

FEATURES

- Linearly decreasing PWM frequency
- Green-mode under light-load and zero-load conditions
- Constant voltage (CV) and constant current (CC)
- No secondary feedback
- Low start-up current (8µA)
- Low operating current (3.6mA)
- Leading-edge blanking
- Constant power limit
- Universal AC input range
- Synchronized slope compensation
- 140°C OTP sensor with hysteresis
- V_{DD} over-voltage clamping
- Cycle-by-cycle current limiting
- Under-voltage lockout (UVLO)
- Fixed PWM frequency with hopping
- Gate output maximum voltage clamped at 17V
- Small SOT-26 package

APPLICATIONS

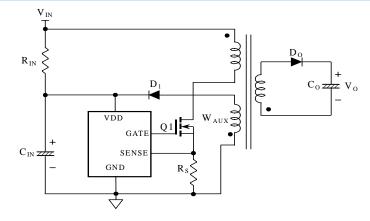
Low-power flyback power converters, such as:

- Battery chargers for cellular phones, cordless phones,
 PDAs, digital cameras, and power tools
- Power adapters for ink jet printers, video game consoles, and portable audio players
- Open-frame SMPS for TV/DVD standby and other auxiliary supplies, home appliances, consumer electronics, and PC 5V standby-power
- Replacements for linear transformers and RCC SMPS

DESCRIPTION

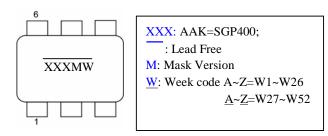
This highly integrated PWM controller provides several features to enhance the performance of low-power flyback converters. To minimize standby power consumption, the proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load and zero-load conditions. This green-mode function enables the power supply to meet international power conservation requirements. The supply voltage, V_{DD}, is also used for feedback compensation, to regulate the output voltage without requiring a conventional TL431 and a photo-coupler. The typical start-up current is only 8µA, while the typical operating current can be as low as 3.6mA. A large start-up resistance could be used to achieve even higher power conversion efficiency. SGP400 integrates a frequency hopping function, which helps reduce EMI emission of a power supply with minimum line filters. Built-in synchronized slope compensation maintains the stability of peak current-mode control. Proprietary internal compensation ensures constant output power limiting over a universal range of AC input voltages, from 90V_{AC} to 264V_{AC}. Pulse-by-pulse current limiting ensures a constant output current, even if a short-circuit occurs. Also, the internal protection circuit disables PWM output if V_{DD} exceeds 22.7V. The gate output is clamped at 16.7V to protect the power MOS from over-voltage damage. The built-in over temperature protection (OTP) function shuts down the controller at 140°C with a 30°C hysteresis. The SGP400, designed to provide a low-cost total solution for flyback converters, is available in a small footprint, 6-pin, SOT-26 package.

TYPICAL APPLICATION





MARKING INFORMATION





D: D=DIP

P: Z=Lead free

Null=Regular package

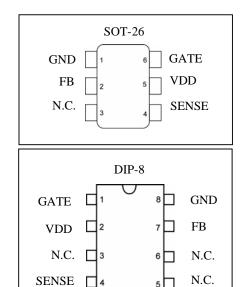
XXXXXXXX: Wafer Lot

Y: Year

WW: Week

V: Assembly Location

PIN CONFIGURATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

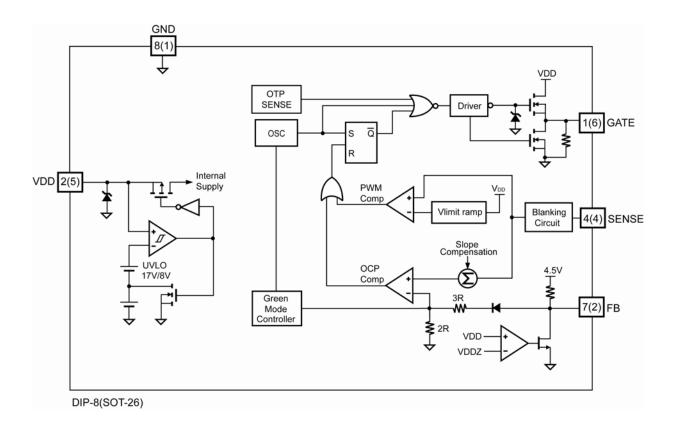
Part Number	PWM Frequency	Pb-Free	Package
SGP400TZ	65KHz		6-Pin SOT-26
SGP400DZ	65KHz		8-Pin DIP-8

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Nama	Pin No.		Turne	Function
Name	DIP-8	SOT-26	Туре	Function
GATE	1	6	Driver Output	The totem-pole output driver to drive the power MOSFET.
VDD	2	5	Supply	Power supply.
NC	3	NA		NC pin.
SENSE	4	4	Analog Input	Current sense. It senses the voltage across a sensed resistor. To provide over-current protection, PWM output is disabled if the voltage exceeds an internal threshold. This pin also provides current information for current-mode control.
NC	5	3		NC pin.
NC	6	NA		NC pin.
FB	7	2	Analog Input	Feedback. The FB pin provides feedback information to the internal PWM comparator. This feedback is used to control the duty cycle. When no feedback is provided, this pin is left open.
GND	8	1	Supply	Ground.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



SGP400

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Value	
V_{VDD}	DC Supply Voltage*	30		V
V_{FB}	FB Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7.0		V
V _{SENSE}	Sense Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 7		V
Б	Dower Dissipation /T =05°C)	SOT-26	247	ma\A/
P _D	Power Dissipation (T _A =85°C)	DIP-8	478	mW
Б	They would Design as / lunction to Air**	SOT-26	263.3	OCAM.
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Air)**	DIP-8	135.7	°C/W
Б	The second Designation of the control of the Contro	SOT-26	119.6	0000
R _{eJC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)**	DIP-8	67.1	°C/W
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +125		°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150		°C
T _L	Lead Temperature (Wave Soldering or Infrared, 10 Seconds)	260		°C
FOD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Human Body Model	4.0		KV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability, Machine Model		200	

^{*} All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the network ground terminal.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
	DC Supply Voltage	With Secondary Feedback	<20	V
V_{DD}	DC Supply Voltage	<22.7	V	
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature		-20 to +85	°C

^{*} For proper operation.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=15V, T_A=25°C, unless noted)

V_{DD} Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD-ON}	Turn-On Threshold Voltage		16	17	18	V
$V_{DD\text{-}OFF}$	Turn-Off Threshold Voltage		7.5	8.0	8.5	V
I _{DD-ST}	Start-up Current	V _{DD} =V _{DD-ON} -0.1V		8	20	μΑ
I _{DD-OP}	Operating Supply Current	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF		3.6	4.6	mA
V _{DD-G OFF}	V _{DD} Low-threshold Voltage to Exit Green-off Mode			V _{DD-OFF} + 1.2		V

Feedback Input Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
A_{\vee}	Input-Voltage to Current-Sense Attenuation			2/5		V/V
$V_{FB-OPEN}$	Open-Loop Voltage		4.5			٧
Z_{FB}	Input Impedance	I _{FB} =0.1mA to 0.2mA		2.4		ΚΩ
\ /	IV _{DD} Feedback Threshold Voltage*	FB is Open	20.7	22.7	24.7	٧
$V_{DD\text{-}FB}$		I _{FB} =0.4mA	18.4	20.4	22.4	V

^{*} The feedback input is pulled by a transistor controlled by the V_{DD} signal while $V_{DD} \ge V_{DDZ}$.

^{*} Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

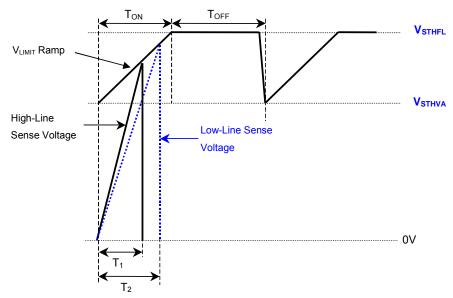
^{**} Thermal resistance •_{IA} test board size: SOT 18×12×1.6mm/FR4; DIP 40×35×1.6mm/FR4.

 ${\bf Low\text{-}Power\ Green\text{-}Mode\ PWM\ Flyback\ Power\ Controller\ without\ Secondary\ Feedback}$



Current Sense Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay			100	150	ns
V _{STHVA}		V _{DD} =18V		0.84		V
		V _{DD} =15V		0.76		V
		V _{DD} =10V		0.62		V
		V _{DD} =18V		0.98		V
V_{STHFL}	Current Limiting Flat Threshold Voltage	V _{DD} =15V		0.88		V
		V _{DD} =10V		0.71		V
t _{LEB}	Leading-Edge Blanking Time		210	310	410	ns



Oscillator Section

Symbol	Parameter		Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
_	Fraguanay	Center Frequency		62	65	68	KHz
Fosc	Frequency	Hopping Range		±4.1	±4.6	±5.1	NΠZ
t _{HOP}	Hopping Period			4.1	4.0	5.1	ms
Fosc-g	Green-Mode Frequency			19.5	22.0	24.5	KHz
V_{FB-N}	Green-Mode Entry FB Voltage			2.4	2.6	2.8	V
V_{FB-G}	Green-Mode Endir	ng FB Voltage			V _{FB-N} -0.7		V
S_G	Green-Mode Modulation Slope			40	70	100	Hz/mV
F_{DV}	Frequency Variation	on vs. V _{DD} Deviation	V _{DD} =10 to 20V			2	%
F _{DT}	Frequency Variation vs. Temperature Deviation		T _A =-20 to 85°C		1.5	5.0	%



SGP400

Output Section

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DCY _{MAX}	Maximum Duty Cycle		70	75	80	%
V _{GATE-L}	GATE Low Voltage	V _{DD} =15V, I _O =10mA			1.5	V
V_{GATE-H}	GATE High Voltage	V _{DD} =15V, I _O =-10mA	8			V
tr	GATE Rising Time	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF	150	200	250	ns
tf	GATE Falling Time	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF	70	90	110	ns
V _{GATE-CLAMP}	GATE Output Clamping Voltage	V _{DD} =20V	16	17	18	V

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

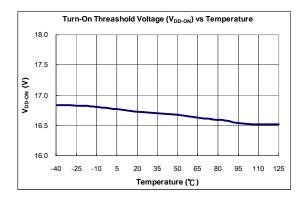
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Temp- _{OTP}	Protection Junction Temperature*			140		°C
Temp-Restart	Restart Junction Temperature**			110		°C

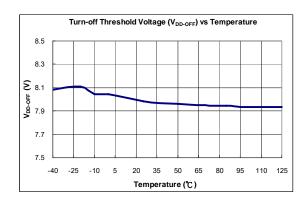
^{*} When activated, the output is disabled and the latch is turned off.

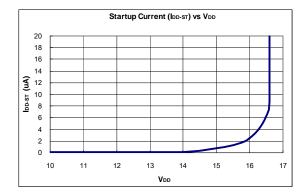
^{**} The threshold temperature for enabling the output and resetting the latch after over-temperature protection has been activated.

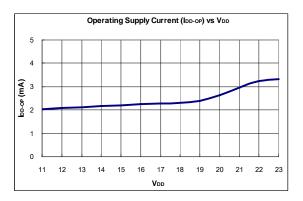


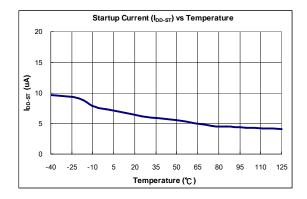
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

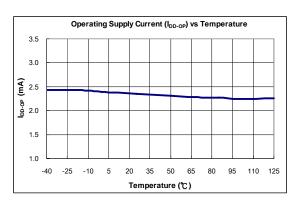




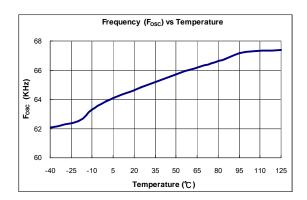


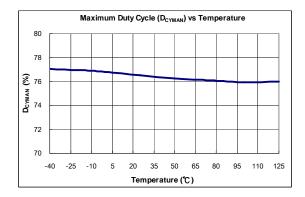


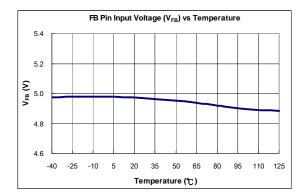


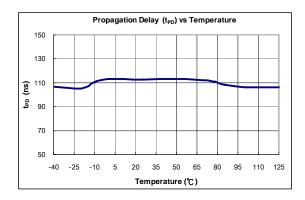


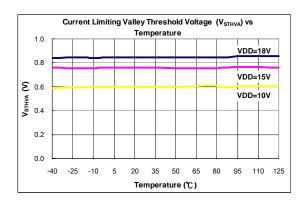














OPERATION DESCRIPTION

SGP400 devices integrate many useful functions for low-power switch-mode power supplies. The following descriptions highlight key features of the SGP400.

Start-up Current

The required start-up current is only $8\mu A$, which allows a high-resistance, low-wattage start-up resistor to be used to supply the controller's start-up power. A $1.5M\Omega/0.25W$ start-up resistor can be used over a wide input range (100V-240V AC) with very little power loss.

Operating Current

The operating current is normally 3.6mA. The low operating current results in higher efficiency and reduces the required V_{DD} hold-up capacitance. A $10\mu F/25V$ V_{DD} hold-up capacitor can be used over a wide input range (100V-240V AC) with very little power loss.

Green-Mode Operation

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to linearly decrease the switching frequency under light-load and zero-load conditions. The on-time is limited to provide better protection against brownouts and other abnormal conditions.

This green-mode function dramatically reduces power consumption under light-load and zero-load conditions. Power supplies using the SGP400 can easily meet international restrictions regarding standby power consumption.

Constant Voltage (CV), Constant

Current (CC) without Feedback

The SGP400 can tightly regulate the output voltage and provide over-current protection without requiring secondary-side feedback signals. For improved CV and CC accuracy, the transformer leakage inductance should be reduced as much as possible.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The SGP400 has a built-in temperature sensing circuit to shut down PWM output if the junction temperature exceeds 140°C. While PWM output is shut down, the $V_{\rm DD}$ voltage gradually drops to the UVLO voltage. Some of the internal circuits are shut down and $V_{\rm DD}$ gradually starts increasing again. When $V_{\rm DD}$ reaches 17V, all the internal circuits, including the temperature sensing circuit, start operating normally. If the junction temperature is still higher than 140°C, the PWM controller shuts down immediately. This situation continues until the temperature drops below 110°C. The PWM output is then turned back on. The temperature hysteresis window for the OTP circuit is 30°C.

V_{DD} Over-Voltage Clamping

 $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD}$ over-voltage clamping is built-in to prevent damage from over-voltage conditions. When $V_{\scriptscriptstyle DD}$ exceeds 22.7V, PWM output is shut down. Over-voltage conditions may be caused by an open photo-coupler loop or a short-circuit in the output.

Oscillator Operation

The oscillation frequency is fixed at 65KHz.

Leading-Edge Blanking

Each time the power MOSFET switches on, a spike occurs at the sense resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a 310ns leading-edge blanking time is built in. Conventional RC filtering is not necessary. During the blanking period, the current-limit comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate drive.



Constant Output Power Limit

When the SENSE voltage across the sense resistor, R_s , reaches the threshold voltage (around 1.0V), the output GATE drive is turned off after a small propagation delay t_{PD} . This propagation delay introduces additional current, proportional to $t_{PD} \cdot V_{IN}/L_P$. The propagation delay is nearly constant, regardless of the input line voltage V_{IN} . Higher input line voltages result in larger additional currents. Under high input-line voltages, the output power limit is higher than under low input-line voltages.

Over a wide range of AC input voltages, the variation can be significant. To compensate for this, the threshold voltage is adjusted by adding a positive ramp $(V_{\text{LIMIT_RAMP}})$. This ramp signal can vary from 0.77V to 1.05V and it flattens out at 1.05V. A smaller threshold voltage forces the output GATE drive to terminate earlier, reducing total PWM turn-on time and making the output power equal to that of the low line input. This proprietary internal compensation feature ensures a constant output power limit over a wide range of AC input voltages $(90V_{AC}$ to $264V_{AC})$.

Under-voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on/turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 17V/8V. To enable the SGP400 during start-up, the hold-up capacitor must first be charged to 17V through the start-up resistor.

The hold-up capacitor continues to supply $V_{\rm DD}$ before energy can be delivered from the auxiliary winding of the main transformer. $V_{\rm DD}$ must not drop below 8V during this start-up process. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that the hold-up capacitor can adequately supply $V_{\rm DD}$ during start-up.

Gate Output

The BiCMOS output stage is a fast totem pole gate driver. Cross-conduction has been avoided to minimize heat dissipation, increase efficiency, and enhance reliability. The output driver is clamped by an internal 17V Zener diode to protect the power MOSFET transistors against any harmful over-voltage gate signals.

Slope Compensation

The sensed voltage across the current sense resistor is used for current-mode control and pulse-by-pulse current limiting. The built-in slope compensation function improves power supply stability and prevents sub-harmonic oscillations that normally would occur because of peak current mode control. A positively sloped, synchronized ramp is activated with every switching cycle. The slope of the ramp is:

$$\frac{0.33 \times \text{Duty}}{\text{Duty(max)}} \tag{1}$$

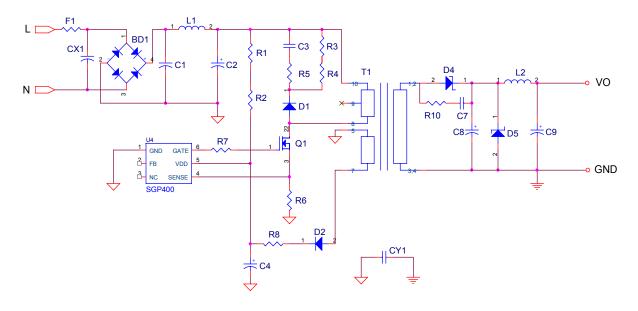
Noise Immunity

Noise from the current sense or the control signal may cause significant pulse-width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. Slope compensation helps alleviate this problem. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoid long PCB traces and component leads. Compensation and filter components should be located near the SGP400. Finally, increasing the power-MOS gate resistance is advised.



REFERENCE CIRCUIT

3W Flyback 5V/0.6A Circuit, without Secondary-Side Feedback

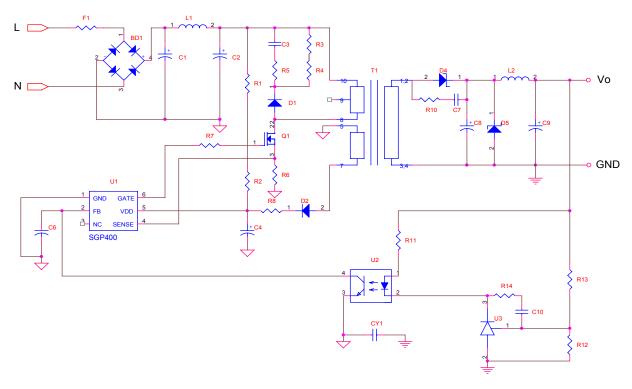


BOM

Sym	bol	Component	Symbol	Component
BD1	(Reference only)	BD DI106 1A/600V	F1	R 1Ω/0.5W
CX1	(Option)	YC 472pF/400V (Y1)	L1	Inductor 20mH 6•8mm
CY1	(Option)	YC 102pF/400V (Y1)	L2	Inductor 10µH 6mm
C1		CC 0.01µF/500V	Q1	MOSFET 1A/600V
C2		EC 10µF/400V 105°C	R1,R2	R 750kΩ/1206
C3		CC 1000pF/500V	R3,R4	R 47kΩ/1206
C4		EC 10µF/50V	R5	R 47Ω/1206
C7	(Option)	CC 102pF/100V 1206	R6	R 4.7Ω/0.5W
C8		EC 470µF/10V 105°C	R7	R 100Ω/0805
C9		EC 220µF/10V 105°C	R8	R 10Ω/1206
D1		Diode FRI07	R10 (Option)	R 10Ω/1206
D2		Diode FR102	T1	Transformer EE-16
D4		Diode SB360	U4	IC SGP400 (Green PWM IC)
D5	(Option)	ZD 6.8V/0.5W		



3W Flyback 5V/0.6A Circuit, with Secondary-Side Feedback

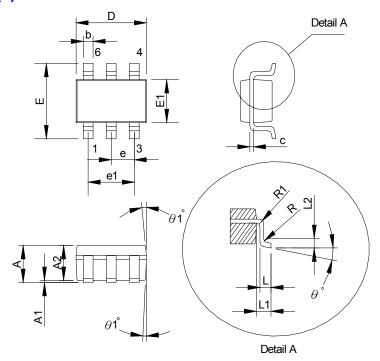


BOM

Symbol	Component	Symbol	Component
BD1 (Reference only)	BD DI106 1A/600V	L2	Inductor 10µH 6mm
CY1 (Option)	YC 102p/400V	Q1	MOSFET 1A/600V
C1	CC 0.01µF/500V	R1,R2	R 750kΩ/1206
C2	EC 10µF/400V 105°C	R4,R3	R 47kΩ/1206
C3	CC 1000p/500V	R5	R 47Ω/1206
C4	EC 10µ/50V	R6	R 4.7Ω/0.5W
C6	CC 472p/0805	R7	R 100Ω/0805
C7	CC 102p/100V 1206	R10	R 10Ω/1206
C8	EC 470µ/10V 105°C	R8	R 10Ω/1206
C9	EC 470µ/10V 105°C	R11	R 100Ω/ 1/8W
C10	CC 222p/0805	R12	R 33kΩ/0805
D1	Diode FR107	R13	R 33kΩ/ 1/8W
D2	Diode FR102	R14	R 4.7kΩ/0805
D4	Diode SB360	T1	Transformer EE-16
D5 (Option)	ZD 6.8V/0.5W	U1	IC SGP400 (Green PWM IC)
F1	R 1Ω/0.5W Resistor	U2	IC PC817
L1	Inductor 20mH 6*8mm	U3	IC TL431



PACKAGE INFORMATION 6 PINS-SOT (T)

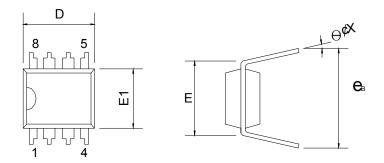


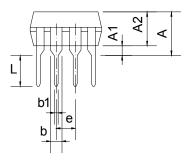
Dimensions:

Symbol	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
A			1.45			0.057
A1			0.15			0.006
A2	0.90	1.15	1.30	0.036	0.045	0.051
b	0.30		0.50	0.011		0.020
С	0.08		0.22	0.003		0.009
D		2.90			0.114	
E		2.80			0.110	
E1		1.60			0.063	
е		0.95			0.037	
e1		1.90			0.075	
L	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.020	0.018	0.24
L1		0.60			0.024	
L2		0.25			0.010	
L2 R	0.10			0.004		
R1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.25
θ°	0°	4°	8°	0°	4°	8°
θ1°	5°	10°	15°	5°	10°	15°



8 PINS-DIP (D)





Dimensions:

Symbol	Millimeter			Inch		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
A			5.334			0.210
A1	0.381			0.015		
A2	3.175	3.302	3.429	0.125	0.130	0.135
b		1.524			0.060	
b1		0.457			0.018	
D	9.017	9.271	10.160	0.355	0.365	0.400
E		7.620			0.300	
E1	6.223	6.350	6.477	0.245	0.250	0.255
е		2.540			0.100	
L	2.921	3.302	3.810	0.115	0.130	0.150
ев	8.509	9.017	9.525	0.335	0.355	0.375
θ°	0	7	15	0	7	15







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- device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition			
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