

SKM50GAL12T4



SEMITRANS® 2

Fast IGBT4 Modules

SKM50GAL12T4

Features

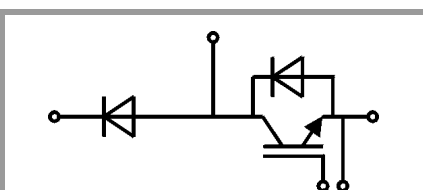
- IGBT4 = 4. generation fast trench IGBT (Infineon)
- CAL4 = Soft switching 4. generation CAL-diode
- Isolated copper baseplate using DBC technology (Direct Bonded Copper)
- Increased power cycling capability
- With integrated gate resistor
- For higher switching frequencies up to 20kHz
- UL recognized, file no. E63532

Typical Applications*

- Electronic welders at fsw up to 20 kHz
- DC/DC – converter
- Brake chopper
- Switched reluctance motor

Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$ max.
- Recommended $T_{op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$
- Product reliability results valid for $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
IGBT				
V_{CES}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V	
I_C	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	81	A
		$T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	62	A
I_{Cnom}		50	A	
I_{CRM}	$I_{CRM} = 3 \times I_{Cnom}$	150	A	
V_{GES}		-20 ... 20	V	
t_{psc}	$V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CES} \leq 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	μs
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Inverse diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	65	A
		$T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	49	A
I_{Fnom}		50	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{Fnom}$	150	A	
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	270	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Freewheeling diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	65	A
		$T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	49	A
I_{Fnom}		50	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{Fnom}$	150	A	
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	270	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Module				
$I_{t(RMS)}$	$T_{terminal} = 80^\circ\text{C}$	200	A	
T_{stg}		-40 ... 125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{isol}	AC sinus 50 Hz, $t = 1\text{ min}$	4000	V	

Characteristics

Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT					
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.85	2.10	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.20	2.40	V
V_{CE0}	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	0.9	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	0.8	V
r_{CE}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	21.00	24.00	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	30.00	32.00	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 1.7\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1	mA
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$			mA
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$		2.77		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$		0.20		nF
C_{res}			0.16		nF
Q_G	$V_{GE} = -8\text{ V} \dots +15\text{ V}$		280		nC
R_{Gint}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.0		Ω

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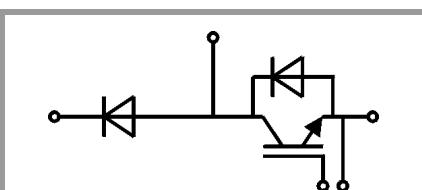
Typical Applications*

- Electronic welders at fsw up to 20 kHz
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Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$ max.
- Recommended $T_{op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$
- Product reliability results valid for $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		98		ns
t_r	$I_C = 50\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		29		ns
E_{on}	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.5		mJ
	$R_{G\ on} = 8.2\ \Omega$					
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{G\ off} = 8.2\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		325		ns
t_f	$di/dt_{on} = 1700\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		75		ns
	$di/dt_{off} = 670\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$					
E_{off}		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		4.5		mJ
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per IGBT				0.53	K/W
Inverse diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.22	2.54	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.18	2.50	V
	chipelevel					
V_{F0}		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	V
	chipelevel	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1.1	V
r_F		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		18.4	20.8	m Ω
	chipelevel	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		25.6	28.0	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		35		A
Q_{rr}	$di/dt_{off} = 1380\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		8.7		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		3.6		mJ
	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$					
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per diode				0.84	K/W
Freewheeling diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.22	2.54	V
	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.18	2.50	V
	chipelevel					
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E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		3.6		mJ
	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$					
$R_{th(j-c)}$	per Diode				0.84	K/W
Module						
L_{CE}					30	nH
R_{CC+EE}	terminal-chip	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.65		m Ω
		$T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1		m Ω
$R_{th(c-s)}$	per module			0.04	0.05	K/W
M_s	to heat sink M6			3	5	Nm
M_t		to terminals M5		2.5	5	Nm
						Nm
w					160	g



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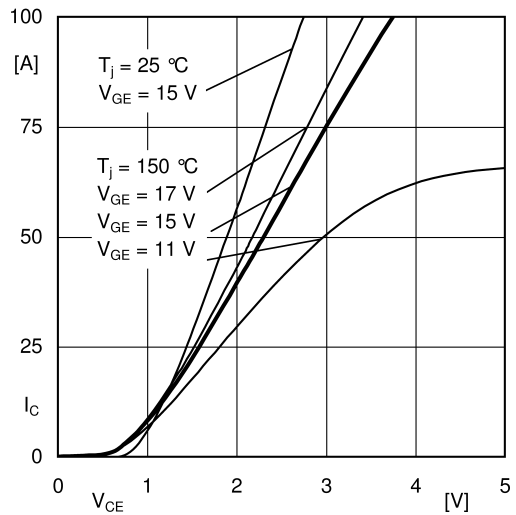


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive $R_{CC+EE'}$

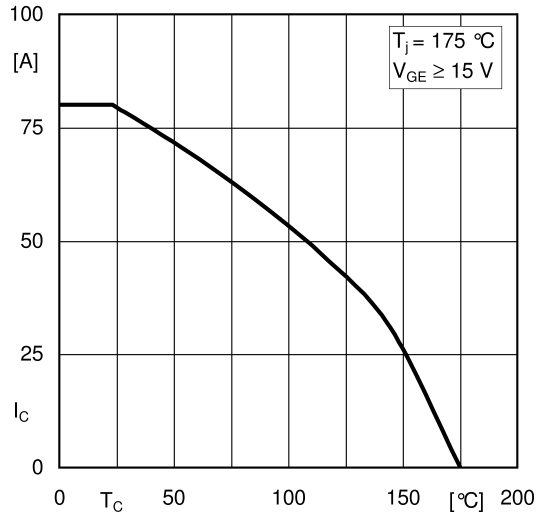


Fig. 2: Rated current vs. temperature $I_C = f(T_C)$

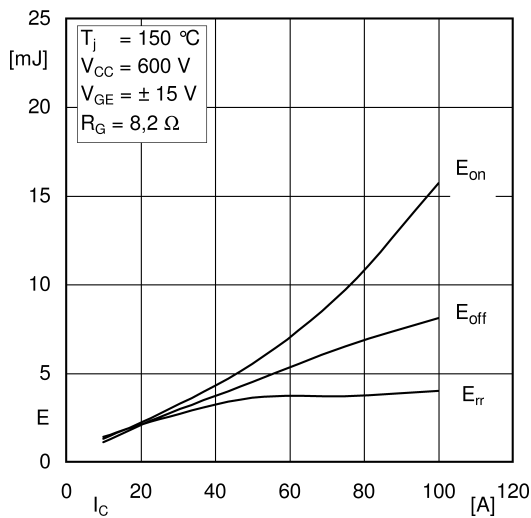


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_C)$

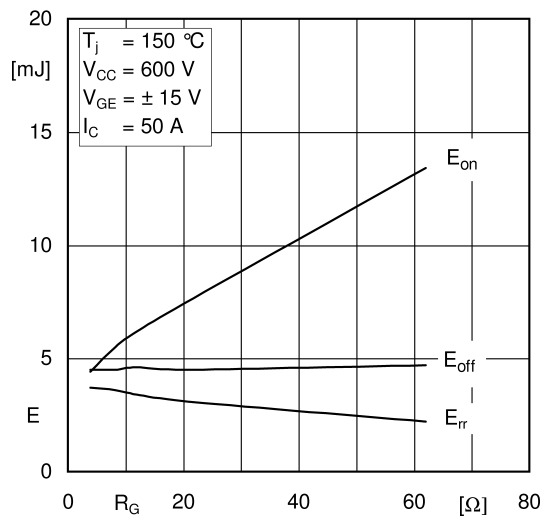


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

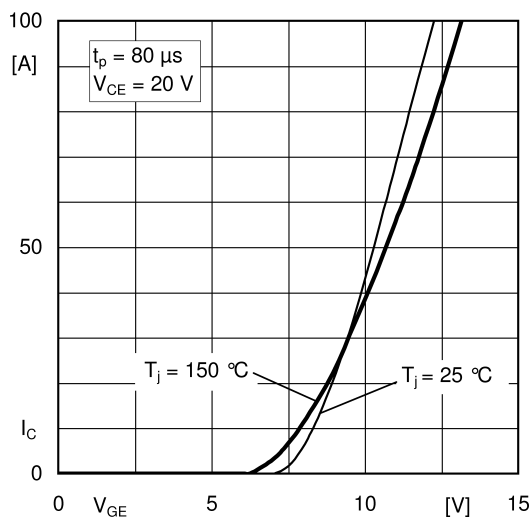


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

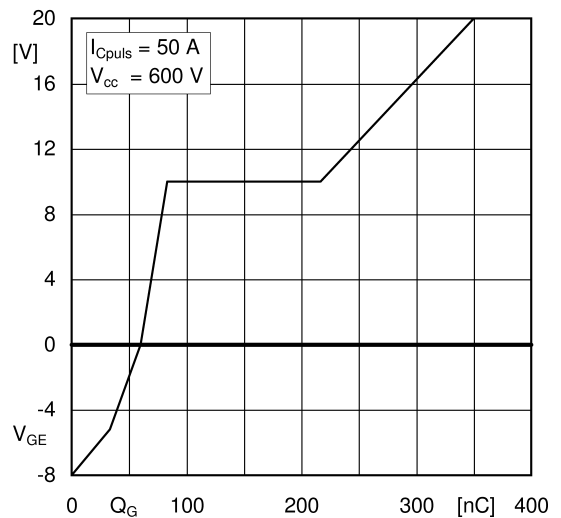


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic

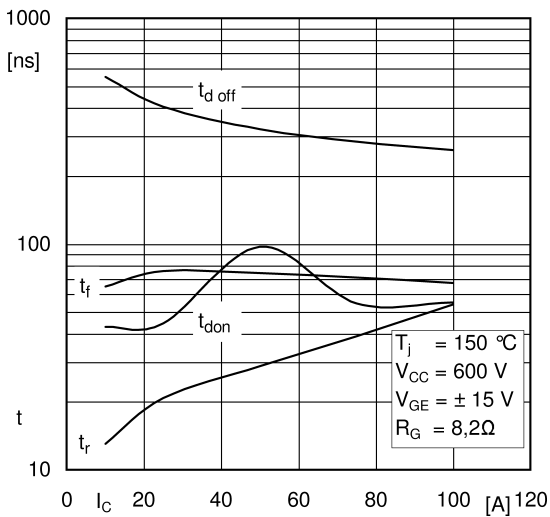


Fig. 7: Typ. switching times vs. I_C

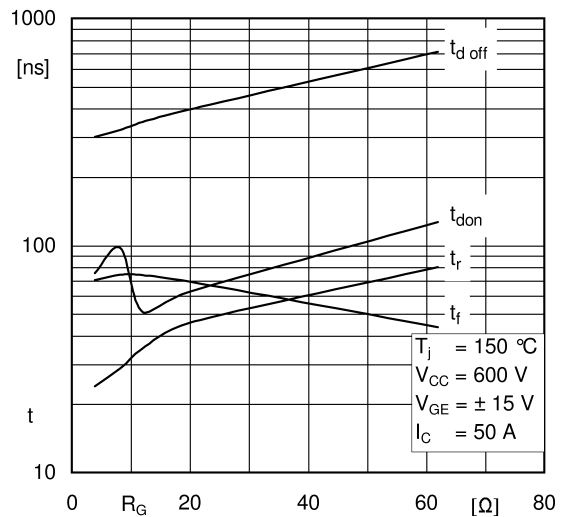


Fig. 8: Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor R_G

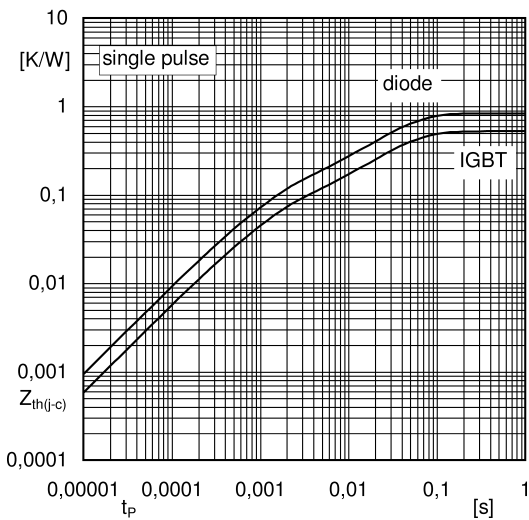


Fig. 9: Transient thermal impedance

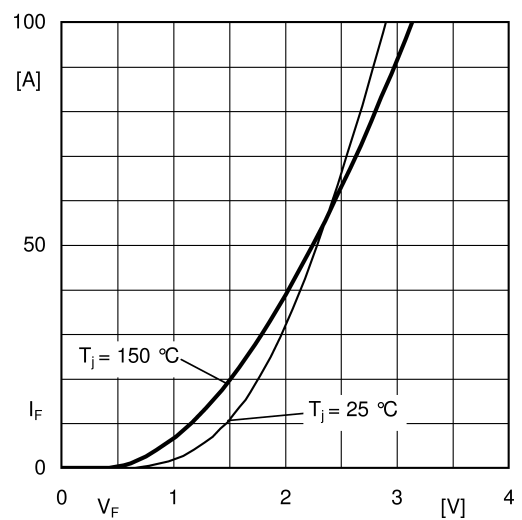


Fig. 10: Typ. CAL diode forward charact., incl. $R_{CC+EE'}$

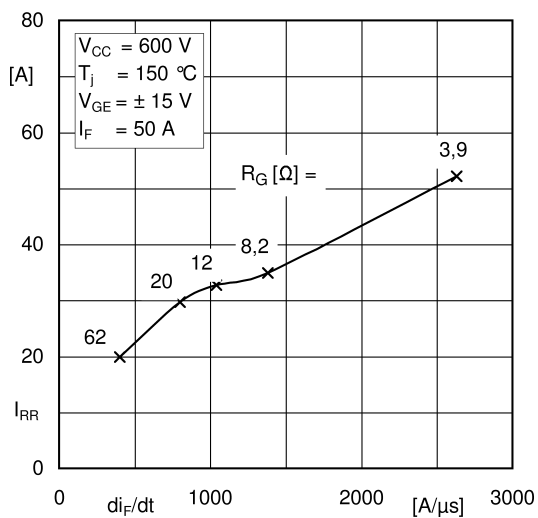


Fig. 11: CAL diode peak reverse recovery current

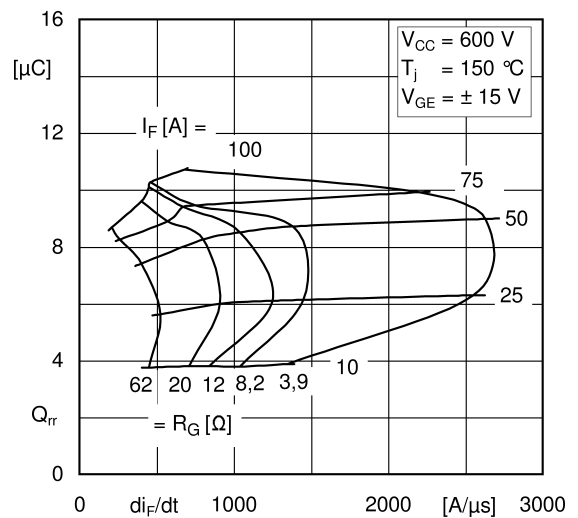


Fig. 12: Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery charge

