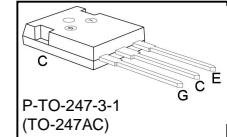
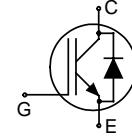


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 40lower E_{off} compared to previous generation
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
 - SMPS
- NPT-Technology offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability



- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	E_{off}	T_j	Package	Ordering Code
SKW15N120	1200V	15A	1.5mJ	150°C	TO-247AC	Q67040-S4281

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1200	V
DC collector current	I_C		A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		15	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	52	
Turn off safe operating area	-	52	
$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F		
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		32	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		15	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Fpuls}	50	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ¹⁾	t_{sc}	10	μs
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, 100\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 1200\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	198	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		0.63	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		1.5	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	TO-247AC	40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $I_C=1000\mu\text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	2.5 -	3.1 3.7	3.6 4.3	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $I_F=15\text{A}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.0 1.75	2.5	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	$I_C=600\mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=1200\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	-	200 800	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$		11	-	S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	1250	1500	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	155	185	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	65	80	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=960\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	-	130	175	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	TO-247AC	-	13	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	$I_{C(\text{SC})}$	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}$, $t_{SC} \leq 10\mu\text{s}$ $100\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 1200\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	145	-	A

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=33\Omega$, $L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	18	24	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	23	30	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	580	750	
Fall time	t_f		-	22	29	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	1.1	1.5	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.8	1.1	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.9	2.6	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=15\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=650\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	65		ns
	t_S		-			
	t_F		-			
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.5		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	15		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_F	di_{rr}/dt		-	500		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

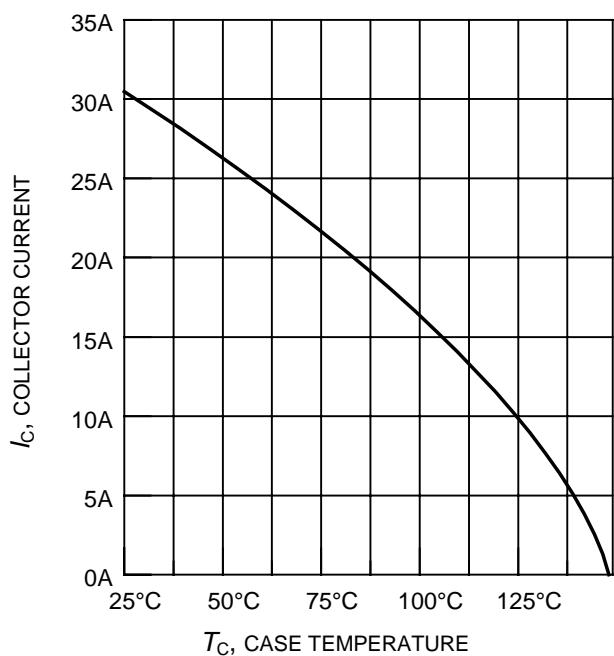
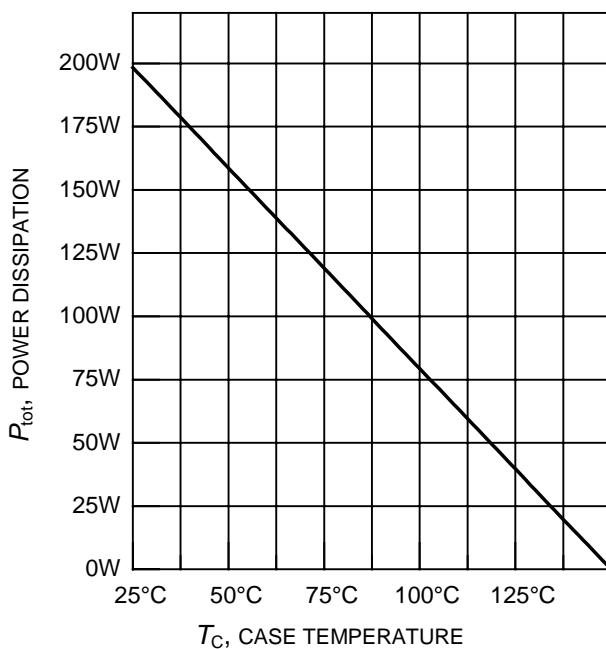
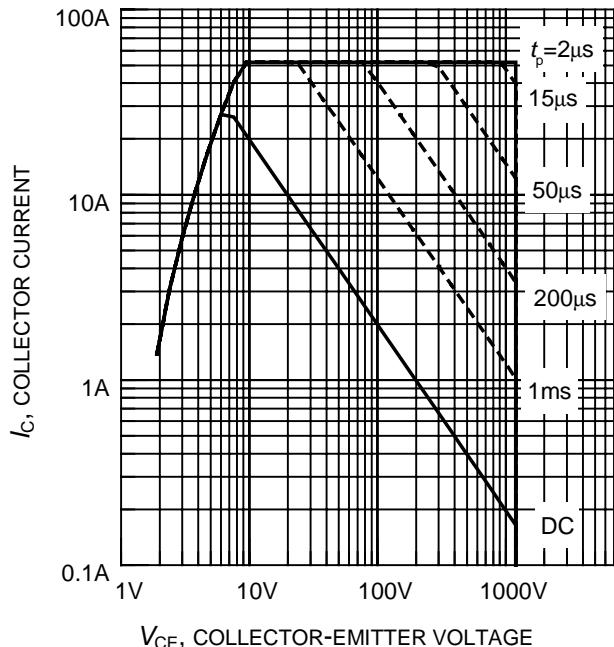
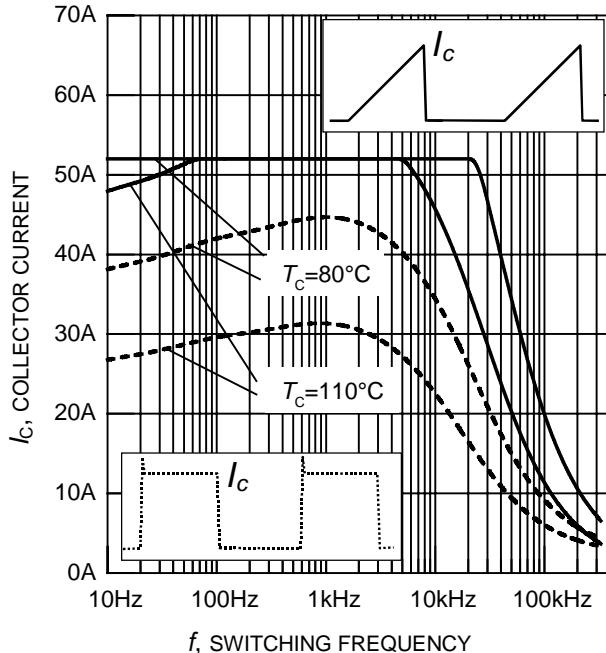
Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=800\text{V}$, $I_C=15\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G=33\Omega$, $L_\sigma^{(1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_\sigma^{(1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	38	46	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	30	36	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	652	780	
Fall time	t_f		-	31	37	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	1.9	2.3	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.5	2.0	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	3.4	4.3	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=800\text{V}$, $I_F=15\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=650\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	200		ns
	t_S		-			
	t_F		-			
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	2.0		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	23		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_F	di_{rr}/dt		-	140		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_σ and stray capacity C_σ due to dynamic test circuit in figure E.



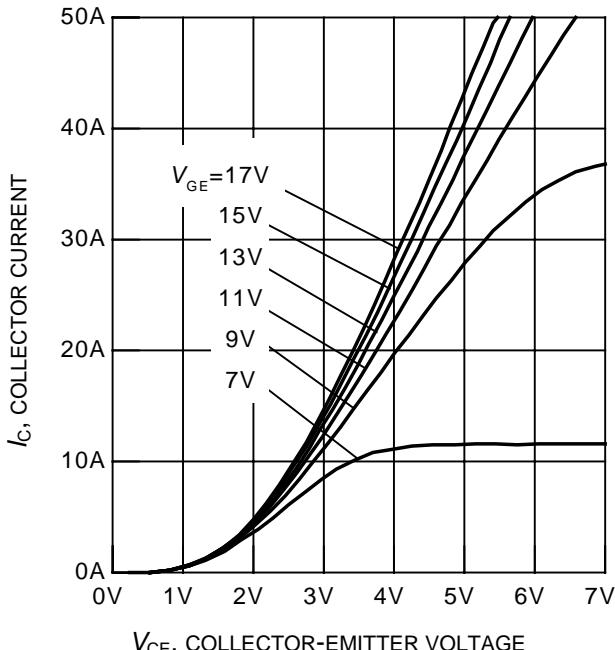


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

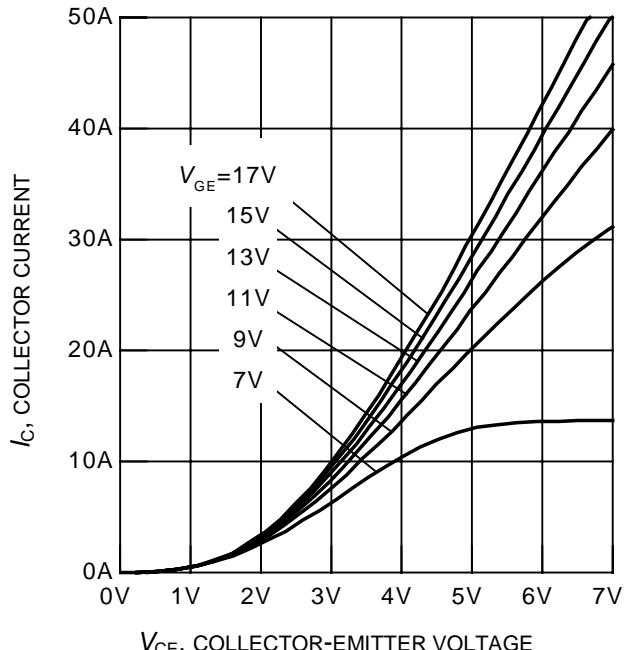


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

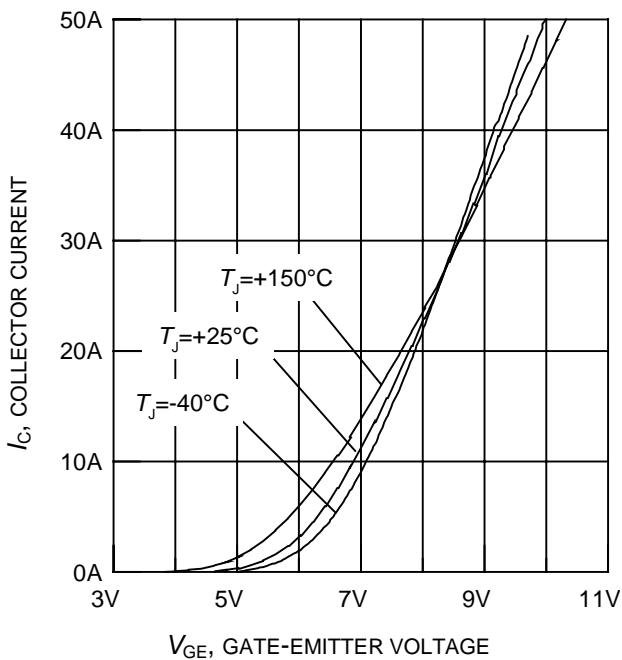


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)

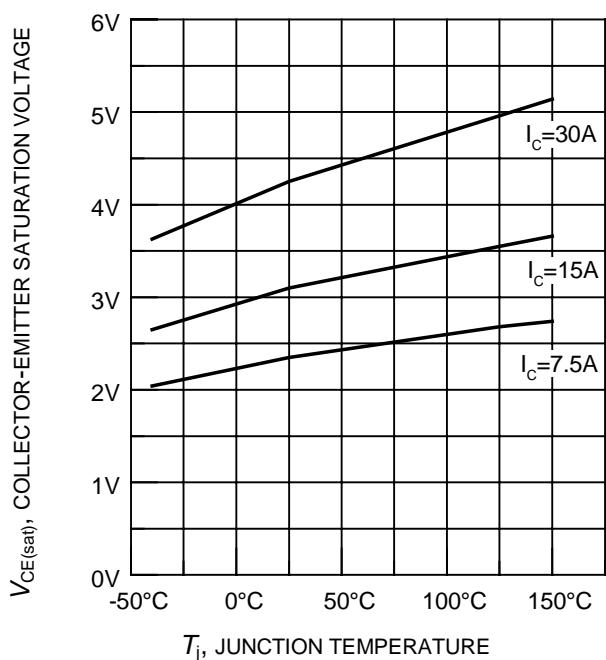


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

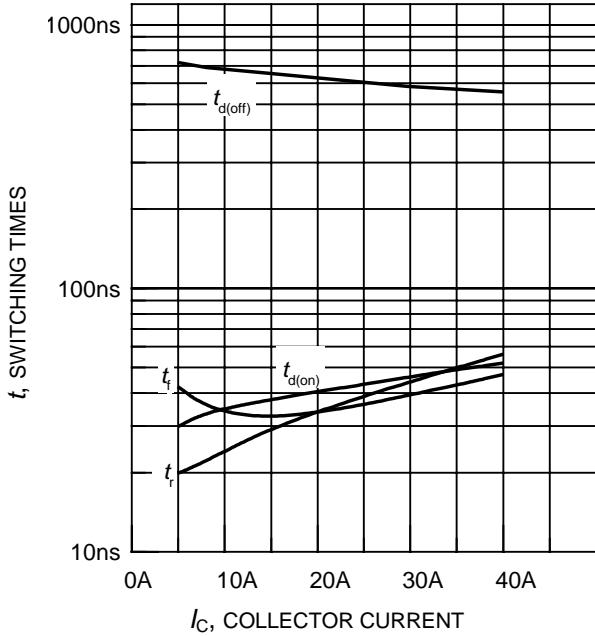


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 8600\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

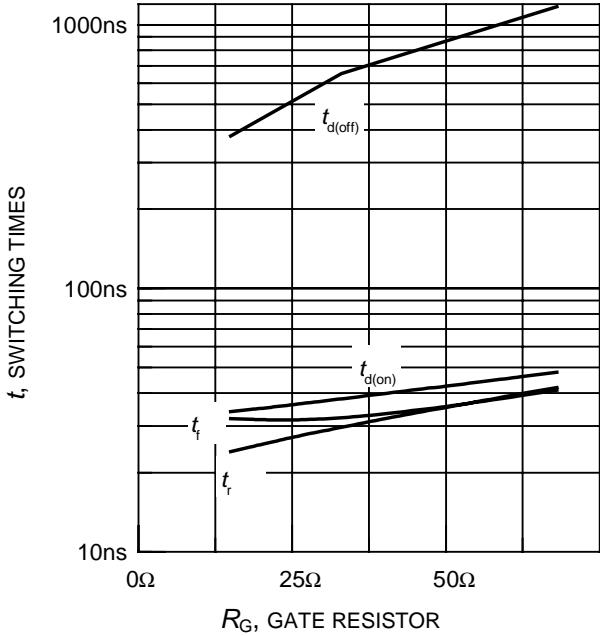


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 15\text{A}$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

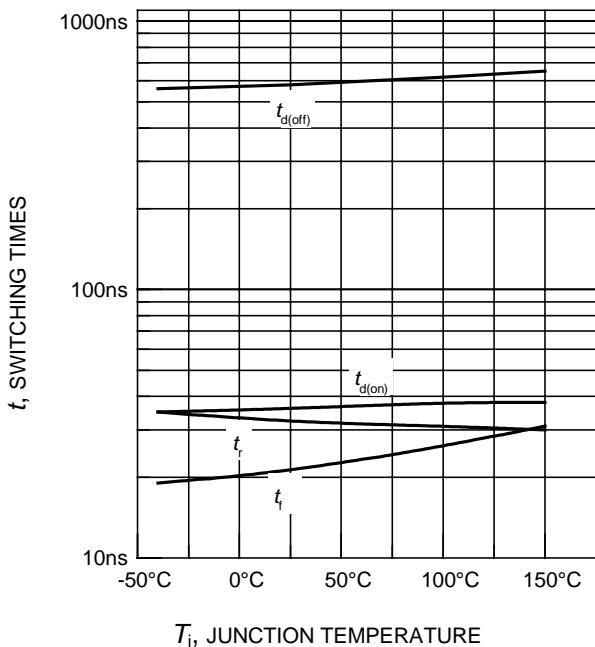


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 15\text{A}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

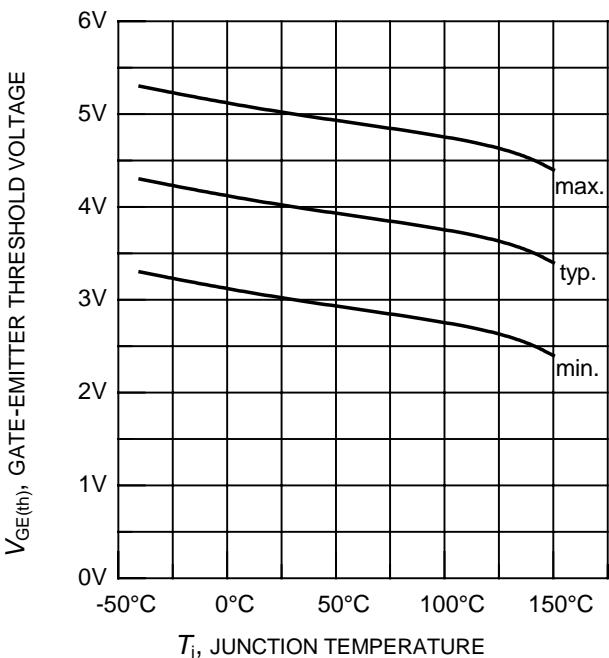


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.3\text{mA}$)

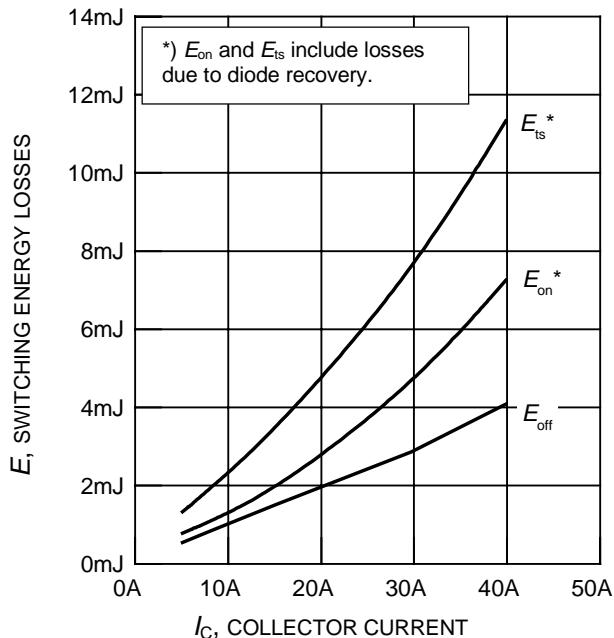


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

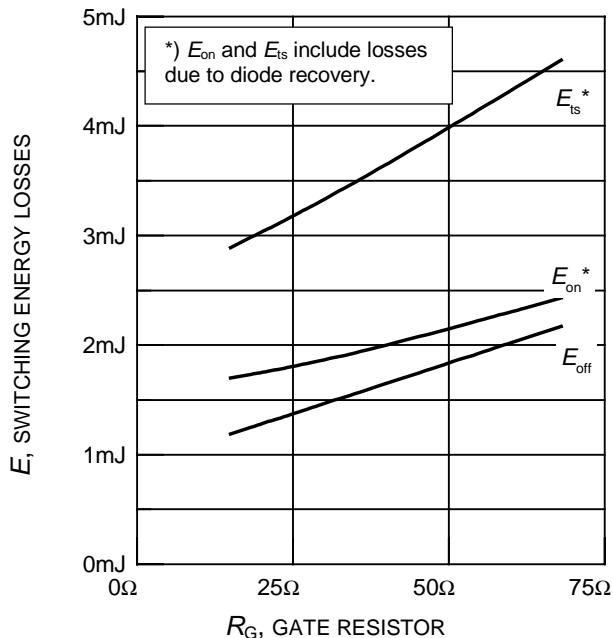


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 15\text{A}$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

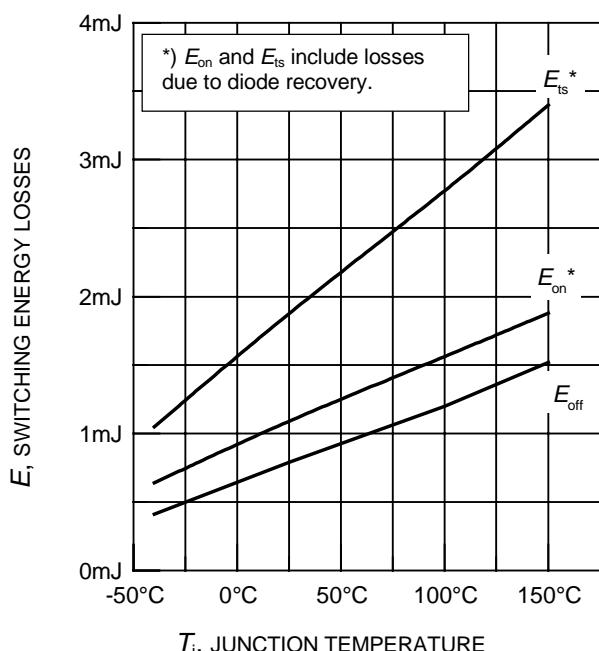


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 800\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = +15\text{V}/0\text{V}$, $I_C = 15\text{A}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$,
dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

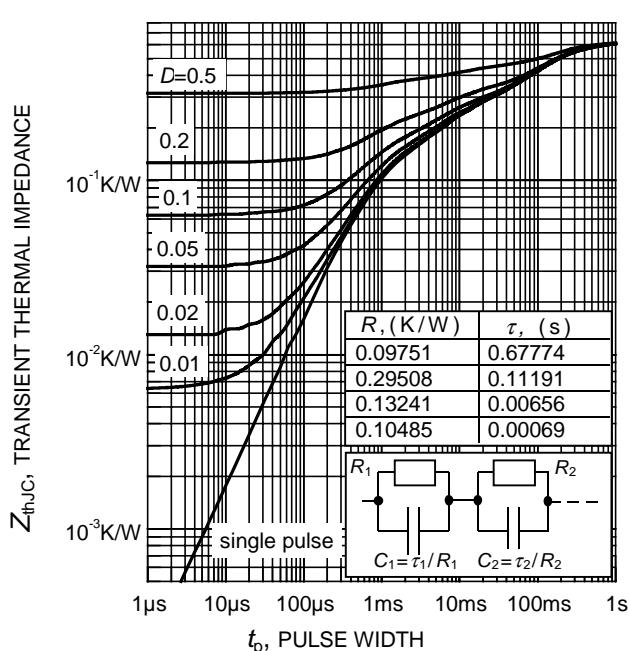


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$D = t_p / T$$

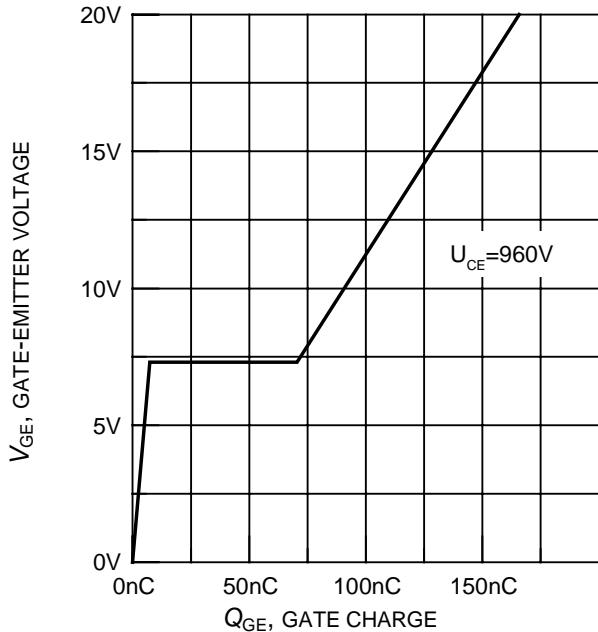


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 15A$)

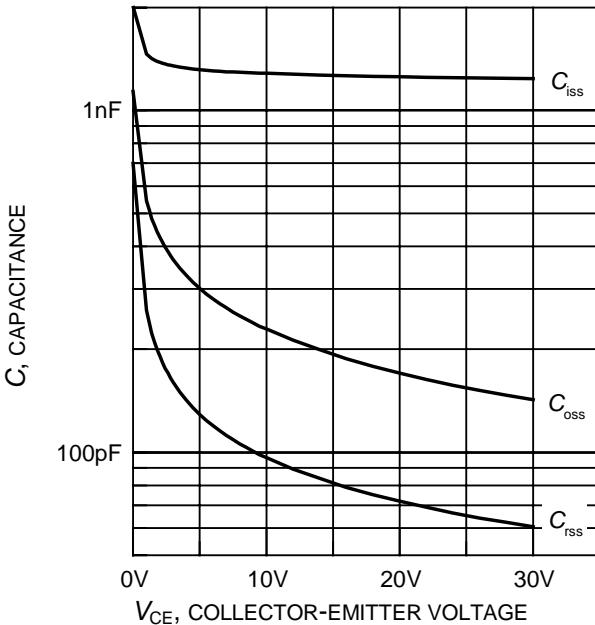


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$)

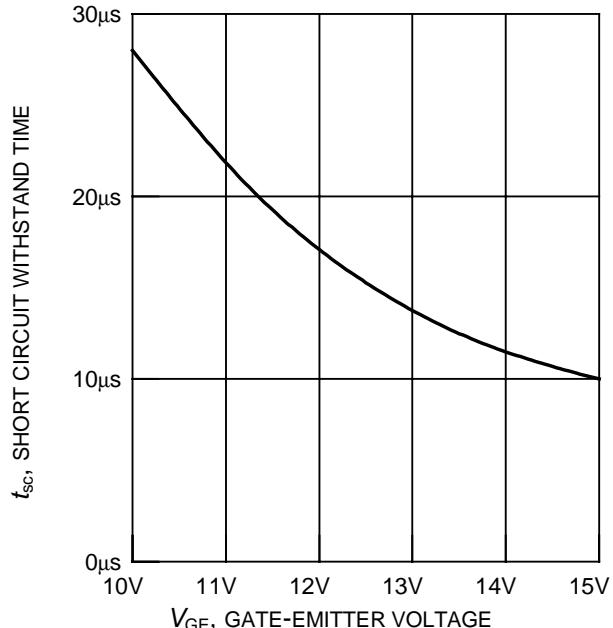


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 1200V$, start at $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$)

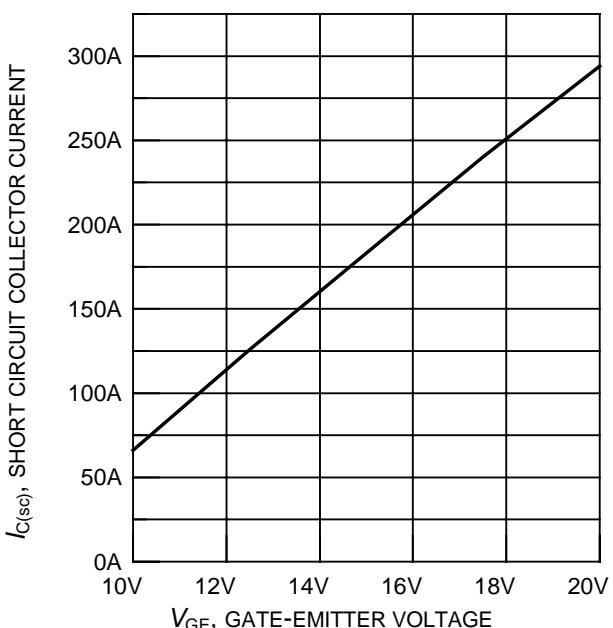


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($100V \leq V_{CE} \leq 1200V, T_C = 25^{\circ}C, T_j \leq 150^{\circ}C$)

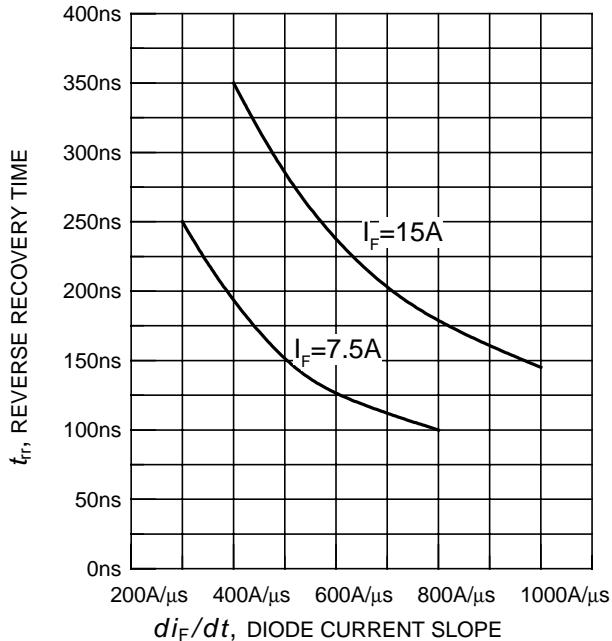


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

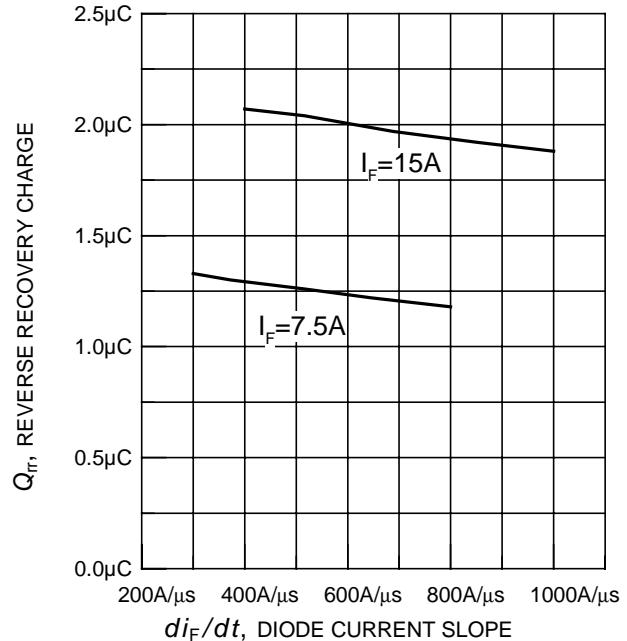


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

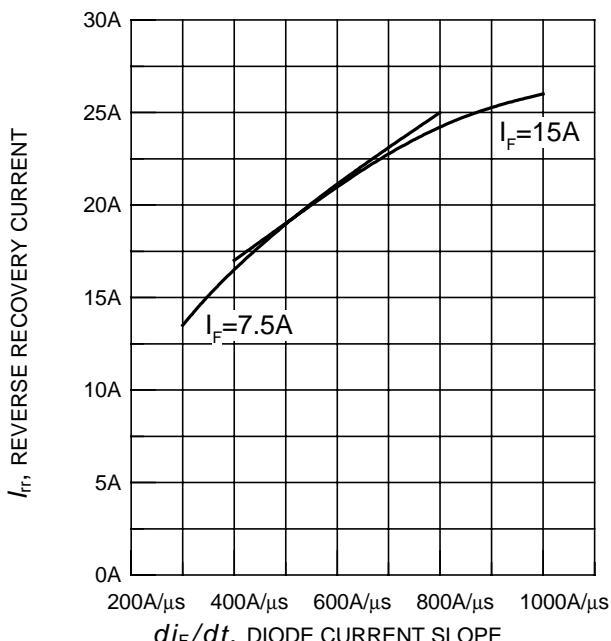


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

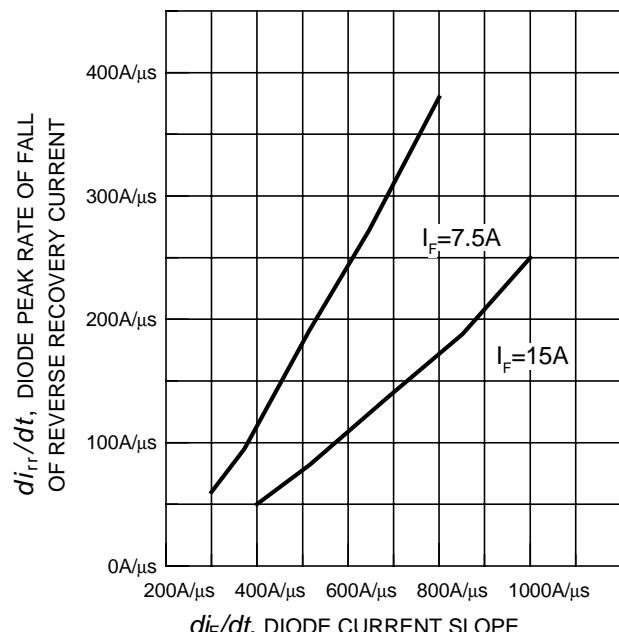


Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope

($V_R = 800V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$, dynamic test circuit in Fig.E)

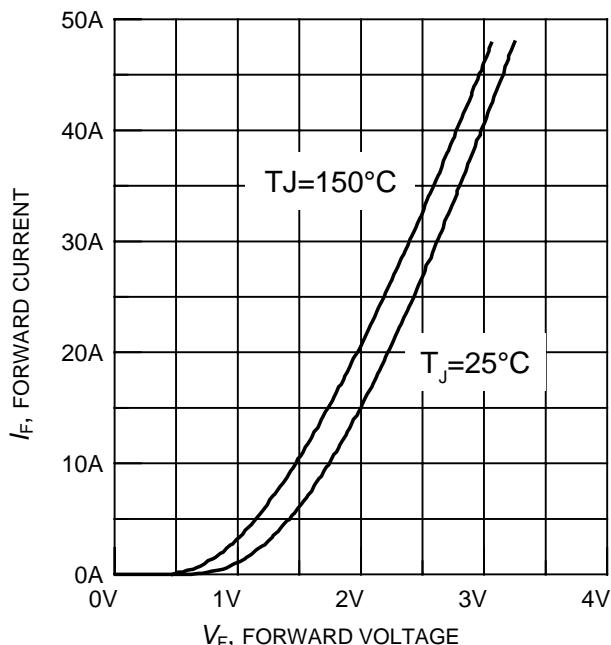


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

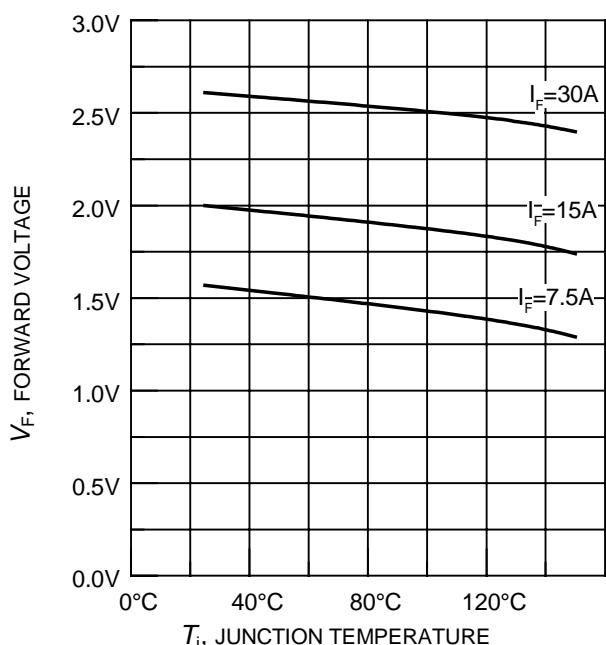


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

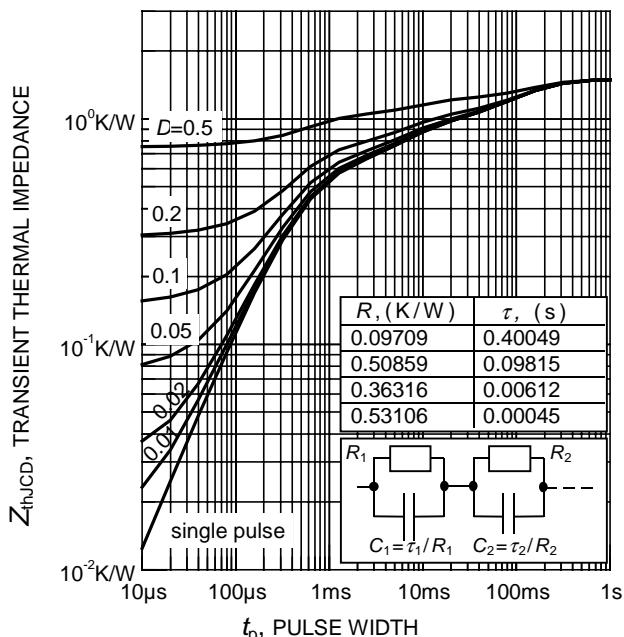
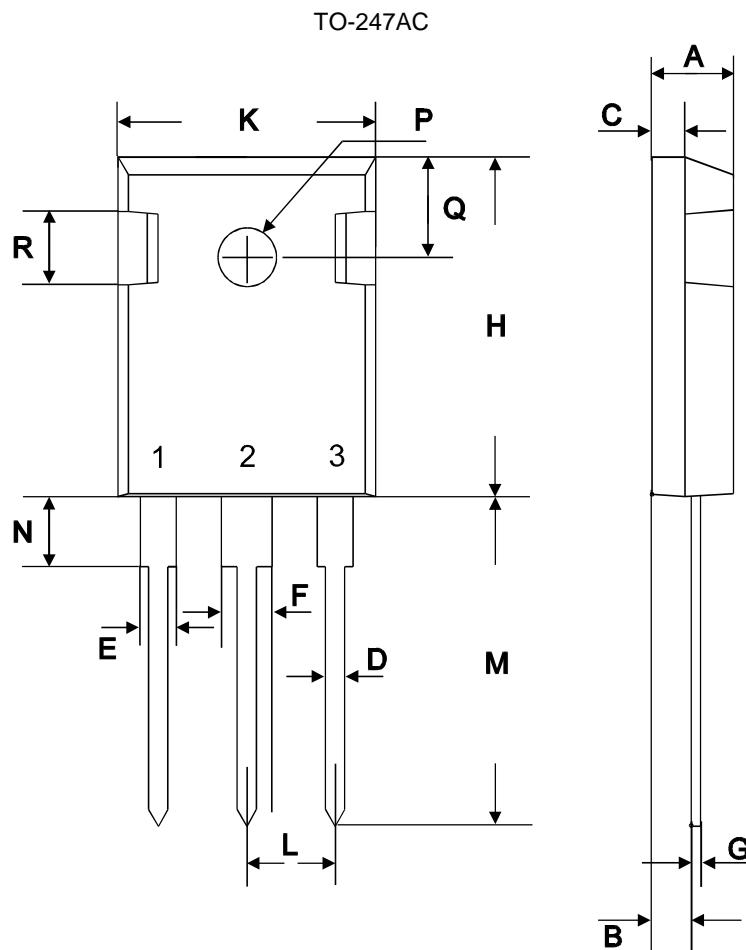
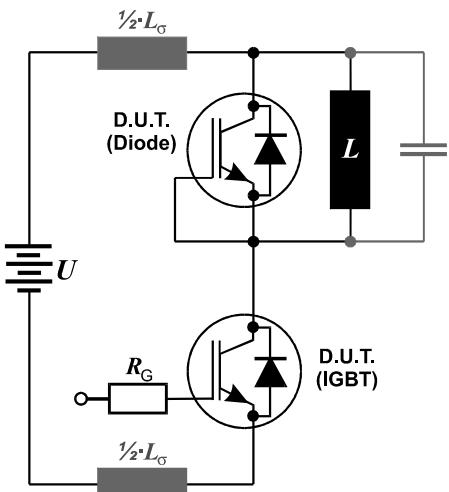
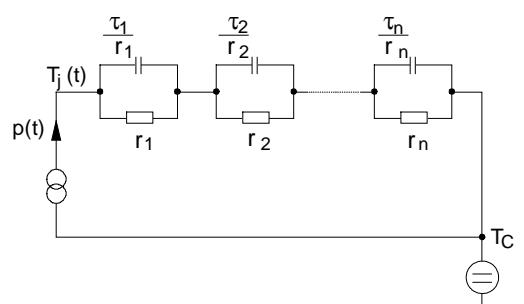
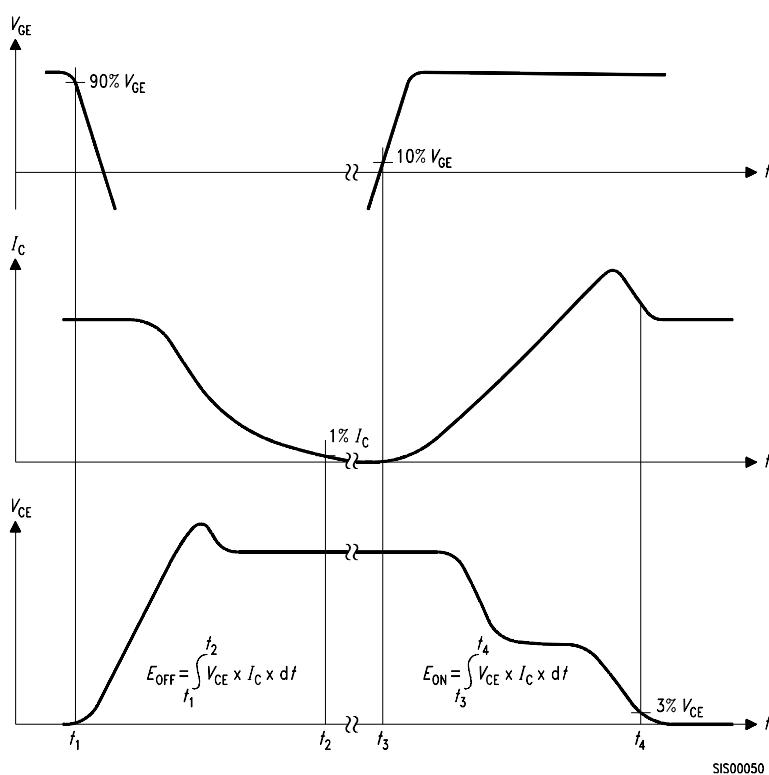
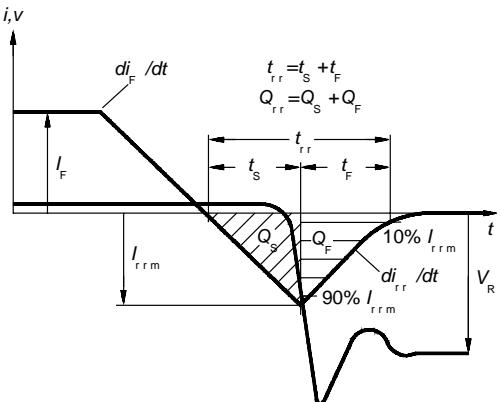
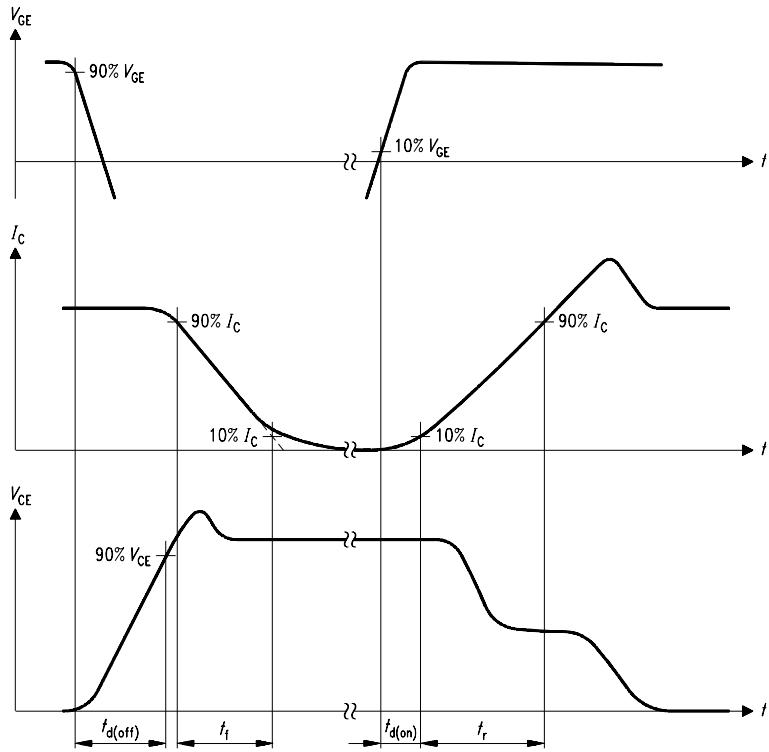


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $(D = t_p / T)$



symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.78	5.28	0.1882	0.2079
B	2.29	2.51	0.0902	0.0988
C	1.78	2.29	0.0701	0.0902
D	1.09	1.32	0.0429	0.0520
E	1.73	2.06	0.0681	0.0811
F	2.67	3.18	0.1051	0.1252
G	0.76 max		0.0299 max	
H	20.80	21.16	0.8189	0.8331
K	15.65	16.15	0.6161	0.6358
L	5.21	5.72	0.2051	0.2252
M	19.81	20.68	0.7799	0.8142
N	3.560	4.930	0.1402	0.1941
ØP	3.61		0.1421	
Q	6.12	6.22	0.2409	0.2449



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