

Tiny Packages, Nano-Power, Precision Current-Sense Amplifier

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM8193 series is a nano-power, high precision, high-side current-sense amplifier. The device consumes only 1.2 μ A (MAX) quiescent current. It features a 60 μ V (MAX) low offset voltage, which allows for 12-bit resolution at a very low 50mV full-scale current measurement. The device can sense the voltage across a current-sense resistor in a common mode voltage range from 1.6V to 28V. The SGM8193 series provides four fixed gains: 25V/V, 50V/V, 100V/V and 200V/V, which allows flexible selection of the external current-sense resistor.

The SGM8193 is available in Green SOT-23-5 and WLCSP-1×1-4B packages. The tiny packages make the device an excellent choice for portable and battery-powered applications, where the size is limited. The SGM8193 is rated over the -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +125 $^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

FEATURES

Ultra-Low Quiescent Current: 1.2μA (MAX)

• Input Common Mode Range: 1.6V to 28V

• Low Input Offset Voltage: 60µV (MAX)

Choice of Gains:

SGM8193A0 Gain: 25V/V
 SGM8193A1 Gain: 50V/V
 SGM8193A2 Gain: 100V/V
 SGM8193A3 Gain: 200V/V

• Low Gain Error: ±0.4% (MAX)

Voltage Output

• -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range

 Available in Green SOT-23-5 and WLCSP-1×1-4B Packages

APPLICATIONS

Portable Equipment
Battery-Powered Equipment
Mobile Phones
Laptops
Personal Digital Assistants

Power Management

TYPICAL APPLICATION

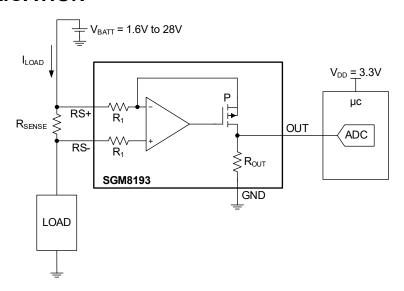


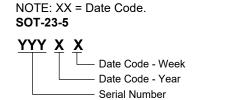
Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

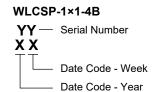


PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM8193A0	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A0XN5G/TR	06RXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
(Gain = 25V/V)	WLCSP-1×1-4B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A0XG/TR	01 XX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM8193A1	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A1XN5G/TR	MF5XX	Tape and Reel, 3000
(Gain = 50V/V)	WLCSP-1×1-4B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A1XG/TR	5G XX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM8193A2	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A2XN5G/TR	01XXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
(Gain = 100V/V)	WLCSP-1×1-4B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A2XG/TR	00 XX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM8193A3	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A3XN5G/TR	06SXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
(Gain = 200V/V)	WLCSP-1×1-4B	-40°C to +125°C	SGM8193A3XG/TR	02 XX	Tape and Reel, 3000

MARKING INFORMATION





Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

RS+, RS- to GND	0.3V to +30V
OUT to GND	0.3V to +6V
RS+ to RS	±30V
Short-Circuit Duration, OUT to GND	Continuous
Continuous Input Current (Any Pin)	±20mA
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOT-23-5, θ _{JA}	182°C/W
WLCSP-1×1-4B, θ _{JA}	187°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	4000V
CDM	1000V

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Operating Temperature Range-40°C to +125°C

OVERSTRESS CAUTION

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

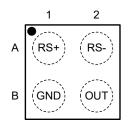
DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

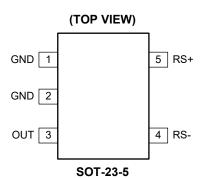


PIN CONFIGURATIONS

(TOP VIEW)



WLCSP-1×1-4B



PIN DESCRIPTION

P	IN	NAME	FUNCTION			
WLCSP-1×1-4B	SOT-23-5	NAME	FUNCTION			
A1	5	RS+	Power-Side Pin for the Sense Resistor.			
A2	4	RS-	Load-Side Pin for the Sense Resistor.			
B1	1, 2	GND	Ground.			
B2	3	OUT	Output Voltage. V_{OUT} and $V_{SENSE} = V_{RS+} - V_{RS-}$ are in dire proportion.			

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{RS+} = V_{RS-} = 3.6V, V_{SENSE} = (V_{RS+} - V_{RS-}) = 0V, Full = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C, typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIO	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Input Characteristics	•								
Input Offset Voltage (1)	\/					10	60		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			Full			130	μV	
Input Common Mode	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMRR		+25°C	1.6		28	V	
Voltage Range	V CM	Guaranteed by CMRR		Full	1.8		28	V	
Common Mode Rejection	CMRR	1.6V < V _{RS+} < 28V		+25°C	106	124		dB	
Ratio	CIVIRR	1.8V < V _{RS+} < 28V		Full	100			uБ	
Output Characteristics									
		SGM8193A0		+25°C		25			
Coin	0	SGM8193A1				50		V/V	
Gain	G	SGM8193A2				100			
		SGM8193A3	+25°C		200				
Gain Error ⁽²⁾ GE				+25°C		±0.15	±0.4	%	
Gain Enor	GE			Full			±0.6	70	
Output Resistance (3)	В	SGM8193A0/SGM8193A1/SGM8193A2		Full	7	10	13	kΩ	
Output Resistance	R _{OUT}	SGM8193A3			15.5	20	24	K12	
		G = 25V/V, SGM8193A0		Full		0.5	5		
Low Output Voltage	\/	G = 50V/V, SGM8193A1		Full		0.5	6	mV	
	V _{OL}	G = 100V/V, SGM8193A2	Full		1.0	10			
		G = 200V/V, SGM8193A3		Full		2.0	20		
High Output Voltage (4)	V _{он}	V _{OH} = V _{RS-} - V _{OUT}	SGM8193A0/ SGM8193A1/ SGM8193A2	Full		0.14	0.35	V	
		SGM8193A3		Full		0.07	0.2		

NOTES:

- 1. Vos is inferred from the measured value of gain error test.
- 2. Gain error is the difference between the ideal gain and the gain obtained by calculating two V_{SENSE} measured values.
 - G = 25V/V, $V_{SENSE} = 20mV$ and 120mV.
 - G = 50V/V, $V_{SENSE} = 10mV$ and 60mV.
 - G = 100V/V, $V_{SENSE} = 5mV$ and 30mV.
 - G = 200V/V, $V_{SENSE} = 2.5mV$ and 15mV.
- 3. The device can keep stable with all external capacitance values.
- 4. V_{OH} is defined as the voltage difference between V_{RS-} and V_{OUT} with V_{SENSE} = 3.6V/gain.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

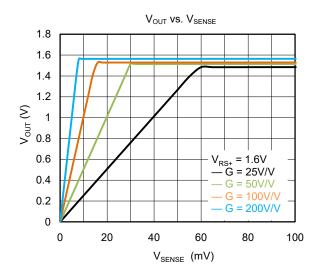
 $(V_{RS+} = V_{RS-} = 3.6V, V_{SENSE} = (V_{RS+} - V_{RS-}) = 0V, Full = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C, typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

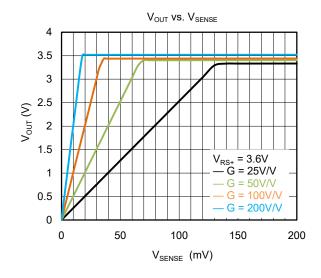
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Dynamic Performance							
		V _{SENSE} = 100mV, SGM8193A0	+25°C		280		1.11-
Small-Signal Bandwidth (1)	BW	V _{SENSE} = 50mV, SGM8193A1	+25°C		220		
Small-Signal Bandwidth	DVV	V _{SENSE} = 25mV, SGM8193A2 +25°C					kHz
		V _{SENSE} = 12.5mV, SGM8193A3	+25°C		125		
		1% final value, V _{SENSE} = 100mV	+25°C		10		
Output Sattling Time		1% final value, V _{SENSE} = 50mV	+25°C		20		μs
Output Settling Time	ts	1% final value, V _{SENSE} = 25mV	+25°C		20		
		1% final value, V _{SENSE} = 12.5mV	+25°C		20		
Power Supply							
Supply Current (2)		1.6V < V _{RS+} < 28V	+25°C		0.85	1.2	
Supply Current	I _{CC}	1.8V < V _{RS+} < 28V	Full			2.2	μA

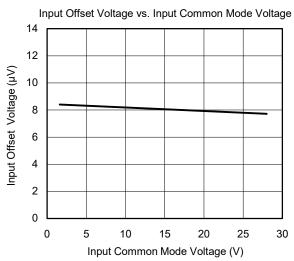
NOTES:

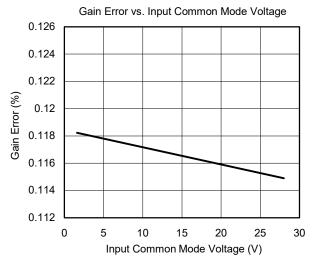
- 1. The device can keep stable with all external capacitance values.
- 2. I_{CC} is defined as the total current of I_{RS+} and I_{RS-} when V_{OUT} = 0V.

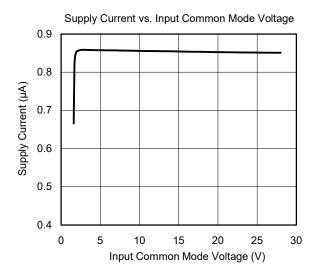
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

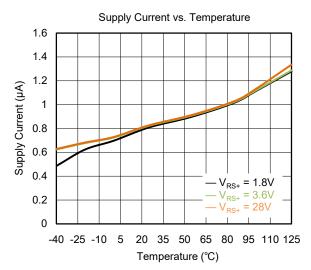




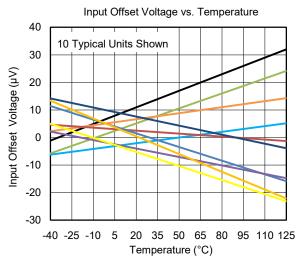


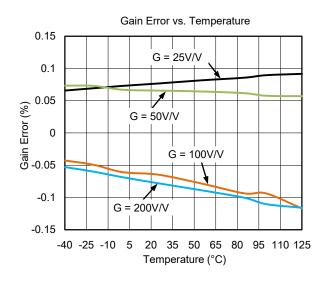


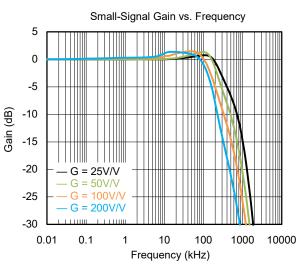


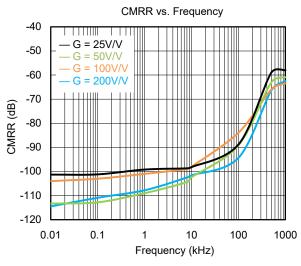


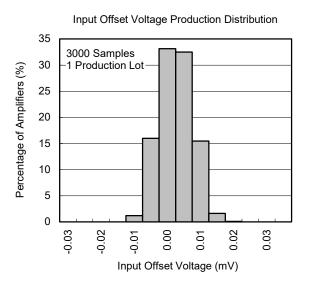
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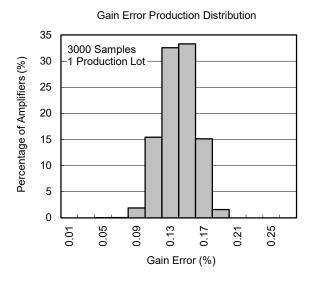




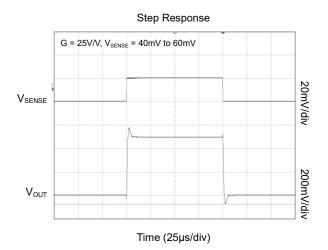


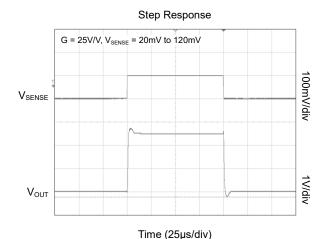


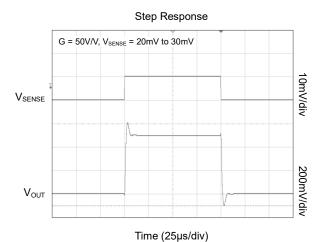


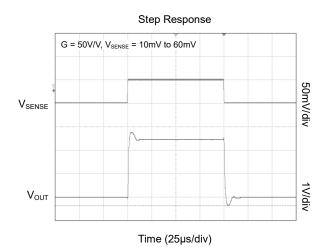


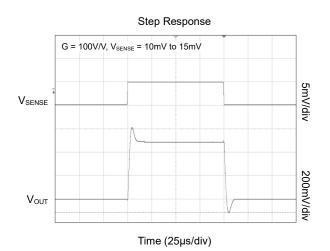
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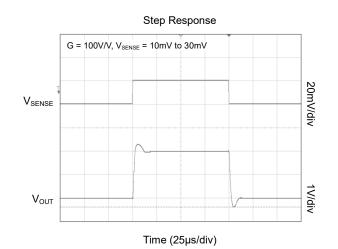




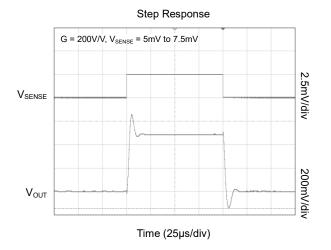


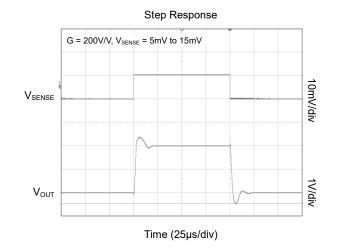






TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)





FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

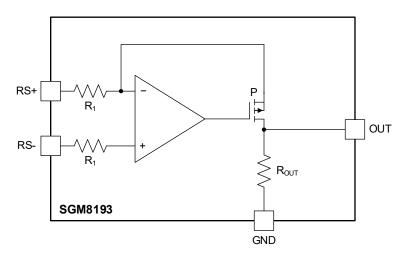


Figure 2. Block Diagram

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The SGM8193 is a unidirectional high-side current sensing monitor with an input common mode range from 1.6V to 28V. This common mode voltage range allows measuring of a 1.8V battery system. The load current that flows through the external resistor R_{SENSE} generates a corresponding sense voltage that is amplified by the current sensing monitor.

The internal amplifier will force the load current through the resistor R_1 such that the voltage drop over R_1 is equal to the sense voltage across the external resistor. To minimize the offset voltage, there is also a resistor connecting to the positive input of the internal operational amplifier. The PMOS, which is integrated inside the device, forces the current through R_{1} to also flow through R_{OUT} , such that V_{OUT} is equal to $I_{\text{LOAD}} \times R_{\text{SENSE}} \times R_{\text{OUT}}/R_{1}.$ Therefore, the two resistors R_{1} and R_{OUT} will determine the gain, which for the SGM8193A0 is set to 25V/V, for the SGM8193A1 is set to 50V/V, for the SGM8193A2 is set to 100V/V and for the SGM8193A3 is set to 200V/V (see Table 1). The output current-limit and a 6V clamp protection circuit are used for protecting the output from input overdrive.

Table 1. Internal Gain-Setting Resistors (Typical Values)

GAIN (V/V)	R ₁ (Ω)	R _{ουτ} (kΩ)
200	100	20
100	100	10
50	200	10
25	400	10

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Choosing the Sense Resistor

The sense resistor should be selected by the following steps.

R_{SENSE} Voltage Loss

Due to Ohm's Law, the voltage drop across R_{SENSE} will be increased if the customer prefers higher R_{SENSE} . However, for obtaining the minimum voltage drop, the lowest R_{SENSE} should be taken into account.

OUT Swing vs. V_{RS+} and V_{SENSE}

The SGM8193 is powered through its RS+ pin, which means that there is no supply voltage pin. Therefore, the maximum output swing value is limited by the minimum voltage level of RS+.

$$V_{OUT(MAX)} = V_{RS+(MIN)} - V_{SENSE(MAX)} - V_{OH}$$
 (1)

$$R_{SENSE} = \frac{V_{OUT(MAX)}}{G \times I_{LOAD(MAX)}}$$
 (2)

Moreover, when the SGM8193 is powered by a 3.6V power supply, the largest dynamic range will be achieved if R_{SENSE} is chosen such that the maximum V_{SENSE} voltage is 120mV (gain of 25V/V), 60mV (gain of 50V/V), 30mV (gain of 100V/V) or 15mV (gain of 200V/V).

Accuracy

Within the linear region of the SGM8193 ($V_{OUT} < V_{OUT(MAX)}$), the input offset voltage and the gain error are the two main issues that affect the accuracy of the output voltage. For the SGM8193, the offset voltage V_{OS} is $10\mu V$ (TYP) and the gain error (GE) is $\pm 0.15\%$ (TYP). The following equation illustrates the actual output voltage according to the gain error and offset voltage:

$$V_{OUT} = (G \pm GE) \times V_{SENSE} \pm (G \times V_{OS})$$
 (3)

It is recommended to use a larger R_{SENSE} when measuring a small load current, as this minimizes the effect of the input offset voltage on the output error.

Efficiency and Power Dissipation

If the current level is increasing, the I²R loss will be increased. So the trade-off between power dissipation and the value of resistor is significant. In addition, the resistance will be changed if the corresponding temperature is higher due to the power dissipation. The SGM8193 allows using lower external resistor so that the power dissipation and the hot spots are decreased dramatically.

Kelvin Connections

The current flowing through the R_{SENSE} will be significantly high, so that the external voltage drop caused by the PCB trace should also be considered. Use the sense resistor with four terminals or use Kelvin connections.

Optional Output Filter Capacitor

For the sample and hold stage in the ADC, the sampling capacitor would instantly load the output of the SGM8193 and thusly the output voltage will be decreased. If the sampling time of the ADC is short (less than $1\mu s$), the ceramic capacitor will keep the output voltage stable. Also, the small signal bandwidth and the corresponding noise are also reduced by using an additional capacitor at the output stage of the SGM8193.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION (continued)

Using the SGM8193 in Bidirectional Application

For the applications which are powered by battery, the bidirectional measurement is required as the customer needs to know the charging and discharging current of the battery. The following circuit provides an accuracy measurement for charging and discharging current, which is shown in Figure 3.

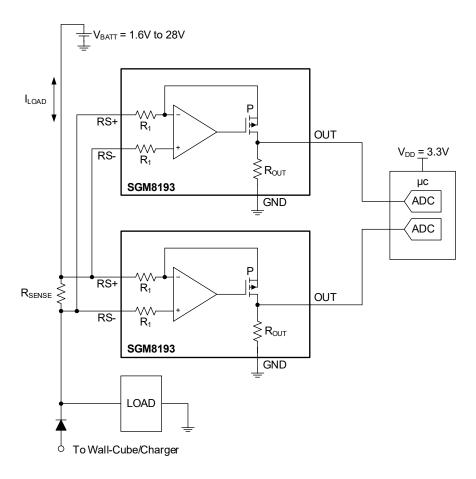
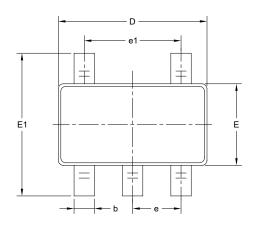
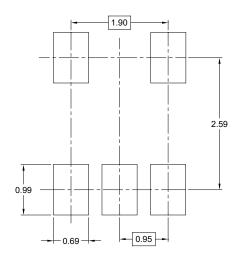


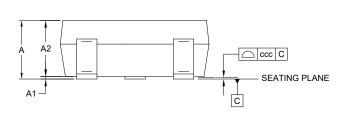
Figure 3. Bidirectional Application

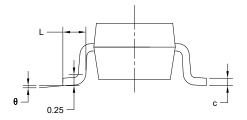
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOT-23-5





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Cymphol	Dimensions In Millimeters						
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX				
Α	-	-	1.450				
A1	0.000	-	0.150				
A2	0.900	-	1.300				
b	0.300	-	0.500				
С	0.080	-	0.220				
D	2.750	-	3.050				
Е	1.450	-	1.750				
E1	2.600	-	3.000				
е		0.950 BSC					
e1	1.900 BSC						
L	0.300	-	0.600				
θ	0°	0° - 8°					
ccc	0.100						

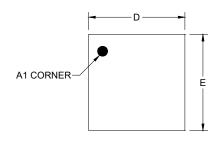
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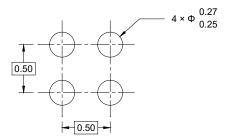
- 1. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 2. The dimensions do not include mold flashes, protrusions or gate burrs.
- 3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.



PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

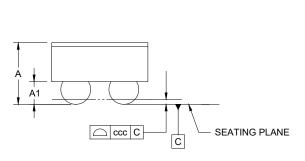
WLCSP-1×1-4B

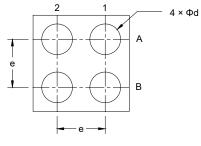




TOP VIEW

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





SIDE VIEW

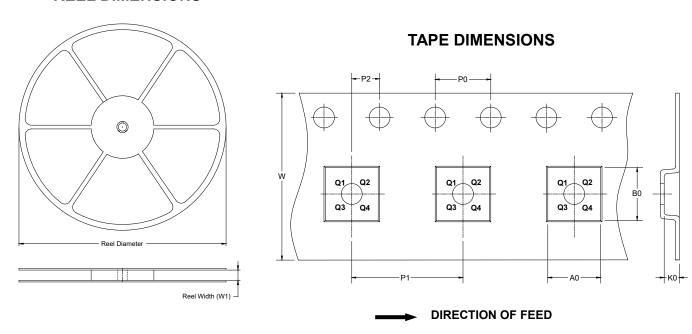
BOTTOM VIEW

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters						
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX				
Α	0.602	0.640	0.678				
A1	0.216	0.236	0.256				
D	0.970	1.000	1.030				
E	0.970	1.000	1.030				
d	0.299	0.319	0.339				
е	0.500 BSC						
ccc	0.050						

NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

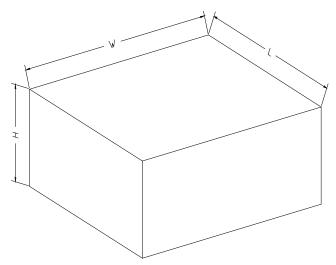


NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT-23-5	7"	9.5	3.20	3.20	1.40	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
WLCSP-1×1-4B	7"	9.5	1.12	1.12	0.78	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q1

CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8
7"	442	410	224	18