

KOE

JDI Group

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS: _____

DATE: May 1st, 2012

CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

SP14Q003-A

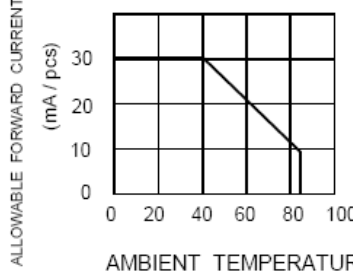
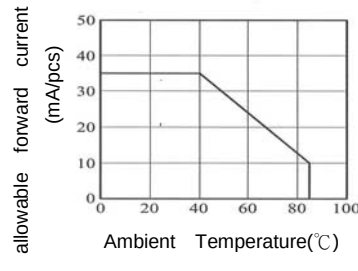
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ACCEPTED BY: _____

PROPOSED BY: 

RECORD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY					
Jul.13,'07	7B64PS 2703 – SP14Q003-A-2 Page 3-1/1	3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS Added (10) Backlight Type LED(Color : white) ↓ (10) Backlight Type LED(Color : white) Life time : 40Kh @ 25℃ Note : Life time for half of initial brightness					
	7B64PS 2705 – SP14Q003-A-2 Page 5-1/1	5.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LED BACKLIGHT Revised ALLOWABLE FORWARD CURRENT (mA / pcs)  AMBIENT TEMPERATURE(℃) → allowable forward current (mA/pcs)  Ambient Temperature(℃)					
	7B64PS 2712 – SP14Q003-A-2 Page 12-1/1	12. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK Added <table><tr><td>REV No.</td><td>ITEM</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>Backlight life time : 40kh</td></tr></table>	REV No.	ITEM	-	-	A
REV No.	ITEM						
-	-						
A	Backlight life time : 40kh						
Mar.06,'09	7B64PS 2712 – SP14Q003-A-3 Page 12-1/1	12. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK Revised reversion from REV. A to REV.B					
May.01,'12	All pages	Company name changed: KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD. ↓ KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC.					

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Part Name	SP14Q003-A
(2) Outer Dimensions	167.0(W)mm x 109.0(H)mm x 10.0(D)mm(max.)
(3) Effective Display Area	120(W)mm min. x 89(H)mm min.
(4) Dot Size	0.345(W)min. x 0.345(H)min.
(5) Dot Pitch	0.360(W)mm x 0.360(H)mm
(6) Dot Number (Resolution)	320 (W) x 240 (H) dots
(7) Duty Ratio	1/240
(8) LCD Type	Blue type(Negative type)

The upper polarizer is anti-glare type

The bottom polarizer is transmissive type

(9) Viewing Direction	6 O'clock
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(10) Backlight Type	LED(Color : white)
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Life time : 40Kh @ 25°C

Note : Life time for half of initial brightness

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

4.1 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VSS=0V : STANDARD

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	REMARKS
Power Supply for Logic	VDD-VSS	0	6.0	V	
Power Supply for LC Driving	VDD-VEE	0	27.5	V	
Input Signal Voltage	V_i	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note1
Input Signal Current	I_i	0	1	A	
Static Electricity	VESD0	-	± 100	V	Note2,3,4
	VESD1	-	± 10	kV	Note2,3,5

Note 1: $\overline{\text{DOFF}}$, FLM , CL1 , CL2 , D0~D3.

Note 2: Make certain you are grounded when handling LCM.

Note 3: Energy storage capacitance 200pF , discharge resistance 250Ω Ta=25°C , 60%RH.

Note 4: Contact discharge to I/F connector pins.

Note 5: Contact discharge to front metal bezel.

4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	OPERATING		STORAGE		COMMENT
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Ambient Temperature	-20°C	70°C	-30°C	80°C	Note2,3,6
Humidity	Note1		Note1		Without Condensation
Vibration	-	2.45m/s ² 0.25G	-	11.76m/s ² 1.2G Note5	Note4 1h max.
Shock	-	29.4m/s ² 3 G	-	490.0m/s ² 50 G Note5	X 、 Y 、 Z Directions
Corrosive Gas	Not Acceptable		Not Acceptable		

Note 1: Ta $\leq$ 40°C : 85%RH max.

Ta>40°C : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C

Note 2: Ta at -30°C < 48h , at 80°C < 168h.

Note 3: Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature.

This phenomenon is reversible.

Note 4: 5Hz~100Hz (Except resonance frequency)

Note 5: This module should be operated normally after finish the test.

Note 6: The response time will be slower under low temperature.

5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

I T E M	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	REMARKS
Power Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD-VSS	-	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
			3.2	3.3	3.4	
Power Supply Voltage for LC Driving	VEE-VSS	-	-23.1	-22.0	-20.9	V
Input Signal Voltage Note1	Vi	H LEVEL	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V
		L LEVEL	0	-	0.2VDD	V
Power Supply Current for Logic Note2	IDD	VDD-VSS=5.0V VEE-VSS= -22.0V	-	6.0	-	mA
Power Supply Current for LC Driving Note2	IEE	VDD-VSS=5.0V VEE-VSS= -22.0V	-	5.0	-	mA
Recommended LC Driving Voltage Note3	VDD-V0	Ta= 0°C , $\phi = 0^\circ$	23.0	24.0	25.0	V
		Ta=25°C , $\phi = 0^\circ$	22.0	23.0	24.0	V
		Ta=50°C , $\phi = 0^\circ$	21.0	22.0	23.0	V
FRAME Frequency Note4	fFLM	-	70	75	80	Hz

Note 1: $\overline{\text{DOFF}}$, FLM , CL1 , CL2 , D0~D3.

Note 2: FLM=75Hz , test pattern is all "Q".

VDD-V0=23.0V , Ta=25°C

Note 3: Recommended LC driving voltage may fluctuate about $\pm 1.0\text{V}$ by each module.

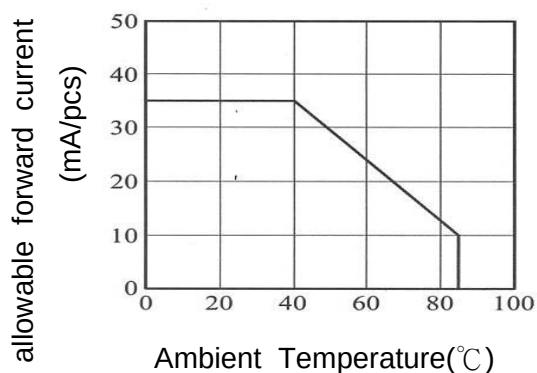
Test pattern is all "Q"

Note 4: Please set the frame frequency so as to avoid flicker and rippling on the display.

5.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LED BACKLIGHT

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REMARKS
Power Supply Voltage for LED	VLED	-	-	5.0	5.2	V	-
Power Supply Current for LED	ILED	VLED=5.0V	-	160	170	mA	Note1

Note 1: The ILED changes depending on ambient temperature.



6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

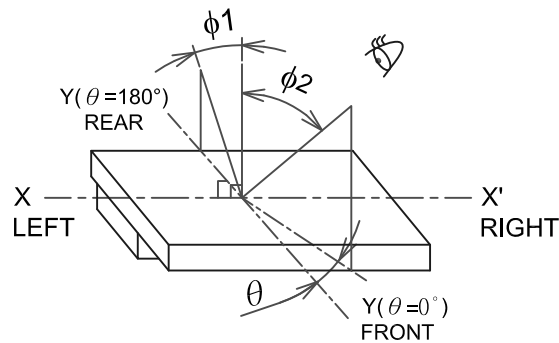
6.1 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF LCD

Ta=25°C (Backlight on)

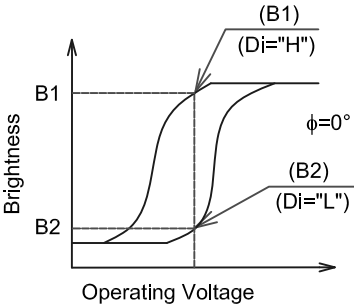
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REMARKS
Viewing Area	$\phi 2-\phi 1$	$K \geq 2.0$	-	40	-	deg	Note1,2
	K	$\phi=0^{\circ}, \theta=0^{\circ}$	-	6	-	-	Note3
Response Time (Rise)	tr	$\phi=0^{\circ}, \theta=0^{\circ}$	-	250	-	ms	Note4
Response Time (Fall)	tf	$\phi=0^{\circ}, \theta=0^{\circ}$	-	190	-	ms	Note4

(Measure condition by KOE)

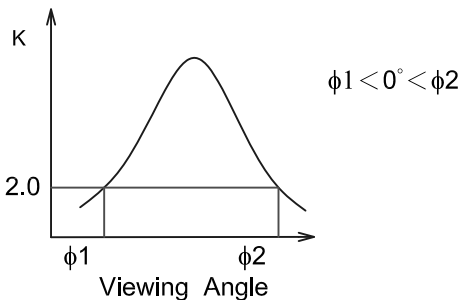
Note 1 : Definition of θ and ϕ
(Normal)
Viewing direction



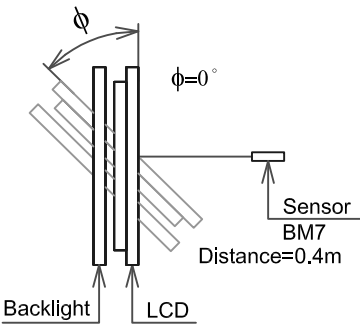
Note 3 : Definition of contrast "K"
$$K = \frac{\text{Brightness on selected dot (B1)}}{\text{Brightness on non-selected dot (B2)}}$$



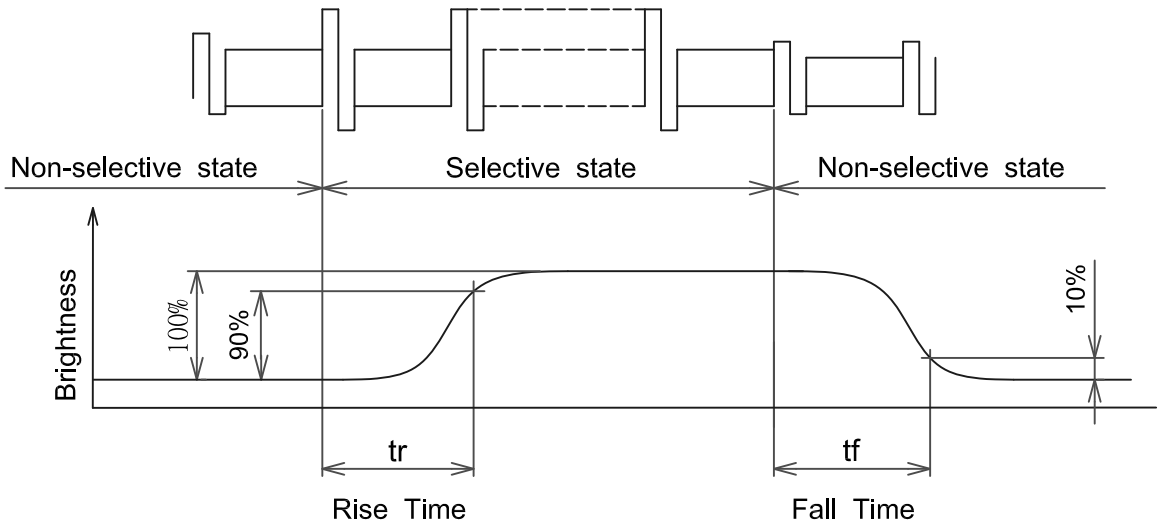
Note 2 : Definition of viewing angle $\phi 1$ and $\phi 2$



Contrast ratio K vs viewing angle ϕ



Note 4 : Definition of optical response

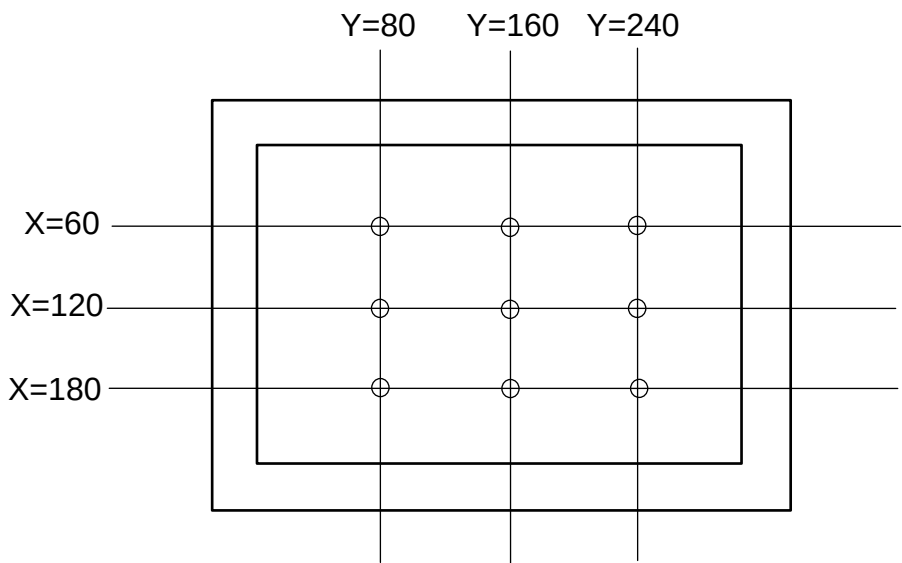


6.2 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

I T E M	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REMAKS
Brightness	-	200	-	cd/m ²	ILED=160mA
Brightness Uniformity	-	-	±30	%	Note1

Ta=25℃, Display data should be all “ON”.
The LCD driving voltage should be adjusted at the voltage where the peak contrast is obtained.

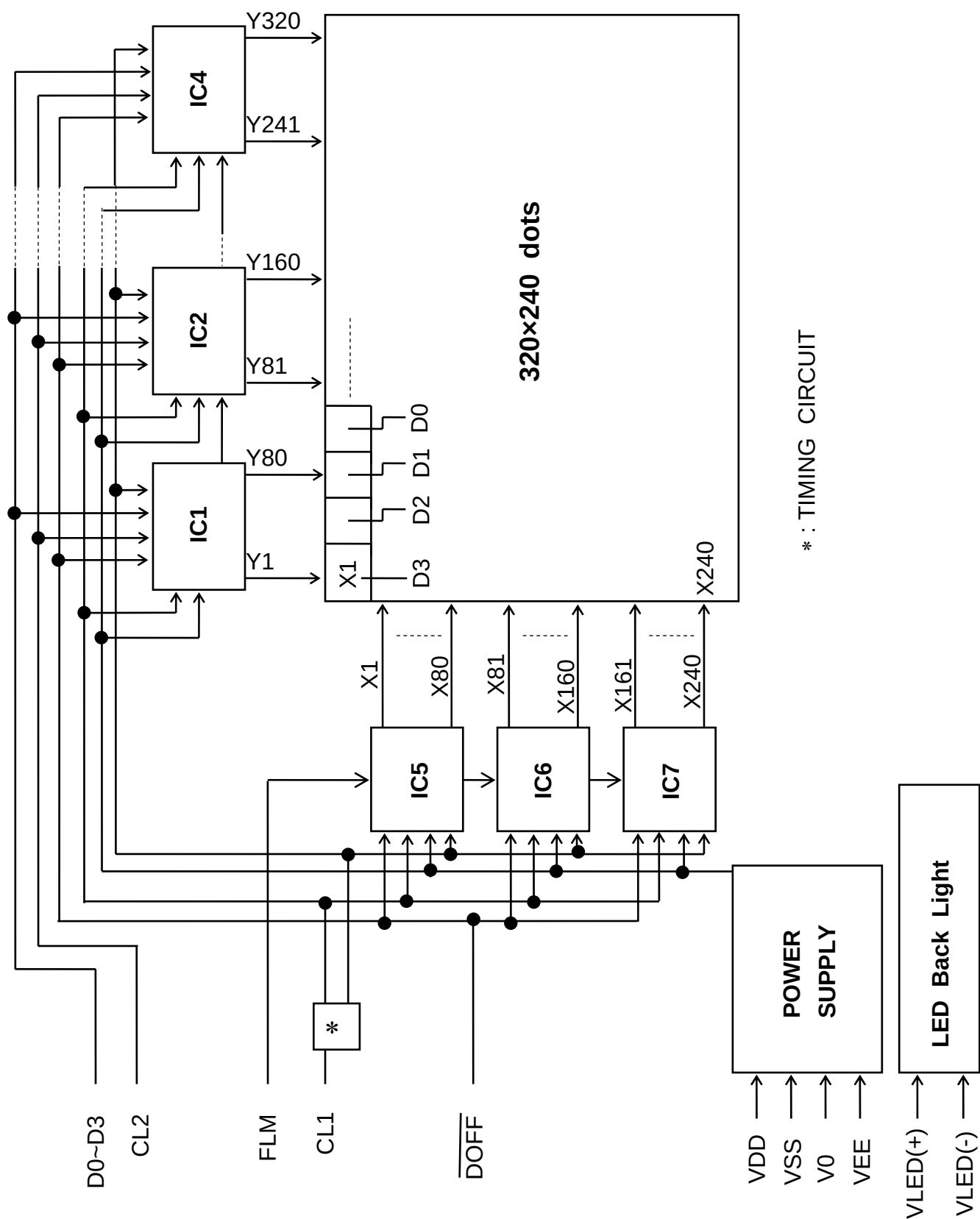
Note 1: Measure of the following 9 places on the display.



Definition of the brightness tolerance.

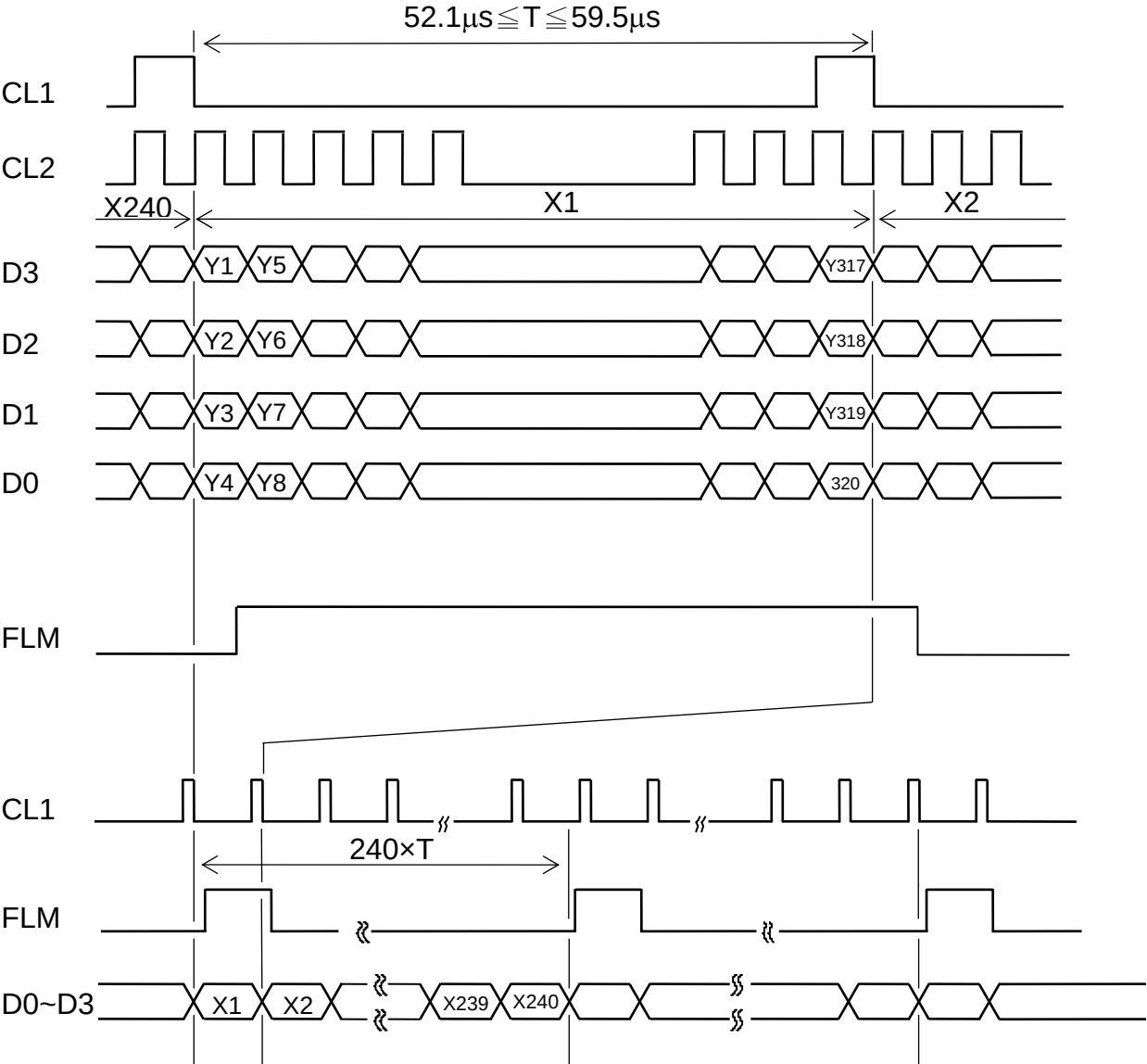
$$\left(\frac{\text{Max. or Min. Brightness} - \text{Average Brightness}}{\text{Average Brightness}} \right) \times 100\%$$

7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



8. INTERFACE TIMING CHART

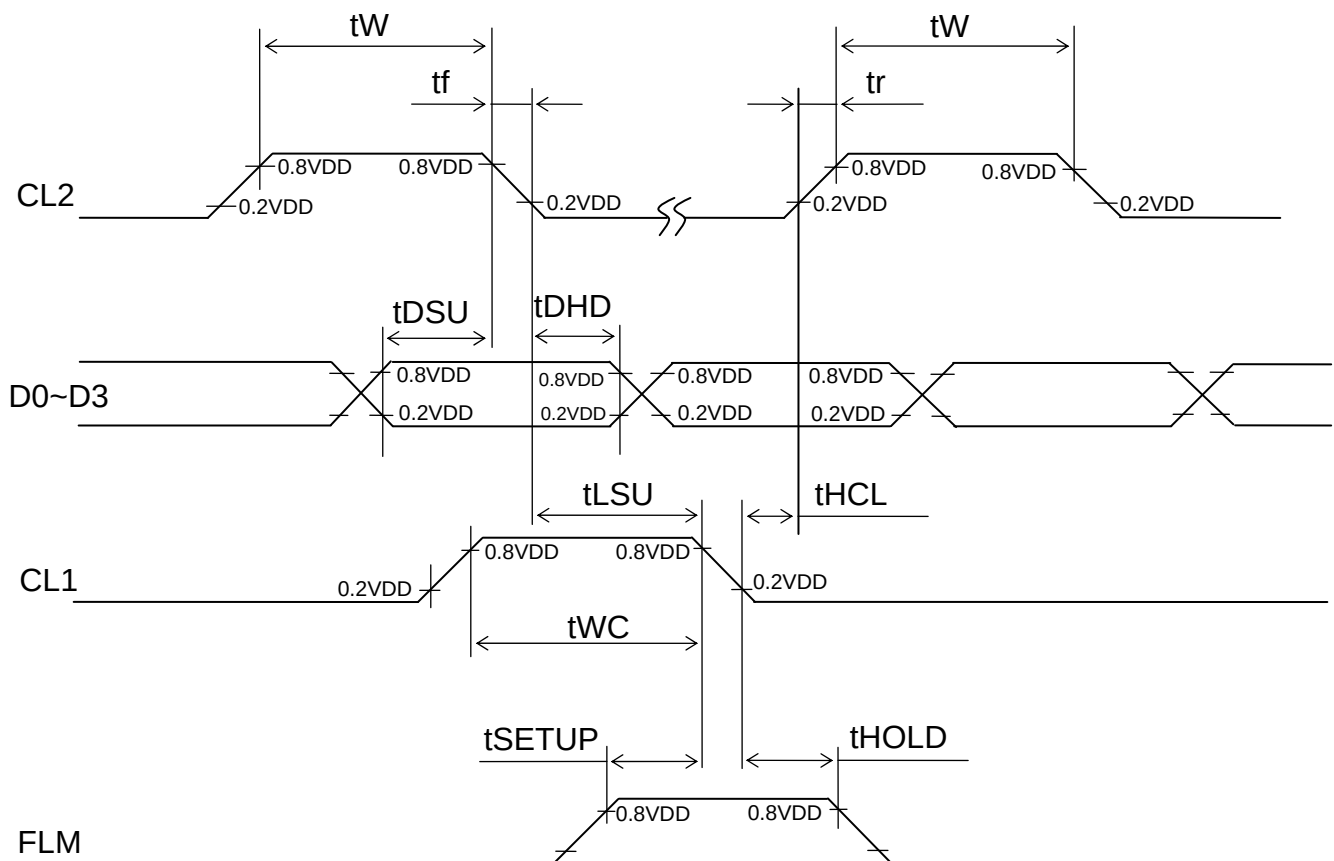
8.1 INTERFACE TIMING CHART



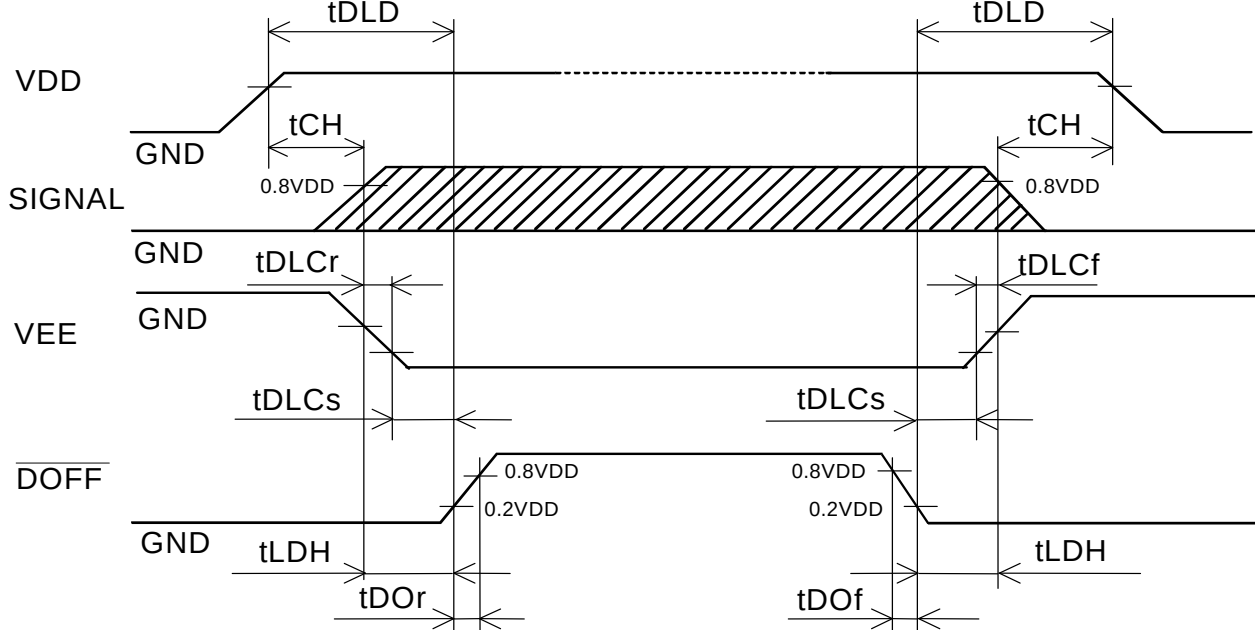
8.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
CL2 frequency	f _{CP}	-	-	6.5	MHz
CL2 pulse width	t _W	45	-	-	ns
CL2 rise, fall time	t _r , t _f	-	-	50 Note 1	ns
Data set up time	t _{DSU}	30	-	-	ns
Data hold time	t _{DHD}	30	-	-	ns
CL1 set up time	t _{LSU}	80	-	-	ns
CL1 clock hold time	t _{HCL}	120	-	-	ns
"FLM" set up time	t _{SETUP}	100	-	-	ns
"FLM" hold time	t _{HOLD}	100	-	-	ns
"CL1" pulse width	t _{WC}	125	-	-	ns

Note 1: $t_r, t_f < \frac{1/f_{cp} - 2t_W}{2}$ and $t_r, t_f \leq 50\text{ns}$



8.3 POWER ON/OFF TIMING SEQUENCE

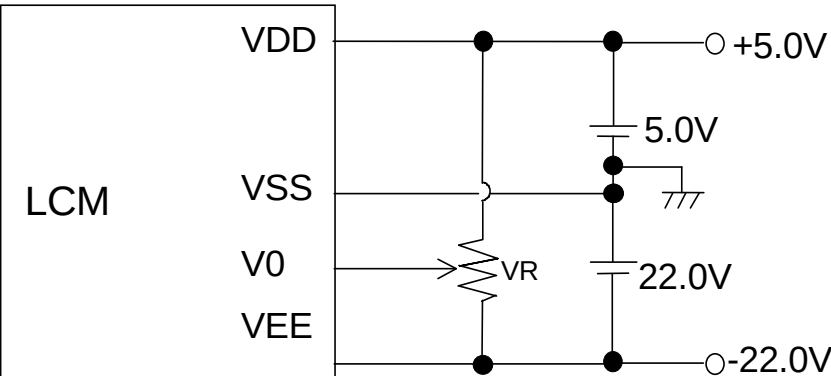


SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	COMMENT
tDLD	50	-	ms	Note1
tCH	0	30	ms	
tLDH	0	-	ms	
tDOr	-	100	ns	Note2
tDOF	-	100	ns	
tDLCr	0	-	ms	
tDLCf	0	-	ms	
tDLCs	20	-	ms	

Note 1: Please keep the specified sequence because wrong sequence may cause permanent damage to the LCD panel.

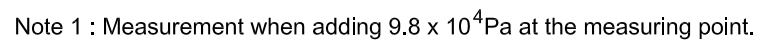
Note 2: KOE recommends you to use $\overline{\text{DOFF}}$ function. Display quality may deteriorate if you don't use $\overline{\text{DOFF}}$ function.

8.4 POWER SUPPLY FOR LCM (EXAMPLE)

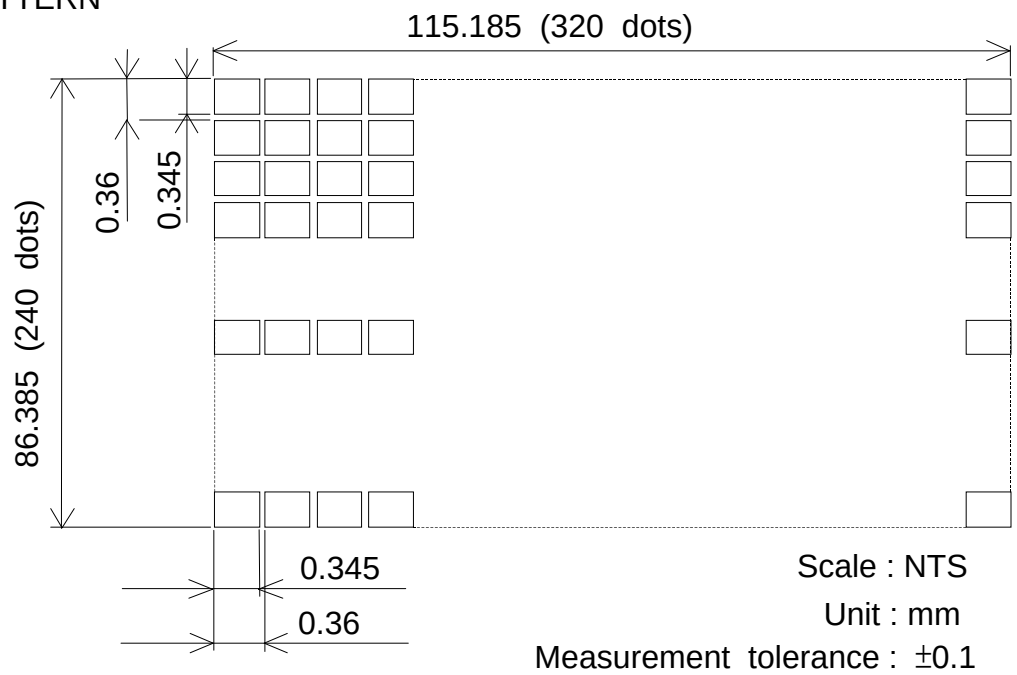


Note 1: VR : 10kΩ

9.1 OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



9.2 DISPLAY PATTERN



9.3 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

FPC : pitch 1.25mm 14 pins

INTERFACE		PIN No.	SIGNAL	LEVEL	FUNCTION
LCM	CN1	1	D0	H/L	Display Data
		2	D1		
		3	D2		
		4	D3		
		5	DOFF	H/L	H : ON / L : OFF
		6	FLM	H	First Line Marker
		7	N.C	-	-
		8	CL1	H→L	Data Latch
		9	CL2	H→L	Data Shift
		10	VDD	-	Power Supply for Logic
		11	VSS	-	GND
		12	VEE	-	Power Supply for LC
		13	V0	-	Operating Voltage LC Driving
		14	VSS	-	GND

INTERFACE		PIN No.	SIGNAL	LEVEL	FUNCTION
LCM	CN2	1	VLED(+)	-	Power Supply for LED
		2	N.C	-	-
		3	N.C	-	-
		4	VLED(-)	-	LED GND

LED I/F : J.A.E / IL – G - 4S – S3C2-SA

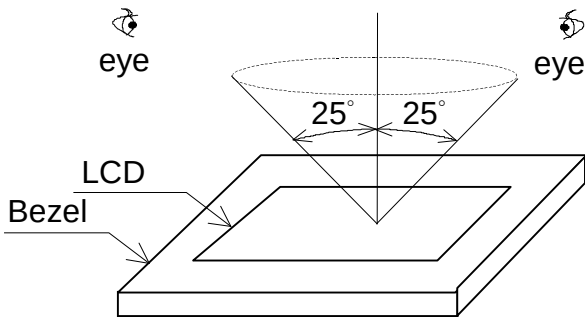
10. APPEARANCE STANDARD

10.1 APPEARANCE INSPECTION CONDITION

Visual inspection should be done under the following condition.

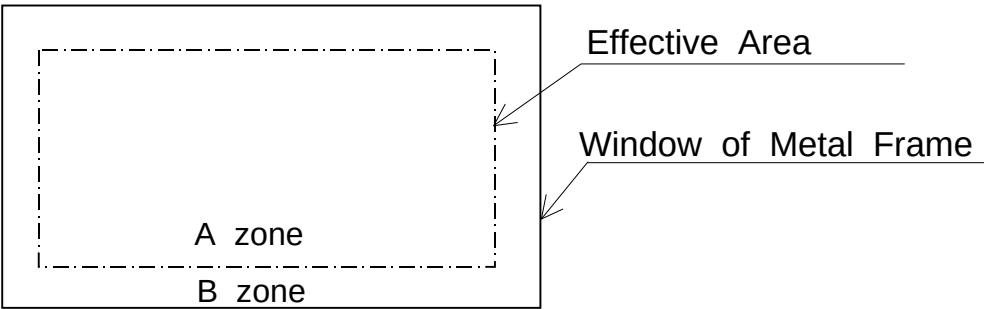
- (1) The inspection should be done under in the dark room.
- (2) The distance between eyes of an inspector and the LCD module is 25cm.
- (3) The viewing zone is shown the figure .

Viewing angle $\leq 25^\circ$



10.2 DEFINITION OF EACH ZONE

- A zone : Within the effective area specified at page 9-1/2 of this document.
- B zone : Area between the window of metal frame and the effective area line specified at page 9-1/2 of this document.



10.3 APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

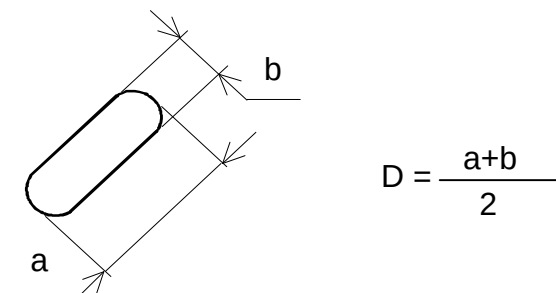
*) If a problem occurs in respect to any of these items ,
both parties(Customer and KOE) will discuss in more detail.

No.	ITEM	CRITERIA			A	B
L C D	Scratches	Serious one is not allowed			*	-
	Dent	Serious one is not allowed			*	-
	Wrinkles in Polarizer	Serious one is not allowed			*	-
	Bubbles	Average diameter D(mm)	Maximum number acceptable		○	-
		D≤0.2	Ignore			
		0.2<D≤0.3	12			
		0.3<D≤0.5	3			
		0.5<D	None			
	Stains, Foreign Materials, Dark Spot	Filamentous			○	-
		Length L(mm)	Width W(mm)	Maximum number acceptable		
		L≤2.0	W≤0.03	Ignore		
		L≤3.0	0.03<W≤0.05	6		
		L≤2.5	0.05<W≤0.1	1		
		Round			○	-
		Average diameter D(mm)	Maximum number acceptable	Minimum space		
		D<0.2	Ignore	-		
		0.2 ≤D<0.33	8	10mm		
		0.33≤D	None	-		
	Total	Filamentous + Round = 10		○	○	
	Those wiped out easily are acceptable					
Pinhole	Average diameter D(mm)	Maximum number acceptable		○	-	
	D≤0.15	Ignore				
	0.15<D≤0.3	10				
	C≤0.015	Ignore				
Contrast Irregularity (Spot)	Average diameter D(mm)	Maximum number acceptable	Minimum space	○	-	
	D≤0.25	Ignore	-			
	0.25<D≤0.35	10	20mm			
	0.35<D≤0.5	4	20mm			
	0.5<D	None	-			

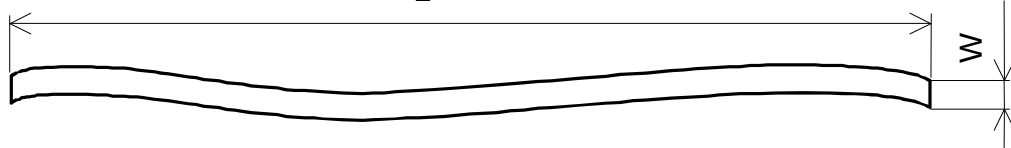
No.	ITEM	CRITERIA				A	B
L C D	Contrast Irregularity (Line) (Filamentous)	Width D(mm)	Length L(mm)	Maximum number acceptable	Minimum space	○	-
		$W \leq 0.25$	$L \leq 1.2$	2	20mm		
		$W \leq 0.2$	$L \leq 1.5$	3	20mm		
		$W \leq 0.15$	$L \leq 2.0$	3	20mm		
		$W \leq 0.1$	$L \leq 3.0$	4	20mm		
		Total		6			

No.	ITEM	CRITERIA		
L E D B / L	Dark Spots, White Spots Foreign Materials (Spot)	$D \leq 0.4$		Ignore
		$D > 0.4$		None
	Foreign Materials (Line)	$W \leq 0.2$	$L < 2.5$	≤ 1
		$W \leq 0.2$	$L > 2.5$	None
		$W > 0.2$		None
	Scratches	$W \leq 0.1$		Ignore
		$0.1 < W \leq 0.2$	$L \leq 11.0$	≤ 1
		$0.1 < W \leq 0.2$	$L \geq 11.0$	None
		$W > 0.2$		None

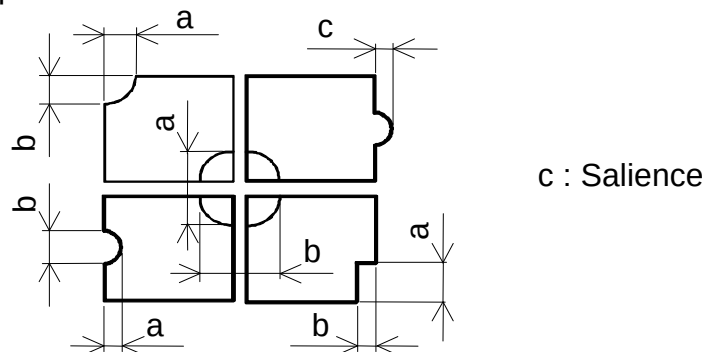
Note 1 : Definition of average diameter D



Note 2 : Definition of length L and width W



Note 3 : Definition of pinhole



11. PRECAUTION IN DESIGN

11.1 LC DRIVING VOLTAGE (VEE) AND VIEWING ANGLE RANGE

Setting VEE out of the recommended condition will be a cause for a change of viewing angle range.

11.2 PRECAUTIONS AGAINST STATIC CHARGE

As this module contains C-MOS LSIs, it is not strong against electrostatic discharge. Make certain that the operator's body is connected to the ground through a wrist band etc. And don't touch I/F pins directly.

11.3 POWER ON SEQUENCE

Input signals should not be applied to LCD module before power supply voltage is applied and reaches to specified voltage (VDD).

If above sequence is not kept, C-MOS LSIs of LCD modules may be damaged due to latch up problem.

11.4 PACKAGING

(1) No leaving product is preferable in the place of high humidity for a long period of time. For their storage in the place where temperature is 35°C or higher, special care to prevent them from high humidity is required. A combination of high temperature and high humidity may cause them polarization degradation as well as bubble generation and polarizer peel-off. Please keep the temperature and humidity within the specified range for use and storage.

(2) Since polarizers tend to be easily damaged, They should be handled full with care so as not to get them touched, pushed or rubbed.

(3) As the adhesives used for adhering polarizers are made of organic substances which will be deteriorated by a chemical reaction with such chemicals as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropyl alcohol. The following solvents are recommended for use: normal hexane

Please contact us when it is necessary for you to use chemicals.

(4) Lightly wipe to clean the dirty surface with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois, soaked in the chemicals recommended without scrubbing it hardly. To prevent the display surface from damage and keep the appearance in good state, it is sufficient, in general, to wipe it with absorbent cotton.

(5) Immediately wipe off saliva or water drop attached on the display area because its long period adherence may cause deformation or faded color on the spot.

(6) Foggy dew deposited on the surface due to coldness will be caused for polarizer damage, stain and dirt on product. When necessary to take out the products from some place at low temperature for test, etc. It is required for them to be warmed up in a container once at the temperature higher than that of room.

- (7) Touching the display area and contact terminals with bare hands and contaminating them are prohibited, because the stain on the display area and poor insulation between terminals are often caused by being touched by bare hands.
(Some cosmetics are detrimental to polarizers.)
- (8) In general the quality of glass is fragile so that it tends to be cracked or chipped in handling, specially on its periphery. Be careful not to give it sharp shock caused by dropping down, etc.

11.5 CAUTION FOR OPERATION

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCDs within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCDs undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current driver should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCDs show dark blue color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCDs which will come back in the specified operating temperature range.
- (3) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electrochemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the relative condition of 40°C 50%RH or less is required.

11.6 STORAGE

In case of storing for a long period of time (for instance, for years) for the purpose of replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- (1) Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed, so the fresh air will not be entered from outside.
- (2) Placing in a dark place where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light is, keeping temperature in the range from 0°C to 35°C.
- (3) Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by anything else. (It is recommended to store them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.)

11.7 SAFETY

- (1) It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- (2) When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass cell comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

13. PRECAUTION FOR USE

13.1 A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity. Judgement by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

13.2 On the following occasions, the handling of the problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible persons of the both parties.

- (1) When a question is arisen in the specifications.
- (2) When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.
- (3) When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to KOE, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.
- (4) When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

The precaution that should be observed when handling LCM have been explained above. If any points are unclear or if you have any request , please contact KOE.