# 8Mb Async. FAST SRAM Specification

## Document Title

**512Kx16 & 1Mx8 Bit Asynchronous FAST SRAM**

## Revision History

| Rev. No. | History | Draft Date | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.0 | Initial Draft | Jul. 2012 | Preliminary |
| 1.0 | Final spec release | Jan. 2013 | Final |
| 1.1 | Add wide Vcc range support<br>1.65 ~ 3.6V | Aug. 2013 | Final |

# 512Kx16 & 1Mx8 Bit Asynchronous FAST SRAM

## Features

- Fast Access Time : 10, 15ns(Max)
- CMOS Low Power Dissipation
  Standby (TTL) : 35mA (Max.)
  (CMOS) : 28mA (Max.)
  Operating : 90mA (10ns, Max.)
  70mA (15ns, Max.)
- Single 3.3 ±0.3V or 5.0 ±0.5V Power Supply
  - S6R80xxV1M : 3.3 ±0.3V Power Supply
  - S6R80xxC1M : 5.0 ±0.5V Power Supply
- Wide range of Power Supply
  - S6R80xxW1M : 1.65V ~ 3.6V Power Supply
- TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Fully Static Operation, No Clock or Refresh required
- Three State Outputs
- Data Byte Control(x16 Mode)
  LB : I/O0~ I/O7, UB : I/O8~ I/O15
- Standard 44 TSOP2 Package Pin Configuration
- Operating in Commercial and Industrial Temperature range.

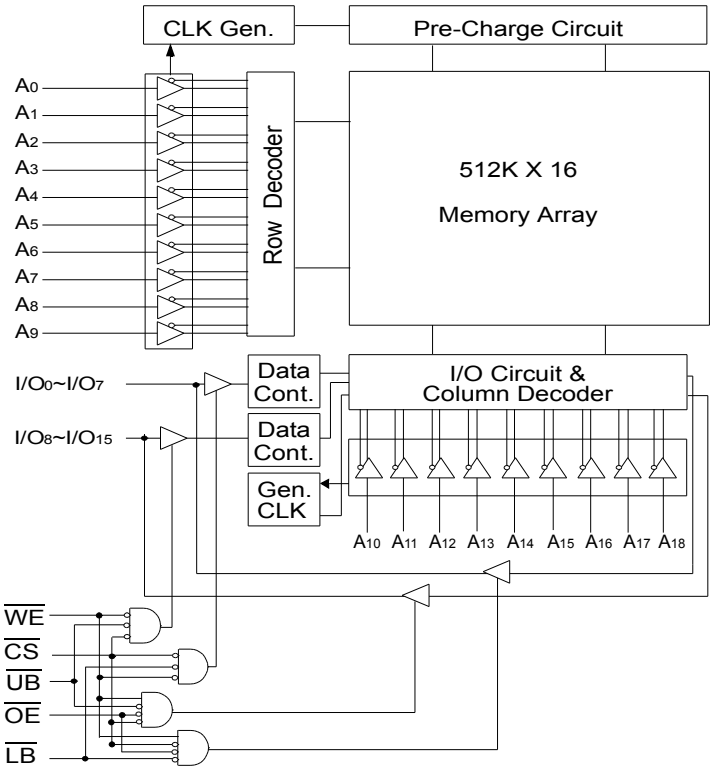
## General Description

The S6R8016(V/C/W)1M and S6R8008(V/C/W))1M are a 8,388,608-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 512K (1M) words by 16(8) bits. The S6R8016(V/C/W)1M (S6R8008(V/C/W)1M) uses 16(8) common input and output lines and have an output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle. And S6R8016(V/C/W)1M allows that lower and upper byte access by data byte control($\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$). The device is fabricated using advanced CMOS process,6-TR based cell technology and designed for high-speed circuit technology. It is particularly well suited for use in high-density high-speed system applications. The S6R8016(V/C/W)1M and S6R8008(V/C/W)1M are packaged in a 400mil 44-pin TSOP(II).

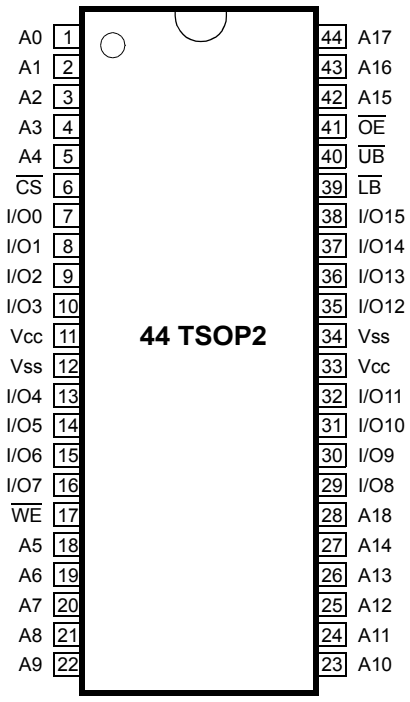
## 8Mb Asynchronous FAST SRAM Ordering Information

| Density | Org. | Vcc (V) | Speed | | Part Number | Package | TEMP |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | tAA(ns) | tOE(ns) | | | |
| 8Mb | 512Kx16 | 5.0 | 10 | 5 | S6R8016C1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | C : Commercial Temperature<br>I : Industrial Temperature |
| | | 3.3 | 10 | 5 | S6R8016V1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | | 2.5, 3.3 | 10 | 5 | S6R8016W1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | | 1.8 | 15 | 7 | S6R8016W1M-UC(I)15 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | 1Mx8 | 5.0 | 10 | 5 | S6R8008C1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | | 3.3 | 10 | 5 | S6R8008V1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | | 2.5, 3.3 | 10 | 5 | S6R8008W1M-UC(I)10 | 44 TSOP2 | |
| | | 1.8 | 15 | 7 | S6R8008W1M-UC(I)15 | 44 TSOP2 | |

## Logic Block Diagram - S6R8016(V/C/W)1M (512K x 16)



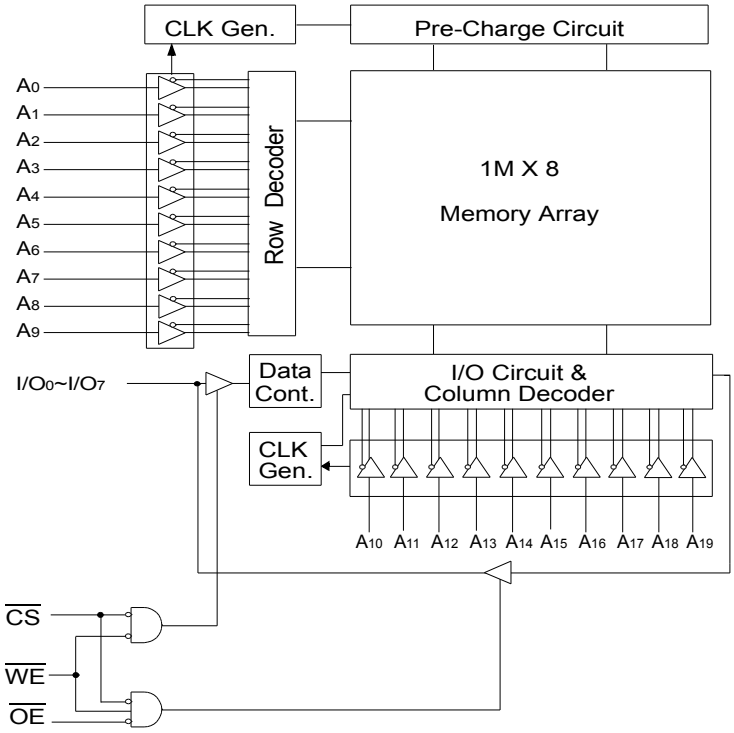

## 44 TSOP2 Package Pin Configurations(Top View) - S6R8016(V/C/W)1M (512K x 16)



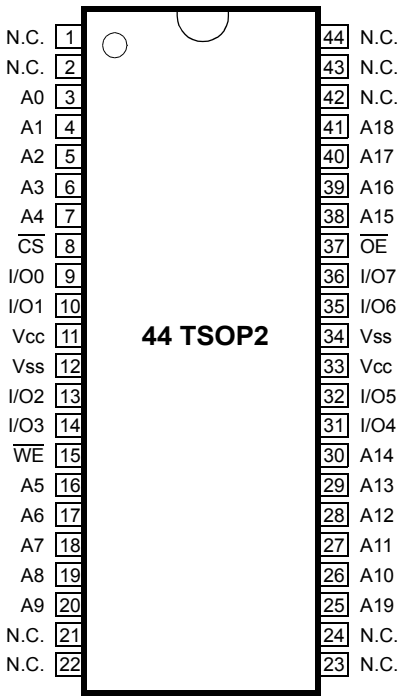

### Pin Function

| Pin Name | Pin Function |
|---|---|
| $A_0$ - $A_{18}$ | Address Inputs |
| $\overline{WE}$ | Write Enable |
| $\overline{CS}$ | Chip Select |
| $\overline{OE}$ | Output Enable |
| $\overline{LB}$ | Lower-byte Control($I/O_0$~$I/O_7$) |
| $\overline{UB}$ | Upper-byte Control($I/O_8$~$I/O_{15}$) |
| $I/O_0$ ~ $I/O_{15}$ | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| $V_{CC}$ | Power |
| $V_{SS}$ | Ground |
| N.C | No Connection |

## Logic Block Diagram - S6R8008(V/C/W)1M (1M x 8)




## 44 TSOP2 Package Pin Configurations(Top View) - S6R8008(V/C/W)1M (1M x 8)




### Pin Function

| Pin Name | Pin Function |
|---|---|
| $A_0$ - $A_{19}$ | Address Inputs |
| $\overline{WE}$ | Write Enable |
| $\overline{CS}$ | Chip Select |
| $\overline{OE}$ | Output Enable |
| $I/O_0$ ~ $I/O_7$ | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| $V_{CC}$ | Power |
| $V_{SS}$ | Ground |
| N.C | No Connection |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings*

| Parameter | | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Voltage on Any Pin Relative to VSS | 3.3V Product | $V_{IN}$, $V_{OUT}$ | -0.5 to Vcc+0.5V | V |
| | 5.0V Product | | | |
| | Wide Vcc** Product | | | |
| Voltage on Vcc Supply Relative to VSS | 3.3V Product | $V_{IN}$, $V_{OUT}$ | -0.5 to 4.6 | V |
| | 5.0V Product | | -0.5 to 7.0 | |
| | Wide Vcc** Product | | -0.5 to 4.6 | |
| Power Dissipation | | $P_D$ | 1.0 | W |
| Storage Temperature | | $T_{STG}$ | -65 to 150 | °C |
| Operating Temperature | Commercial | $T_A$ | 0 to 70 | °C |
| | Industrial | $T_A$ | -40 to 85 | °C |

* Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

** Wide Vcc Range is 1.65V ~ 3.6V

## Recommended DC Operating Conditions* ($T_A$=0 to 70°C)

| Parameter | Operating Vcc(V) | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Supply Voltage | 5.0 | $V_{CC}$ | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| | 3.3 | $V_{CC}$ | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | |
| | Wide 2.4 ~ 3.6 | $V_{CC}$ | 2.4 | 2.5/3.3 | 3.6 | |
| | Wide 1.65 ~ 2.2 | $V_{CC}$ | 1.65 | 1.8 | 2.2 | |
| Ground | | $V_{SS}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |
| Input High Voltage | 5.0 | $V_{IH}$ | 2.2 | - | $V_{CC}$+0.5 | V |
| | 3.3 | $V_{IH}$ | 2.0 | - | $V_{CC}$+0.5 | |
| | Wide 2.4 ~ 3.6 | $V_{IH}$ | 2.0 | - | $V_{CC}$+0.3 | |
| | Wide 1.65 ~ 2.2 | $V_{IH}$ | 1.4 | - | $V_{CC}$+0.2 | |
| Input Low Voltage | 5.0 | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3 | - | 0.8 | V |
| | 3.3 | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3 | - | 0.8 | |
| | Wide 2.4 ~ 3.6 | $V_{IL}$ | -0.3 | - | 0.7 | |
| | Wide 1.65 ~ 2.2 | $V_{IL}$ | -0.2 | - | 0.4 | |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed for industrial temperature range.

## DC and Operating Characteristics*($T_A$=0 to 70°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | | | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input Leakage Current | $I_{LI}$ | $V_{IN}$=$V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$ | | | -2 | 2 | µA |
| Output Leakage Current | $I_{LO}$ | $\overline{CS}$=$V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE}$=$V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE}$=$V_{IL}$<br>$V_{OUT}$=$V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$ | | | -2 | 2 | µA |
| Operating Current** | ICC | Min. Cycle, 100% Duty<br>CS=VIL, VIN=VIH or VIL, IOUT=0mA | Com. | 10ns | - | 90 | mA |
| | | | | 15ns | - | 70 | |
| | | | Ind. | 10ns | - | 90 | |
| | | | | 15ns | - | 70 | |
| Standby Current | $I_{SB}$ | Min. Cycle, $\overline{CS}$=$V_{IH}$ | | | - | 35 | mA |
| | $I_{SB1}$ | f=0MHz, $\overline{CS}$≥$V_{CC}$-0.2V,<br>$V_{IN}$≥$V_{CC}$-0.2V or $V_{IN}$≤0.2V | | | - | 28 | |
| Output Low Voltage Level | $V_{OL}$ | Vcc=4.5V, $I_{OL}$=8mA, 5.0V Product | | | - | 0.4 | V |
| | | Vcc=3.0V, $I_{OL}$=8mA, 3.3V Product & Wide Vcc** Product | | | - | 0.4 | |
| | | Vcc=2.4V, $I_{OL}$=1mA, Wide Vcc** Product | | | - | 0.4 | |
| | | Vcc=1.65V, $I_{OL}$=1mA, Wide Vcc** Product | | | - | 0.2 | |
| Output High Voltage Level | $V_{OH}$ | Vcc=4.5V, $I_{OH}$=-4mA, 5.0V Product | | | 2.4 | - | V |
| | | Vcc=3.0V, $I_{OH}$=-4mA, 3.3V Product & Wide Vcc** Product | | | 2.4 | - | |
| | | Vcc=2.4V, $I_{OH}$=-1mA, Wide Vcc** Product | | | 1.8 | - | |
| | | Vcc=1.65V, $I_{OH}$=-1mA, Wide Vcc** Product | | | 1.4 | - | |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed for industrial temperature range.

** Wide Vcc Range is 1.65V ~ 3.6V

## Capacitance*($T_A$=25°C, f=1.0MHz)

| Item | Symbol | Test Conditions | TYP | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input/Output Capacitance | $C_{I/O}$ | $V_{I/O}$=0V | - | 8 | pF |
| Input Capacitance | $C_{IN}$ | $V_{IN}$=0V | - | 6 | pF |

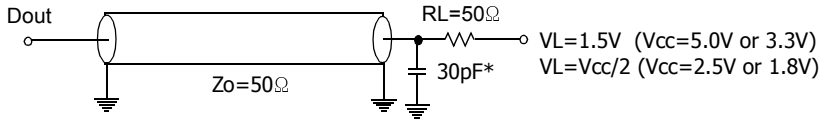
* Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.

## Test Conditions*

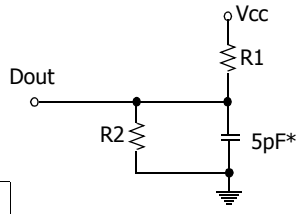
| Parameter | Value |
|---|---|
| Input Pulse Level | 0 to 3.0V (Vcc=3.3V or 5.0V) |
| | 0 to 2.5V (Vcc=2.5V) |
| | 0 to 1.8V (Vcc=1.8V) |
| Input Rise and Fall Time | 1V/1ns |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Levels | 1.5V (Vcc=3.3V or 5.0V) |
| | 1/2Vcc (Vcc= 1.8V or 2.5V) |
| Output Load | See Fig. 1 |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

Output Load(A)




Output Load(B)
(for $t_{HZ}$, $t_{LZ}$, $t_{WHZ}$, $t_{OLZ}$ & $t_{OHZ}$)

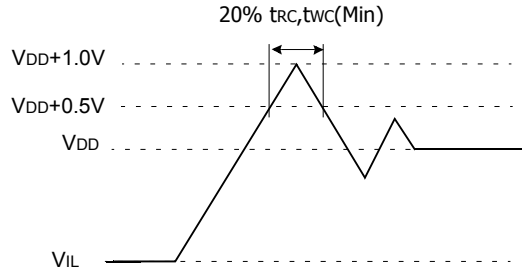



| Vcc | 5.0V | 3.3V | 2.5V | 1.8V |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| R1 | 480Ω | 319Ω | 1909Ω | 13500Ω |
| R2 | 255Ω | 353Ω | 1105Ω | 10800Ω |

* Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

**Fig. 1**

## Overshoot Timing




## Undershoot Timing

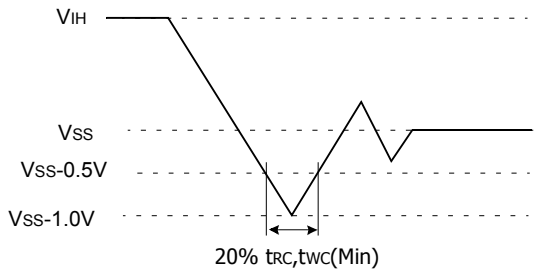



**Fig. 2**

## Functional Description (x8 Mode)

| $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ | Mode | I/O Pin | Supply Current |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H | X | X* | Not Select | High-Z | $I_{SB}$, $I_{SB1}$ |
| L | H | H | Output Disable | High-Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| L | H | L | Read | $D_{OUT}$ | $I_{CC}$ |
| L | L | X | Write | $D_{IN}$ | $I_{CC}$ |

* X means Don´t Care.

## Functional Description (x16 Mode)

| $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | $\overline{OE}$ | $\overline{LB}$** | $\overline{UB}$** | Mode | I/O Pin | | Supply Current |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | $I/O_0$~$I/O_7$ | $I/O_8$~$I/O_{15}$ | |
| H | X | X* | X | X | Not Select | High-Z | High-Z | $I_{SB}$, $I_{SB1}$ |
| L | H | H | X | X | Output Disable | High-Z | High-Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| L | X | X | H | H | | | | |
| L | H | L | L | H | Read | $D_{OUT}$ | High-Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | H | L | | High-Z | $D_{OUT}$ | |
| | | | L | L | | $D_{OUT}$ | $D_{OUT}$ | |
| L | L | X | L | H | Write | $D_{IN}$ | High-Z | $I_{CC}$ |
| | | | H | L | | High-Z | $D_{IN}$ | |
| | | | L | L | | $D_{IN}$ | $D_{IN}$ | |

* X means Don't Care.

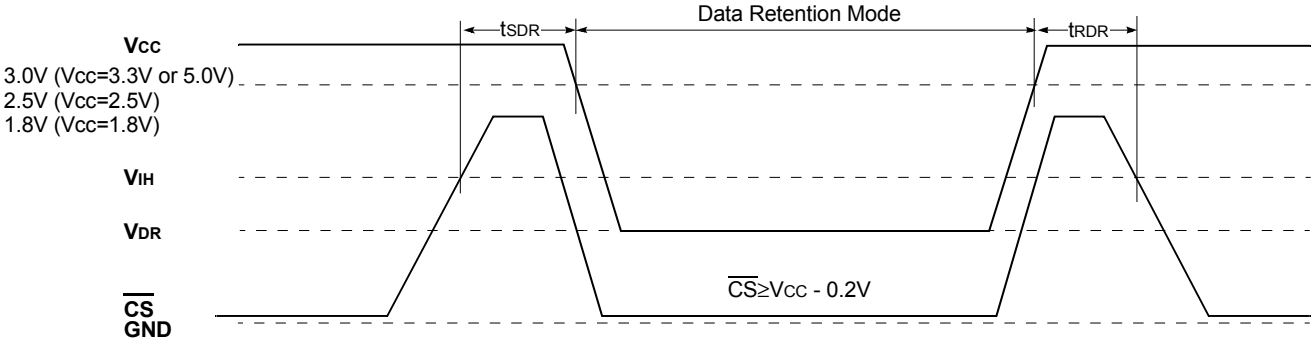
## Data Retention Characteristics* ($T_A$=0 to 70°C)

| Parameter | Product | Operating Vcc(V) | Symbol | Test Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{CC}$ for Data Retention | 5.0V Product | 5.0 | $V_{DR}$ | $\overline{CS}$ ≥$V_{CC}$ - 0.2V | 2.0 | - | 5.5 | V |
| | 3.3V Product | 3.3 | | | 2.0 | - | 3.6 | |
| | Wide 2.4V ~ 3.6V | 2.5/3.3 | | | 2.0 | - | 3.6 | |
| | Wide 1.65V ~ 2.2V | 1.8 | | | 1.5 | - | 3.6 | |
| Data Retention Current | 5.0V Product | 5.0 | $I_{DR}$ | $V_{CC}$=2.0V<br>$\overline{CS}$≥$V_{CC}$ - 0.2V<br>$V_{IN}$≥$V_{CC}$ - 0.2V or $V_{IN}$≤0.2V | - | - | 20 | mA |
| | 3.3V Product | 3.3 | | | - | - | 20 | |
| | Wide 2.4V ~ 3.6V | 2.5/3.3 | | | - | - | 28 | |
| | Wide 1.65V ~ 2.2V | 1.8 | | $V_{CC}$=1.5V<br>$\overline{CS}$≥$V_{CC}$ - 0.2V<br>$V_{IN}$≥$V_{CC}$ - 0.2V or $V_{IN}$≤0.2V | - | - | 28 | |
| Data Retention Set-Up Time | | | $t_{SDR}$ | See Data Retention Wave form(below) | 0 | - | - | ns |
| Recovery Time | | | $t_{RDR}$ | | 5 | - | - | ms |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

## Data Retention Wave Form

**$\overline{CS}$ controlled**



## Read Cycle*

| Parameter | Symbol | 10ns | | 15ns | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Read Cycle Time | $t_{RC}$ | 10 | - | 15 | - | ns |
| Address Access Time | $t_{AA}$ | - | 10 | - | 15 | ns |
| Chip Select to Output | $t_{CO}$ | - | 10 | - | 15 | ns |
| Output Enable to Valid Output | $t_{OE}$ | - | 5 | - | 7 | ns |
| $\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Access Time ** | $t_{BA}$ | - | 5 | - | 7 | ns |
| Chip Enable to Low-Z Output | $t_{LZ}$ | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |
| Output Enable to Low-Z Output | $t_{OLZ}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| $\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Enable to Low-Z Output ** | $t_{BLZ}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Chip Disable to High-Z Output | $t_{HZ}$ | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | ns |
| Output Disable to High-Z Output | $t_{OHZ}$ | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | ns |
| $\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Disable to High-Z Output ** | $t_{BHZ}$ | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | ns |
| Output Hold from Address Change | $t_{OH}$ | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |
| Chip Selection to Power Up Time | $t_{PU}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Chip Selection to Power DownTime | $t_{PD}$ | - | 10 | - | 15 | ns |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed for industrial temperature range.

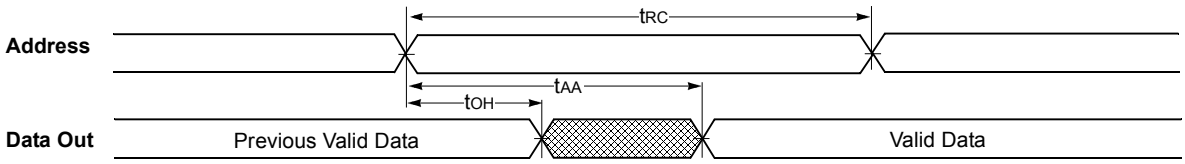
## Write Cycle*

| Parameter | Symbol | 10ns | | 15ns | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| Write Cycle Time | $t_{WC}$ | 10 | - | 15 | - | ns |
| Chip Select to End of Write | $t_{CW}$ | 7 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Address Set-up Time | $t_{AS}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Address Valid to End of Write | $t_{AW}$ | 7 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Write Pulse Width($\overline{OE}$ High) | $t_{WP}$ | 7 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Write Pulse Width($\overline{OE}$ Low) | $t_{WP1}$ | 10 | - | 15 | - | ns |
| $\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Valid to End of Write ** | $t_{BW}$ | 7 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Write Recovery Time | $t_{WR}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Write to Output High-Z | $t_{WHZ}$ | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | ns |
| Data to Write Time Overlap | $t_{DW}$ | 5 | - | 8 | - | ns |
| Data Hold from Write Time | $t_{DH}$ | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| End of Write to Output Low-Z | $t_{OW}$ | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |

* The above parameters are also guaranteed for industrial temperature range.

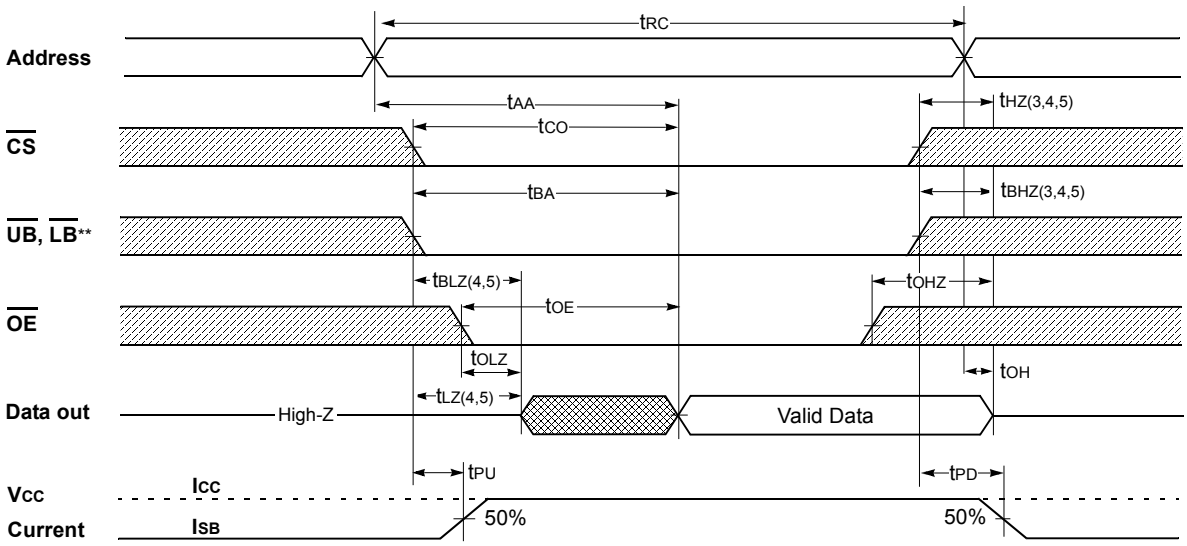
## Timing Diagrams

### Timing Waveform Of Read Cycle(1) (Address Controlled, $\overline{CS}$=$\overline{OE}$=$V_{IL}$, $\overline{WE}$=$V_{IH}$, $\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$=$V_{IL}$ **)




** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

### Timing Waveform Of Read Cycle(2) ($\overline{WE}$=$V_{IH}$)

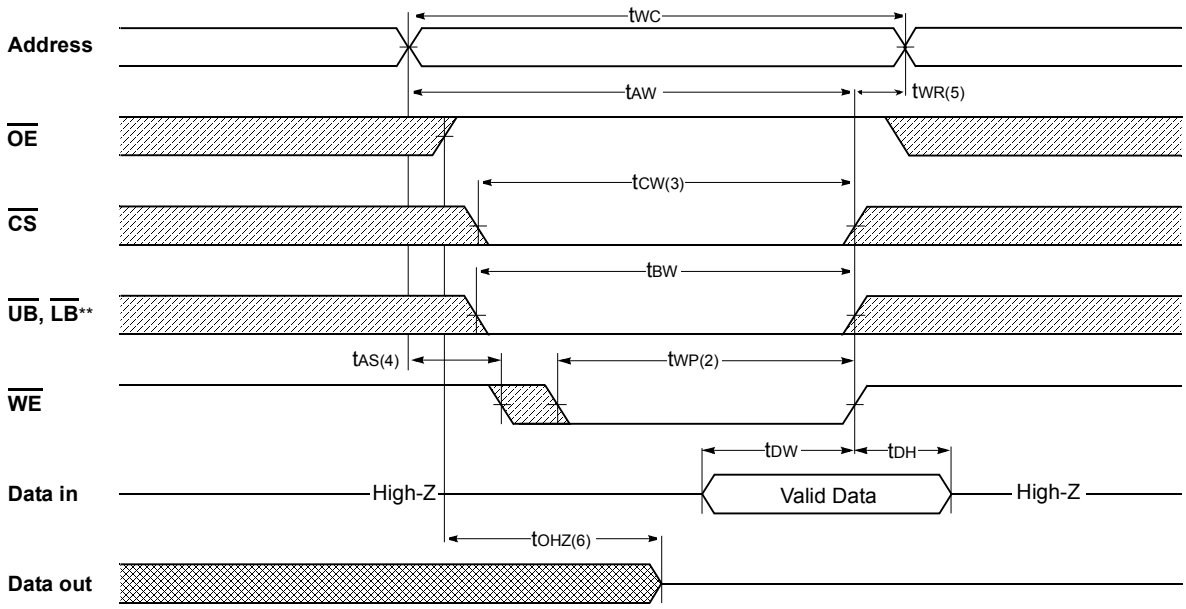



**NOTES**(Read Cycle)

1. $\overline{WE}$ is high for read cycle.
2. All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
3. $t_{HZ}$ and $t_{OHZ}$ are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to $V_{OH}$ or $V_{OL}$ levels.
4. At any given temperature and voltage condition, $t_{HZ}$(Max.) is less than $t_{LZ}$(Min.) both for a given device and from device to device.
5. Transition is measured ±200mV from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
6. Device is continuously selected with $\overline{CS}$=$V_{IL}$.
7. Address valid prior to coincident with $\overline{CS}$ transition low.
8. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

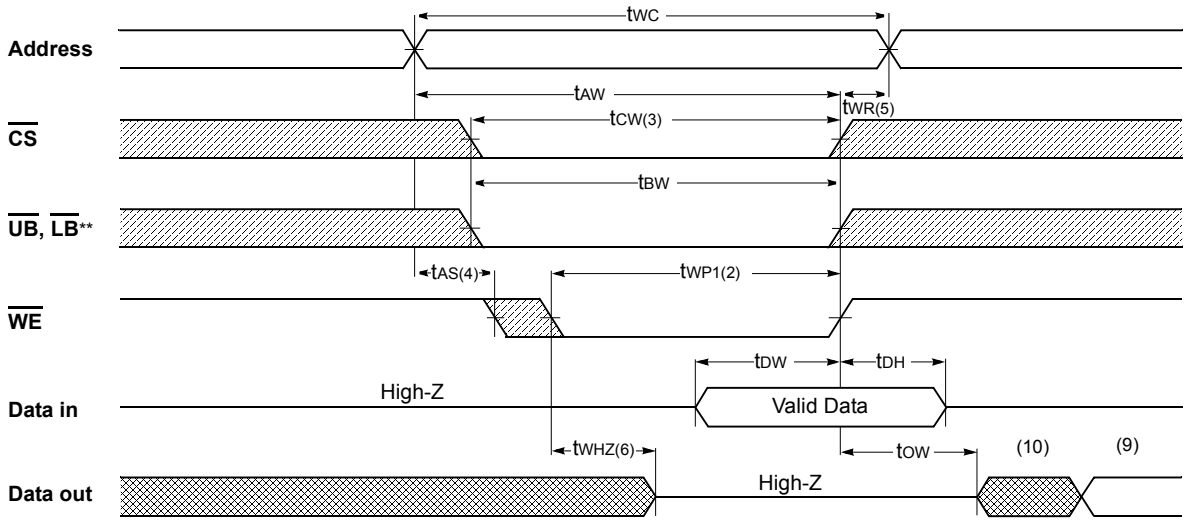
** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

### Timing Waveform Of Write Cycle(1) ($\overline{OE}$ Clock)



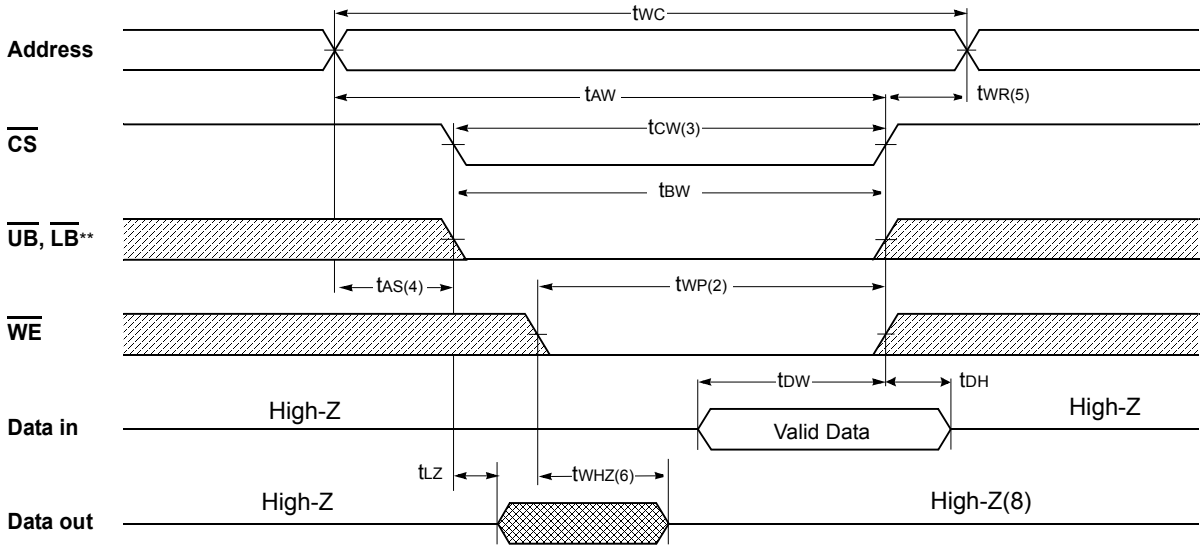

** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

### Timing Waveform Of Write Cycle(2) ($\overline{OE}$=Low fixed)



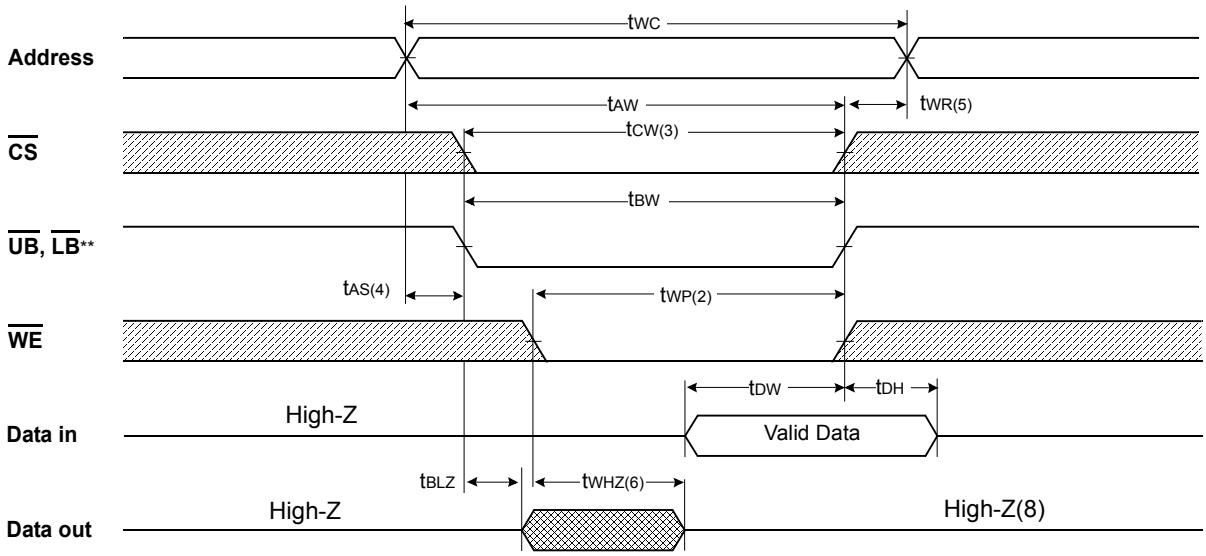

** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

## Timing Waveform Of Write Cycle(3) ($\overline{CS}$=Controlled)




** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

## Timing Waveform Of Write Cycle(4) ($\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Controlled)




**NOTES**(Write Cycle)

1. All write cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS}$,$\overline{WE}$,$\overline{LB}$ and $\overline{UB}$. A write begins at the latest transition $\overline{CS}$ going low and $\overline{WE}$ going low ; A write ends at the earliest transition $\overline{CS}$ going high or $\overline{WE}$ going high. $t_{WP}$ is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
3. $t_{CW}$ is measured from the later of $\overline{CS}$ going low to end of write.
4. $t_{AS}$ is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
5. $t_{WR}$ is measured from the end of write to the address change. $t_{WR}$ applied in case a write ends as $\overline{CS}$ or $\overline{WE}$ going high.
6. If $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CS}$ and $\overline{WE}$ are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not . be applied because bus contention can occur.
7. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.
8. If $\overline{CS}$ goes low simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ going or after $\overline{WE}$ going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.
9. Dout is the read data of the new address.
10. When $\overline{CS}$ is low : I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.

** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

## Package Dimensions

Units:millimeters/Inches

**44-TSOP2-400BF**