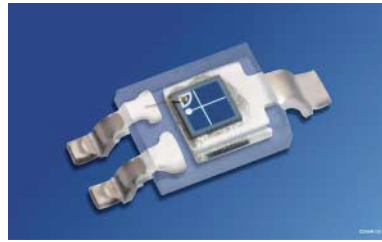
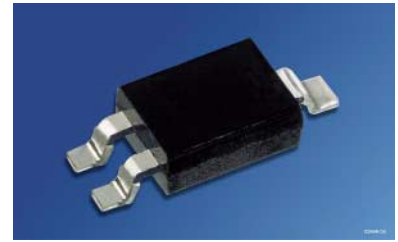


**Silizium-PIN-Fotodiode mit sehr kurzer Schaltzeit**  
**Silicon PIN Photodiode with Very Short Switching Time**  
**Lead (Pb) Free Product - RoHS Compliant**

**SFH 2400**  
**SFH 2400FA**



SFH 2400



SFH 2400FA

**Wesentliche Merkmale**

- Speziell geeignet für Anwendungen im Bereich von 400 nm bis 1100 nm (SFH 2400) und bei 880 nm (SFH 2400FA)
- Kurze Schaltzeit (typ. 5 ns)
- SMT-Bauform, geeignet für Vapor Phase-Löten und IR-Reflow-Löten
- Nur gegurtet lieferbar

**Features**

- Especially suitable for applications from 400 nm to 1100 nm (SFH 2400) and of 880 nm (SFH 2400FA)
- Short switching time (typ. 5 ns)
- SMT package, suitable for vapor phase and IR reflow soldering
- Available only on tape and reel

**Anwendungen**

- Industrieelektronik
- „Messen/Steuern/Regeln“
- Schnelle Lichtschranken für Gleich- und Wechsellichtbetrieb

**Applications**

- Industrial electronics
- For control and drive circuits
- Photointerrupters

| Typ<br>Type | Bestellnummer<br>Ordering Code |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| SFH 2400    | Q65110A2628                    |
| SFH 2400FA  | Q65110A2638                    |

**Grenzwerte  
Maximum Ratings**

| Bezeichnung<br>Parameter   | Symbol<br>Symbol  | Wert<br>Value  | Einheit<br>Unit |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Betriebs- und Lagertemperatur<br>Operating and storage temperature range           | $T_{op}; T_{stg}$ | - 40 ... + 100 | °C              |
| Sperrspannung<br>Reverse voltage   | $V_R$             | 20             | V               |
| Sperrspannung $t < 2$ min<br>Reverse voltage $t < 2$ min                           | $V_R$             | 50             | V               |
| Verlustleistung<br>Total power dissipation   | $P_{tot}$         | 120            | mW              |
| Wärmewiderstand für Montage auf PC-Board<br>Thermal resistance for mounting on pcb | $R_{thJA}$        | 450            | K/W             |

**Kennwerte ( $T_A = 25$  °C)  
Characteristics**

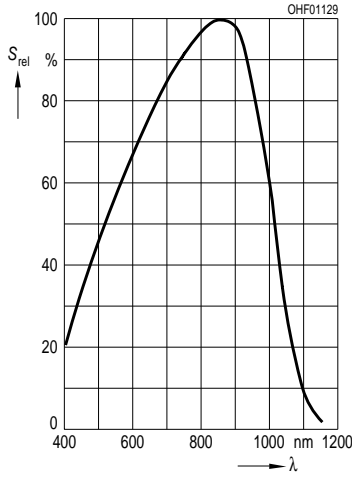
| Bezeichnung<br>Parameter  | Symbol<br>Symbol             | Wert<br>Value |                    | Einheit<br>Unit |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
|   |                              | SFH 2400      | SFH 2400FA         |                 |
| Fotostrom<br>Photocurrent<br>$V_R = 5$ V, Normlicht/standard light A,<br>$T = 2856$ K, $E_V = 1000$ lx<br>$V_R = 5$ V, $\lambda = 870$ nm, $E_e = 1$ mW/cm <sup>2</sup> | $I_P$                        | 10 (> 6)      | –                  | µA              |
|   | $I_P$                        | 6.5           | 6.2 ( $\geq 3.6$ ) | µA              |
| Wellenlänge der max. Fotoempfindlichkeit<br>Wavelength of max. sensitivity  | $\lambda_{S\ max}$           | 850           | 900                | nm              |
| Spektraler Bereich der Fotoempfindlichkeit<br>$S = 10\%$ von $S_{max}$<br>Spectral range of sensitivity<br>$S = 10\%$ of $S_{max}$                                      | $\lambda$                    | 400 ... 1100  | 750 ... 1100       | nm              |
| Bestrahlungsempfindliche Fläche<br>Radiant sensitive area   | A                            | 1             | 1                  | mm <sup>2</sup> |
| Abmessung der bestrahlungsempfindlichen Fläche<br>Dimensions of radiant sensitive area  | $L \times B$<br>$L \times W$ | 1 × 1         | 1 × 1              | mm × mm         |
| Halbwinkel<br>Half angle  | $\varphi$                    | ±60           | ±60                | Grad<br>deg.    |

**Kennwerte** ( $T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

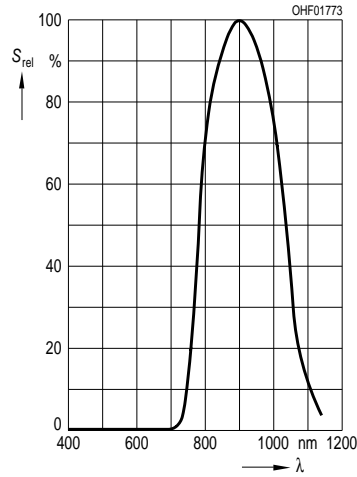
**Characteristics** (cont'd)

| Bezeichnung<br>Parameter  | Symbol<br>Symbol         | Wert<br>Value         |                       | Einheit<br>Unit                                      |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
|   |                          | SFH 2400              | SFH 2400FA            |  |
| Dunkelstrom, $V_R = 20 \text{ V}$<br>Dark current   | $I_R$                    | 1 (< 5)               | 1 (< 5)               | nA   |
| Leerlaufspannung<br>Open-circuit voltage<br>$E_V = 1000 \text{ lx}$ , Normlicht/standard light A,<br>$T = 2856 \text{ K}$<br>$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$                   | $V_O$<br><br>$V_O$       | 320<br><br>–          | –<br><br>320          | mV<br><br>mV   |
| Kurzschlußstrom<br>Short-circuit current<br>$E_V = 1000 \text{ lx}$ , Normlicht/standard light A,<br>$T = 2856 \text{ K}$<br>$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$                   | $I_{SC}$<br><br>$I_{SC}$ | 10<br><br>–           | –<br><br>6.0          | $\mu\text{A}$<br><br>$\mu\text{A}$                   |
| Anstiegs- und Abfallzeit des Fotostromes<br>Rise and fall time of the photocurrent<br>$R_L = 50 \text{ }\Omega$ ; $V_R = 20 \text{ V}$ ; $\lambda = 850 \text{ nm}$ ; $I_p = 800 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | $t_r, t_f$               | 5                     | 5                     | ns   |
| Durchlaßspannung, $I_F = 80 \text{ mA}$ , $E = 0$<br>Forward voltage  | $V_F$                    | 1.3                   | 1.3                   | V  |
| Kapazität, $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$<br>Capacitance   | $C_0$                    | 11                    | 11                    | pF   |
| Temperaturkoeffizient von $V_O$<br>Temperature coefficient of $V_O$   | $TC_V$                   | – 2.6                 | – 2.6                 | mV/K   |
| Temperaturkoeffizient von $I_{SC}$<br>Temperature coefficient of $I_{SC}$<br>Normlicht/standard light A<br>$\lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$   | $TC_I$                   | 0.18<br>–             | –<br>0.2              | %/K  |
| Rauschäquivalente Strahlungsleistung<br>Noise equivalent power<br>$V_R = 20 \text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$   | $NEP$                    | $2.9 \times 10^{-14}$ | $2.9 \times 10^{-14}$ | $\frac{\text{W}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$                  |
| Nachweisgrenze, $V_R = 20 \text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$<br>Detection limit  | $D^*$                    | $3.5 \times 10^{12}$  | $3.5 \times 10^{12}$  | $\frac{\text{cm} \times \sqrt{\text{Hz}}}{\text{W}}$ |

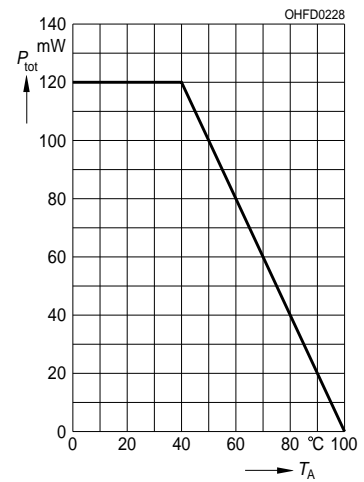
**Relative Spectral Sensitivity**  
SFH 2400,  $S_{rel} = f(\lambda)$



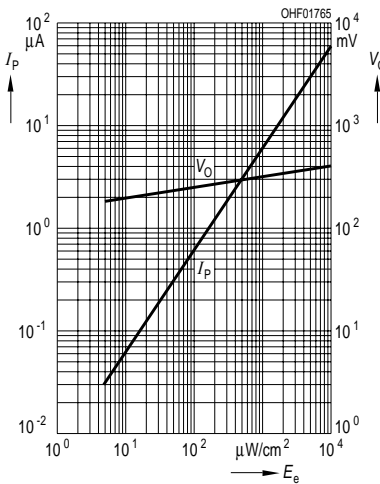
**Relative Spectr. Sensitivity**  
SFH 2400FA,  $S_{rel} = f(\lambda)$



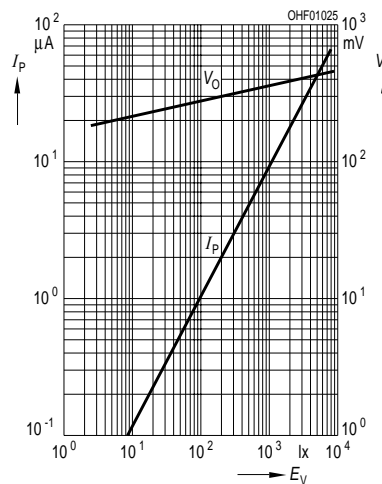
**Total Power Dissipation**  
 $P_{tot} = f(T_A)$



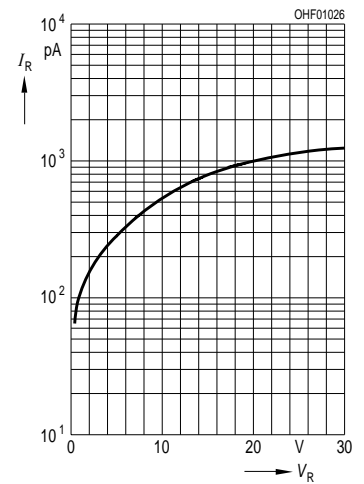
**Photocurrent  $I_P = f(E_e)$ ,  $V_R = 5 V$**   
**Open-Circuit Voltage  $V_O = f(E_e)$**   
SFH 2400FA



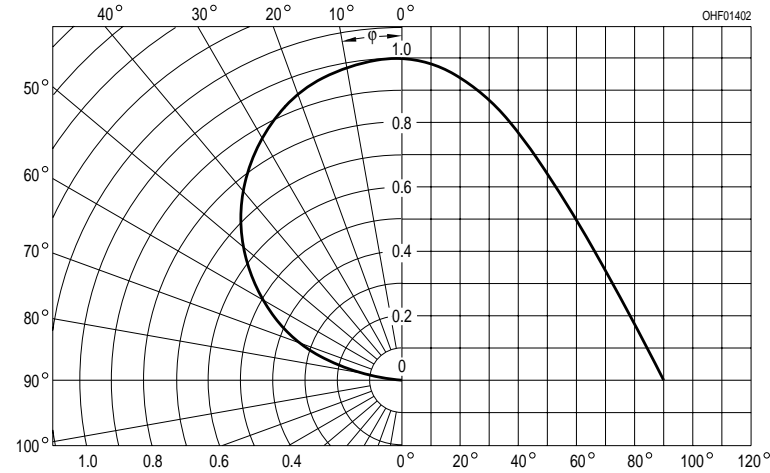
**Photocurrent  $I_P = f(E_v)$ ,  $V_R = 5 V$**   
**Open-Circuit Voltage  $V_O = f(E_v)$**   
SFH 2400



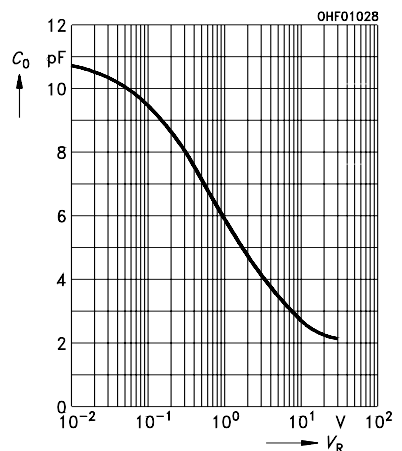
**Dark Current**  
 $I_R = f(V_R), E = 0$



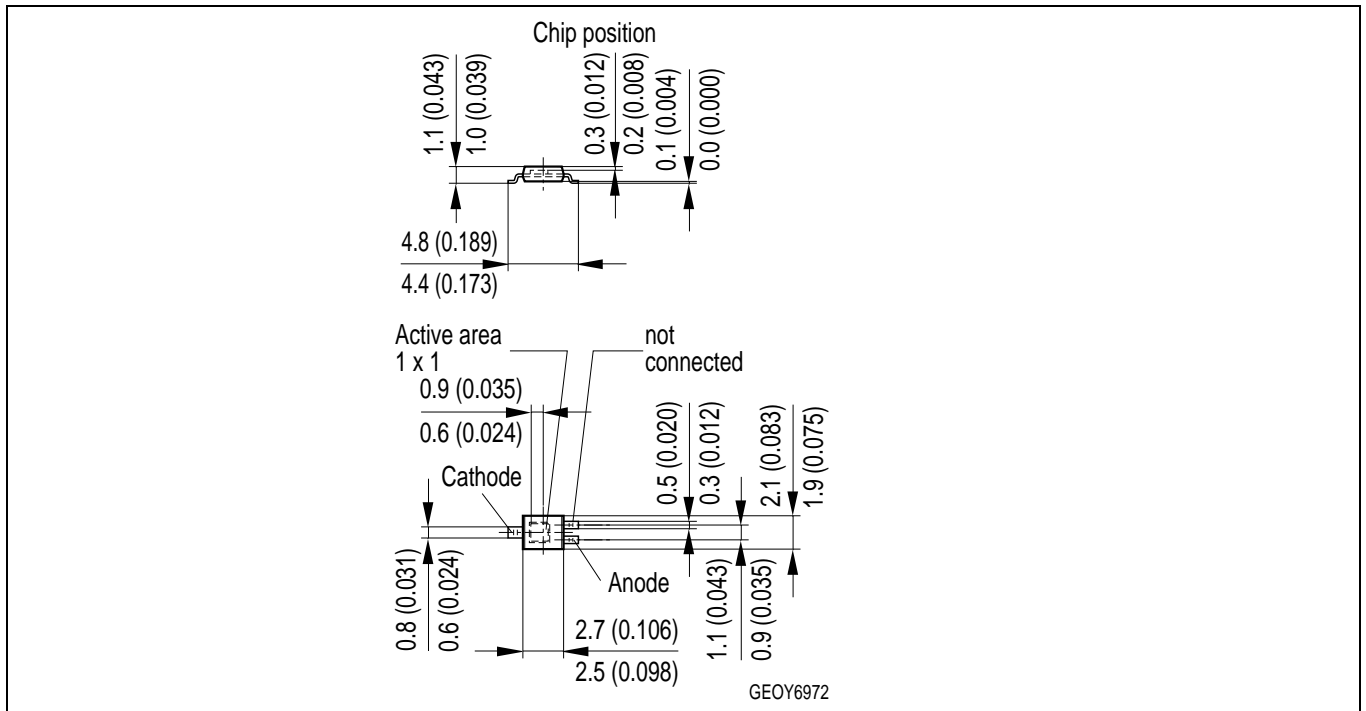
**Directional Characteristics**  
 $S_{rel} = f(\phi)$



**Capacitance**  
 $C = f(V_R), f = 1 MHz, E = 0$



Maßzeichnung  
Package Outlines

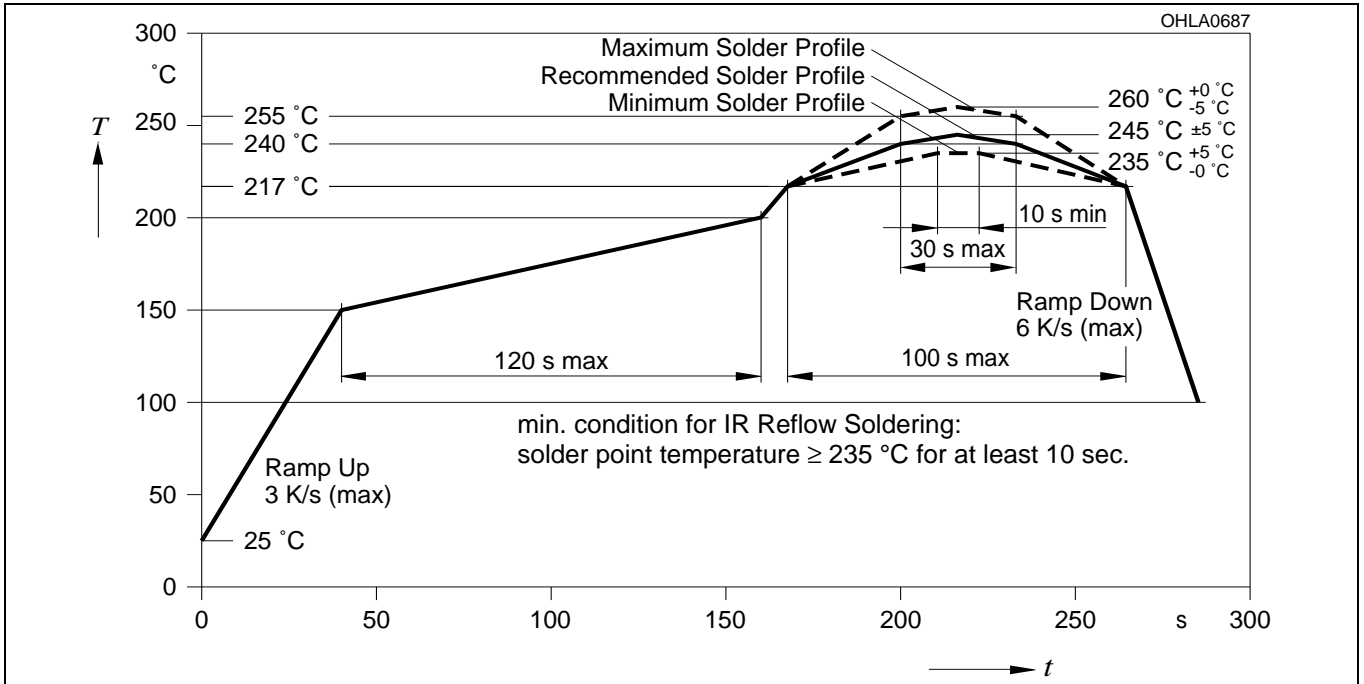


Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

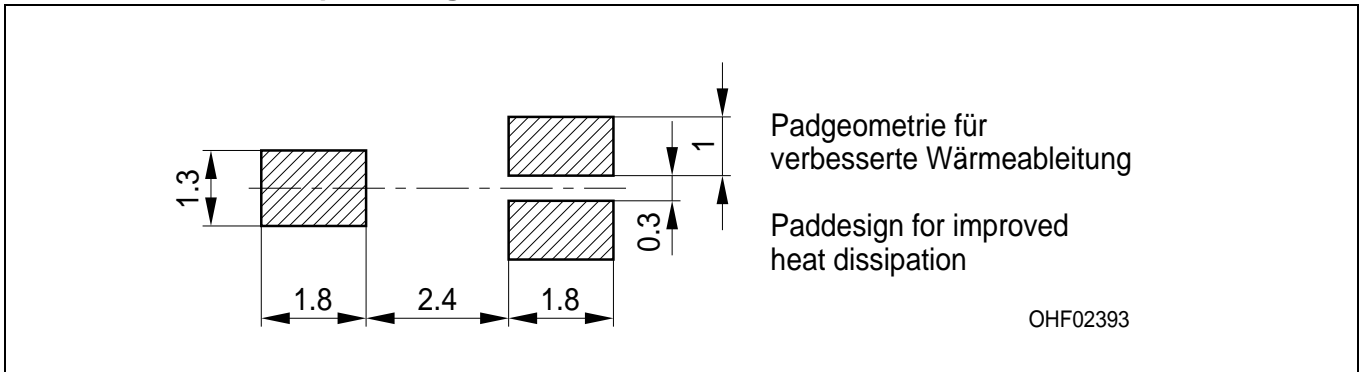
**Lötbedingungen**  
**Soldering Conditions**

**IR-Reflow Lötprofil für bleifreies Löt**  
**IR Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering**

Vorbehandlung nach JEDEC Level 4  
 Preconditioning acc. to JEDEC Level 4  
 (nach J-STD-020B)  
 (acc. to J-STD-020B)



**Empfohlenes Lötpaddesign**  
**Recommended Solderpad Design**



Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

Published by  
**OSRAM Opto Semiconductors GmbH**  
Wernerwerkstrasse 2, D-93049 Regensburg  
[www.osram-os.com](http://www.osram-os.com)

© All Rights Reserved.

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics. Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

### **Packing**

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

**Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose!** Critical components <sup>1</sup>, may only be used in life-support devices or systems <sup>2</sup> with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

<sup>1</sup> A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

<sup>2</sup> Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.