

# General Description

**Current Mode PWM Power Switch** 

SDC4108 combines a dedicated current mode PWM controller with a high voltage power MOSFET. It is optimized for high performance, low standby power, and cost effective off-line flyback converter applications in sub 16W range.

SDC4108 offers Complete protection coverage with automatic self-recovery feature including cycle-by-cycle current limiting (OCP), over load protection (OLP), VDD over voltage clamp and under voltage lockout (UVLO). Excellent EMI performance is achieved with frequency shuffling technique, together with soft switching control at the totem pole gate drive output. The tone energy at below 22kHz is minimized in the design and audio noise is eliminated during operation.

# Features

- Power on soft start reducing MOSFET V<sub>DS</sub> stress
- Frequency shuffling for EMI
- Extended burst mode control for improved efficiency and minimum standby power design
- Audio noise free operation
- Fixed 50kHz switching frequency
- Internal synchronized slope compensation
- Low VDD startup current and low operating current
- Leading edge blanking on current sense input
- Good protection coverage with auto self-recovery:
  VDD over voltage clamp and under voltage lockout with hysteresis (UVLO)
  - Line input compensated cycle-by-cycle over-current threshold setting for constant output power limiting over universal input voltage range Over load protection (OLP) Over voltage protection(OVP)

# Applications

- Battery charger
- PDA power supplies
- Digital cameras and camcorder adaptor
- VCR, SVR, STB, DVD&DVCD player SMPS
- Set-top box power
- Auxiliary power supply for PC and server
- Open-frame SMPS

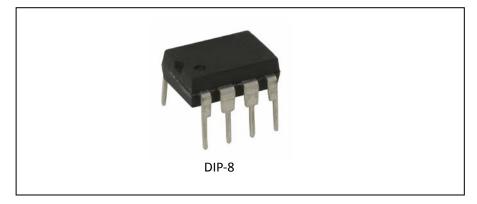


Figure 1. Package Type

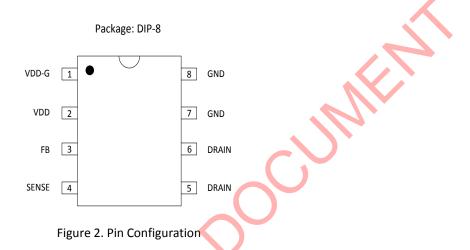




# Datasheet

# SDC4108

## **Pin Configuration**

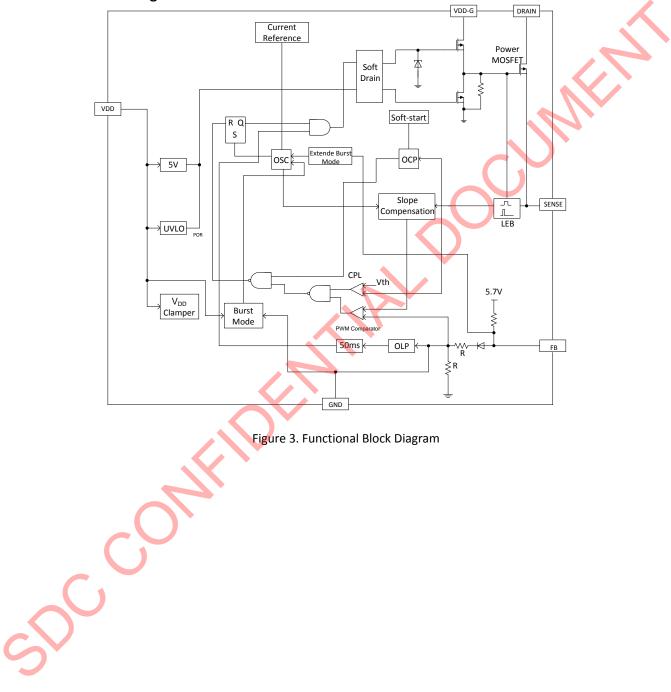


Pin Number	Pin Name	Function			
1	VDD-G	Internal gate driver power supply			
2	VDD	Chip DC power supply pin			
3	FB	Feedback input pin. The PWM duty cycle is determined by voltage le into this pin and the current-sense signal at SENSE pin			
4	SENSE	Current sensing input			
5,6	DRAIN	HV MOSFET DRAIN pin. The DRAIN pin is connected to the primary lead of the transformer			
7,8	GND	Ground			

Table 1. Pin Description



# **Functional Block Diagram**



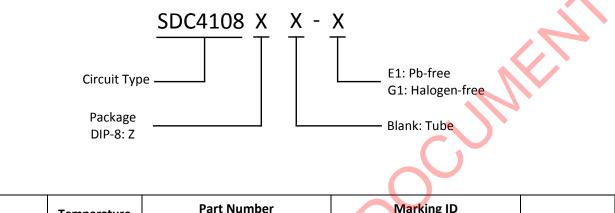
# Datasheet



Datasheet

SDC4108

# **Ordering Information**



Dackago	Temperature	Part Number		Mark	Packing Type		
Package	Range	Pb-free	Halogen-free	Pb-free	Halogen-free	Packing Type	
DIP-8	<b>-40°℃~85°</b> ℃	SDC4108Z -E1	SDC4108Z -G1	SDC4108	SDC4108G	Tube	

# **Output Power Table**

Г

Product	230VAC±15%	85-265VAC
SDC4108	16W	9W

Table 2. Output Power



Datasheet

SDC4108

Absolute Maximum Ratings (NOTE: Stresses greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
DRAIN voltage (off state)	Bvdss	-0.3~600	V
VDD voltage	V <sub>dd</sub>	-0.3~30	V
VDD-G input voltage	V <sub>dd-G</sub>	-0.3~30	V
VDD clamp continuous current	I <sub>VDD-Clamp</sub>	10	mA
FB input voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>	-0.3~7	V
Sense input voltage	V <sub>SENSE</sub>	-0.3~7	V
Operating junction temperature T <sub>J</sub>	T <sub>JMAX</sub>	150	°C
Storage temperature T <sub>STG</sub>	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering,10s)	T <sub>LEAD</sub>	260	°C
Latch-up test per JEDEC 78	-	200	mA
ESD,HBM model per Mil-Std-883H,Method 3015	НВМ	2000	V
ESD,MM model per JEDEC EIA/JESD22-A115	MM	200	V

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

3DC ONY

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
DRAIN voltage (off state)	Bvdss	-	600	V
VDD voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	10	25	V
Maximum Operating Frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>		50	KHz
Operating Temperature Range	Τ <sub>ΟΡ</sub>	-40	85	C°

Table 4. Recommended Operating Conditions



Datasheet

SDC4108

Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)								
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Supply Voltage (VDD)								
VDD start up current	ISTARTUP	V <sub>DD</sub> =14.5V, Measure Leakage current into VDD	-	5	20	uA		
Operation current	I <sub>VDD</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =3V	-	1.6	-	mA		
VDD under voltage lockout enter	V <sub>UVLO(ON)</sub>	-	8.7	9.7	10.7	V		
VDD under voltage lockout exit (recovery)	$V_{\text{UVLO}(\text{OFF})}$	-	14.6	15.8	17.0	V		
Over voltage protection voltage	V <sub>OVP(ON)</sub>	CS=0V, FB=3V Ramp up VDD until gate clock is off	27.0	28.5	30.0	V		
VDD zener clamp voltage	$V_{DD\_CLAMP}$	I <sub>DD</sub> = 10 mA	)	30.0	-	V		
	Feedback I	nput Section (FB Pin)						
VFB open loop voltage	$V_{FB_OPEN}$	-	5.4	5.7	6.0	V		
FB pin short circuit current	I <sub>FB_SHORT</sub>	Short FB pin to GND and measure current	-	1.45	-	mA		
Zero duty cycle fb threshold voltage	$V_{TH_{OD}}$		-	0.8	-	V		
Power limiting fb threshold voltage	$V_{TH_{PL}}$		-	3.7	-	V		
Power limiting debounce time	t <sub>D_PL</sub>	-	-	50	-	ms		
Input impedance	Z <sub>FB IN</sub>	· · ·	-	4	-	kΩ		
	Current Se	nse Input(Sense Pin)						
Soft start time	t <sub>ss</sub>	-	-	4	-	ms		
Leading edge blanking time	t <sub>blanking</sub>	-	-	270	-	ns		
Input impedance	Z <sub>SENSE_IN</sub>	-	-	40	-	kΩ		
Over current detection and control delay	tp_oc	From Over Current Occurs till the Gate drive output start to turn off	-	120	-	ns		
Internal current limiting threshold voltage	V <sub>TH_OC</sub>	FB=3.3V	0.72	0.77	0.82	V		
		Oscillator						
Normal oscillation frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	-	45	50	55	kHz		
Frequency temperature stability	$\Delta f_{Temp}$	-	-	5	-	%		
Frequency voltage stability	$\Delta f_{VDD}$	-	-	5	-	%		
Maximum duty cycle	D <sub>MAX</sub>	FB=3.3V, CS =0V	70	80	90	%		
Burst mode base frequency	f <sub>BM</sub>	-	-	22	-	kHz		
MOSFET Section								
MOSFET DRAIN-source breakdown voltage	B <sub>vdss</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =250uA	600	-	-	V		
Static DRAIN to source on resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =0. 5A	7	9	11	Ω		
Drain to source Leakage Current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{DS}$ =600V, $V_{GS}$ =0V			1	uA		
	Freq	uency Shuffling						
Modulation range/Base frequency	Δf <sub>osc</sub>	-	-4	-	4	%		

# Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics

December, 2013 Rev. 1.1

(



Datasheet

#### SDC4108



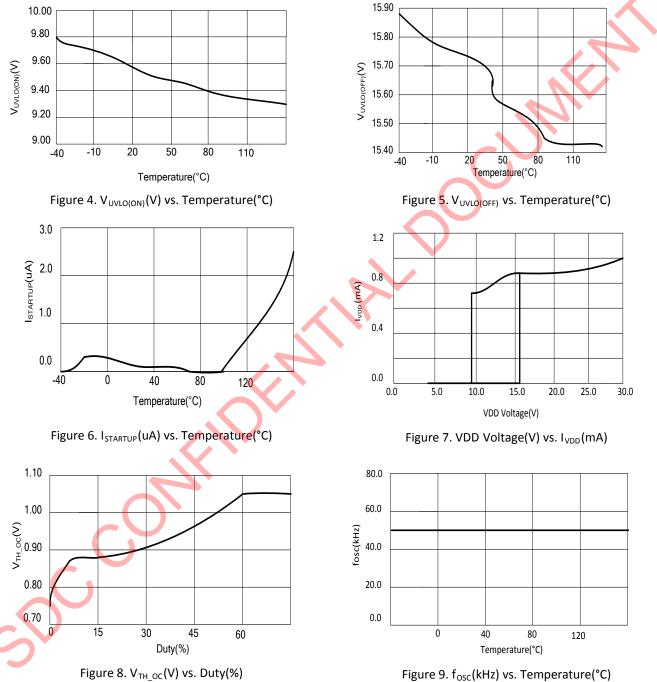


Figure 9. f<sub>osc</sub>(kHz) vs. Temperature(°C)



Datasheet

SDC4108

### 25.0 20.0 (C) 15.0 15.0 5.0 25 50 75 100 125 Temperature(°C)

**Typical Performance Characteristics(Continued)** 

Figure 10. Rdson(Ω) vs. Temperature(°C)

December, 2013 Rev. 1.1



#### **Operation Description**

The SDC4108 is a low power off-line SMPS switcher optimized for off-line flyback converter applications in sub 16W power range. The extended burst mode control greatly reduces the standby power consumption and helps the design easily to meet the international power conservation requirements.

#### Startup Current and Start up Control

Startup current of SDC4108 is designed to be very low so that VDD could be charged up above UVLO threshold level and device starts up quickly. A large value startup resistor can therefore be used to minimize the power loss yet achieve a reliable startup in application. For AC/DC adaptor with universal input range design, a 2 M $\Omega$ , 1/ 8 W startup resistor could be used together with a VDD capacitor to provide a fast startup and yet low power dissipation design solution.

#### **Operating Current**

The operating current of SDC4108 is low at 2mA. Good efficiency is achieved with SDC4108 low operating current together with the extended burst mode control features.

#### Soft Start

SDC4108 features an internal 4ms soft start to soften the electrical stress occurring in the power supply during startup. It is activated during the power on sequence. As soon as VDD reaches UVLO(OFF), the peak current is gradually increased from nearly zero to the maximum level of 0.77V. Every restart up is followed by a soft start.

#### Frequency shuffling for EMI improvement

The frequency shuffling (switching frequency modulation) is implemented in SDC4108. The oscillation frequency is modulated so that the tone energy is spread out. The spread spectrum minimizes the conduction

band EMI and therefore eases the system design.

#### **Extended Burst Mode Operation**

At light load or zero load condition, most of the power dissipation in a switching mode power supply is from switching loss on the MOSFET, the core loss of the transformer and the loss on the snubber circuit. The magnitude of power loss is in proportion to the switching frequency. Lower switching frequency leads to the reduction on the power loss and thus conserves the energy.

The switching frequency is internally adjusted at no load or light load condition. The switch frequency reduces at light/no load condition to improve the conversion efficiency. At light load or no load condition, the FB input drops below burst mode threshold level and device enters burst mode control. The gate drive output switches only when VDD voltage drops below a preset level and FB input is active to output an on state. Otherwise the gate drive remains at off state to minimize the switching loss and reduces the standby power consumption to the greatest extend.

The switching frequency control also eliminates the audio noise at any loading conditions.

#### **Oscillator Operation**

The switching frequency of SDC4108 is internally fixed at 50kHz. No external frequency setting components are required for PCB design simplification.

#### **Current Sensing and Leading Edge Blanking**

Cycle-by-cycle current limiting is offered in SDC4108 current mode PWM control. The switch current is detected by a sense resistor into the sense pin. An internal leading edge blanking circuit chops off the sensed voltage spike at initial internal power MOSFET on state due to snubber diode reverse recovery and surge

Datasheet

# Datasheet



#### **Current Mode PWM Power Switch**

gate current of internal power MOSFET so that the external RC filtering on sense input is no longer needed. The current limiting comparator is disabled and cannot turn off the internal power MOSFET during the blanking period. The PWM duty cycle is determined by the current sense input voltage and the FB input voltage.

#### **Internal Synchronized Slope Compensation**

Built-in slope compensation circuit adds voltage ramp onto the current sense input voltage for PWM generation. This greatly improves the close loop stability at CCM and prevents the sub-harmonic oscillation and thus reduces the output ripple voltage.

#### **Gate Drive**

The internal power MOSFET in SDC4108 is driven by a dedicated gate driver for power switch control. Too weak the gate drive strength results in higher conduction and switch loss of MOSFET while too strong gate drive results the compromise of EMI. A good tradeoff is achieved through the built-in totem pole gate design with right output strength and dead time control. The low idle loss and good EMI system design is easier to achieve with this dedicated control scheme. In addition to the gate

drive control scheme mentioned, the gate drive strength can also be adjusted externally by a resistor connected between VDD and VDDG, the falling edge of the DRAIN output can be well controlled. It provides great flexibility for system EMI design.

#### **Protection Controls**

Good power supply system reliability is achieved with its rich protection features including cycle-by-cycle current limiting (OCP), over load protection (OLP) and over voltage clamp, under voltage lockout on VDD (UVLO). the OCP is line voltage compensated to achieve constant output power limit over the universal input voltage range.

At overload condition when FB input voltage exceeds power limit threshold value for more than  $T_{D_PL}$ , control circuit reacts to shut down the switcher. Switcher restarts when VDD voltage drops below UVLO limit.

VDD is supplied by transformer auxiliary winding output. It is clamped when VDD is higher than 30V. The output of SDC4108 is shut down when VDD drops below UVLO\_ON limit and switcher enters power on start-up sequence thereafter.

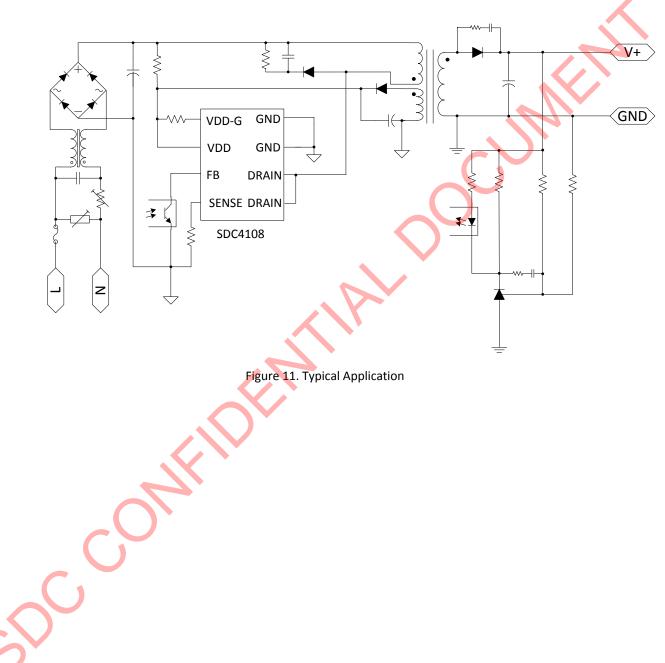
# C



# Datasheet

# SDC4108

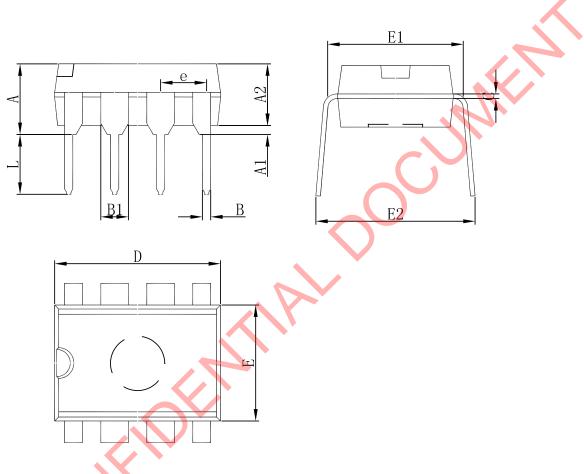
# **Typical Application**





# Package Information

DIP-8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	3.710	4.310	0.146	0.170	
A1	0.510		0.020		
A2	3.200	3.600	0.126	0.142	
В	0.380	0.570	0.015	0.022	
B1	1.524(BSC)		0.060(BSC)		
С	0.204	0.360	0.008	0.014	
D	9.000	9.400	0.354	0.370	
E	6.200	6.600	0.244	0.260	
E1	7.320	7.920	0.288	0.312	
е	2.540(BSC)		0.100	(BSC)	
L	3.000	3.600	0.118	0.142	
E2	8.400	9.000	0.331	0.354	



Datasheet

SDC4108



# Shaoxing Devechip Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

http://www.sdc-semi.com/

#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with Shaoxing Devechip Microelectronics Co., Ltd. (abbr. SDC) products. SDC reserves the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at anytime, without notice. SDC does not assume any responsibility for use of any its products for any particular purpose, nor does SDC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any its products or circuits. SDC does not convey any license under its patent rights or other rights nor the rights of others.

© 2013 Devechip Microelectronics - All rights reserved

Contact us:

Headquarters of Shaoxing Address: Tian Mu Road, No13, Shaoxing city, Zhejiang province, China Zip code: 312000 Tel: (86) 0575-8861 6750 Fax: (86) 0575-8862 2882 Shenzhen Branch Address: 22A, Shangbu building, Nan Yuan Road, No.68, Futian District, Shenzhen city, Guangdong province, China Zip code: 518031 Tel: (86) 0755-8366 1155 Fax: (86) 0755-8301 8528

December, 2013 Rev. 1.1