

# SKY73022-11: 700 – 1000 MHz High Gain and Linearity Diversity Downconversion Mixer

## Applications

- 2G/3G base station transceivers:
  - GSM/EDGE, CDMA, UMTS/WCDMA, iDEN
- Land mobile radio
- ISM band transceivers
- High performance radio links
- RF identification

## Features

- Operating frequency range: 700 to 1000 MHz
- IF frequency range: 40 to 300 MHz
- Conversion gain: 9.4 dB
- Input IP3: +25.3 dBm
- Output IP3: +34.7 dBm
- Noise figure: 9.0 dB
- Integrated LO drivers
- Integrated low loss RF baluns
- High linearity IF amplifiers
- On-chip SPDT LO switch (greater than 53 dB LO-to-LO isolation)
- Small, MCM (36-pin, 6 x 6 mm) Pb-free package (MSL3, 260 °C per JEDEC J-STD-020)



**NEW** Skyworks offers lead (Pb)-free RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) compliant packaging.

## Description

The SKY73022-11 is a fully integrated diversity mixer that includes Local Oscillator (LO) drivers, an LO switch, high linearity mixers, and large dynamic range Intermediate Frequency (IF) amplifiers. Low loss RF baluns have also been included to reduce design complications and lower system cost.

The SKY73022-11 features an input IP3 of +25.3 dBm and a Noise Figure (NF) of 9.0 dB, making the device an ideal solution for high dynamic range systems such as 2G/3G base station receivers. The LO switch provides more than 53 dB of isolation between LO inputs and supports the switching time required for GSM/EDGE base stations.

The SKY73022-11 is manufactured using a robust silicon BiCMOS process and has been designed for optimum long-term reliability. The SKY73022-11 diversity downconversion mixer is provided in a compact, 36-pin 6 x 6 mm Multi-Chip Module (MCM). A functional block diagram is shown in Figure 1. The pin configuration and package are shown in Figure 2. Signal pin assignments and functional pin descriptions are provided in Table 1.

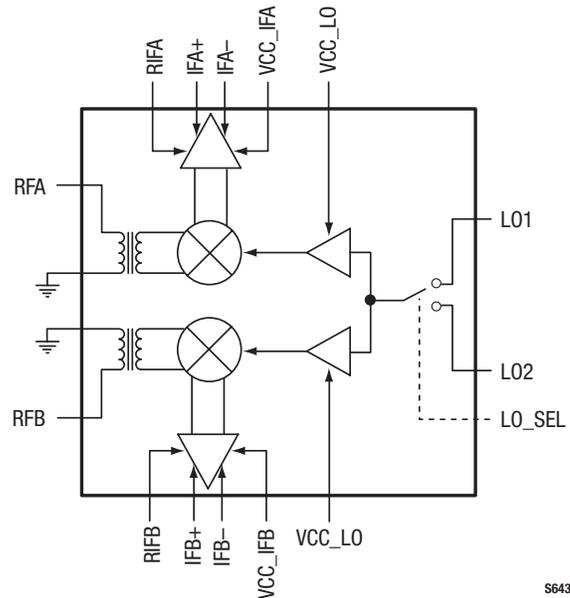


Figure 1. SKY73022-11 Block Diagram

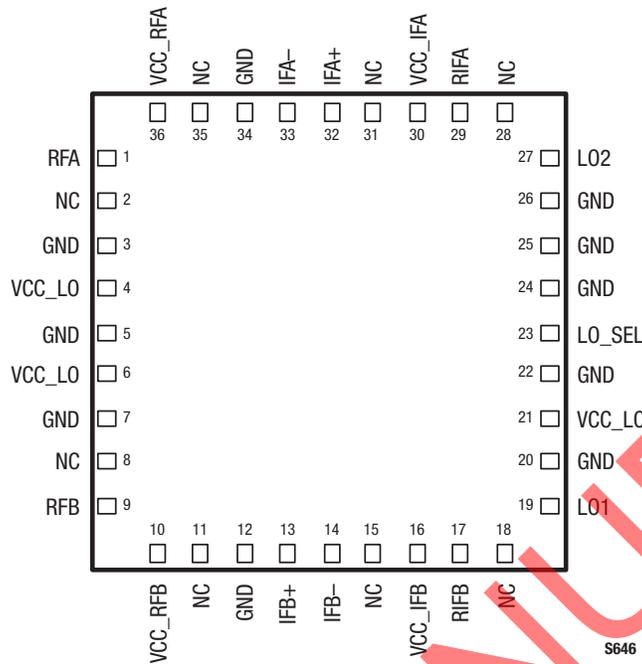


Figure 2. SKY73022-11 Pinout – 36-Pin MCM

Table 1. SKY73022-11 Signal Descriptions

Pin #	Name	Description	Pin #	Name	Description
1	RFA	Channel A RF input	19	LO1	Local oscillator 1 input
2	NC	No connect	20	GND	Ground
3	GND	Ground	21	VCC_LO	DC supply, +5 V
4	VCC_LO	DC supply, +5 V	22	GND	Ground
5	GND	Ground	23	LO_SEL	Local oscillator select switch control
6	VCC_LO	DC supply, +5 V	24	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	25	GND	Ground
8	NC	No connect	26	GND	Ground
9	RFB	Channel B RF input	27	LO2	Local oscillator 2 input
10	VCC_RFB	Channel B RF DC supply, +5 V	28	NC	No connect
11	NC	No connect	29	RIFA	Channel A IF bias adjust
12	GND	Ground	30	VCC_IFA	Channel A IF DC supply, +5 V
13	IFB+	Positive channel B IF output	31	NC	No connect
14	IFB-	Negative channel B IF output	32	IFA+	Positive channel A IF output
15	NC	No connect	33	IFA-	Negative channel A IF output
16	VCC_IFB	Channel B IF DC supply, +5 V	34	GND	Ground
17	RIFB	Channel B IF bias adjust	35	NC	No connect
18	NC	No connect	36	VCC_RFA	Channel A RF DC supply, +5 V

## Functional Description

The SKY73022-11 is a high gain diversity mixer, optimized for base station receiver applications. The device consists of two diversity channels (A and B), each consisting of a low loss RF balun, high linearity passive mixer, and a low noise IF amplifier.

Two LO amplifiers (independent of channels A and B) are also included that allow the SKY73022-11 to connect directly to the output of a Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO). This eliminates the extra gain stages needed by most discrete passive mixers. A Single Pole, Double Throw (SPDT) switch has been included to select between two different LO inputs for frequency hopping applications (i.e., GSM).

### RF Baluns and Passive Mixer

The RF baluns provide a single ended input, which can easily be matched to  $50\ \Omega$  using a simple external matching circuit. The RF baluns offer very low loss, and excellent amplitude and phase balance.

The high linearity SKY73022-11 is a passive, double balanced mixer that provides a very low conversion loss, and excellent 3<sup>rd</sup> Order Input Insertion Point (IIP3).

Additionally, the balanced nature of the mixer provides for high port-to-port isolation.

### LO Buffers and SPDT LO Switch

The LO buffers allow the input power of the SKY73022-11 to be in the range of  $\pm 6$  dBm. The LO section is optimized for high-side LO injection. However, each of the two LOs can be driven over a wide frequency range with only slight degradation in performance.

A high isolation SPDT switch allows the SKY73022-11 to be used for frequency hopping applications. This switch provides greater than 53 dB of LO1 to LO2 isolation.

LO_SEL Input	LO Path Selected
High	LO1 (pin 19) enabled
Low	LO2 (pin 27) enabled

For applications that do not require frequency hopping, LO\_SEL is fixed to one state and the appropriate LO input is used. An internal pull-down resistor enables the LO2 input.

### IF Amplifier

The SKY73022-11 includes high dynamic range IF amplifiers that follow the passive mixers in the signal path. The outputs require a supply voltage connection using inductive chokes. These choke inductors should be high-Q and have the ability to handle 200 mA or greater.

A simple matching network allows the output ports to be matched to a balanced  $200\ \Omega$  impedance. The IF amplifiers are optimized for IF frequencies between 40 and 300 MHz. The IF amplifiers can be operated outside of this range, but with a slight degradation in performance.

## Electrical and Mechanical Specifications

The absolute maximum ratings of the SKY73022-11 are provided in Table 2 and the recommended operating conditions in Table 3. Electrical characteristics for the SKY73022-11 are provided in Table 4.

Typical performance characteristics of the SKY73022-11 are illustrated in Figures 3 through 33.

**Table 2. SKY73022-11 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Supply voltage, +5 V (VCC_LO, VCC_RFA, VCC_RFB, VCC_IFA, and VCC_IFB)	VCC	4.5	5.5	V
Supply current	I <sub>CC</sub>		420	mA
RF input power	P <sub>RF</sub>		+20	dBm
LO input power	P <sub>LO</sub>		+20	dBm
Operating case temperature	T <sub>C</sub>	-40	+85	°C
Junction temperature	T <sub>J</sub>		150	°C
Storage case temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40	+125	°C

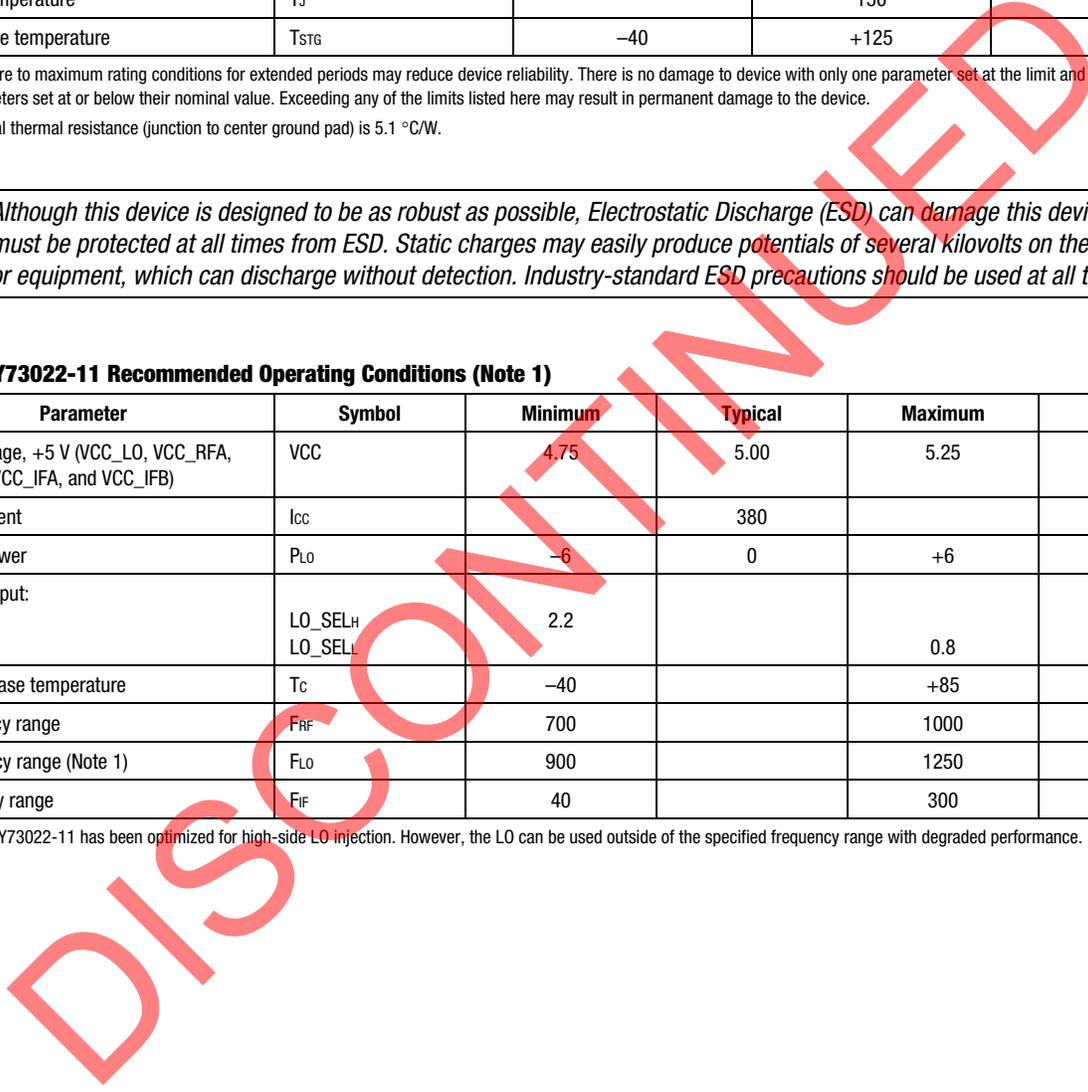
**Notes:** Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may reduce device reliability. There is no damage to device with only one parameter set at the limit and all other parameters set at or below their nominal value. Exceeding any of the limits listed here may result in permanent damage to the device.  
Nominal thermal resistance (junction to center ground pad) is 5.1 °C/W.

**CAUTION:** Although this device is designed to be as robust as possible, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage this device. This device must be protected at all times from ESD. Static charges may easily produce potentials of several kilovolts on the human body or equipment, which can discharge without detection. Industry-standard ESD precautions should be used at all times.

**Table 3. SKY73022-11 Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 1)**

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply voltage, +5 V (VCC_LO, VCC_RFA, VCC_RFB, VCC_IFA, and VCC_IFB)	VCC	4.75	5.00	5.25	V
Supply current	I <sub>CC</sub>		380		mA
LO input power	P <sub>LO</sub>	-6	0	+6	dBm
LO select input: high low	LO_SEL <sub>H</sub> LO_SEL <sub>L</sub>	2.2		0.8	V V
Operating case temperature	T <sub>C</sub>	-40		+85	°C
RF frequency range	F <sub>RF</sub>	700		1000	MHz
LO frequency range (Note 1)	F <sub>LO</sub>	900		1250	MHz
IF frequency range	F <sub>IF</sub>	40		300	MHz

**Note 1:** The SKY73022-11 has been optimized for high-side LO injection. However, the LO can be used outside of the specified frequency range with degraded performance.



**Table 4. SKY73022-11 Electrical Specifications (Note 1)****(Voltage Supply = +5 V, T<sub>c</sub> = +25 °C, L<sub>O</sub> = 0 dBm, RF Frequency = 900 MHz, IF Frequency = 201 MHz, L<sub>O</sub> Frequency = 1101 MHz, Unless Otherwise Noted)**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Conversion gain	G	F <sub>RF</sub> = 824 to 915 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 to 5.25 V, P <sub>LO</sub> = -3 to +3 dBm	7.7	9.4		dB
Gain variation over temperature		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz, T <sub>c</sub> = -40 to +85 °C		±1.0		dB
Noise Figure	NF	F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz		9.0		dB
Noise Figure variation over temperature		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz, T <sub>c</sub> = -40 to +85 °C		±0.9		dB
Noise Figure with a blocker signal	NF <sub>BLK</sub>	Blocking signal input power = +8 dBm		20.5		dB
Third order input intercept point	IIP3	F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 and 900.8 MHz, P <sub>RF</sub> = -10 dBm/each tone, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 to 5.25 V, P <sub>LO</sub> = -3 to +3 dBm	+22.6	+25.3		dBm
Input IP3 variation over temperature		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 and 900.8 MHz, T <sub>c</sub> = -40 to +85 °C		±0.1		dB
Third order output intercept point	OIP3	F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 and 900.8 MHz, P <sub>RF</sub> = -10 dBm/each tone, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 to 5.25 V, P <sub>LO</sub> = -3 to +3 dBm		+34.7		dBm
2RF – 2L <sub>O</sub>	2x2	P <sub>RF</sub> = -10 dBm		-75	-63	dBc
3RF – 3L <sub>O</sub>	3x3	P <sub>RF</sub> = -10 dBm		-80	-70	dBc
Input 1 dB compression point	IP1dB	F <sub>RF</sub> = 824 to 915 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 to 5.25 V, P <sub>LO</sub> = -3 to +3 dBm	+11.5	+13.3		dBm
Output 1 dB compression point	OP1dB			+21.7		dBm
L <sub>O1</sub> -to-L <sub>O2</sub> isolation		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz, F <sub>LO</sub> = 1101 MHz		53		dB
Channel-to-channel isolation		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz, F <sub>LO</sub> = 1101 MHz		56		dB
RF to IF isolation		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz	42	52		dB
LO leakage: @ RF port		F <sub>RF</sub> = 900 MHz, F <sub>LO</sub> = 1101 MHz		-46	-33	dBm
@ IF port				-44	-30	dBm
L <sub>O_SEL</sub> input			-20	+150	+250	μA
L <sub>O</sub> switching time					0.5	μs
RF port input return loss	Z <sub>IN_RF</sub>	With external matching components	14			dB
L <sub>O</sub> port input return loss	Z <sub>IN_LO</sub>	With external matching components	14			dB
IF port input return loss	Z <sub>OUT_IF</sub>	With external matching components	14			dB

**Note 1:** Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in this Table and is not guaranteed over the full operating or storage temperature ranges. Operation at elevated temperatures may reduce reliability of the device.

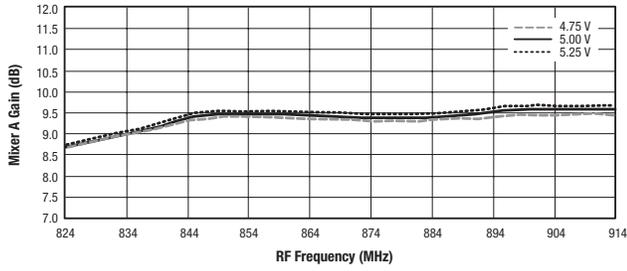


Figure 3. Mixer A Gain vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

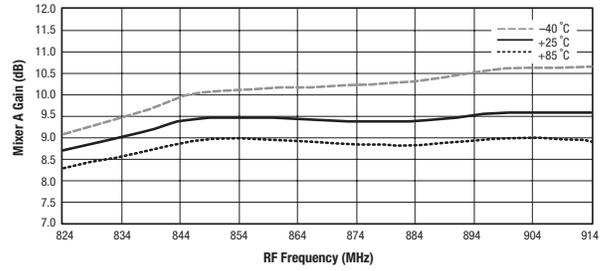


Figure 4. Mixer A Gain vs Frequency and Temperature

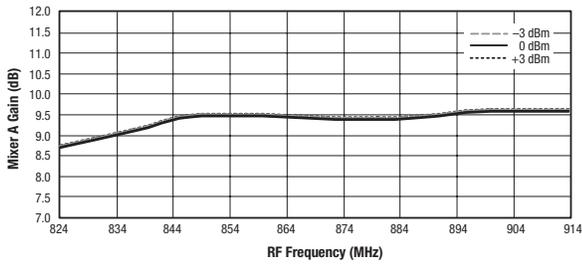


Figure 5. Mixer A Gain vs Frequency and LO Power

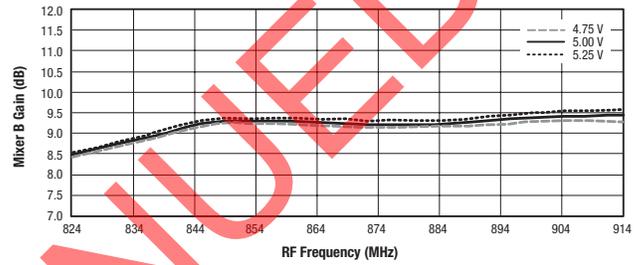


Figure 6. Mixer B Gain vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

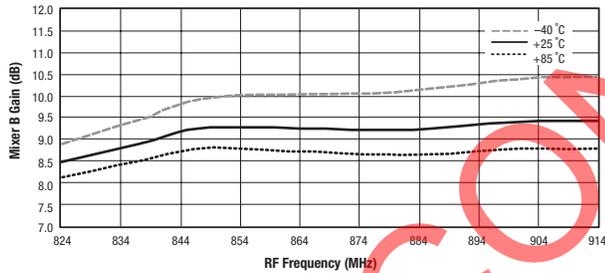


Figure 7. Mixer B Gain vs Frequency and Temperature

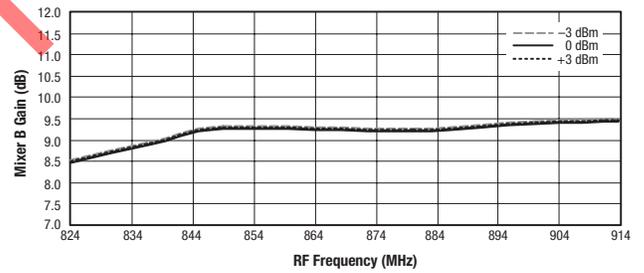


Figure 8. Mixer B Gain vs Frequency and LO Power

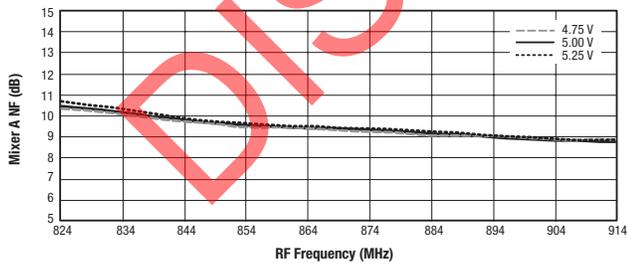


Figure 9. Mixer A Noise Figure vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

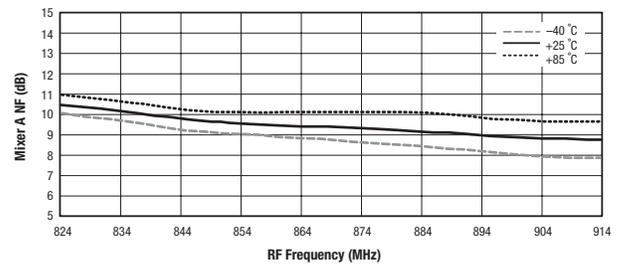


Figure 10. Mixer A Noise Figure vs Frequency and Temperature

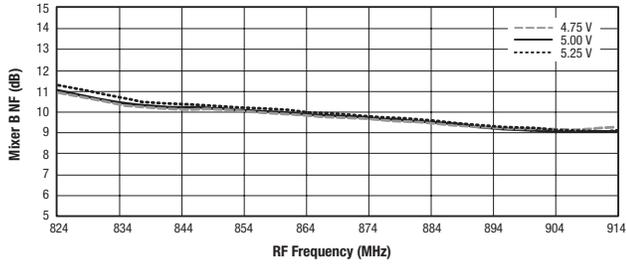


Figure 11. Mixer B Noise Figure vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

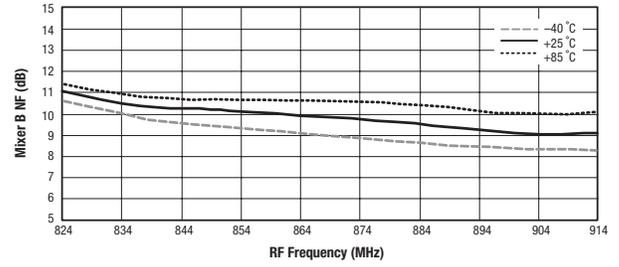


Figure 12. Mixer B Noise Figure vs Frequency and Temperature

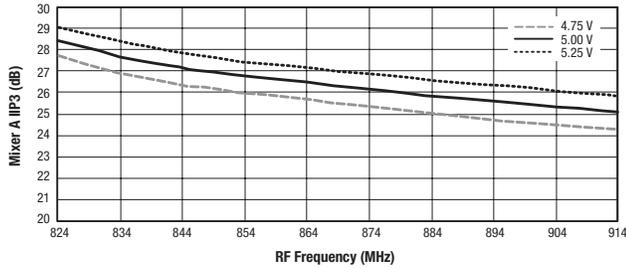


Figure 13. Mixer A IIP3 vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

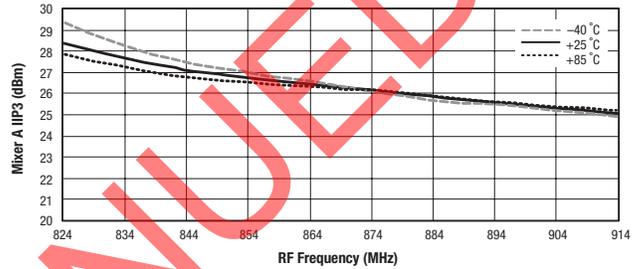


Figure 14. Mixer A IIP3 vs Frequency and Temperature

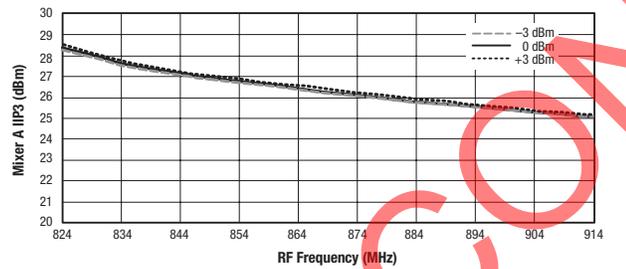


Figure 15. Mixer A IIP3 vs Frequency and LO Power

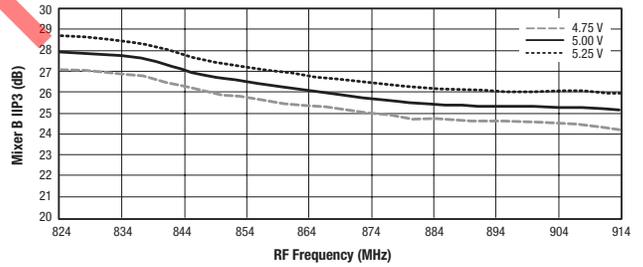


Figure 16. Mixer B IIP3 vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

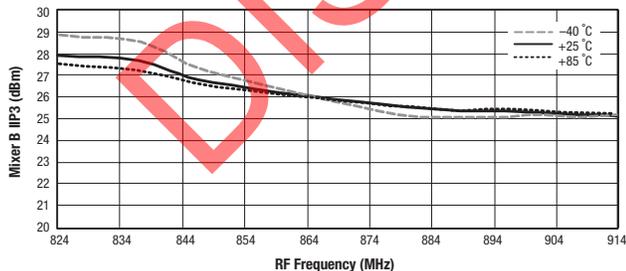


Figure 17. Mixer B IIP3 vs Frequency and Temperature

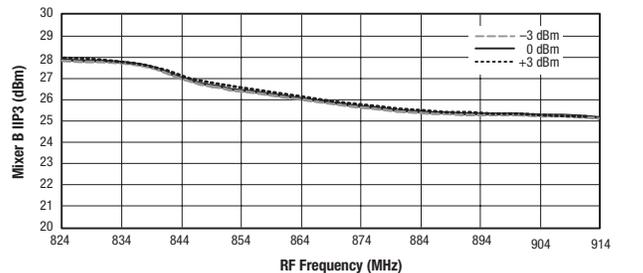


Figure 18. Mixer B IIP3 vs Frequency and LO Power

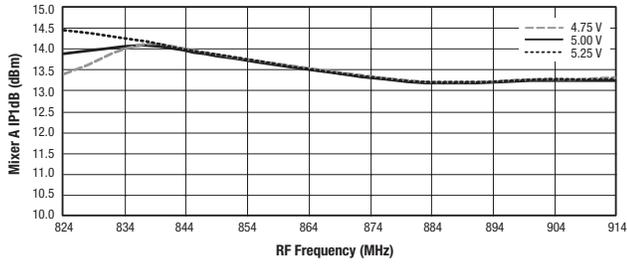


Figure 19. Mixer A Input P1dB vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

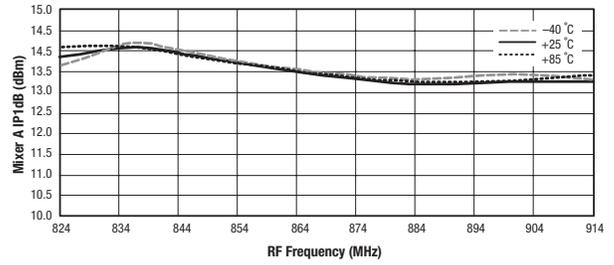


Figure 20. Mixer A Input P1dB vs Frequency and Temperature

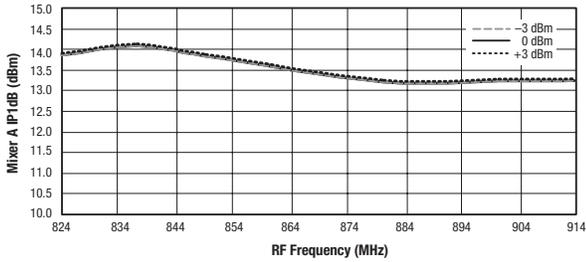


Figure 21. Mixer A Input P1dB vs Frequency and LO Power

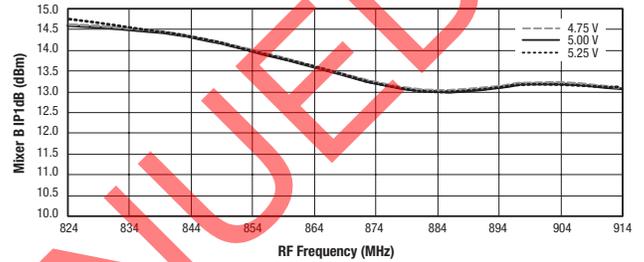


Figure 22. Mixer B Input P1dB vs Frequency and Supply Voltage

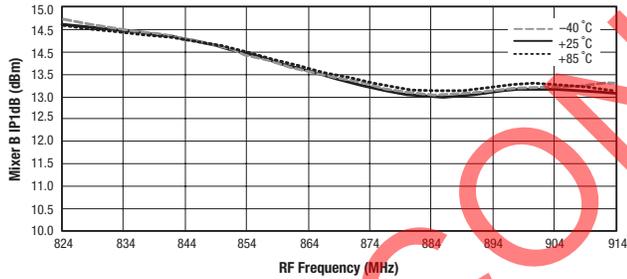


Figure 23. Mixer B Input P1dB vs Frequency and Temperature

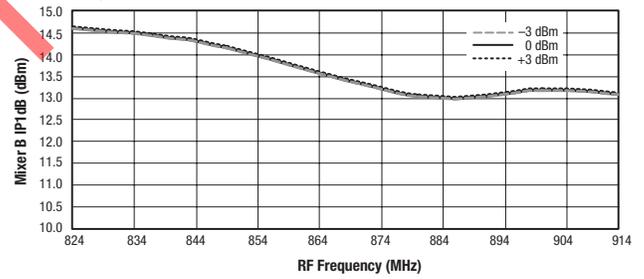


Figure 24. Mixer B Input P1dB vs Frequency and LO Power

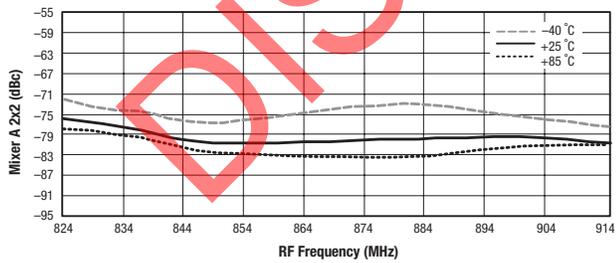


Figure 25. Mixer A 2RF-2LO vs Frequency and Temperature

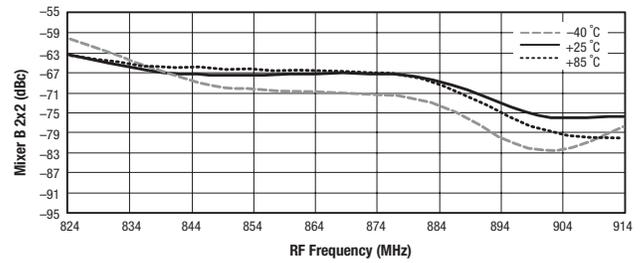
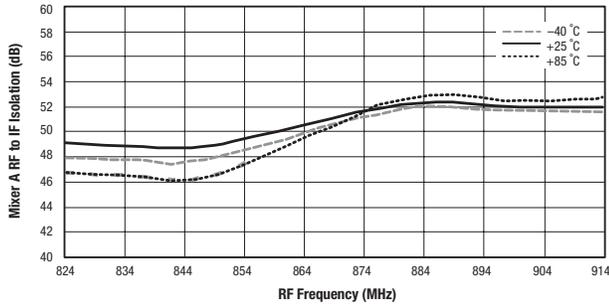
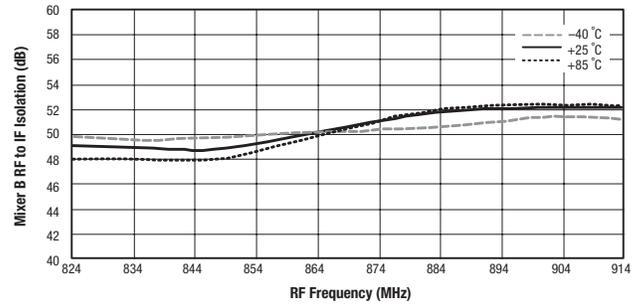


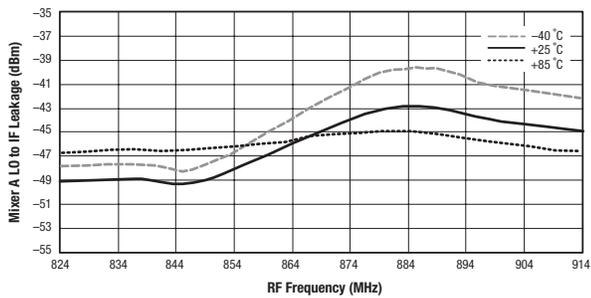
Figure 26. Mixer B 2RF-2LO vs Frequency and Temperature



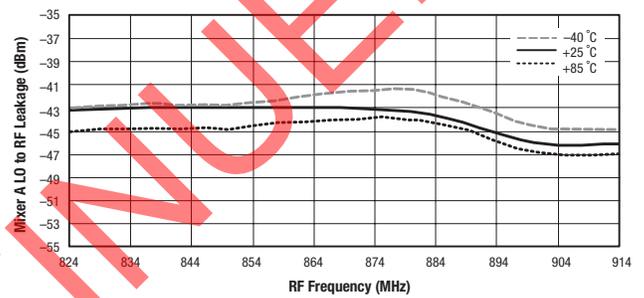
**Figure 27. Mixer A RF to IF Isolation vs Frequency and Temperature**



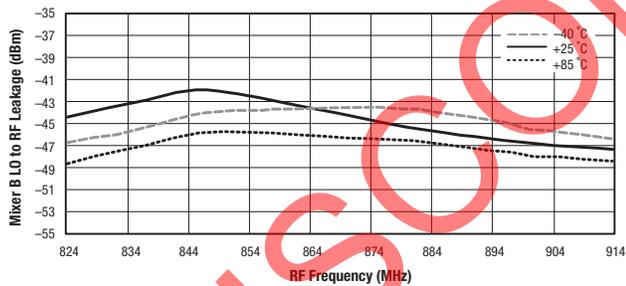
**Figure 28. Mixer B RF to IF Isolation vs Frequency and Temperature**



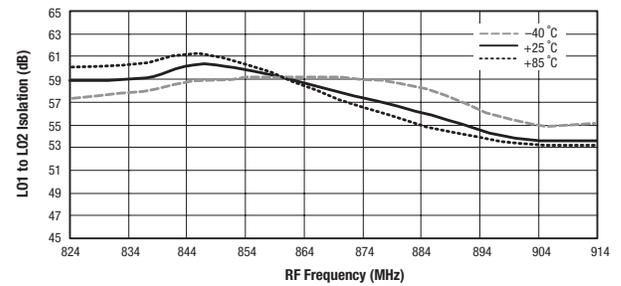
**Figure 29. Mixer A LO to IF Leakage vs Frequency and Temperature**



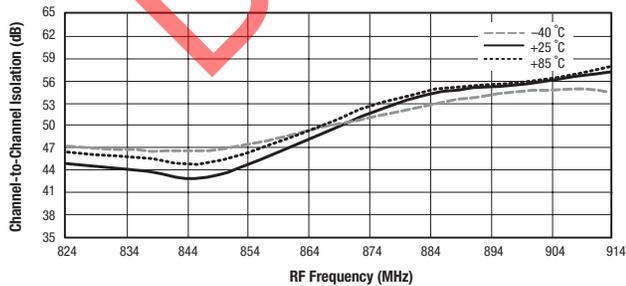
**Figure 30. Mixer A LO to RF Leakage vs Frequency and Temperature**



**Figure 31. Mixer B LO to RF Leakage vs Frequency and Temperature**



**Figure 32. LO1 to LO2 Isolation vs Frequency and Supply Voltage**



**Figure 33. Channel A to Channel B IF Isolation vs Frequency and Supply Voltage**

### Evaluation Board Description

The SKY73022-11 Evaluation Board is used to test the performance of the SKY73022-11 downconversion mixer. An assembly drawing for the Evaluation Board is shown in Figure 34 and the layer detail is provided in Figure 35.

### Circuit Design Configurations

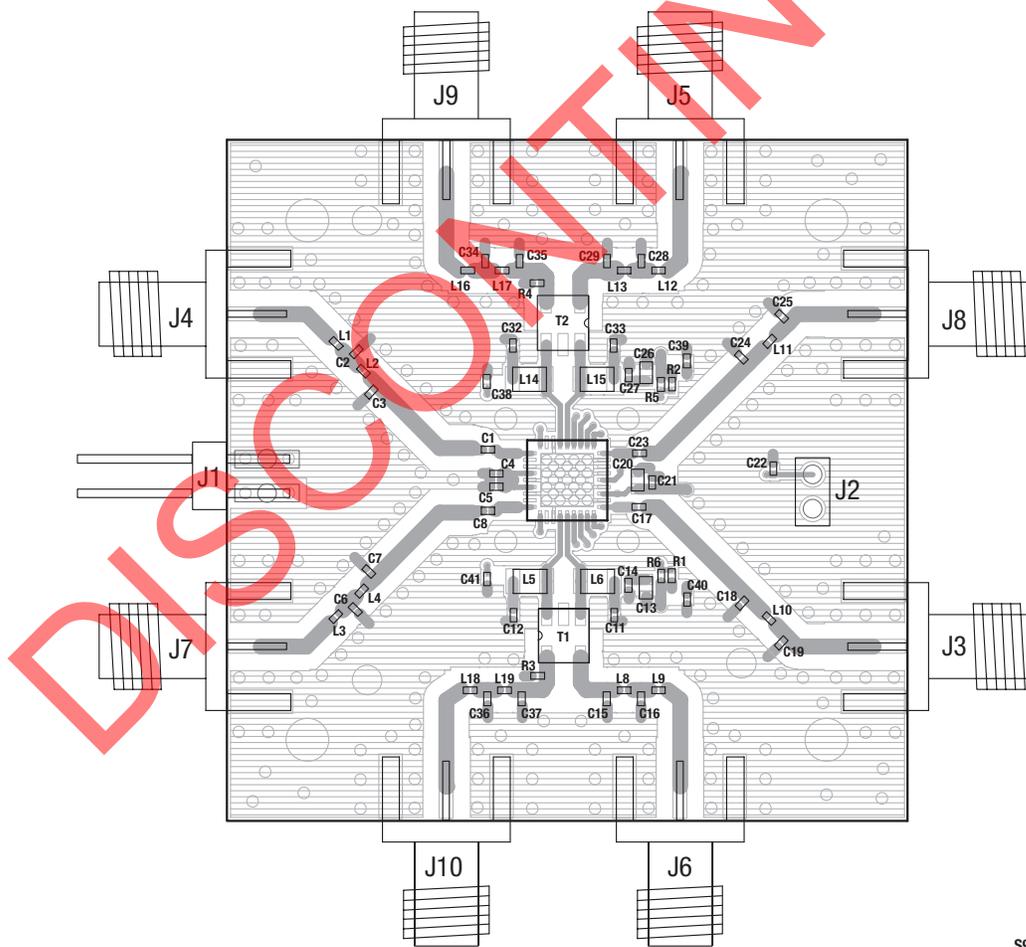
The following design considerations are general in nature and must be followed regardless of final use or configuration:

1. Paths to ground should be made as short and as low impedance as possible.
2. The ground pad of the SKY73022-11 provides critical electrical and thermal functionality. This pad is the main thermal conduit for heat dissipation. Since the circuit board acts as the heat sink, it must shunt as much heat as possible from the device. Therefore, design the connection to the

ground pad to dissipate the maximum heat produced by the circuit board. For more information on soldering the SKY73022-11, refer to the Package and Handling Information section of this Data Sheet.

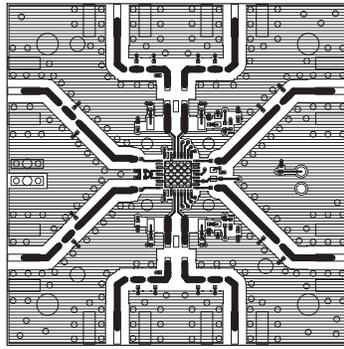
3. Skyworks recommends including external bypass capacitors on the VCC voltage inputs of the device.
4. Components L5, L6, L14, and L15 (see Figure 36) are high-Q, low loss inductors. These inductors must be able to pass currents in excess of 200 mA DC.
5. Components R1 and R2 (see Figure 36) allow for external adjustment of the IF amplifier bias points. For operation as specified in Tables 3 and 4, these resistors are not required.

A schematic diagram for the SKY73022-11 Evaluation Board is shown in Figure 36.

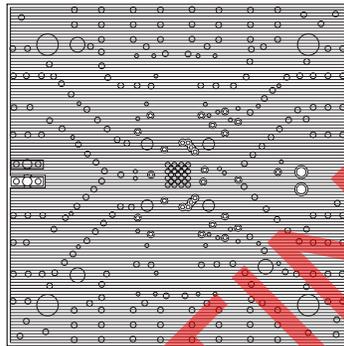


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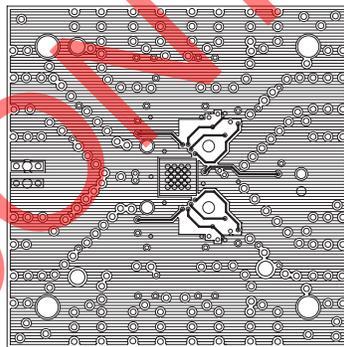
Figure 34. SKY73022-11 Evaluation Board Assembly Diagram



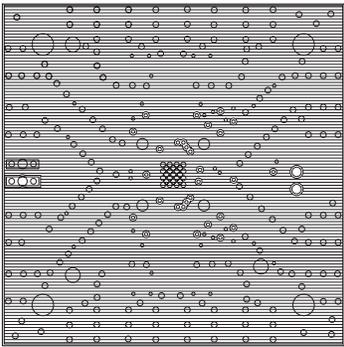
Layer 1: Top -- Metal



Layer 2: Ground



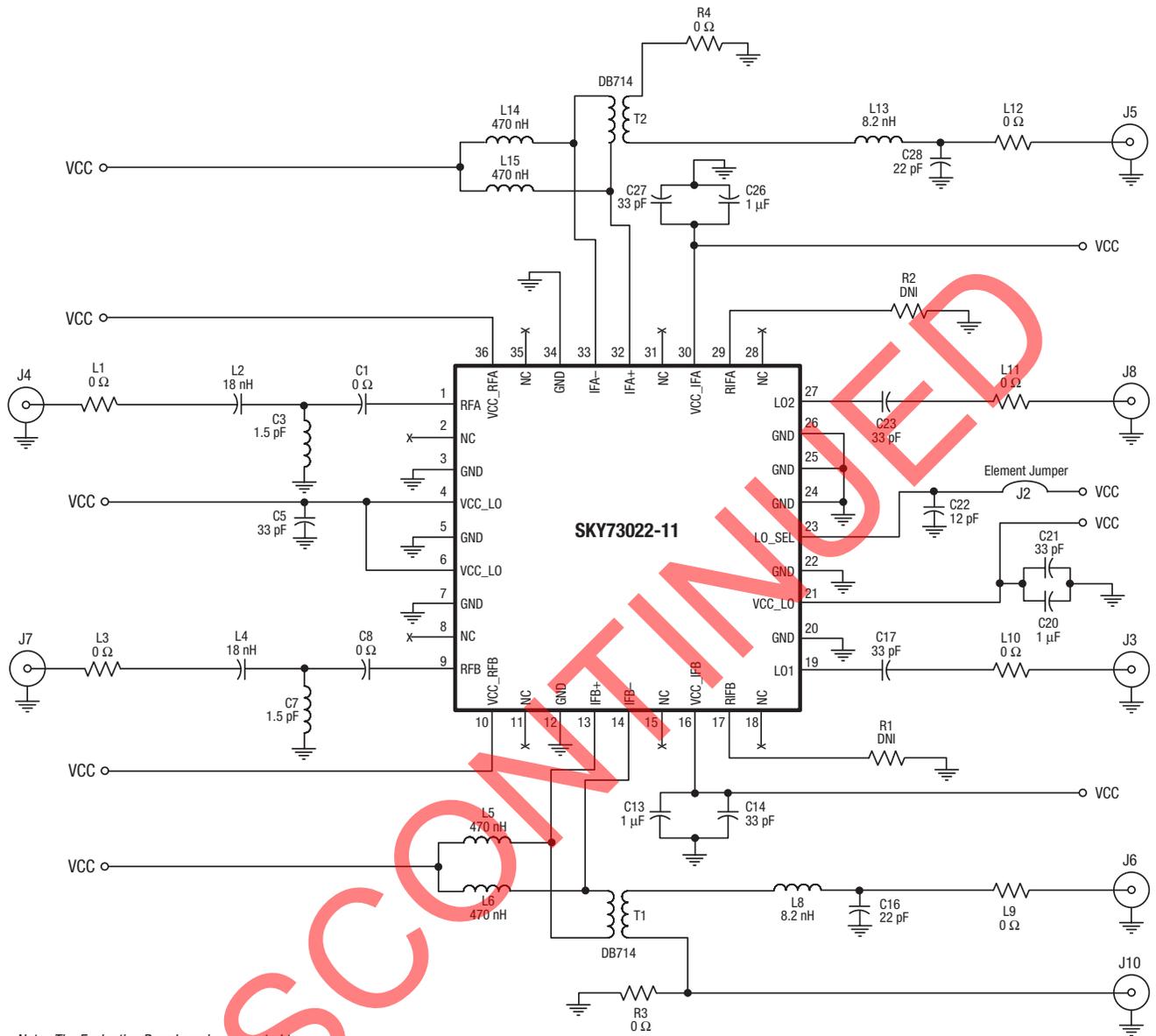
Layer 3: Power Plane



Layer 4: Solid Ground Plane

S904

**Figure 35. SKY73022-11 Evaluation Board Layer Detail**



Note: The Evaluation Board can be converted to provide a differential output by removing components T1, T2, R3, and R4.

Some component labels may be different than the corresponding component symbol shown here. Component values, however, are accurate as of the date of this Data Sheet.

Figure 36. SKY73022-11 Evaluation Board Schematic

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### Package Dimensions

The PCB layout footprint for the SKY73022-11 is provided in Figure 37. Figure 38 shows the package dimensions for the 36-pin MCM, and Figure 39 provides the tape and reel dimensions.

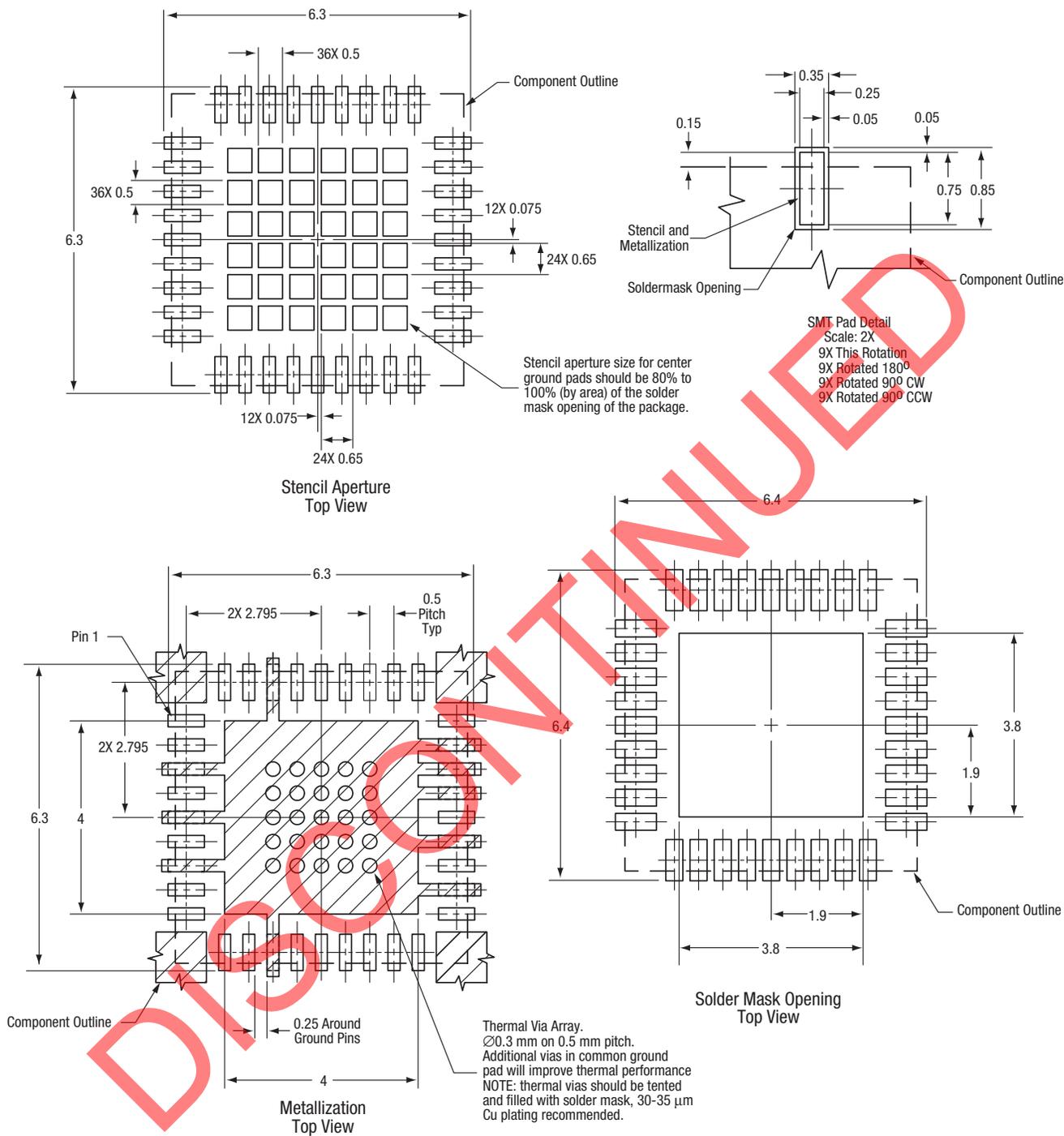
### Package and Handling Information

Since the device package is sensitive to moisture absorption, it is baked and vacuum packed before shipping. Instructions on the shipping container label regarding exposure to moisture after the container seal is broken must be followed. Otherwise, problems related to moisture absorption may occur when the part is subjected to high temperature during solder assembly.

THE SKY73022-11 is rated to Moisture Sensitivity Level 3 (MSL3) at 260 °C. It can be used for lead or lead-free soldering. For additional information, refer to the Skyworks Application Note, *PCB Design & SMT Assembly/Rework Guidelines for MCM-L Packages*, document number 101752.

Care must be taken when attaching this product, whether it is done manually or in a production solder reflow environment. Production quantities of this product are shipped in a standard tape and reel format. For packaging details, refer to the Skyworks Application Note, *Tape and Reel*, document number 101568.

DISCONTINUED



Note: The cross-hatched area represents the merger of the center ground pad + 10 individual I/O ground pads. All I/O ground pads should have at least one via connected to internal ground planes for optimum electrical performance.

All measurements are in millimeters

S1125

Figure 37. PCB Layout Footprint for the SKY73022-11 6 x 6 mm MCM





**Ordering Information**

Model Name	Manufacturing Part Number	Evaluation Kit Part Number
SKY73022-11 700-1000 MHz Downconversion Mixer	SKY73022-11 (Pb-free package)	TW16-D720

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