

1 INTRODUCTION

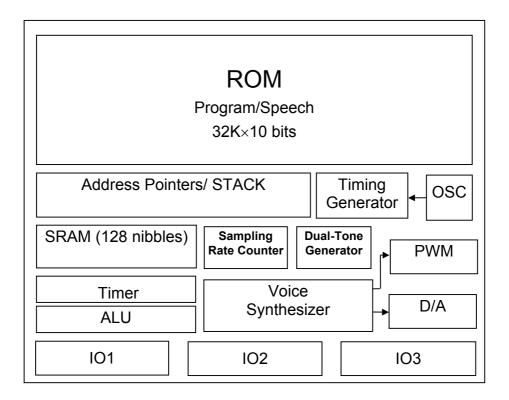
SNC323 is a 1-channel voice synthesizer and dual-tone melody IC with PWM direct drive circuit. It built-in a 4-bit tiny controller with one 4-bit input port and two 4-bit I/O ports. By programming through the tiny controller in SNC323, user's varied applications including voice section combination, dual-tone melody, key trigger arrangement, output control, and other logic functions can be easily implemented.

2 FEATURES

- Single power supply 2.4V − 5.5V
- 10 seconds voice capacity are provided (@6KHZ sample rate)
- Built in a 4-bit tiny controller
- One 4-bit input port and two 4-bit I/O ports are provided
- 128*4 bits RAM are provided
- 32K*10 ROM size are provided for voice data and program
- Maximum 16k program ROM is provided
- Readable ROM code data
- IR carrier signal is provided
- Built in a high quality speech synthesizer
- Adaptive playing speed from 2.5k-20kHz is provided
- One voice channel plus Dual-Tone Melody
- Built in a PWM Direct Drive circuit and a fixed current D/A output
- System clock : 2MHz
- Low Power Reset



3 Block Diagram



4 PIN ASSIGNMENT

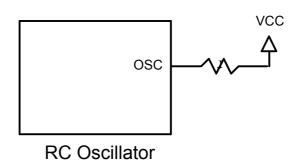
| Symbol | I/O | Function Description | | | |
|-----------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| P13 ~ P10 | | Bit3 ~ Bit0 of Input port 1 | | | |
| P23 ~ P20 | I/O | Bit3 ~ Bit0 of I/O port 2 | | | |
| P33 ~ P30 | I/O | Bit3 ~ Bit0 of I/O port 3 | | | |
| VDD | Р | Positive power supply | | | |
| GND | Р | Negative power supply | | | |
| RST | | Reset pin (active high) | | | |
| OSC | 0 | Oscillator / Crystal Out | | | |
| BUO1/VO | 0 | Positive Output of PWM or DA output | | | |
| BUO2 | 0 | Negative Output of PWM | | | |



5 FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

5.1. Oscillator

SNC323 accept RC type oscillator for system clock. The typical circuit diagram for oscillator is listed as follow.



5.2. ROM

SNC323 contains substantial 32K words (10-bit) internal ROM. Program, voices and other data are shared with this same 32K words ROM.

5.3. RAM

SNC323 contains 128 nibbles RAM. The 128 nibbles RAM are divided into eight pages (page 0 to page 7, 16 nibbles RAM on each page). In our programming structure, users can easily define and locate RAM page in the program. For instance, users can use the instructions, PAGEn (n=0 to 7) to switch and indicate the RAM page. Besides, users can use direct mode, $M0 \sim M15$ in the data transfer type instructions, to access all 16 nibbles of each page.

5.4. Power Down Mode

"End" instruction will power down SNC323 and enable IC to consume fewer current for power saving. (<3uA @VDD=3V and <5uA @VDD=5V) Please be aware that when the power down mode is activated in SNC323, any valid data transition (L→H or H→L) occurring on any input port (P1) or IO ports (P2 and P3) will lead SNC323 back to normal operation mode.

5.5. Sampling Rate Counter

The unique sampling rate counter is designed in voice channel to be able to play diverse voices at different sample playing rates. The playing rate can be adaptively set up among from the wide ranges of 2.5KHz to 20KHz. This feature makes voice close to its original source and yield the better voice quality.



Dual-Tone Generator

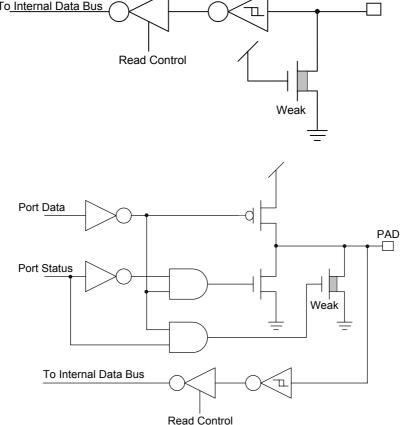
A dual-tone melody generator is included to generate 2-channel music songs with a pleasant square-wave-like timbre. The pitch range of each tone generator is as wide as 4 octaves (48 different notes totally). The output of dual-tone generator can be mixed with the output of voice synthesizer to achieve voice playing with BGM (background music). Additionally, Sonix provides a numbered-musical-notation representation to help users compose their songs. Further, a MIDI (1.0) file translator can convert MIDI files into Sonix format.

5.7. I/O Ports

P1 is a 4-bit input port and P2/P3 are two 4-bit I/O ports. Any bit of P2 and P3 can be programmed as either input or output port individually. Any valid data transition (H > L or L→H) of P1, P2 and P3 can reactivate the chip when the chip is in power-down mode.

Input Port Configuration (P10~P13)

PAD To Internal Data Bus



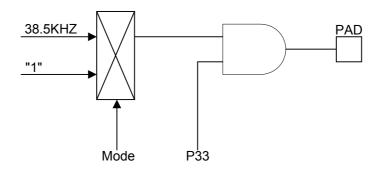
I/O Port Configuration (P20~P23, P30~P33)

Note: weak N-MOS's can serve as pull-low resistor.



5.8. IR Function

P33 can be modulated with 38.5KHz square wave before sent out to P33 pin. The IR signal can be achieved by this modulated signal.



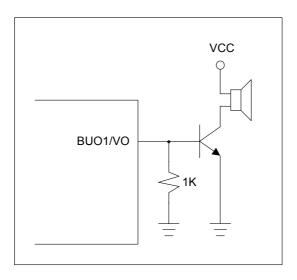
5.9. DAC & PWM

SNC323 is an advanced chip to be designed having two optimal methods to play out the voices. One is DAC and the other is PWM. Upon user's applications, user can select either DAC or PWM in his design. Please be aware that only one method can be activated at a time.

DAC: A 7-bit current type digital-to-analog converter is built-in SNC323. The relationship between input digital data and output analog current signal is listed in the following table. Also, the recommended application circuit is illustrated as follows.

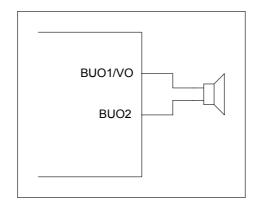
| Input data | Typical value of output current (mA) |
|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 3/127 |
| | |
| N | n*(3/127) |
| | |
| 127 | 3 |





DAC output

PWM: A PWM (pulse width modulation) circuit is built-in SNC323. PWM can convert input digital data into pulse trains with suitable different pulse width. The maximum resolution of PWM is 7 bits. Two huge output stage circuits are designed in SNC323. With this advanced circuit, the chip is capable of driving speaker directly without external transistors. The recommended application circuit is illustrated as follows.



PWM Output



6 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

| Items | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit. |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|-------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{DD} - V | -0.3 | 6.0 | V |
| Input Voltage | V_{IN} | V_{SS} -0.3 | V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Operating Temperature | T_OP | 0 | 55.0 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T_{STG} | -55.0 | 125.0 | °C |

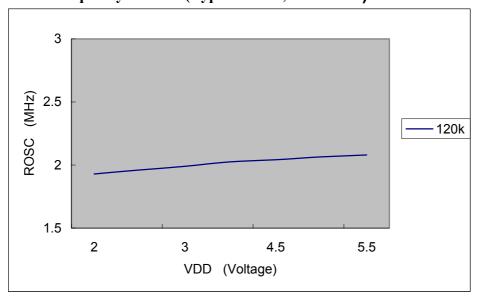
7 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item | Sym. | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|--------------------------------------|
| Operating Voltage | V_{DD} | 2.4 | 3.0 | 5.5 | ٧ | |
| Standby current | I_{SBY} | - | 2.0 | - | иA | V _{DD} =3V , no load |
| | | | 5.0 | | | V _{DD} =4.5V, no load |
| Operating Current | I _{OPR} | - | 300 | - | иA | V_{DD} =3V , no load |
| | | | 700 | | | V _{DD} =4.5V, no load |
| Input current of | I _{IH} | - | 3.0 | 10.0 | иA | V_{DD} =3 V , V_{IN} =3 V |
| P1, P2, P3 | | | | | | |
| Drive current of | I_{OD} | - | 4 | - | mΑ | V_{DD} =3 V , V_{O} =2.4 V |
| P2, P3 | | | | | | |
| Sink Current of | Ios | - | 6 | - | mΑ | V_{DD} =3V, V_{O} =0.4V |
| P2, P3 | | | | | | |
| Drive current of | I_{OD} | - | 5 | - | mΑ | V_{DD} =4.5V, V_{O} =3.9V |
| P2, P3 | | | | | | |
| Sink Current of | Ios | - | 9 | - | mΑ | V_{DD} =4.5 V , V_{O} =0.4 V |
| P2, P3 | | | | | | |
| Drive current of Buo1 | I _{OD} | 100 | 120 | - | mА | VDD=3V,Buo1=1.5V |
| Sink Current of Buo1 | Ios | 100 | 120 | - | mΑ | VDD=3V,Buo1=1.5V |
| Drive Current of Buo2 | I _{OD} | 100 | 120 | - | mА | VDD=3V,Buo2=1.5V |
| Sink Current of Buo2 | los | 100 | 120 | - | mА | VDD=3V,Buo2=1.5V |
| Oscillation Freq. | Fosc | - | 2.0 | - | MHz | V _{DD} =3V |
| IR Carrier Frequency | Fir | - | 38.5 | - | KHz | Fosc=2MHz |

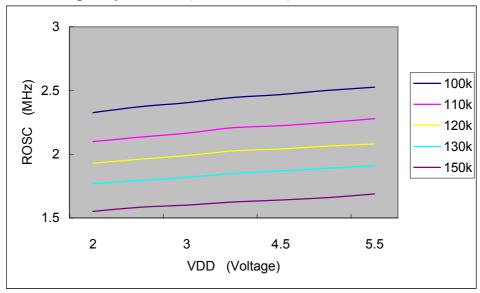


8 ROSC Performance

ROSC frequency vs VDD (Typical value, $R=120K\Omega$)



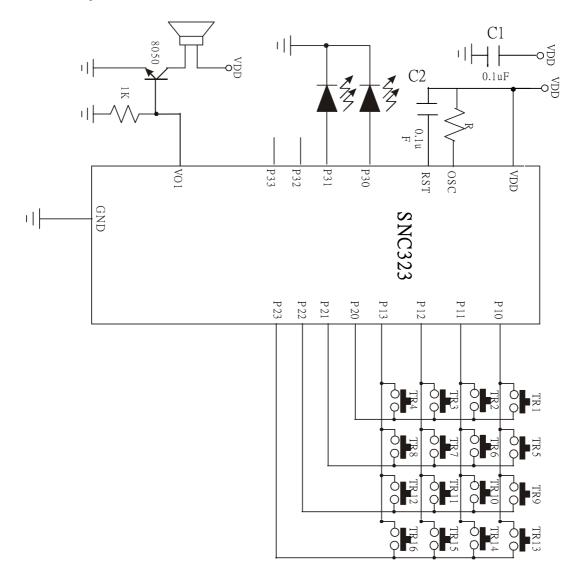
ROSC frequency vs. VDD (For various R)





9 APPLICATION CIRCUIT

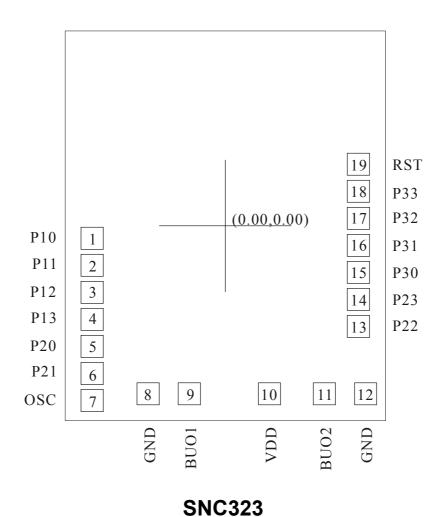
D/A Speaker Output 16 Scan Keys



Note: The C1 (0.1uF) between Power and GND should be closed to VDD pin of SNC323 as possible.



10 BONDING PAD



Note: The substrate MUST be connected to Vss in PCB layout.



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