature of +65°C, RMS value, I_{FRMS}	35	amperes
Peak Pulse Current (See Fig.7)	900	amperes
Rate of Change of Forward Current, di/dt	See Fig.7	
Dynamic Dissipation: For case temperature of +65° C	30	watts
For other case temperatures	See Fig.4	
Gate Power*: Peak, Forward or Reverse, for 10 μ s duration, P_{GM} (See Figs.10 and 11)	40	watts
Average, P_{GAV}	0.5	watt
Temperature: Storage, T_{stg}	-65 to +150	°C
Operating (Case), T_C	-65 to +125	°C

*Any values of peak gate current or peak gate voltage to give the maximum gate power is permissible.

Characteristics at Maximum Ratings (unless otherwise specified),
and at Indicated Case Temperature (T_C)

CHARACTERISTICS	CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER TYPE			UNITS
	S6431M			
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Breakover Voltage, v_{B00} At $T_C = +125^\circ C$	600	—	—	volts
Instantaneous Blocking Current, At $T_C = +125^\circ C$				
Forward, i_{FB0}	—	—	10	mA
Reverse, i_{RBO}	—	—	10	mA
Forward Voltage Drop, v_F		See Fig.5		
DC Gate-Trigger Current, I_{GT} : At $T_C = +25^\circ C$ (See Fig.10)	1	25	80	mA(dc)
DC Gate-Trigger Voltage, V_{GT} : At $T_C = +25^\circ C$ (See Fig.10)	—	1.1	2	volts(dc)
Holding Current, i_{H00} : At $T_C = +25^\circ C$	0.5	20	70	mA
Critical Rate of Applied Forward Voltage, Critical dv/dt :	20	50	—	volts/ microsecond
$V_{FB} = v_{B00}$ (min. value), exponential rise, and $T_C = +125^\circ C$ (See waveshape of Fig.1)				
Turn-On Time, t_{on} (Delay Time + Rise Time)	—	1.25	—	microsecond
$V_{FB} = v_{B00}$ (min. value), $i_F = 30 A$, $I_{CT} = 200 mA$, $0.1 \mu s$ min. rise time, and $T_C = +25^\circ C$ (See waveshapes of Fig.2)				
Turn-Off Time, t_{off} (Reverse Recovery Time + Gate Recovery Time)	15	20	40	microseconds
$i_F = 18 A$, $50 \mu s$ pulse width, $dv_{FB}/dt = 20 V/\mu s$, $di/dt = 30 A/\mu s$, $I_{GT} = 200 mA$, and $T_C = +80^\circ C$ (See waveshapes of Fig.3)				
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	—	—	2	$^\circ C/W$

TYPICAL E-I CHARACTERISTIC OF SILICON
CONTROLLED-RECTIFIER

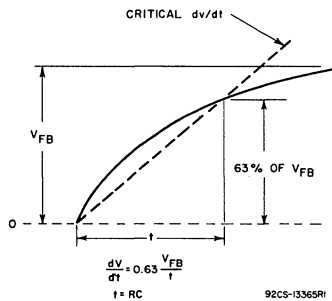
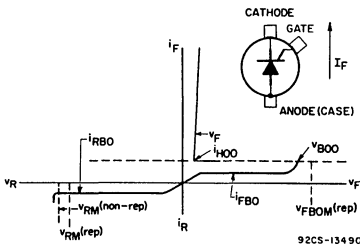


Fig. 1—Waveshape of critical dv/dt rating test.

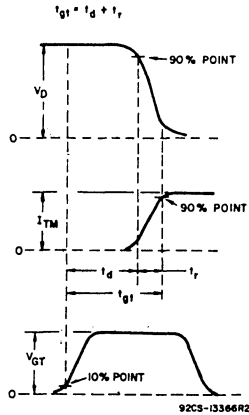


Fig. 2—Waveshape of t_{ON} rating test.

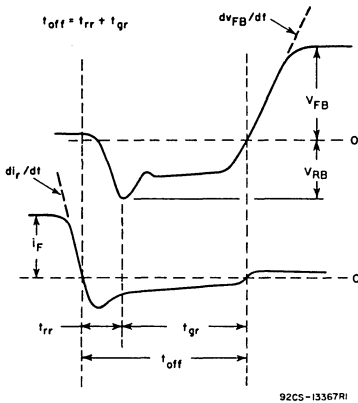


Fig. 3—Waveshape of t_{OFF} rating test.

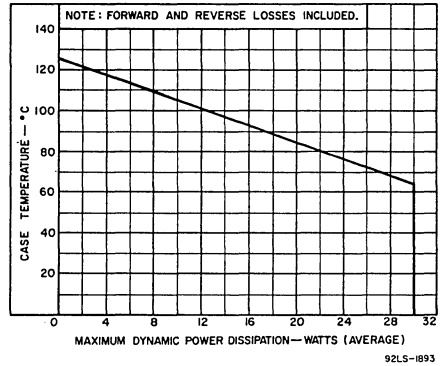


Fig. 4—Maximum average total power dissipation as a function of case temperature.

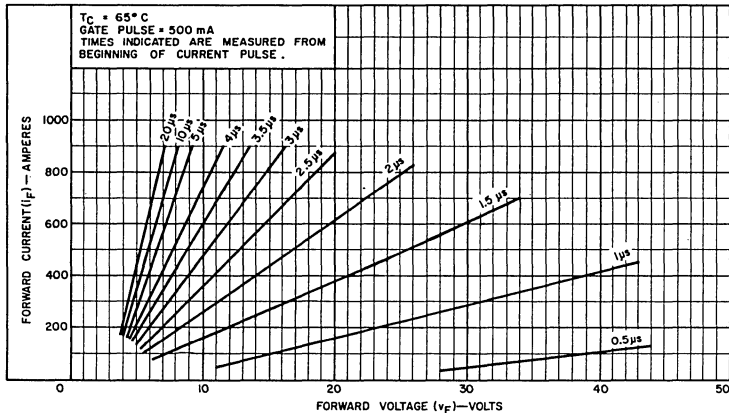


Fig. 5—Forward voltage-current characteristics as a function of time.

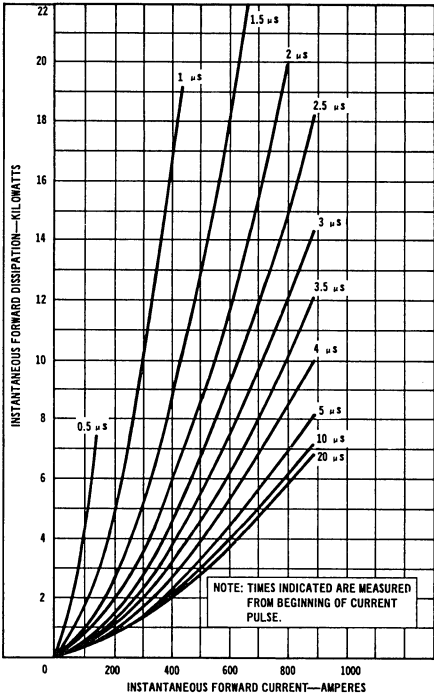


Fig. 6—Instantaneous forward dissipation-forward current characteristics as a function of time.

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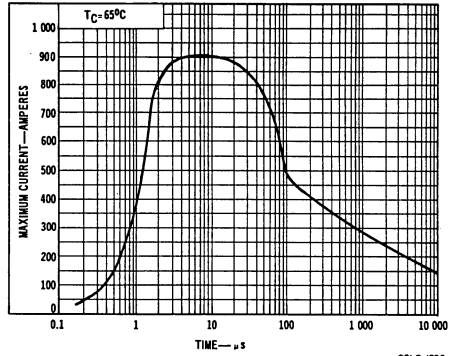


Fig. 7—Maximum current as a function of time.

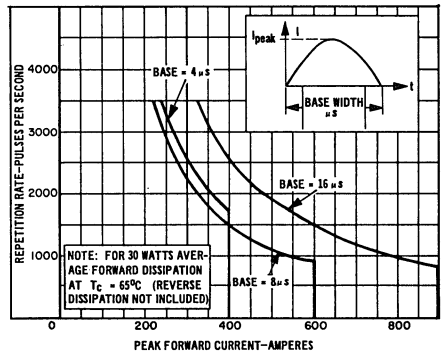


Fig. 8—Peak current as a function of maximum repetition rate for sine-wave pulse shapes.

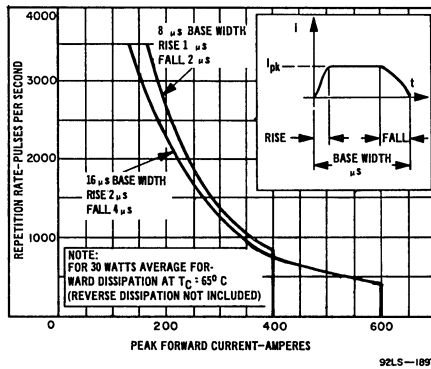
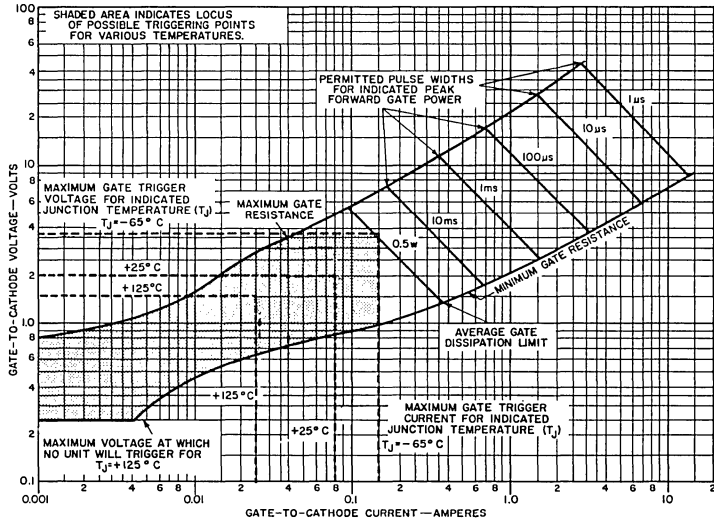


Fig. 9—Peak current as a function of maximum repetition rate for square-wave pulse shapes.



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Fig. 10—Forward gate characteristics.

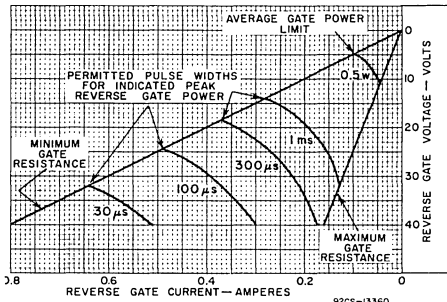


Fig. 11—Reverse gate characteristics.

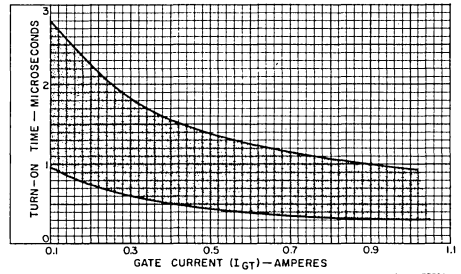


Fig. 12—Turn-on time characteristics.

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- No. 1 — Gate
- No. 2 — Cathode
- No. 3 — Anode