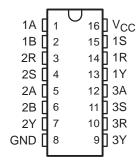
- Designed for Digital Data Transmission Over Coaxial Cable, Strip Line, or Twisted Pair
- Designed for Operation With 50- $\Omega$  to 500- $\Omega$  Transmission Lines
- TTL Compatible
- Single 5-V Supply
- Built-Input Threshold Hysteresis
- High-Speed . . . Typical Propagation Delay Time = 20 ns
- Independent Channel Strobes
- Input Gating Increases Application Flexibility
- Fanout to 10 Series 54/74 Standard Loads
- Can Be Used With Dual Line Drivers SN55121 and SN75121
- Interchangeable With Signetics N8T14

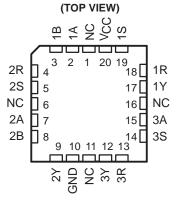
#### description

The N8T14, SN55122, and SN75122 are triple line receivers that are designed for digital data transmission over lines having impedances from 50  $\Omega$  to 500  $\Omega$ . They are also compatible with standard TTL-logic and supply voltage levels.

#### SN55122...J PACKAGE N8T14, SN75122...D OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



SN55122...FK PACKAGE



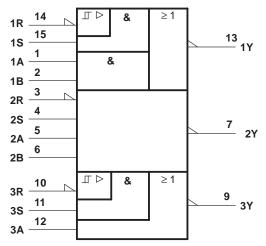
NC-No internal connection

## THE N8T14 AND SN75122 ARE NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGN

The N8T14, SN55122, and SN75122 have receiver inputs with built-in hysteresis to provide increased noise margin for single-ended systems. The high impedance of this input presents a minimum load to the driver and allows termination of the transmission line in its characteristic impedance to minimize line reflection. An open line will affect the receiver input as would a low-level voltage. The receiver can withstand a level of  $-0.15 \, \text{V}$  with power on or off. The other inputs are in TTL configuration. The S input must be high to enable the receiver input. Two of the line receivers have A and B inputs that, if both are high, will hold the output low. The third receiver has only an A input that, if high, will hold the output low.

The SN55122 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The N8T14 and SN75122 are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

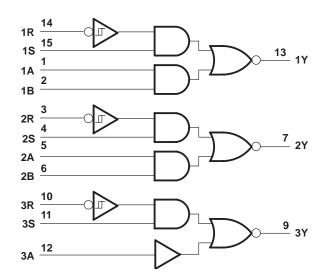
## logic symbol†



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

Pin numbers shown are for the D, J, and N packages.

## logic diagram



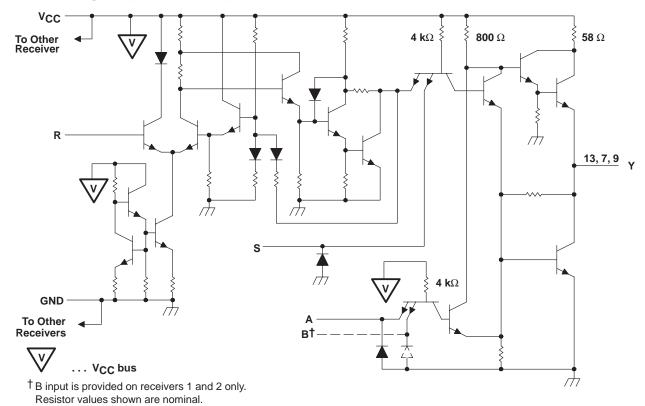
#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	INP	OUTPUT		
Α	В‡	R	S	Y
Н	Н	Х	Χ	L
Х	X	L	Н	L
L	X	Н	Χ	Н
L	X	X	L	Н
Х	L	Н	Χ	Н
Х	L	Χ	L	Н

B input and last two lines of the function table are applicable to receivers 1 and 2 only.

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant

## schematic diagram (each receiver)



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)		6 V
Input voltage: R input		6 V
A, B, or S input		5.5 V
Output voltage		
Output current		±100 mA
Continuous total power dissipation (see		
Operating free-air temperature range:	SN55122	–55°C to 125°C
	N8T14, SN75122	
Storage temperature range		65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK pa	ackage	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from	om case for 60 seconds: J package .	300°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from	om case for 10 seconds: D or N packa	ge 260°C

#### NOTES: 1. Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

2. The SN55122 chips are alloy mounted, and the SN75122 chips are glass mounted.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}} \leq 25^{\circ}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING	
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	-	
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW	
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW	
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	-	



## recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>			5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	A, B, R, or S	2			V
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	A, B, R, or S			0.8	V
High-level output current, IOH				-500	μΑ
Low-level output current, I <sub>OL</sub>				16	mA
Operating free-air temperature, TA	SN55122	-55		125	°C
	SN75122	0		70	<u> </u>

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature, $V_{CC}$ = 4.75 V to 5.25 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT		
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis (V <sub>T+</sub> – V <sub>T-</sub> )	R	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,	See Figures 2 and 4	0.3	0.6		V
VIK	Input clamp voltage	A, B, or S	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	I <sub>I</sub> = -12 mA				-1.5	V
V <sub>I(BR)</sub>	Input breakdown voltage	A, B, or S	$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	I <sub>I</sub> = 10 mA		5.5			V
			V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V,	$I_{OH} = -500  \mu A$	2.6			
VOH	High-level output voltage		$V_{I(A)} = 0,$ $V_{I(R)} = 1.45 \text{ V},$	$V_{I(B)} = 0,$ $I_{OH} = -500 \mu\text{A},$	$V_{I(S)} = 2 V$ , See Note 3	2.6			V
			V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA			0.4	
V <sub>OL</sub> Low-level output voltage		$V_{I(A)} = 0,$ $V_{I(R)} = 1.45 \text{ V},$	$V_{I(B)} = 0,$ $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA},$	V <sub>I(S)</sub> = 2 V, See Note 4			0.4	V	
1	High lovel input current	A, B, or S	V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5 V					40	^
l IH	High-level input current	R	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.8 V					170	μΑ
IIL	Low-level input current	A, B, or S	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V,	V <sub>IR</sub> = 0.8 V		-0.1		-1.6	mA
los <sup>‡</sup>	Short-circuit output current		$V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		-50		-100	mA
ICCH	High-level supply current		$V_{CC} = MAX$ ,	All inputs at 0.8	V, Outputs open			72	mA
ICCL	Low-level supply current		$V_{CC} = MAX$ ,	All inputs at 2 V,	Outputs open			100	mA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

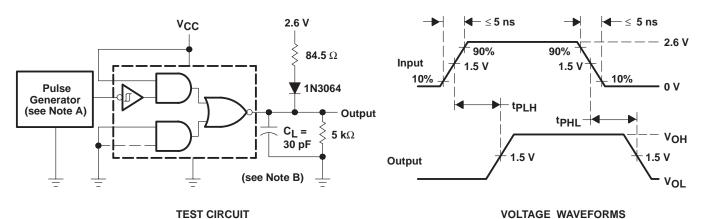
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from R input	Coo Figure 1		20	30	20
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from R input	See Figure 1		20	30	ns

<sup>‡</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.

NOTES: 3. The receiver input is high immediately before being reduced to 1.45 V.

<sup>4.</sup> The receiver input is low immediately before being increased to 1.45 V.

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_W = 200 \ ns$ , duty cycle = 50%, PRR  $\leq$  500 kHz. B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

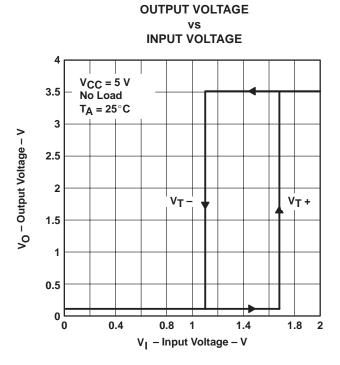


Figure 2

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

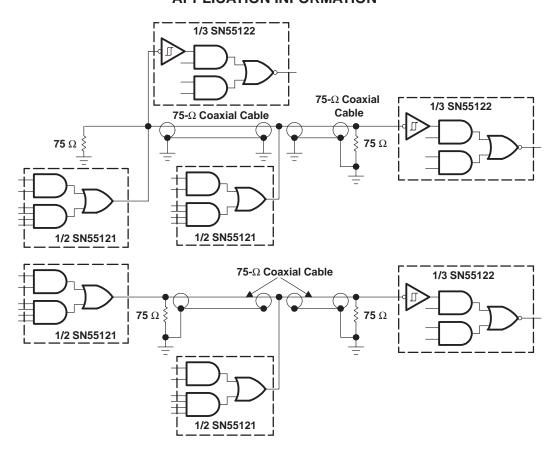
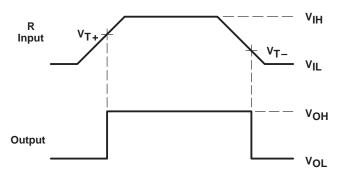


Figure 3. Single-Ended Party Line Circuits



NOTE: The high gain and built-in hysteresis of the SN55122 and SN75122 line receivers enable them to be used as Schmitt triggers in squaring pulses.

Figure 4. Pulse Squaring



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