

## 1 INTRODUCTION

SNC101 is a one-channel voice synthesizer IC with PWM direct drive circuit. It built-in a 4-bit tiny controller with two 4-bit I/O ports. By programming through the tiny controller in SNC101, user's varied applications including voice section combination, key trigger arrangement, output control, and other logic functions can be easily implemented.

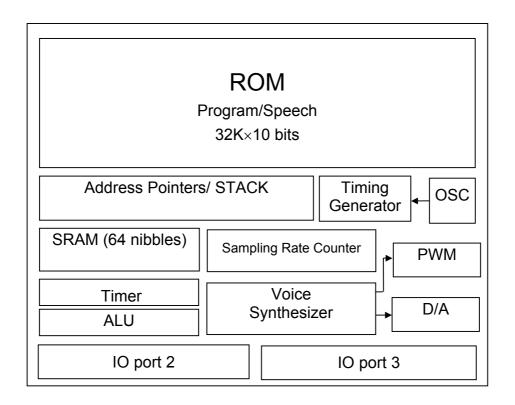
## **2** FEATURES

- Single power supply 2.4V − 5.1V
- 10 seconds voice capacity are provided(@6KHZ sample rate)
- Built in a 4-bit tiny controller
- Two 4-bit I/O ports are provided
- 64\*4 bits RAM are provided
- 32K\*10 ROM size are provided for voice data and program
- Maximum 16k program ROM is provided
- Built in a high quality speech synthesizer
- Adaptive playing speed from 2.5k-20kHz is provided
- One voice channel
- Built in a PWM Direct Drive circuit and a fixed current D/A output
- System clock : 2MHz
- Low Power Reset

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# **3** Block Diagram



## **4** PIN ASSIGNMENT

Symbol	I/O	Function Description
P23 ~ P20	I/O	Bit3 ~ Bit0 of I/O port 2
P33 ~ P30	I/O	Bit3 ~ Bit0 of I/O port 3
VDD	Р	Positive power supply
GND	Р	Negative power supply
RST		Reset pin (active high)
OSC		Oscillator Input
BUO1/VO	0	Positive Output of PWM or DA output
BUO2	0	Negative Output of PWM

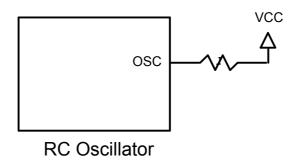
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### **5** FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

### 5.1. Oscillator

SNC101 accepts RC type oscillator for system clock. The typical circuit diagram for oscillator is listed as follows.



#### 5.2. **ROM**

SNC101 contains substantial 32K word (10-bit) internal ROM. Program and voices are shared with this same 32K word ROM.

#### 5.3. RAM

SNC101 contains 64 nibble RAM. The 64 nibble RAM is divided into four pages (page 0 to page 3, 16 nibble RAM on each page). In our programming structure, users can easily define and locate RAM page in the program. For instance, users can use the instructions, PAGEn (n=0 to 3) to switch and indicate the RAM page. Besides, users can use direct mode,  $MO \sim M15$  in the data transfer type instructions, to access all 16 nibbles of each page.

#### 5.4. Power Down Mode

"End" instruction will power down SNC101 and enable IC to consume fewer current for power saving. (<3uA @VDD=3V and <5uA @VDD=5V) Please be aware that when the power down mode is activated in SNC101, any valid data transition (L→H or H→L) occurring on any IO ports (P2 and P3) will lead SNC101 back to normal operation mode.

# 5.5. Sampling Rate Counter

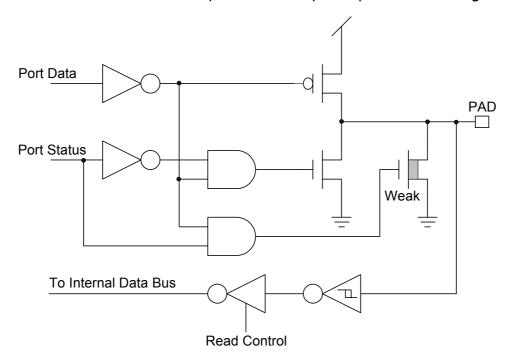
The unique sampling rate counter is designed in voice channel to be able to play diverse voices at different sample playing rates. The playing rate can be adaptively set up among from the wide ranges of 2.5KHz to 20KHz. This feature makes voice close to its original source and yield the better voice quality.

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### 5.6. I/O Ports

P2 and P3 are two 4-bit I/O ports. Any bit of P2 and P3 can be programmed as either input or output port individually. Any valid data transition ( $H \rightarrow L$  or  $L \rightarrow H$ ) of P2 and P3 can reactivate the chip when the chip is in power-down stage.



I/O Port Configuration (P20~P23, P30~P33)

Note: Weak N-MOS can serve as pull-low resistor.

## **5.7. DAC & PWM**

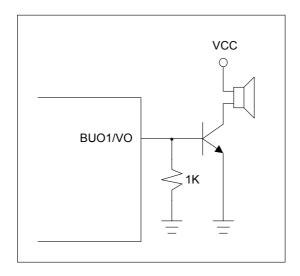
SNC101 is an advanced chip to be designed having two optimal methods to play out the voices. One is DAC and the other is PWM. Upon user's applications, user can select either DAC or PWM in his design. Please be aware that only one method can be activated at a time.

**DAC**: A 7-bit current type digital-to-analog converter is built-in SNC101. The relationship between input digital data and output analog current signal is listed in the following table. Also, the recommended application circuit is illustrated as follows.

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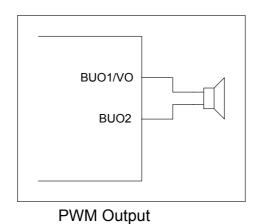


Input data	Typical value of output current (mA)
0	0
1	3/127
N	n*(3/127)
127	3



DAC output

**PWM**: A PWM (pulse width modulation) circuit is built-in SNC101. PWM can convert input digital data into pulse trains with suitable different pulse width. The maximum resolution of PWM is 7 bits. Two huge output stage circuits are designed in SNC101. With this advanced circuit, the chip is capable of driving speaker directly without external transistors. The recommended application circuit is illustrated as follows.



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## **6** ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Items	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit.
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$ - $V$	-0.3	6.0	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	$V_{SS}$ -0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	55.0	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55.0	125.0	°C

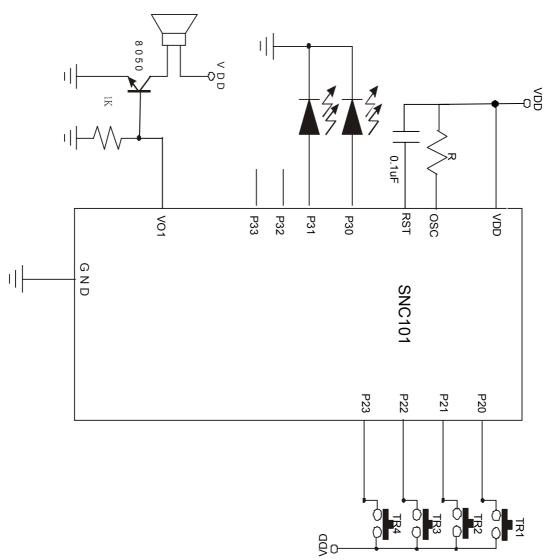
# **7** ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Operating Voltage	$V_{DD}$	2.4	3.0	5.1	V	
Standby current	$I_{SBY}$	-	-	3.0	иA	V <sub>DD</sub> =3V, no load
Operating Current	I <sub>OPR</sub>	ı	-	250	иA	V <sub>DD</sub> =3V, no load
Input current of	I <sub>IH</sub>	-	3.0	10.0	иA	$V_{DD}$ =3 $V$ , $V_{IN}$ =3 $V$
P2, P3						
Drive current of	I <sub>OD</sub>	-	4	-	mΑ	$V_{DD}$ =3 $V$ , $V_{O}$ =2.4 $V$
P2, P3						
Sink Current of	Ios	-	6	-	mΑ	$V_{DD}$ =3 $V$ , $V_{O}$ =0.4 $V$
P2, P3						
Drive current of Buo1	I <sub>OD</sub>	100	120	-	mА	VDD=3V,Buo1=1.5V
Sink Current of Buo1	los	100	120	ı	mA	VDD=3V,Buo1=1.5V
Drive Current of Buo2	I <sub>OD</sub>	100	120	-	mА	VDD=3V,Buo2=1.5V
Sink Current of Buo2	los	100	120	-	mΑ	VDD=3V,Buo2=1.5V
Oscillation Freq.	Fosc	-	2.0	-	MHz	V <sub>DD</sub> =3V

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## **8** APPLICATION CIRCUIT

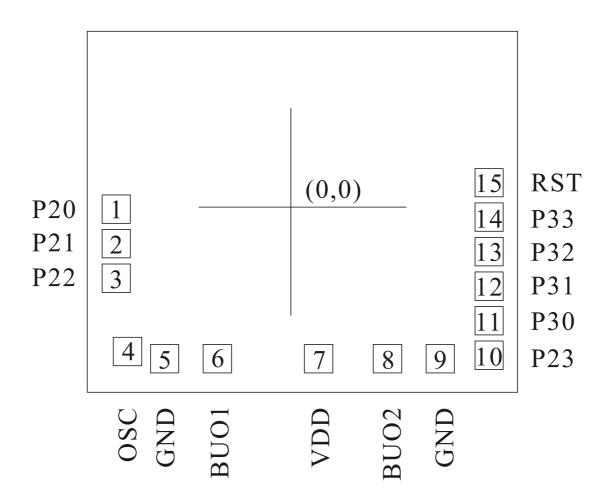


D/A Speaker Output 4 Direct Keys

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## **9** BONDING PAD



Note: The substrate MUST be connected to Vss in PCB layout.



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