



N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET with Schottky Diode

MOSFET PRODUCT SUMMARY						
V _{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I _D (A)	Q _g (Typ.)			
30	$0.035 \text{ at V}_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	7.4	4.2 nC			
30	0.052 at V _{GS} = 4.5 V	6.1	4.2110			

SCHOTTKY PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V _{KA} (V)	V _F (V) Diode Forward Voltage	I _F (A) ^a			
30	0.470 at 3 A	3			

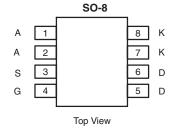
FEATURES

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition
- LITTLE FOOT® Plus Power MOSFET
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

Pb-free RoHS COMPLIANT HALOGEN FREE Angulable

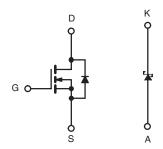
APPLICATIONS

- Load Switch for Portable Applications
 - Ideal for Boost Circuits
- HDD Driver



Ordering Information: Si4620DY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si4620DY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)



N-Channel MOSFET

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage (MOSFET)		V _{DS}	30		
Reverse Voltage (Schottky)		V _{KA}	30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage (MOSFET)		V _{GS}	± 20		
	T _C = 25 °C		7.5		
Continuous Drain Current (T _{.1} = 150 °C) (MOSFET)	T _C = 70 °C	ı_	6		
Continuous Brain Current (1) = 130 O) (MOSI E1)	T _A = 25 °C	I _D	6		
	T _A = 70 °C		4.8		
Pulsed Drain Current (MOSFET)		I _{DM}	40	A	
Continuous Course Current (MOSEET Diede Conduction)	T _C = 25 °C	I _S	2.6		
Continuous Source Current (MOSFET Diode Conduction)		'S	1.7 ^{a, b}		
Average Forward Current (Schottky)	I _F	3	7		
Pulsed Forward Current (Schottky)		I _{FM}	8		
	T _C = 25 °C		3.1		
Maximum Power Dissipation (MOSFET)	T _C = 70 °C		2		
Waximum Tower Dissipation (WOOI ET)	T _A = 25 °C		2 ^{a, b}		
	T _A = 70 °C	P _D	1.3 ^{a, b}	w	
	T _C = 25 °C	. р	3		
Maximum Power Dissipation (Schottky)	T _C = 70 °C		1.9		
Waximum Fower Dissipation (Schottky)	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$		1.8		
	T _A = 70 °C		1.1		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C		
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)		260	1		

Si4620DY

Vishay Siliconix



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS							
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (MOSFET) ^{a, c}	R _{thJA}	53	62.5				
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain) (MOSFET)	R_{thJF}	30	40	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient (Schottky)	R _{thJA}	55	65	C/VV			
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain) (Schottky)	R _{thJF}	32	42				

Notes:

- a. Surface Mounted on FR4 board.
- $b.\ t \leq 10\ s.$
- c. Maximum under Steady State conditions for MOSFETS is 110 $^{\circ}\text{C/W}.$
- d. Maximum under Steady State conditions for Schottky is 115 °C/W.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static			•				
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	30			V	
V _{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS/TJ}$	I _D = 250 μA		32.5			
V _{GS(th)} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)/TJ}$	ι _D = 230 μΑ		- 5.3		mV/°C	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	1.2		2.5	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I _{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
Zoro Coto Voltogo Droin Current	1	V _{DS} = 30 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			1		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	μΑ	
On-State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} \le 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	30			Α	
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 6 \text{ A}$		0.028	0.035		
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 4.9 \text{ A}$		0.041	0.052	Ω	
Forward Transconductance ^a	9 _{fs}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 6 \text{ A}$		12		S	
Dynamic ^b							
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}			520	1040		
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		115	230	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}			55	110	1	
Total Gate Charge	Qq	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 6 \text{ A}$		8.6	13		
Total Gate Charge	∀ g			4.2	6.5	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 6 \text{ A}$		1.8		l lic	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			1.5			
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz		2.8		Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			16	30		
Rise Time	t _r	V_{DD} = 15 V, R_L = 3.1 Ω		36	54	ne	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	$\text{I}_\text{D}\cong 4.8~\text{A},~\text{V}_\text{GEN}=4.5~\text{V},~\text{R}_\text{g}=6~\Omega$		21	40	ns	
Fall Time	t _f			17	40		





SPECIFICATIONS T _J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted							
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristi	cs						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I _S	T _C = 25 °C			2.6	Α	
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I _{SM}				40	^	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_{S} = 1.7 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		0.8	1.2	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}			20	40	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}	I _F = 1.7 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs, T _{.l} = 25 °C		14	30	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t _a	1 1 - 1.7 Α, αι/αι - 100 Α/μ3, 1 - 23 0		14		ns	
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t _b			6		115	

Notes:

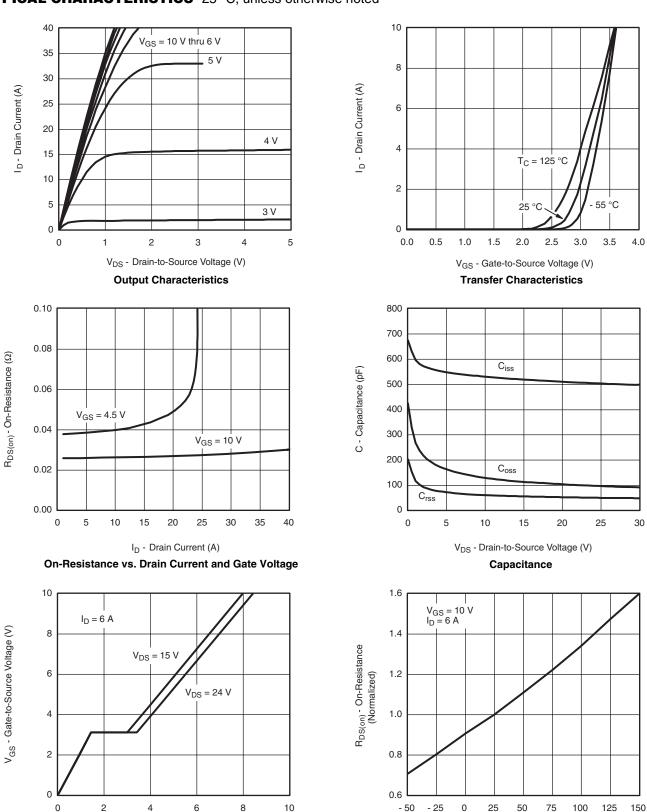
- a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 μ s, duty cycle \leq 2 %.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

SCHOTTKY SPECIFICATIONS T _J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted							
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Forward Voltage Dran	V _F	I _F = 3 A		0.39	0.470	V	
Forward Voltage Drop	٧F	I _F = 3 A, T _J = 125 °C		0.35	0.420		
		V _r = 5 V		0.1	0.2		
		V _r = 5 V, T _J = 85 °C		3.5	17.5		
Marineron Developed Landrage Comment		V _r = 5 V, T _J = 106 °C		12	60		
Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	^I rm	V _r = 30 V		0.22	0.5	mA	
		V _r = 30 V, T _J = 85 °C		10	50		
		$V_r = 30 \text{ V}, T_J = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		40	200		
Junction Capacitance	C _T	V _r = 15 V		100		pF	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Q_q - Total Gate Charge (nC)

Gate Charge

T_J - Junction Temperature (°C)

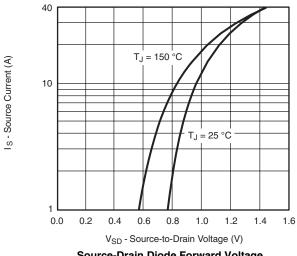
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



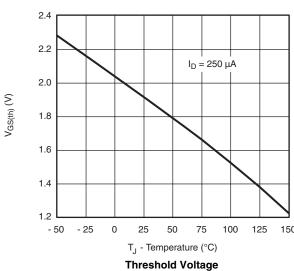


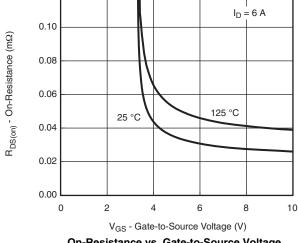


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



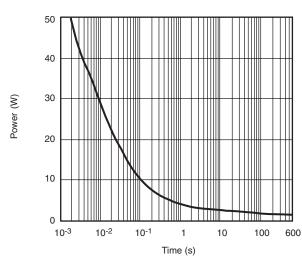
Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



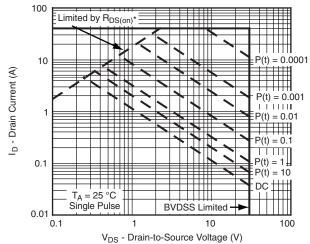


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On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Single Pulse Power

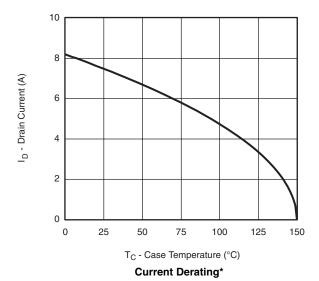


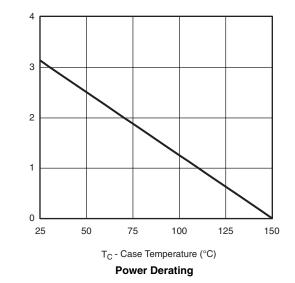
* V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



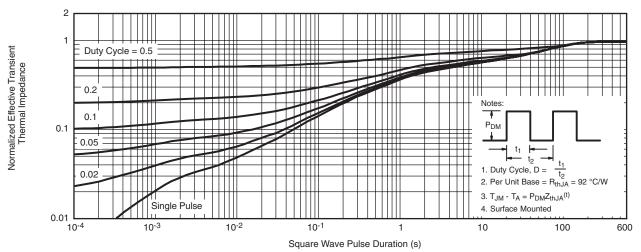


Power Dissipation (W)

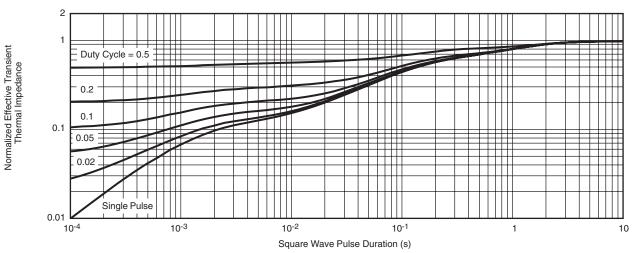
^{*} The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(max)} = 150$ °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



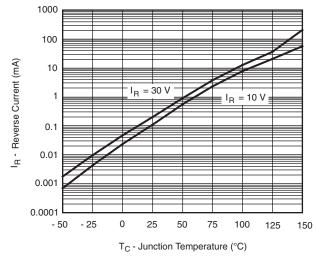
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

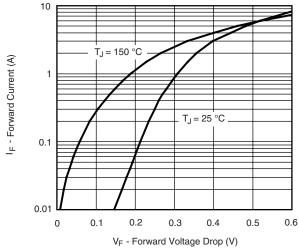


Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

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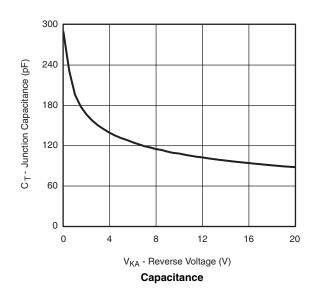
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted





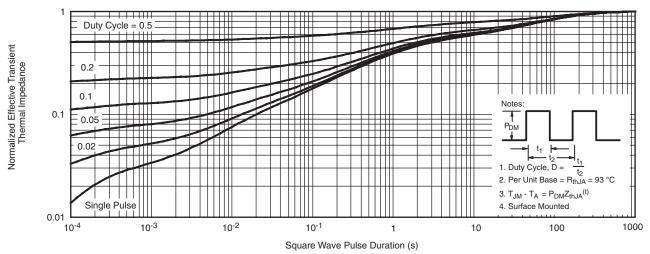
Reverse Current vs. Junction Temperature

Forward Voltage Drop

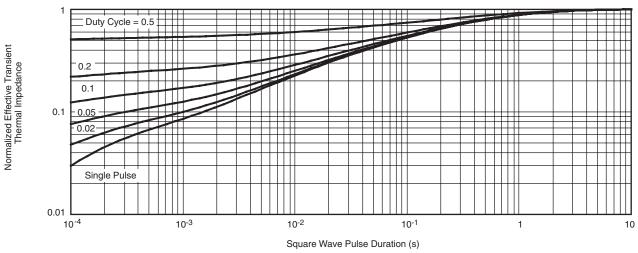




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

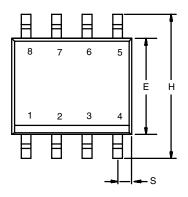


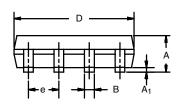
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

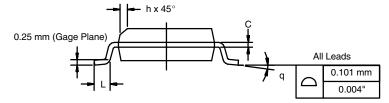
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SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012







	MILLIM	IETERS	INCHES			
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069		
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008		
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020		
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010		
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196		
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157		
е	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC			
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244		
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020		
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037		
q	0°	8°	0°	8°		
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026		
FON 0 00507 D 1 44 0 00						

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DWG: 5498

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Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

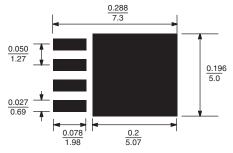


Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

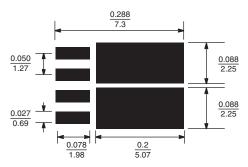


Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

APPLICATION NOTE

Document Number: 70740 Revision: 18-Jun-07 www.vishay.com



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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