

# DEVELOPMENT DATA

This data sheet contains advance information and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# SAB8726

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## SENSITIVE 2.6 GHz DIVIDE-BY-2 PRESCALER

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SAB8726 is a prescaler for satellite television applications. It has an input frequency range of 1 GHz to 2.6 GHz with high input sensitivity.

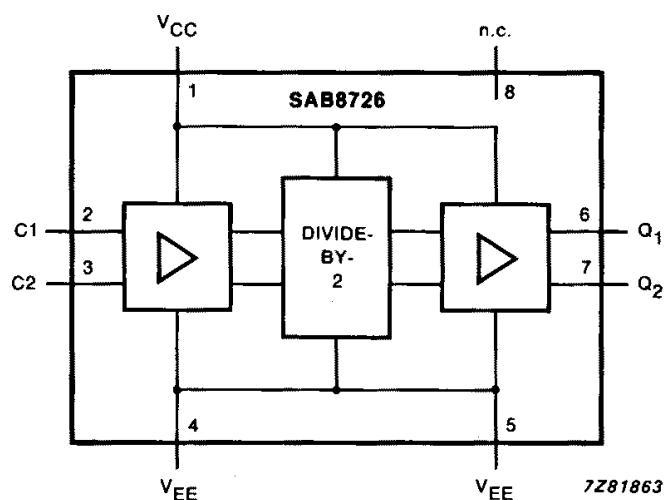


Fig. 1 Block diagram.

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Supply voltage	pin 1 to pins 4, 5	$V_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply current	pin 1	$I_{CC}$	—	35	—	mA
Input frequency range	pins 2 and 3	$f_i$	1	—	2.6	GHz
Input sensitivity						
Input voltage (RMS value)		$V_i(\text{rms})$	—	—	70	dBm/mV
Output voltage (RMS value)	pins 6 and 7	$V_o(\text{rms})$	—	90	—	dBm/mV
Operating ambient temperature range		$T_{\text{amb}}$	0	—	80	°C

### PACKAGE OUTLINE

8-lead DIL; plastic (SOT97).

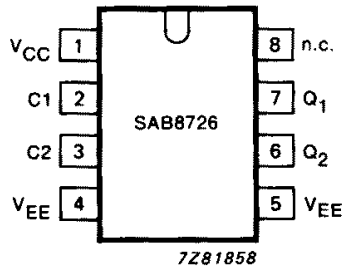


Fig. 2 Pinning diagram.

## PINNING

1	V <sub>CC</sub>	positive supply voltage
2	C1	} differential inputs
3	C2	
4	V <sub>EE</sub>	ground (0 V)
5	V <sub>EE</sub>	ground (0 V)
6	Q <sub>1</sub>	} complementary outputs
7	Q <sub>2</sub>	
8	n.c.	not connected

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

This IC is designed to be driven by a sinusoidal 1 GHz to 2.6 GHz signal from the local-oscillator of a satellite TV tuner.

The inputs (C1, C2) are differential and are internally biased to permit capacitive coupling (Fig. 5a). When driven asymmetrically the unused input should be connected to ground via a capacitor (Fig. 5b).

The divider stage will oscillate without an input signal but this oscillation will be suppressed when an input signal within the specified range is applied.

Two complementary signals (Q<sub>1</sub>, Q<sub>2</sub>) are provided by the output differential amplifier stage (Fig. 5c).

For asymmetrical output, the unused output should be connected to ground via a 50 Ω resistor and a capacitor (Fig. 5d).

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**ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE PROTECTION**

Inputs and outputs have electrostatic discharge protection in accordance with specification MIL-STD-883C, class A.

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

parameter	symbol	min.	max.	unit
Supply voltage (DC)	$V_{CC}$	–	7.0	V
Input voltage	$V_i$	0	$V_{CC}$	V
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	–55	+ 150	°C
Operating ambient temperature range	$T_{amb}$	0	+ 80	°C
Junction temperature	$T_j$	–	+ 150	°C

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient

$$R_{thj-a} = 120 \text{ K/W}$$

**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ;  $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 0 \text{ to } 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; test IC mounted in a test socket or on a printed circuit board; measurements taken after thermal equilibrium is established; unless otherwise specified.

parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Supply current		$I_{CC}$	–	35	45	mA
Output voltage HIGH		$V_{OH}$	–	–	$V_{CC}$	V
Output voltage LOW		$V_{OL}$	–	–	$V_{CC}-0.4$	V

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**AC CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ;  $T_{amb} = 0\text{ to }+80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $f_{in} = 1\text{ to }2.6\text{ GHz}$ ; unless otherwise specified

parameter	conditions	symbol	min.	typ.	max.	unit
<b>Input</b>						
Input frequency range		$f_i$	1	—	2.6	GHz
Input sensitivity						
Input voltage (RMS value)	50 $\Omega$ system					
	$f_i = 1\text{ GHz}$	$V_{i(rms)}$	—	—	-10/70	dBm/mV
	$f_i = 2.6\text{ GHz}$	$V_{i(rms)}$	—	—	-10/70	dBm/mV
Input overload voltage (RMS value)	50 $\Omega$ system					
	$f_i = 1\text{ GHz}$	$V_{i(rms)}$	7/500	—	—	dBm/mV
	$f_i = 2.6\text{ GHz}$	$V_{i(rms)}$	7/500	—	—	dBm/mV
<b>Output</b>						
Output voltage HIGH		$V_{OH}$	—	—	$V_{CC}$	V
Output voltage LOW		$V_{OL}$	—	—	$V_{CC}-0.4$	V
Output voltage level	$V_i = 0\text{ dBm}$ ; $f_i = 2\text{ GHz}$ ; $R_L = 50\ \Omega$	$V_o$	—	-8/90	—	dBm/mV
Output resistance		$R_o$	—	50	—	$\Omega$

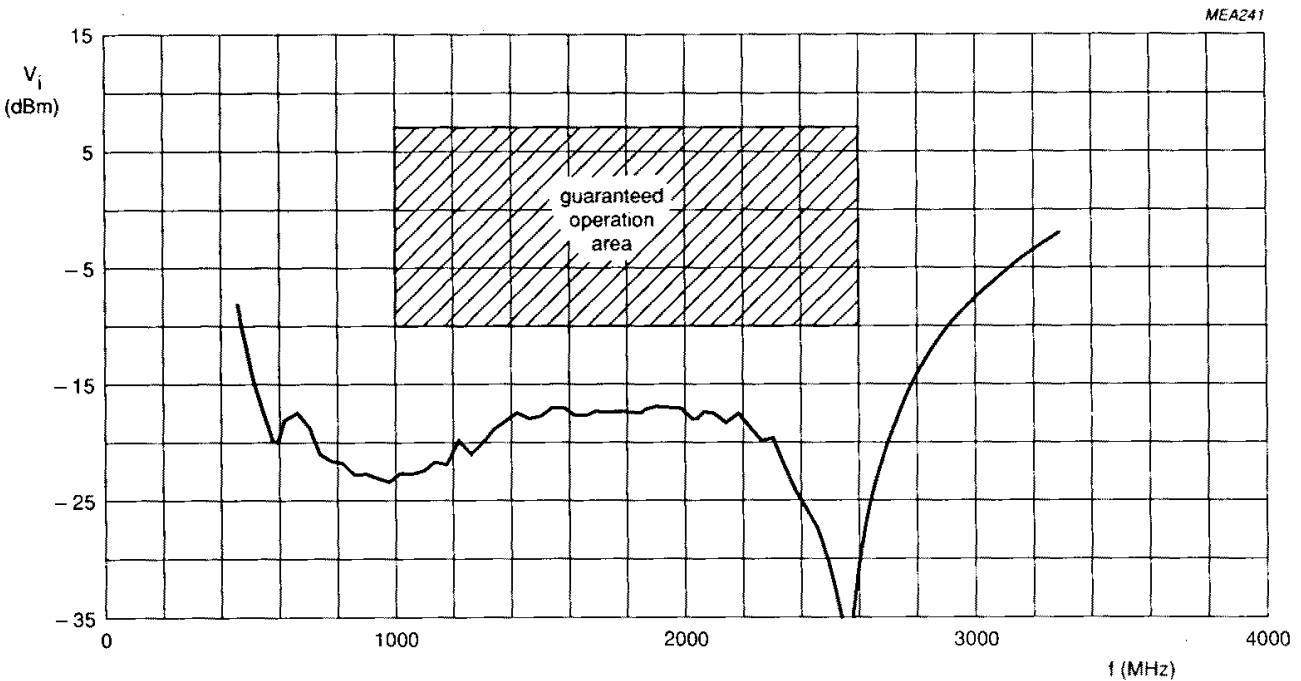


Fig.3 Typical input sensitivity curve:  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

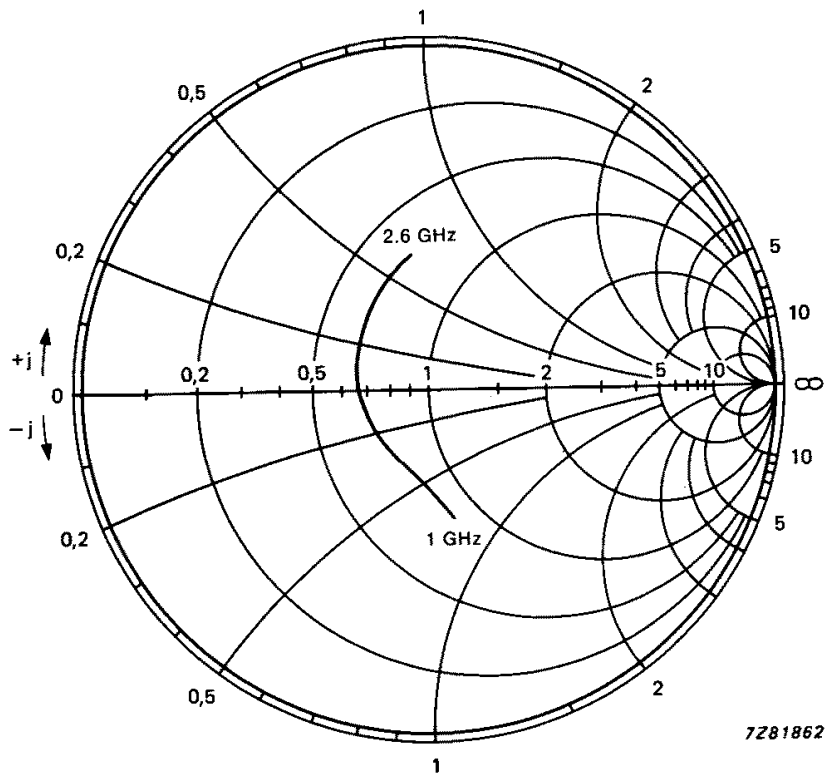
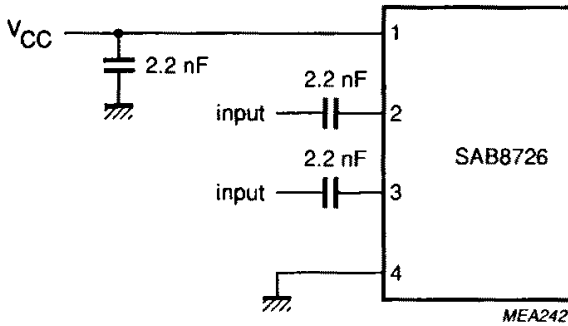


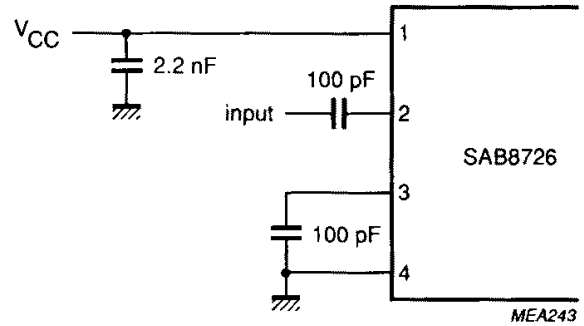
Fig. 4 Smith chart of typical input impedance: input level = -10 dBm;  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ; reference value =  $50\ \Omega$ .

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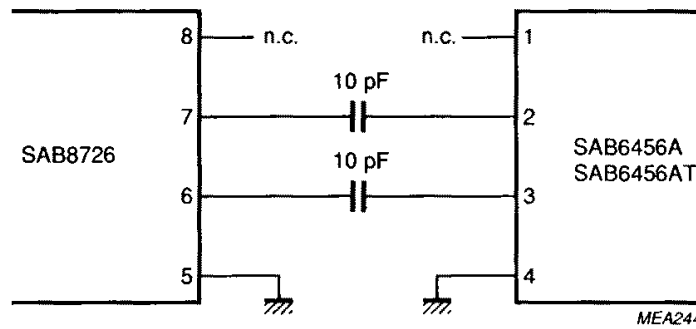
APPLICATION INFORMATION



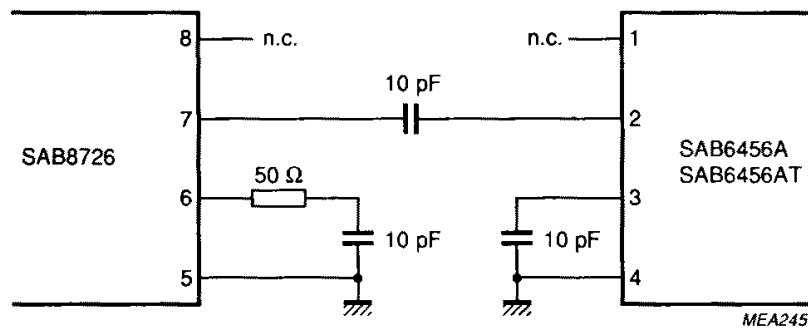
(a) Symmetrical input.



(b) Asymmetrical input.



(c) Symmetrical output.



(d) Asymmetrical output.

Fig. 5 Pin configurations for symmetrical/asymmetrical input and output.

Note to Fig. 5

To minimize possible harmonics the symmetrical output is preferred.