

SG5701

FEATURES

- Green-Mode PWM
- Supports the "Blue Angel" Standard
- Low Start-up Current (10uA)
- Low Operating Current (2mA)
- Leading-Edge Blanking
- Constant Output Power Limit
- Universal Input
- Built-in Synchronized Slope Compensation
- Current Mode Operation
- Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting
- Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Programmable PWM Frequency
- Gate Output Voltage Clamped at 17V
- Low Cost
- Few External Components Required
- Small SOT-26 Package

APPLICATIONS

General-purpose switching mode power supplies and flyback power converters, such as

- Battery chargers for cellular phones, cordless phones, PDAs, digital cameras, and power tools
- Power adapters for ink jet printers, video game consoles, and portable audio players
- Open-frame SMPS for TV/DVD standby and other auxiliary supplies, home appliances, and consumer electronics
- Replacements for linear transformers and RCC SMPS
- PC 5V standby power.

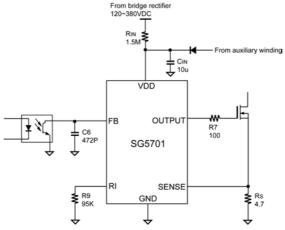
DESCRIPTION

This highly-integrated PWM controller provides several special enhancements designed to meet the low standby-power needs of low-power SMPS. To minimize standby power consumption, the proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. This green-mode function enables the power supply to easily meet even the strictest power conservation requirements.

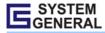
The BiCMOS fabrication process enables reducing the start-up current to 10uA, and the operating current to 2mA. To further improve power conservation, a large start-up resistance can be used. Built-in synchronized slope compensation ensures the stability of peak current mode control. Proprietary internal compensation provides a constant output power limit over a universal AC input range (90VAC to 264VAC). Pulse-by-pulse current limiting ensures safe operation even during short-circuits.

To protect the external power MOSFET from being damaged by supply over voltage, the SG5701's output driver is clamped at 17V. SG5701 controllers can be used to improve the performance and reduce the production cost of power supplies. The SG5701 is the best choice for replacing linear and RCC-mode power adapters. It is available in 8-pin DIP and 6-pin SOT-26 packages.

TYPICAL APPLICATION



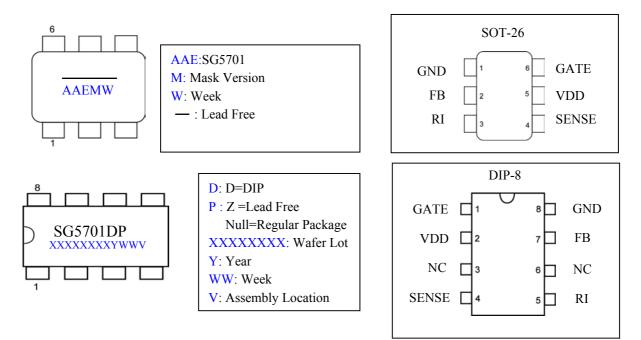
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SG5701

MARKING DIAGRAMS

PIN CONFIGURATION



Part Number PWM Frequency Package SG5701TZ 70kHz 6-Pin SOT-26 (Lead Free) SG5701DZ 70kHz 8-pin DIP-8 (Lead Free)

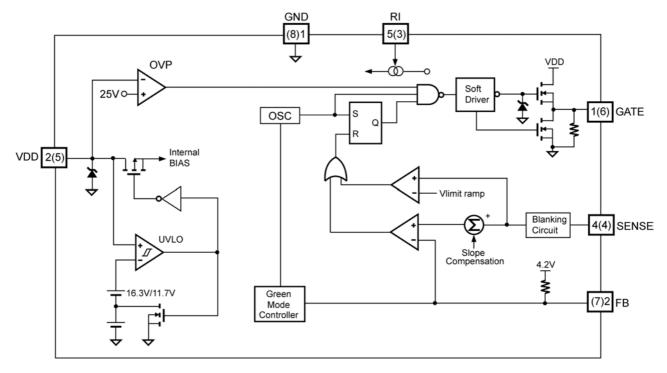
PIN DESCRIPTIONS

r			
Name	Pin No.	Туре	Function
, tarrie	DIP-8 / (SOT-26)	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
GATE	1 / (6)	Driver Output	The totem-pole output driver for driving the power MOSFET.
VDD	2 / (5)	Supply	Power supply.
NC	3		NC pin.
SENSE	4 / (4)	Analog Input	Current sense. This pin senses the voltage across a resistor. When the voltage reaches the internal threshold, PWM output is disabled. This activates over-current protection. This pin also provides current amplitude information for current-mode control.
RI	5 / (3)	Analog Input/Output	A resistor connected from the RI pin to ground will generate a constant current source for the SG5701. This current is used to charge an internal capacitor, to determine the switching frequency. Increasing the resistance will reduce the amplitude of the current source and reduce the switching frequency. A $95k\Omega$ resistor R _i results in a 50uA constant current I _i and a 70kHz switching frequency.
NC	6		NC pin.
FB	7 / (2)	Analog Input	Feedback. The FB pin provides the output voltage regulation signal. It provides feedback to the internal PWM comparator, so that the PWM comparator can control the duty cycle.
GND	8 / (1)	Supply	Ground.



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BLOCK DIAGRAM





SG5701

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
V _{DD}	DC Supply Voltage *		30	V
V_{FB}	Input Voltage to FB Pin		-0.3 to 6 V	V
V _{SENCE}	Input Voltage to Sense Pin		-0.3 to 6V	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature		150	°C
Р	Dower Dissinction at T -95%	SOT-26	247	mW
P _D	Power Dissipation at $T_A=85^{\circ}C$	DIP-8	478	IIIVV
D	Thermal Desistance (lunction to Air)**	SOT-26	263	0000
R _{θJA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Air)**	DIP-8	136	°C/W
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-55 to +150	°C
-	Daals Daflaus Tama anatura	Pb free	260(+5/-0)	*0
T _R	Peak Reflow Temperature	Pb	230(+5/-0)	°C
	ESD Capability, HBM Model		3.0	kV

* All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the network ground terminal.

**Thermal JA test board size: SOT 18x12x1.6mm/FR4; DIP 40x35x1.6mm/FR4

Stress beyond those listed under " absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{DD}	DC Supply Voltage	≦24	V
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-30 to +105	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C, V_{DD}=15V)

VDD Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{OP}	Continuously Operation Voltage				24	V
V _{TH(ON)}	Start Threshold Voltage	T _A =25°C	15.3	16.3	17.3	V
V _{DD(MIN)}	Min. Operating Voltage	T _A =25°C	10.9	11.7	12.5	V
I _{DD-ST}	Startup Current	$V_{DD} = V_{DD-ON} - 0.10V$		10	30	uA
I _{DD-OP}	Operating Supply Current	V _{DD} = 15V		2	5	mA
V _{DD-CLAMP}	VDD Clamp Voltage		24.5	25	26.5	V

Feedback Input Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
l _{oz}	Zero Duty Cycle Input Current			1.3	2.0	mA
V _{OP}	Open Loop Voltage			4.2		V



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Current Sense Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Z _{CS}	Input Impedance		10			kΩ
T _{PD}	Delay to Output			60	100	nsec
V _{TH,FLT}	Current Limit Flatten Threshold Voltage			1.0		V
V _{TH,VALLEY}	Current Limit Valley Threshold Voltage		0.80	0.85	0.90	V

Oscillator Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Fosc	Frequency	R _i =95kΩ	65	70	75	kHz
F _{OSC-GREEN}	Green-Mode Frequency	R _i =95kΩ		13	15	kHz
l _G	Green-Mode FB Input Current			1.05		mA
I _N	Green-Mode Start Threshold FB Input Current $I_n = 0.3$ mA for a Maximum Duty Cycle			0.85		mA
S _G	Green-Mode Modulation Slope	R _I =95kΩ		300		Hz/uA
F _{DY}	Frequency Variation versus V _{DD} Deviation	V _{DD} =12 to 20V		0.02	2	%
F _{DT}	Frequency Variation versus Temp. Deviation	T _A =-30 to 105 ℃			2	%

PWM Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DC (MAX)	Maximum Duty Cycle		70	75	80	%
DC (MIN)	Minimum Duty Cycle		-	1	2	%
B _{NK}	Leading-Edge Blanking Time			200		nsec

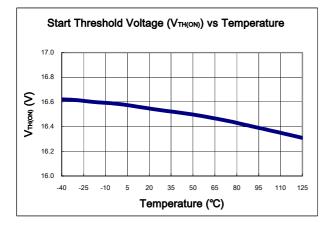
Output Section

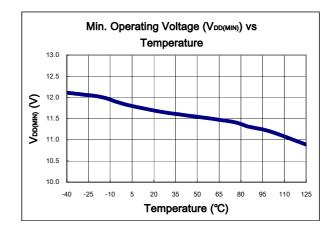
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low	V _{DD} =15V, I₀=20mA			1.5	V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High	V _{DD} =15V, I₀=20mA	8			V
T _R	Rising Time	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF		250	350	nsec
T _F	Falling Time	V_{DD} =15V, CL=1nF		60	150	nsec
V _{CLAMP}	Output Clamp Voltage	V _{DD} =20V	16	17	18	V

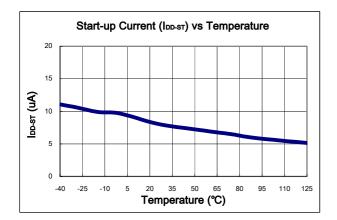


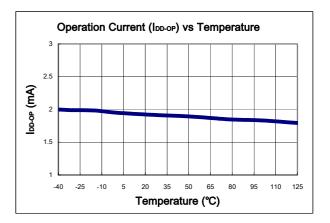
SG5701

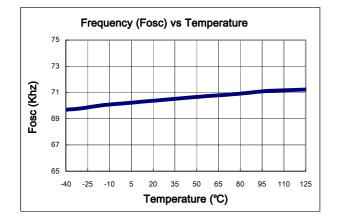
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

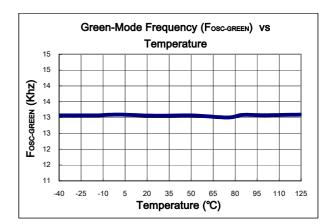










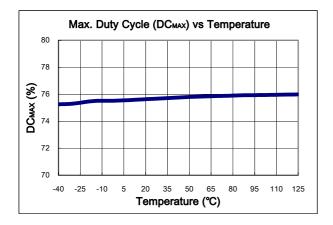


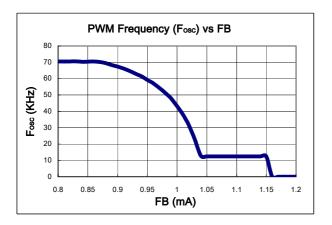
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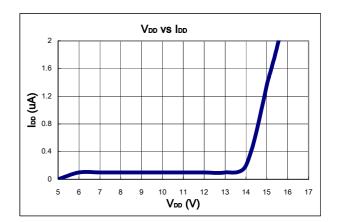
GENERAL

Low Cost Green-Mode PWM Controller for Flyback Converters

SG5701









OPERATION DESCRIPTION

SG5701 devices integrate many useful designs into one controller for low-power switch-mode power supplies. The following descriptions highlight some of the features of the SG5701 series.

Start-up Current

The start-up current is only 10uA. Low start-up current allows a start-up resistor with a high resistance and a low-wattage to supply the start-up power for the controller. A 1.5 M Ω , 0.25W, start-up resistor and a 10uF/25V V_{DD} hold-up capacitor would be sufficient for an AC-to-DC power adapter with a wide input range (100V_{AC} to 240V_{AC}).

Operating Current

The operating current has been reduced to 2mA. The low operating current results in higher efficiency and reduces the V_{cc} hold-up capacitance requirement.

Green-Mode Operation

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions. On-time is limited to provide stronger protection against brownouts and other abnormal conditions. The feedback current, which is sampled from the voltage feedback loop, is taken as the reference. Once the feedback current exceeds the threshold current, the switching frequency starts to decrease. This green-mode function dramatically reduces power consumption under light-load and zero-load conditions. Power supplies using the SG5701 can easily meet even the strictest regulations regarding standby power consumption.

Oscillator Operation

A resistor connected from the RI pin to ground will generate a constant current source for the SG5701. This current is used to charge an internal capacitor. The charge-time determines the internal clock speed and the switching frequency. Increasing the resistance will reduce the amplitude of the input current and reduce the switching frequency. A $95k\Omega$ resistor R_i results in a 50uA constant current I_i and a 70kHz switching frequency. The relationship between R_i and the switching frequency is:

$$\mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{PWM}} = \frac{6650}{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{I}}(\mathsf{k}\Omega)}(kHz)$$

The range of the oscillation frequency is designed to be within $50 \text{kHz} \sim 100 \text{kHz}$.

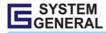
Leading-Edge Blanking

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike will inevitably occur at the sense-resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a 200 nsec leading-edge blanking time is built in. Conventional RC filtering can therefore be omitted. During this blanking period, the current-limit comparator is disabled and it cannot switch off the gate driver.

Constant Output Power Limit

When the SENSE voltage across the sense resistor R_s reaches the threshold voltage (around 1.0V), the output GATE drive will be turned off following a short propagation delay t_D . This propagation delay will introduce an additional current proportional to $t_D^*V_{in}/L_p$. The propagation delay is nearly constant regardless of the input line voltage V_{IN} . Higher input line voltages will result in larger additional currents. At high input line voltages, the output power limit will be higher than at low input line voltages.

To compensate for this output power limit variation across a wide AC input range, the threshold voltage is adjusted by adding a positive ramp. This ramp signal rises from 0.85V to 1.0V, and then flattens out at 1.0V. A smaller threshold voltage forces the output GATE drive to terminate earlier. This reduces the total PWM turn-on time and makes the output power equal to that of low line input. This proprietary internal compensation ensures a constant output power limit for a wide AC input voltage range (90VAC to 264VAC).



Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on and turn-off thresholds of the SG5701 are fixed internally at 16.3V/11.7V. During start-up, the hold-up capacitor must be charged to 16.3V through the start-up resistor, so that the SG5701 will be enabled. The hold-up capacitor will continue to supply V_{DD} until power can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. V_{DD} must not drop below 11.7V during this start-up process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that hold-up capacitor will be adequate to supply V_{DD} during start-up.

Gate Output

The SG5701 BiCMOS output stage is a fast totem pole gate driver. Cross conduction has been avoided to minimize heat dissipation, increase efficiency, and enhance reliability. The output driver is clamped by an internal 17V Zener diode in order to protect power MOSFET transistors against undesired over-voltage gate signals.

Built-in Slope Compensation

The sensed voltage across the current sense resistor is used for current mode control and pulse-by-pulse current limiting. Built-in slope compensation will improve stability and prevent sub-harmonic oscillations due to peak-current mode control. The SG5701 has a synchronized, positively-sloped ramp built-in at each switching cycle. The slope of the ramp is:

 $\frac{0.33 \times Duty}{Duty(\max)}$

Noise Immunity

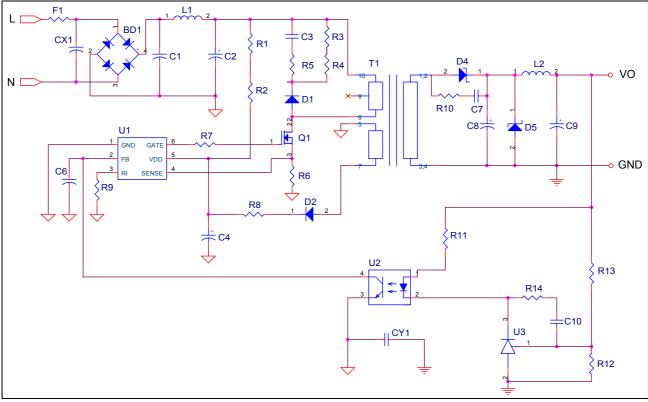
Noise from the current sense or the control signal can cause significant pulse width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. While slope compensation helps alleviate these problems, further precautions should still be taken. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoiding long PCB traces and component leads, locating compensation and filter components near the SG5701, and increasing the power MOS gate resistance is advised.



SG5701

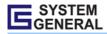
REFERENCE CIRCUIT





BOM

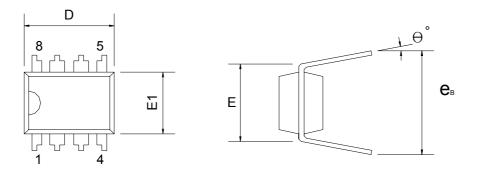
Refere	ence	Component	Reference	Component
BD1		BD 1A/500V	L2	10uH 6mm
CX1 (0	Optional)	XC 0.1uF	Q1	MOSFET 1A/600V
CY1 (0	Optional)	YC 102P/400V (Y1)	R1,R2	R 750KΩ 1206
C2		EC 10uF/400V 105℃	R4,R3	R 47KΩ 1206
C1		CC 103P/500V	R5	R 47Ω 1206
C3		CC 102P/500V	R6	R 4.7Ω 1206
C4		EC 10u/50V	R7	R 100Ω 0805
C6		CC 472P 0805	R8	R 10Ω 1206
C7 (0	Optional)	CC 102P/100V 1206	R10 (Optional)	R 10Ω 1206
C8		EC 470u/10V 105°C	R9	R 100KΩ 0805
C9		EC 220u/10V 105°C	R11	R 100Ω 1/8W
C10		CC 222P 0805	R12	R 33KΩ 0805
D1		Diode FRI07	R13	R 33KΩ 1/8W
D2		Diode FR102	R14	R 4.7KΩ 0805
D4		Diode SB360	T1	EE-16
D5 (0	Optional)	ZD 6.8V 0.5W	U1	IC SG5848J (Green PWM IC)
F1		R 1Ω/0.5W	U2	PC817
L1		20mH 6*8mm	U3	TL431

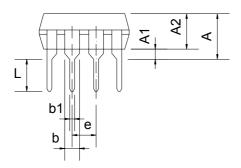


SG5701

PACKAGE INFORMATION

8 PINS -- DIP (D)





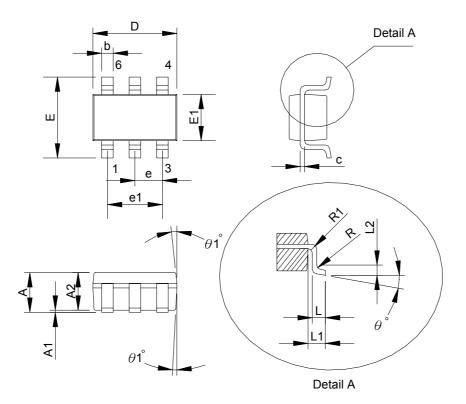
Dimensions

Symbol	Millimet	ers		Inches		
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
A			5.334			0.210
A1	0.381			0.015		
A2	3.175	3.302	3.429	0.125	0.130	0.135
b		1.524			0.060	
b1		0.457			0.018	
D	9.017	9.271	10.160	0.355	0.365	0.400
E		7.620			0.300	
E1	6.223	6.350	6.477	0.245	0.250	0.255
е		2.540			0.100	
L	2.921	3.302	3.810	0.115	0.130	0.150
e _B	8.509	9.017	9.525	0.335	0.355	0.375
θ°	0°	7°	15°	0°	7 °	15°



SG5701

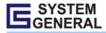
SOT-26 (S)



Dimensions

Symbol	Millimet	ers		Inches		
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
A			1.45			0.057
A1			0.15			0.006
A2	0.90	1.15	1.30	0.036	0.045	0.051
b	0.30		0.50	0.011		0.020
с	80.0		0.22	0.003		0.009
D		2.90			0.114	
E		2.80			0.110	
E1		1.60			0.063	
е		0.95			0.037	
e1		1.90			0.075	
L	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.020	0.018	0.024
L1		0.60			0.024	
L2		0.25			0.010	
R	0.10			0.004		
R1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
heta °	0 °	4 °	8°	0°	4 °	8°
θ 1°	5°	10°	15°	5°	10°	15°

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