

SN75LVDM976 SN75LVDM977

SLLS292B-APRIL 1998-REVISED JANUARY 2000

DGG PACKAGE

# 9-CHANNEL DUAL-MODE TRANSCEIVERS

## **FEATURES**

- 9 Channels for the Data and Control Paths of the Small Computer Systems Interface (SCSI)
- Supports Single-Ended and Low-Voltage
   Differential (LVD) SCSI
- CMOS Input Levels ('LVDM976) or TTL Input Levels ('LVDM977) Available
- Includes DIFFSENS Comparators on CDE0
- Single-Ended Receivers Include Noise Pulse Rejection Circuitry
- Packaged in Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package With 20-Mil Terminal Pitch
- Low Disabled Supply Current 7 mA Maximum
- Power-Up/Down Glitch Protection
- Bus is High-Impedance With V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V
- Pin-Compatible With the SN75976ADGG High-Voltage Differential Transceiver

## DESCRIPTION

The SN75LVDM976 and SN75LVDM977 have nine transceivers for transmitting or receiving the signals to or from a SCSI data bus. They offer electrical compatibility to both the single-ended signaling of X3.277:1996-SCSI-3 Parallel Interface (Fast-20) and the new low-voltage differential signaling method of proposed standard 1142-D SCSI Parallel Interface – 2 (SPI-2).

The differential drivers are nonsymmetrical. The SCSI bus uses a dc bias on the line to allow terminated fail safe and wired-OR signaling. This bias can be as high as 125 mV and induces a difference in the high-to-low and low-to-high transition times of a symmetrical driver. In order to reduce pulse skew, an LVD SCSI driver's output characteristics become nonsymmetrical. In other words, there is more assertion current than negation current to or from the driver. This allows the actual differential signal voltage on the bus to be symmetrical about 0 V. Even though the driver output characteristics are nonsymmetrical, the design of the 'LVDM976 drivers maintains balanced signaling. Balanced means that the current that flows in each signal line is nearly equal but opposite in direction and is one of the keys to the low-noise performance of a differential bus.

_	(TOP VI	EW)	
		56 C	DE2
GND [	2	E	DE1
GND	3	54 ] C	
1A [	4	53 9B	
1DE/RE	5	52 9B	
2A	6	51 8B	
2DE/RE	7	50 8B	
3A [	8	49 7B	
3DE/RE	9	48 7B	
4A [	10	47 6B	
4DE/RE	11	46 6B	
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	45 VC	
GND	13	44 G	
GND	14	43 GI	
GND	15	42 G	
GND	16	41 ] GI	١D
GND	17	40 GI	
V <sub>CC</sub>	18	39 VC	с
5A [	19	38 5B	+
5DE/RE	20	37 5B	-
6A [	21	36 <b>]</b> 4B	+
6DE/RE	22	35 <b>4</b> B	-
7A [	23	34 3B	+
7DE/RE	24	33 3B	-
8A [	25	32 ] 2B	+
8DE/RE	26	31 2B	-
9A [	27	30 ] 1B	+
9DE/RE	28	29 ] 1B	<u> </u>

### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

	PACKAGE			
T <sub>A</sub>	TSSOP (DGG) CMOS INPUT LEVELS	TSSOP (DGG) TTL INPUTS LEVELS		
0°C to 70°C	SN75LVDM976DGG SN75LVDM976DGGR <sup>(1)</sup>	SN75LVDM977DGG SN75LVDM977DGGR <sup>(1)</sup>		

(1) The R suffix designates a taped and reeled package.



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## **DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)**

The signal symmetry requirements of the LVD-SCSI bus mean you can no longer obtain logical inversion of a signal by simply reversing the differential signal connections. This requires the ability to invert the logic convention through the INV/NON terminal. This input would be a low for SCSI controllers with active-high data and high for active-low data. In either case, the B+ signals of the transceiver must be connected to the SIGNAL+ line of the SCSI bus and the B- of the transceiver to the SIGNAL- line.

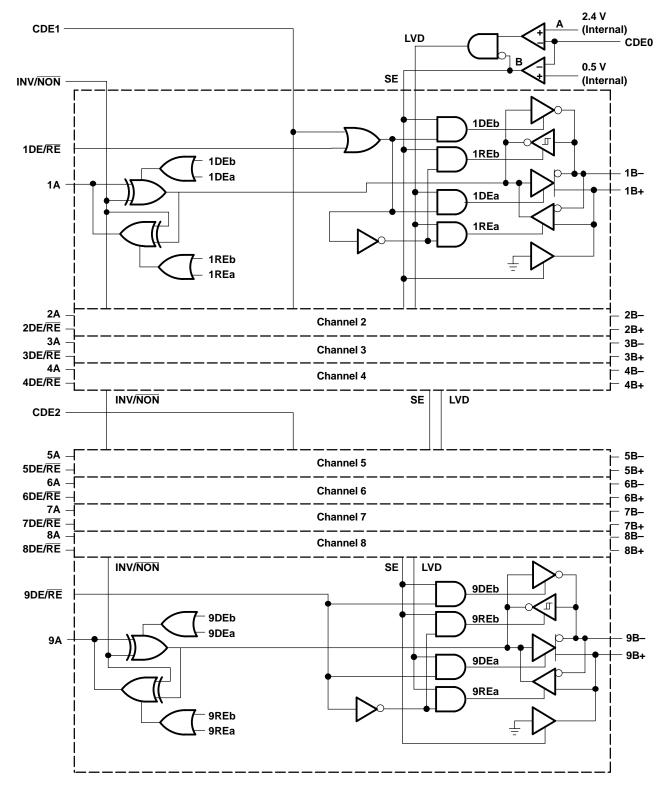
The CDE0 input incorporates a window comparator to detect the status of the DIFFSENS line of a SCSI bus. This line is below 0.5 V, if using single-ended signals, between 1.7 V and 1.9 V if low-voltage differential, and between 2.4 V and 5.5 V if high-voltage differential. The outputs assume the characteristics of single-ended or LVD accordingly or place the outputs into high-impedance, when HVD is detected. This, and the INV/NON input, are the only differences to the trade-standard function of the SN75976A HVD transceiver.

Two options are offered to minimize the signal noise margins on the interface between the communications controller and the transceiver. The SN75LVDM976 has logic input voltage thresholds of about 0.5  $V_{CC}$ . The SN75LVDM977 has a fixed logic input voltage threshold of about 1.5 V. The input voltage threshold should be selected to be near the middle of the output voltage swing of the corresponding driver circuit.

The SN75LVDM976 and SN75LVDM977 are characterized for operation over an free-air temperature range of  $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to 70°C.

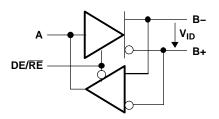


### LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)

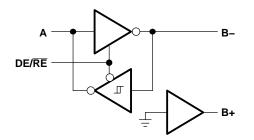




## LOGIC DIAGRAMS AND FUNCTION TABLES



## Figure 1. Inverting LVD Transceiver



### Figure 2. Inverting Single-Ended Transceiver

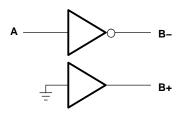


Figure 3. Inverting Single-Ended Driver

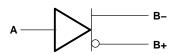


Figure 4. Inverting LVD Driver

## FUNCTION TABLE

INPU"	C	OUTPUT	S		
(B+ – B–)	DE/RE	А	B+	В-	А
$V_{ID} \ge 30 \text{ mV}$	L	NA	Z	Z	L
-30 mV < V <sub>ID</sub> < 30 mV	L	NA	Z	Z	?
V <sub>ID</sub> – 30 mV	L	NA	Z	Z	Н
Open circuit	L	NA	Z	Z	?
NA H		L	н	L	Z
NA	Н	Н	L	Н	Z

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

IN	1	OUTPUTS	5		
В-	DE/RE	A	B+	B–	А
Н	L	NA	L	Z	L
L	L	NA	L	Z	Н
Open circuit	L	NA	L	Z	?
NA	Н	L	L	Н	Z
NA	Н	Н	L	L	Z

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

INPUT	OUTPUTS		
А	B+	В-	
L	L	Н	
Н	L	L	

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

INPUT	OUTPUTS		
А	B+	В-	
L	Н	L	
Н	L	Н	

SN75LVDM976 SN75LVDM977

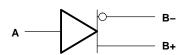


Figure 5. Noninverting LVD Driver

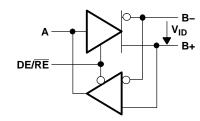


Figure 6. Noninverting LVD Transceiver

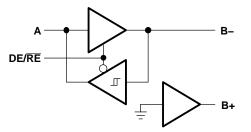


Figure 7. Noninverting Single-Ended Transceiver

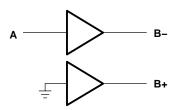


Figure 8. Noninverting Single-Ended Driver

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### FUNCTION TABLE

INPUT	OUTPUTS		
А	B+	В-	
L	L	Н	
Н	Н	L	

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

INPU	C	OUTPUT	S		
(B+ – B–)	DE/RE	А	B+	B–	А
$V_{ID} \ge 30 \text{ mV}$	L	NA	Z	Z	Н
-30 mV < V <sub>ID</sub> < 30 mV	L	NA	Z	Z	?
V <sub>ID</sub> ≤– 30 mV	L	NA	Z	Z	L
Open circuit	Open circuit L		Z	Z	?
NA	NA H		L	н	Z
NA	Н	Н	Н	L	Z

### **FUNCTION TABLE**

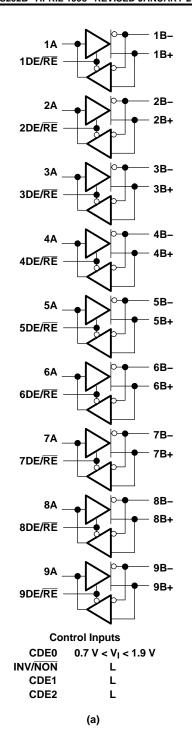
INPUTS				OUTPUTS	6
В-	DE/RE A		B+	B–	A
Н	L	NA	L	Z	Н
L	L	NA	L	Z	L
Open circuit	L	NA	L	Z	?
NA	Н	L	L	L	Z
NA	Н	Н	L	Н	Z

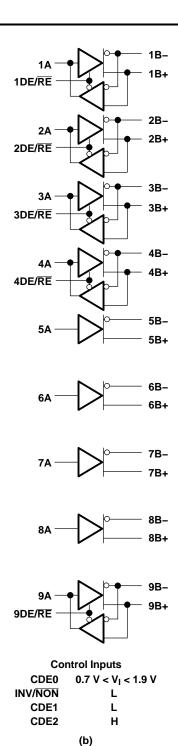
### **FUNCTION TABLE**

INPUT	OUTPUTS			
А	B+	В-		
L	L	L		
Н	L	Н		

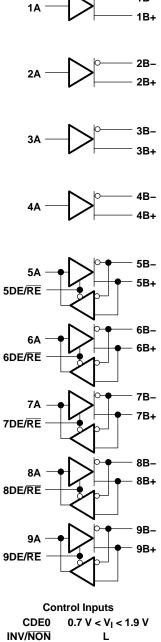
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1B-







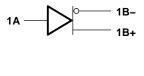


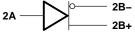


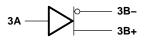
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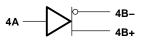
1B-

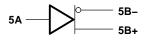


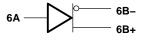


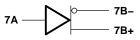


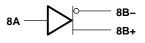


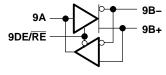












 Control Inputs

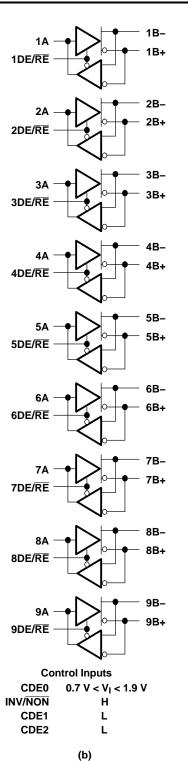
 CDE0
 0.7 V < VI < 1.9 V</td>

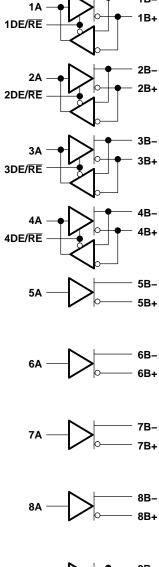
 INV/NON
 L

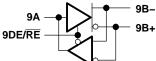
 CDE1
 H

 CDE2
 H

(a)







 Control Inputs

 CDE0
 0.7 V < VI < 1.9 V</td>

 INV/NON
 H

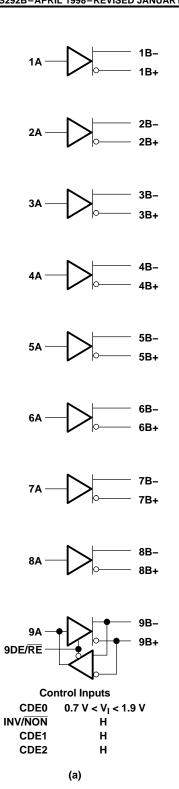
 CDE1
 L

 CDE2
 H

 (C)

Figure 10. Logic Diagrams

SN75LVDM976 SN75LVDM977 SLLS292B-APRIL 1998-REVISED JANUARY 2000 TEXAS INSTRUMENTS www.ti.com



1DE/RE 1B+ 2A 2B-2DE/RE 2B+ 3B-3A 3DE/RE 3B+ 4A 4B-4DE/RE 4B+ 5B-5A 5DE/RE 5B+ 6A 6B-6DE/RE 6B+ 7B-7A 7DE/RE П 7B+ 8A 8B-8DE/RE 8B+ 9B-9A 9DE/RE 9B+ **Control Inputs** CDE0 V<sub>I</sub> < 0.5 V

1A

1B-

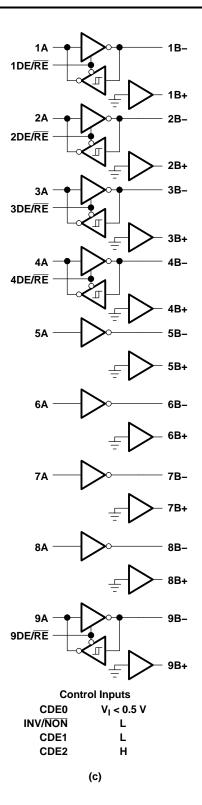


Figure 11. Logic Diagrams

(b)

L

L

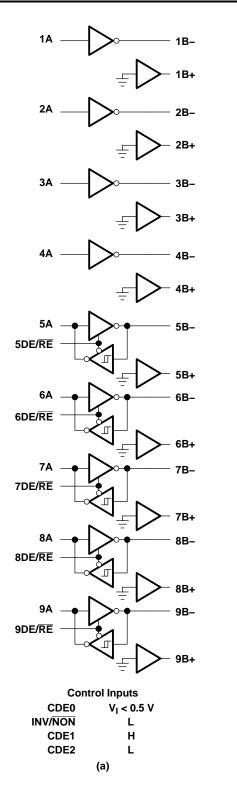
L

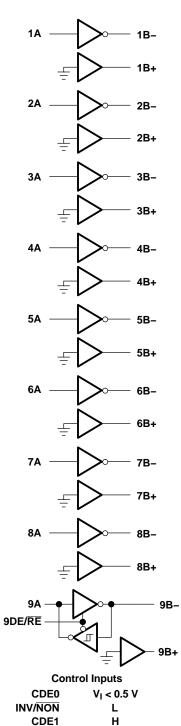
INV/NON

CDE1

CDE2







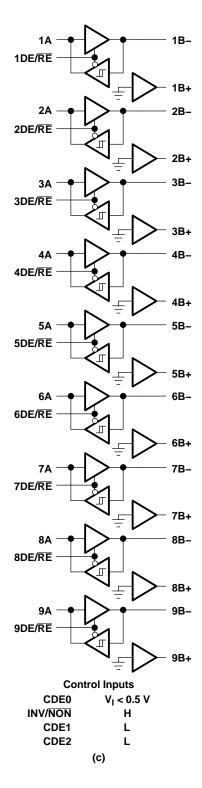


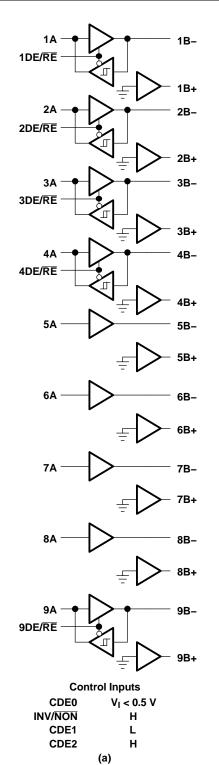
Figure 12. Logic Diagrams

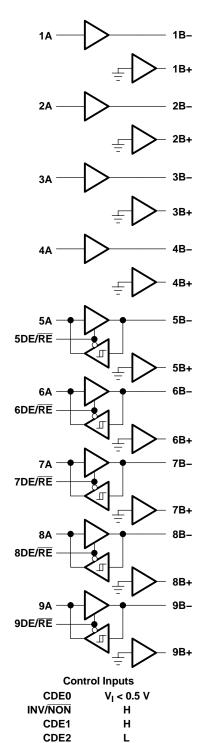
(b)

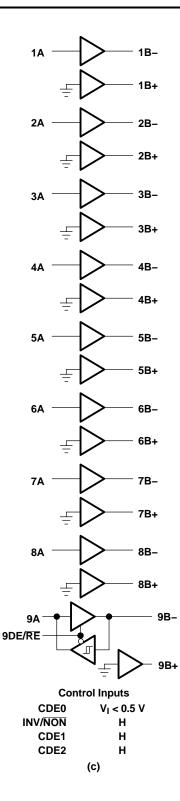
н

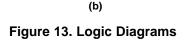
CDE2

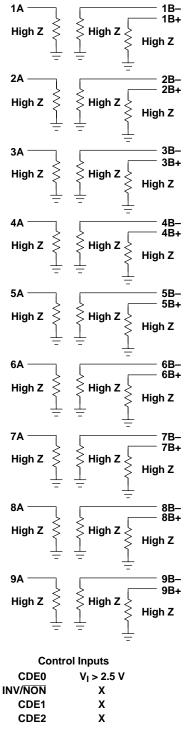
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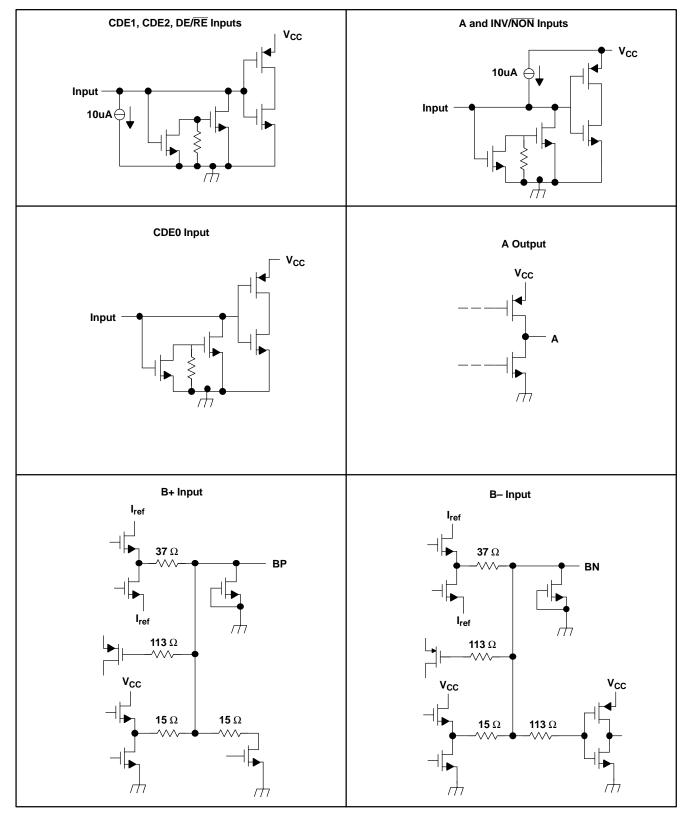








### INPUT AND OUTPUT EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



### **Terminal Functions**

TERMINAL		VINAL LOGIC LOGIC I/O ion		Terminat ion	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	Level				
1A - 9A	4,6,8,10, 19,21,23, 25,27	CMOS	TTL	I/O	Pullup	1A - 9A carry data to and from the communication controller.
1B— 9B–	29,31,33, 35,37,46, 48,50,52	LVD or TTL	LVD or TTL	I/O	None	1B- to 9B- are the signals to and from the data bus. When INV/NON is low, the logic sense is the opposite that of the A input (inverted). When INV/NON is high, the logic sense is the same as the A input (noninverted).
1B+ - 9B+	30,32,34, 36,38,47, 49,51,53	LVD or GND	LVD or GND	I/O	None	When in the LVD mode, 1B+ - 9B+ are signals to or from the data bus and follow the same logic sense as the A input when INV/NON is low (noninverted). The logic sense is opposite that of the A input (inverted) when INV/NON is high. When in single-ended mode, these terminals become a ground connection through a transistor and do not switch.
CDE0	54	Trinary	Trinary	Input	None	CDE0 is the common driver enable 0. With the driver enabled and the CDE0 input less than 0.5 V, the driver output is single-ended mode. With the driver enabled and the CDE0 input between 0.7 V and 1.9 V the driver output is LVD mode. All drivers are disabled when the input is greater than 2.4 V.
CDE1	55	CMOS	TTL	Input	Pulldown	CDE1 is the common driver enable 1. When CDE1 is high, drivers 1–4 are enabled
CDE2	56	CMOS	TTL	Input	Pulldown	CDE2 is the common driver enable 2. When CDE2 is high, drivers 5 to 8 are enabled.
1DE/RE - 9DE/RE	5,7,9,11, 20,22,24, 26,28	CMOS	TTL	Input	Pulldown	1DE/RE–9DE/RE are direction controls that transmit data to the bus when it is high and CDE0 is below 2.2 V. Data is received from the bus when 1DE/RE- 9DE/RE, CDE1, and CDE2 are low.
GND	2,3,13,14, 15,16,17, 40,41,42, 43,44	NA	NA	Power	NA	GND is the circuit ground.
INV/NON	1	CMOS	CMOS	Input	Pullup	A high-level input to INV/NON inverts the logic to and from the A terminals. (i.e., the voltage at A terminal and the corresponding B-terminal are in phase.)
V <sub>CC</sub>	12,18,39, 45	NA	NA	Power	NA	Supply voltage

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		–0.5 V to 7 V
Vi	Input voltago rongo	(A, INV/NON)	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
vi	Input voltage range	(DE/RE, B+, B-, CDE0, CDE1, CDE2)	–0.5 V to 5.25 V
	Continuous total power dissip	ation	See Dissipation Rating Table
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range,		–65°C to 150°C
	Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds		260°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to GND unless otherwise noted.



## **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C	DERATING FACTOR	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C
	POWER RATING	ABOVE $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	POWER RATING
DGG	978 mW	10.8 mW/°C	492 mW

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (see Figure 15)**

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		4.75	5	5.25	V
V <sub>IH</sub> I V <sub>IL</sub> I  V <sub>ID</sub>   I	Lligh lovel input veltage	SN75LVDM976	0.7 V <sub>CC</sub>			V
vн	High-level input voltage	SN75LVDM977	2			v
M		SN75LVDM976		75     5     5.25       2     0.3 V <sub>CC</sub> 0.3     0.8       03     3.6       0.7     1.8       00     125       7     2       48     2	V	
VIL	Low-level input voltage	SN75LVDM977				v
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input voltage	Differential receiver	0.03		3.6	V
V <sub>IC</sub>	Common-mode input voltag	2	0.7	0.7 1.8		
V <sub>OD(bias)</sub>	Differential output voltage bias	Differential	100		125	mV
	Link laurel eutrust europet	Single-ended driver			7	
IOH	High-level output current	Receiver			2	mA
	I and land an tank an impact	Single-ended driver			48	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	Receiver			2	mA
ZL	Differential load impedance		40		65	Ω
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperatu	re	0		70	°C

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAN	IETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
	High-level input current	CDE1 and CDE2				50	μA
ΙΗ		INV/NON				50	μΑ
	In Low-level input current	CDE1 and CDE2				50	
IIL.	Low-level input current	INV/NON				50	μA
			Disabled			7	
			LVD drivers enabled,	No load		26	
$I_{CC}$	Supply current		Single-ended drivers enabled,	No load		10	mA
			LVD receivers enabled,	No load		26	
			Singled-ended receivers enabled,	No load		7	
CI	Input capacitance	Bus terminal	$V_{I} = 0.2 \sin (2 \pi (1E06)t) + 0.5 \pm 0.5$	01 V	9.5		pF
$\Delta C_{I}$	Difference in input capac	citance between B+ and B-				0.2	μr

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## DIFFSENS (CDE0) RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP( 1)	МАХ	UNIT
V <sub>IT1</sub>	Input threshold voltage		0.5	0.6	0.7	V
V <sub>IT2</sub>	Input threshold voltage		1.9	2.1	2.4	v
I <sub>I</sub>	Input current	$0~V \leq V_I \leq 2.7~V$			±1	μA
I <sub>I(OFF)</sub>	Power-off input current	$V_{CC}=0,~0~V\leq V_{I}\leq 2.7~V$			±1	μA

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

## LVD DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
			$V_{I(1)} = 0.96 V, V_{I(2)} = 0.53 V,$	270	460	780		
Varus	Driver differential high-le	vel output	Sèé Figure 16	0.69 V <sub>OD(L)</sub>  +50		1.45 V <sub>OD(L)</sub>  -65	mV	
V <sub>OD(H)</sub>	voltage		V <sub>I(1)</sub> = 1.96 V, V <sub>I(2)</sub> = 1.53 V,	270	500	780	IIIV	
			Sèé Figure 16	0.69 V <sub>OD(L)</sub>  +50		1.45 V <sub>OD(L)</sub>  -65		
V	Driver differential low-lev	el output	$V_{I(1)} = 0.96 \text{ V}, V_{I(2)} = 0.53 \text{ V},$ See Figure 16	260	400	640	mV	
V <sub>OD(L)</sub>	voltage		$V_{I(1)} = 1.96 \text{ V}, V_{I(2)} = 1.53 \text{ V},$ See Figure 16	260	400	640	IIIV	
V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Steady-state common-m voltage	ode output		1.1	1.2	1.5	V	
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Change in steady-state common-mode output vo between logic states	oltage	$V_{I(1)} = 1.41 \text{ V}, V_{I(2)} = 0.99 \text{ V},$ See Figure 17		±50	±120	mV	
V <sub>OC(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak common-n output voltage	node			80	150	mV	
	Lligh lovel input ourrest	А		7				
IIH	High-level input current	DE/RE	V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V ('976) V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V ('977)			50	μA	
	Low lovel input ourrent	А				30		
IIL	Low-level input current	DE/RE	V <sub>IL</sub> = 1.6 V ('976)V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V ('977)	8			μA	
I <sub>O(OFF)</sub>	Power-off output current		$V_{CC} = 0, \ 0 \ \forall \leq V_O \leq 2.5 \ \forall$			±1	μA	
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current		$0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{O} \le 2.5 \text{ V}$			±24	mA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance output of	current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 or 2.5 V			±1	μA	

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

## LVD DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted) (See Figure 16)

	PARAMETER	TEST CC	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP( 1)	МАХ	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output			2.9		8.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>12</sub> = 0.99 V,	V <sub>I1</sub> = 1.41 V, T₄ = 25°C	2.9		8.8	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time			1	3	6	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time	1,2 = 0.00 1,	1 <sub>A</sub> = 20 0	1	3	6	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>  )					3.7	ns
t <sub>sk(lim)</sub>	Skew limit <sup>(2)</sup>					5.9	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output	V <sub>11</sub> = 1.41 V,	V 0.00.V			50	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, receiver to driver	V <sub>I1</sub> = 1.41 V, See Figure 18	V <sub>I2</sub> = 0.99 V,			33	ns

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

(2) t<sub>sk(lim)</sub> is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

## **SN75LVDM976** SN75LVDM977

SLLS292B-APRIL 1998-REVISED JANUARY 2000

### **Texas STRUMENTS** www.ti.com

## SINGLE-ENDED DRIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V	High lovel output veltage	B– output	I <sub>OH</sub> = -7 mA,	See Figure 19	2		3.24	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	B- Output	$I_{OH} = 0 \text{ mA}$				3.7	V
	Low-level output voltage	B- output	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA			0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>		B+	$I_{OL} = -25 \text{ mA}$				-0.5	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 25 mA	$I_{OL} = 25 \text{ mA}$				0.5	v
	High lovel input ourrest	А		6), V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V ('977)	-7			
ΙН	High-level input current	DE/RE	v <sub>III</sub> = 3.3 v (976)	), $V_{\rm IH} = 2 V (977)$			50	μA
	Low lovel input ourrest	A	\/ 1 C \/ ('07C)				-30	
ιL	Low-level input current	DE/RE	V <sub>IL</sub> = 1.6 V (976)	, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V ('977)	8			μA
I <sub>O(OFF)</sub>	Power-off output current	В-	$V_{CC} = 0,$	$0~\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{O}} \leq 5.25~\text{V}$			±1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance output curre	nt	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$				±1	μA

## SINGLE-ENDED DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MI N	TYP( 1)	МАХ	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output		2.7		8.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ See Figure 19}$	2.7		8.2	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time		0.5		4	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time				4	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>  )	_			3.4	ns
t <sub>sk(lim)</sub>	Skew limit <sup>(2)</sup>				5.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, receiver to driver				50	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output	See Figure 20			30	ns

 All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
 t<sub>sk(lim)</sub> is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

## LVD RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP M	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IT+}$	Positive-going differential input voltage threshold	See Figure 21			30	mV
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going differential input voltage threshold	See Figure 21			-30	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	3.7			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA			0.5	V
I <sub>I</sub>	Input current, B+ or B-	$V_{I} = 0 V \text{ to } 2.5 V$			±1	μΑ
I <sub>I(OFF</sub> )	Power-off Input current, B+ or B-	$V_{CC} = 0,$ $V_{I} = 0 V \text{ to } 2.5 V$			±1	μA
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input current, DE/RE	V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V ('976), V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V ('977)			50	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current, DE/RE	V <sub>IL</sub> = 1.6 V ('976), V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V ('977)	8			μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance output current	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$			±30	μΑ

## LVD RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP( 1)	МАХ	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output		4.5		10	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output		4.5		10	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>  )	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, See Figure 21			3	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Output signal rise time				8	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Output signal fall time				8	ns
t <sub>sk(lim)</sub>	Skew limit <sup>(2)</sup>				5.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output				42	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output	See Figure 18			20	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, driver to receiver				26	ns

(1)

All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  $t_{sk(lim)}$  is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the (2) same ambient temperature.

## SINGLE-ENDED RECEIVER ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IT+}$	Positive-going input voltage threshold	В-			1.6	1.9	V
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going input voltage threshold	В-		1	1.1		V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage		$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	3.7	4.6		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA		0.3	0.5	V
I <sub>I</sub>	Input current	В-	$V_{I} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$			±1	μA
I <sub>I(OFF</sub> )	Power-off Input current	В-	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 5.25 \text{ V}$			±1	μA
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input current	DE/RE	V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V ('976), V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V ('977)			50	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	DE/RE	V <sub>IL</sub> = 1.6 V ('976), V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V ('977)	8			μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance output current		$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$			-30	μA

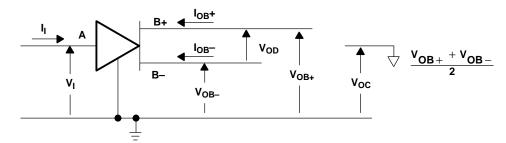
## SINGLE-ENDED RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

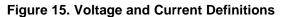
over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

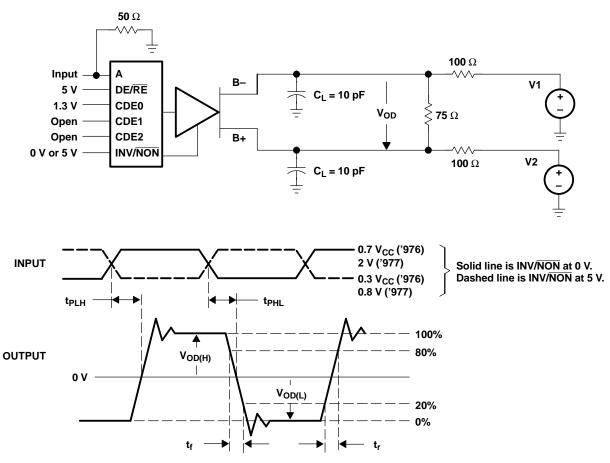
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output		7		12.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output		7		12.5	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLH</sub>  )	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, See Figure 22			3.5	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Output signal rise time				8	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Output signal fall time				8	ns
t <sub>sk(lim)</sub>	Skew limit <sup>(1)</sup>				5.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output				20	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output	See Figure 20			30	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Enable time, driver to receiver				48	ns

(1) t<sub>sk(lim)</sub> is the maximum delay time difference between any two drivers on any two devices operating at the same supply voltage and the same ambient temperature.

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

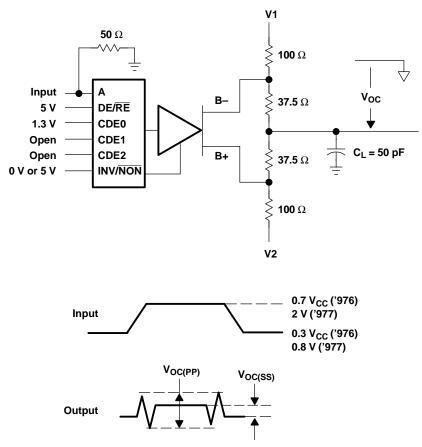






- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f < 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns ±5 ns,  $Z_o = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

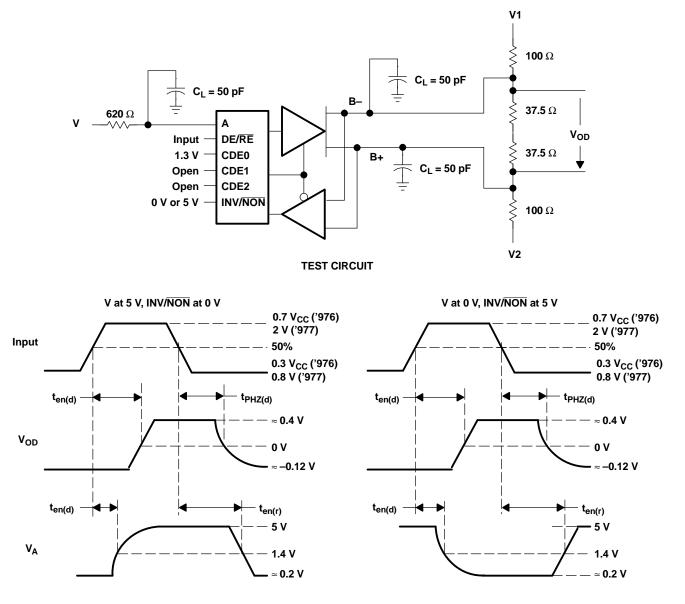
Figure 16. Differential Output Signal Test Circuit, Timing, and Voltage Definitions



- A. NOTES: . All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f \le 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns ±5 ns,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.
- C. The measurement of  $V_{OC(PP)}$  is made on test equipment with a -3 dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

### Figure 17. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage

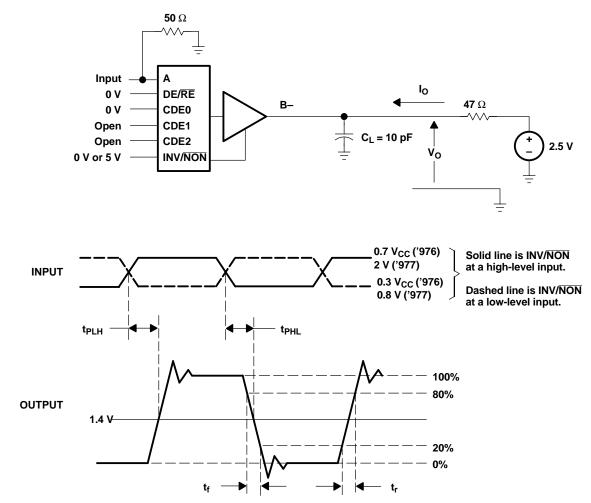




#### **VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS**

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_l \le 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 1 Mpps, pulsewidth = 500 ns ±50 ns,  $Z_o = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

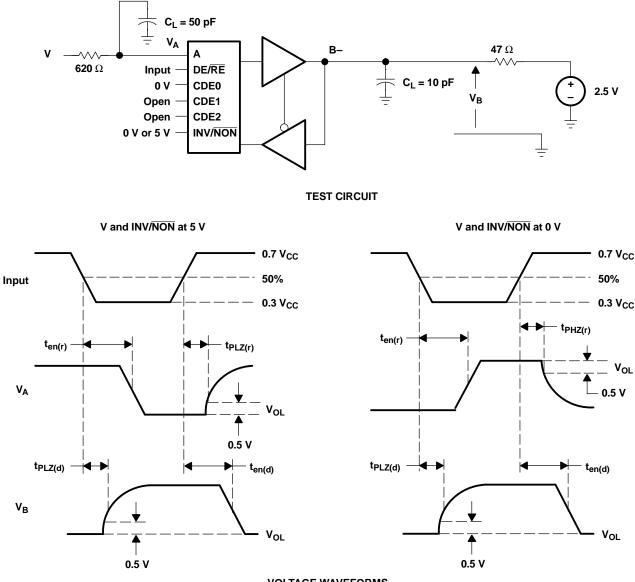
Figure 18. LVD Transceiver Enable and Disable Time Test Circuit and Definitions



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f < 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns ±5 ns,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 19. Single-Ended Driver Switching Test Circuit

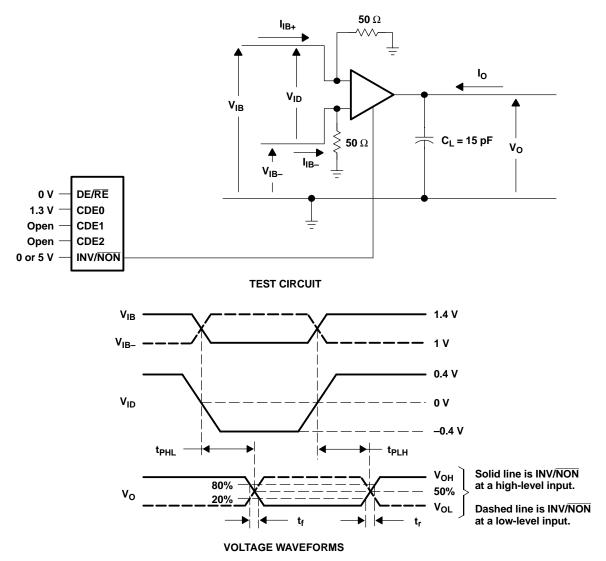




**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

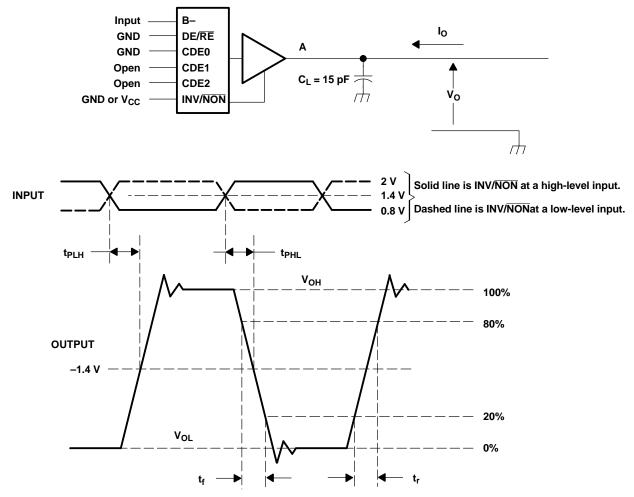
- Α. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_r \le 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 1 Mpps, pulsewidth = 500 ns ±50 ns,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

Figure 20. Single-Ended Transceiver Enable and Disable Timing Measurements



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f \le 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate(PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns ±5 ns,  $Z_o = 50 \Omega$ .
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

### Figure 21. LVD Receiver Switching Characteristic Test Circuit



- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f < 1$  ns, pulse repetition rate (PRR) = 10 Mpps, pulsewidth = 50 ns ±5 ns.
- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0,06 m of the D.U.T.

### Figure 22. Single-Ended Receiver Timing Test Circuit

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

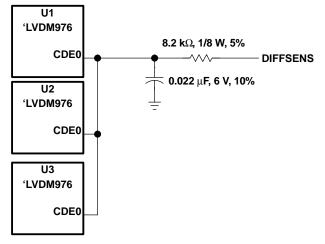


Figure 23. Low-Pass Filter for Connecting DIFFSENS to CDE0

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN75LVDM976DGG	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	35	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM976DGGG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	35	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM976DGGR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM976DGGRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM976DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM976DLG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DGG	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	35	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DGGG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	35	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DGGR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DGGRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
SN75LVDM977DLG4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

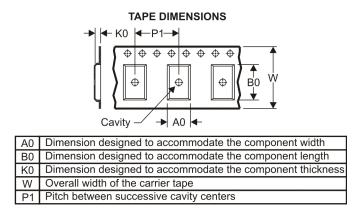
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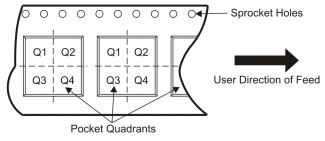
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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

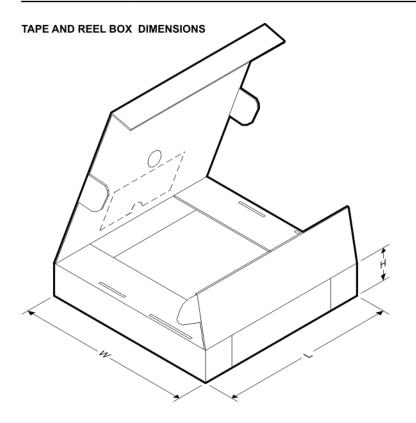


*All dimensions are nominal												
Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN75LVDM976DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	15.6	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN75LVDM977DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	15.6	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1



# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

9-Aug-2008



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN75LVDM976DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	346.0	346.0	41.0
SN75LVDM977DGGR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	346.0	346.0	41.0

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