

NC-Cap/PSR[™] (Primary Side Regulation) CV/CC Controller

FEATURES

- Low Standby Power Under 30mW, Easily to Pass Energy Star EPS2.0
- Proprietary NC-Cap/PSRTM (Primary Side Regulation) Control without External **Compensation/Filtering Capacitor Needed**
- \pm 5% Constant Current (CC) and Constant Voltage (CV) Regulation at Universal AC Input
- **Proprietary** Cable Voltage Drop **Compensation in CV Mode**
- **Compensate for Line Voltage Variation**
- Compensate for Transformer Inductance **Tolerances**
- **Pins Floating Protection**
- **PFM Control Eases EMI Design**
- **Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting**
- **Built-in Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)**
- **Built-in Soft Start**
- **Output Over Voltage Protection**
- **VDD OVP & Clamp**
- VDD Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

APPLICATIONS

- Battery chargers for cellular phones, cordless phones, PDA, digital cameras, etc
- **Replaces linear transformer and RCC SMPS**
- Small power adapter
- AC/DC LED lighting

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

SF5920 is a high performance, highly integrated DCM (Discontinuous Conduction Mode) Primary Side Regulation (PSR) controller for offline small power converter applications.

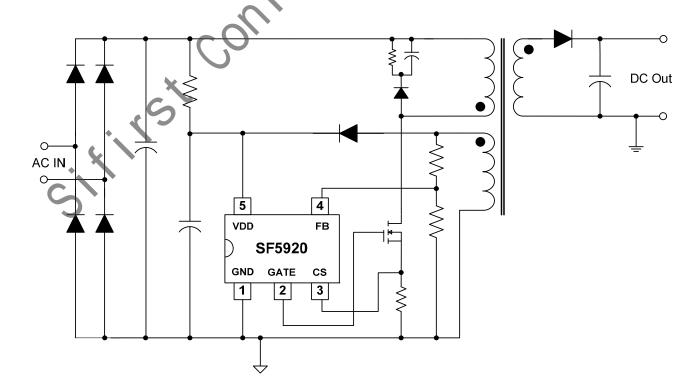
SF5920 uses Pulse Frequency Modulation (PFM) control to improve efficiency and eases system EMI design. The IC dramatically lowers system cost by eliminating the opto-coupler and secondary control circuits. It also can provide very tight output voltage regulation (CV), in addition to output current control (CC) ideal for charging applications.

SF5920 has built-in proprietary NC-Cap/PSRTM control for CV control, which eliminates external compensation or filtering capacitor. It also has built-in proprietary cable drop compensation function, which can provide excellent CV performance. The IC also has built-in soft start function to soften the stress on the MOSFET during power on period. Under light conditions the IC decreases switching frequency to achieve excellent regulation and high efficiency, yet meets the requirement for no-load consumption less than 30mW.

SF5920 integrates functions and protections of Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO), VDD Over Voltage Protection (VDD OVP), Output Over Voltage Protection (Output OVP), Soft Start, Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting (OCP), Pins Floating Protection, Gate Clamping, VDD Clamping.

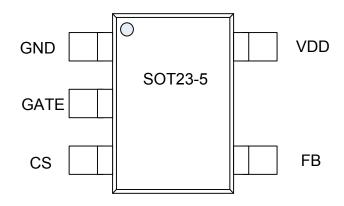
SF5920 is available in SOT23-5 package.

TYPICAL APPLICATION





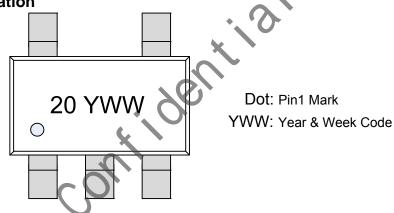
Pin Configuration



Ordering Information

Part Number	Top Mark	Pacl	Tape & Reel	
SF5920MGT	.20YWW	SOT23-5	Green	Yes

Marking Information

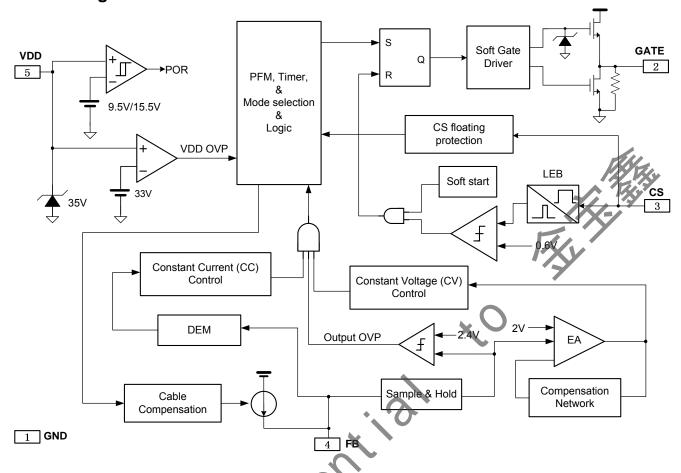


Pin Description

Pin Num	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1	GND	Р	Ground
2	GATE	0	Totem-pole gate driver output to drive the external MOSFET.
3 •	CS	I	Current sense pin.
3	FB	I	System feedback pin. This control input regulates both the output voltage in CV mode and output current in CC mode based on the flyback voltage of the auxiliary winding.
5	VDD	Р	IC power supply pin.



Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Parameter	Value	Unit
VDD DC Supply Voltage	35	V
VDD DC Clamp Current	10	mA
GATE pin	20	V
FB, CS voltage range	-0.3 to 7	V
Package Thermal Resistance (SOT-23-5)	300	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec.)	260	°C
ESD Capability, HBM (Human Body Model)	3	kV
ESD Capability, MM (Machine Model)	250	V

Recommended Operation Conditions (Note 2)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage, VDD	10 to 30	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to 85	°C



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, VDD=16V, if not otherwise noted)$

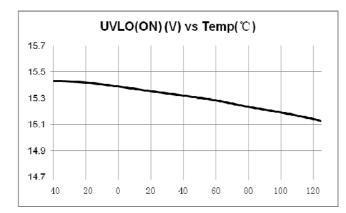
	6V, if not otherwise noted		B.5.	-	8.5	11
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (VDD) Section						
I_Startup	VDD Start up Current	VDD =UVLO(ON)-1V, Measure current into VDD		5	20	uA
I_VDD_Op	Operation Current	V _{FB} =3V,CL=1nF, VDD=20V		1	1.5	mA
UVLO(ON)	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Exit (Startup)		14	15.5	16.5	V
UVLO(OFF)	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Enter		8.5	9.5	10.5	11/1/11
VDD_OVP	VDD Over Voltage Protection trigger		31	33	35	V
V _{DD} _Clamp	VDD Zener Clamp Voltage	I(V _{DD}) = 10 mA	33	35	37	V
T Softstart	Soft Start Time			2	KV	mSec
Feedback Input	Section(FB Pin)		11	- /		1
V _{FB} _EA_Ref	Internal Error Amplifier(EA) reference input		1.97	2.0	2.03	V
V _{FB} OVP	Output over voltage protection threshold		10	2.4		V
V _{FB} _DEM	Demagnetization comparator threshold			0.1		V
T _{min} _OFF	Minimum OFF time	. 2		2		uSec
T _{max} _OFF	Maximum OFF time	×		12		mSec
T _{CC} /T _{DEM}	Ratio between switching period in CC mode and demagnetization time.	Yey		2		
I _{Cable} _max	Max Cable compensation current			40		uA
Current Sense I	nput Section (CS Pin)		•	•		
T_blanking	CS Input Leading Edge Blanking Time			500		nSec
Vth_OC	Current limiting threshold		588	600	612	mV
T _D OC	Over Current Detection and Control Delay	CL=1nF at GATE,		100		nSec
Gate Drive Outp	out		•			
VOL	Output Low Level	Io = 20 mA (sink)			1	V
VOH	Output High Level	lo = 20 mA (source)	7.5			V
VG_Clamp	Output Clamp Voltage Level	VDD=24V		16		V
T_r	Output Rising Time	CL = 1nF		700		nSec
T_f	Output Falling Time	CL = 1nF		35		nSec

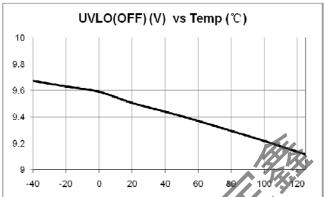
Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

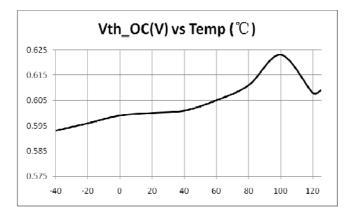
Note 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

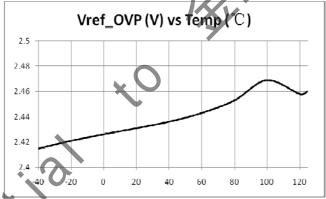


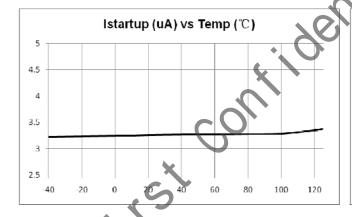
CHARACTERIZATION PLOTS

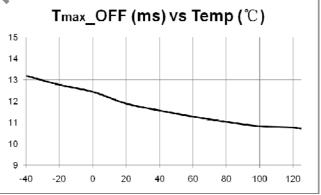














OPERATION DESCRIPTION

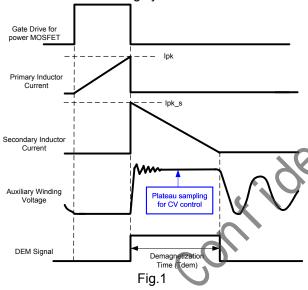
SF5920 is a high performance, highly integrated DCM (Discontinuous Conduction Mode) Primary Side Regulation (PSR) controller working in PFM (Pulse Frequency Modulation) mode. The built-in high precision CV/CC control with high level protection features make it very suitable for offline small power converter applications.

♦ PSR Technology Introduction

Assuming the system works in DCM mode, the power transfer function is given by

$$P = \frac{\eta}{2} \times L_m \times I_{pk}^2 \times f_S = V_o \times I_o \quad \text{(Eq.1)}$$

In the equation above, P is output power, Vo and lo are system output voltage and current respectively, $\mathfrak n$ is system power transfer efficiency, Lm is transformer primary inductance, fs is system switching frequency, lpk is primary peak current in a switching cycle. The following figure illustrates the waveform in a switching cycle.



In the figure shown above, the IC generates a demagnetization signal (DEM) in each switching cycle through auxiliary winding. Tdem is demagnetization time for CV/CC control. In DCM mode, Tdem can be expressed as;

$$\frac{V_o}{L_m} \times T_{dem} = \frac{N_s}{N_p} \times I_{pk}$$
 (Eq.2)

In Eq.2, Np and Ns are primary and secondary winding turns respectively.

Combined with Eq.1 and Eq. 2, the average output current can be expressed as:

$$I_o = \frac{\eta}{2} \times I_{pk} \times \frac{N_P}{N_S} \times f_S \times T_{dem}$$
 (Eq.3)

CC (Constant Current) Control Scheme

From Eq.3, it can be easily seen that there are two ways to implement CC control: one is PFM (Pulse Frequency Modulation), the control scheme is to

keep lpk to be constant, let the product of Ts and Tdem (fs*Tdem) to be a constant. In this way, lo will be a value independent to the variation of Vo, Lm, and line input voltage. Another realization method is PWM duty control, the control scheme is to keep fs to be constant, let the product of Tdem and lpk (Tdem*lpk) to be a constant, in another words, by modulating system duty cycle to realize a constant lo independent to the variation of Vo, Lm and line voltages.

SF5920 adopts PFM for CC control, the product of Ts and Tdem is given by

$$f_S \times T_{dem} = 0.5 \tag{Eq.4}$$

CV (Constant Voltage) Control Scheme

CV control should sample the plateau of auxiliary winding voltage in flyback phase, as shown in Fig.1 The CV control has many implementations, for example, PWM, or PFM, or a combination of both one. In SF5920, the RFM control is adopted for CV control.

◆ NC-Cap/PSR[™] Eliminates External Compensation/Filtering Capacitor

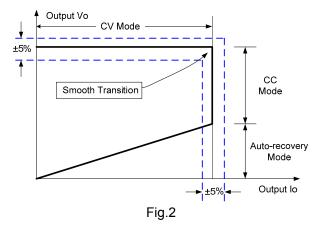
SF5920 uses a proprietary control to eliminate external compensation capacitor, which can simplify system design and lower system cost.

PFM Control Eases System EMI Design

As mentioned above, the CC/CV control in SF5920 uses PFM control, which will eases system EMI design greatly. Since PFM control is a frequency variation system with inherent frequency shuffling function, it will have superior EMI performance than that of PWM control.

◆ Precision CV/CC Performance with Smooth Transition between CV and CC

In SF5920, the parameters is trimmed to tight range, which makes the system CC/CV to have less than 5% variation.



In SF5920, the IC has specially designed to be able to smoothly transit between CC and CV mode.



When the output voltage is too low, the IC will enters into auto-recovery mode, as shown in Fig. 2

♦ Startup Current and Startup Control

Startup current of SF5920 is designed to be very low (typically 5uA) so that VDD could be charged up above UVLO(ON) threshold level and device starts up quickly. A large value startup resistor can therefore be used to minimize the power loss yet reliable startup in application.

♦ Operating Current

The operating current in SF5920 is as small as 1mA (typical). The small operating current results in higher efficiency and reduces the VDD hold-up capacitance requirement. Once SF5920 enters very low frequency PFM mode, the operating current is reduced to less than 0.5mA, assisting the power supply in meeting power conservation requirements.

♦ Soft Start

SF5920 features an internal 2ms (typical) soft start that slowly increases the threshold of cycle-by-cycle current limiting comparator during startup sequence. It reduces the stress on the secondary diode during startup. Every startup process is followed by a soft start activation.

◆ Proprietary Cable Voltage Drop Compensation in CV Mode

When it comes to cellular phone charger applications, the battery is located at the end of cable, which causes typically several percentage of voltage drop on the actual battery voltage. SF5920 has a proprietary built-in cable voltage drop compensation block which can provide a constant output voltage at the end of the cable over the entire load range in CV mode.

♦ Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs across the sensing resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, an internal leading edge blanking circuit is built in. During this blanking period (500ns, typical), the cycle-by-cycle current limiting comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate driver.

♦ Minimum and Maximum OFF Time

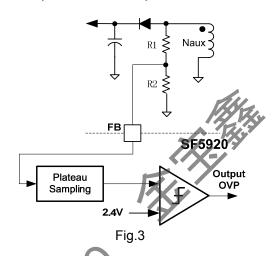
In SF5920, a minimum OFF time (typically 2us) is implemented to suppress ringing when GATE is off. The maximum OFF time in SF5920 is typically 10ms, which provides a large range for frequency reduction. In this way, a low standby power of 30mW can be achieved.

♦ Pins Floating Protection

In SF5920, if pin floating situation occurs, the IC is designed to have no damage to system.

Output OVP(Over Voltage Protection)

In SF5920, the output OVP is integrated by plateau sampling the auxiliary winding in flyback phase. The threshold voltage for output OVP is 2.4V, as shown in Fig.3. Output OVP is auto-recovery mode protection (mentioned below).



♦ VDD OVP(Over Voltage Protection)

VDD OVP (Over Voltage Protection) is implemented in SF5920 and it is a protection of auto-recovery mode.

♦ Auto Recovery Mode Protection

As shown in Fig.4, once a fault condition is detected, switching will stop. This will cause VDD to fall because no power is delivered form the auxiliary winding. When VDD falls to UVLO(off) (typical 9V), the protection is reset and the operating current reduces to the startup current, which causes VDD to rise, as shown in Fig.4. However, if the fault still exists, the system will experience the above mentioned process. If the fault has gone, the system resumes normal operation. In this manner, the auto restart can alternatively enable and disable the switching until the fault condition is disappeared.

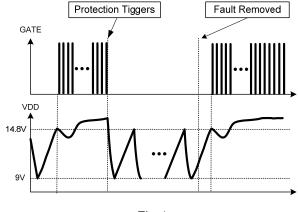


Fig.4

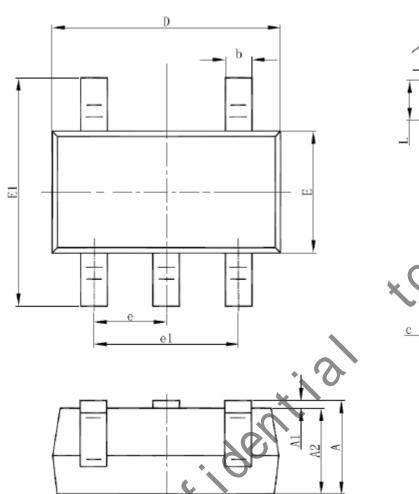
◆ Soft Gate Drive

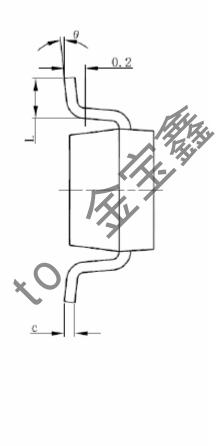
SF5920 has a soft totem-pole gate driver with optimized EMI performance. An internal 17V clamp is added for MOSFET gate protection at higher than expected VDD input.



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

SOT-23-5L PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS





Symbol	Dimensions	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
C *	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D 🗽	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
CE1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	(BSC)	0.037 (BSC)		
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



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