

- Ideal for 433.92 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Insertion Loss
- Quartz Stability
- Rugged, Hermetic, Low Profile F-11 Package

SR433B

Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25°C)							
Parameter		Rating	Unit				
CW RF Power Dissipation	Р	0	dBm				
DC Voltage	V_{DC}	±30	V				
Operating Temperature Range	T_{A}	-10 ~ +60	°C				
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{ m stg}$	-40 ~ +85	°C				

Electronic Characteristics							
	Parameter	Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Frequency (25°C)	Nominal Frequency	f_C	NS	433.92	NS	MHz	
	Tolerance from 433.92 MHz	Δf_C	-	-	± 75	KHz	
Insertion Loss		IL	=	1.3	1.8	dB	
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q-Value	Q_U	-	9,425	-	-	
	50Ω Loaded Q-Value	Q_L	-	1,300	-	-	
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	To	25	-	55	°C	
	Turnover Frequency	f_{O}	-	fc	-	KHz	
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC	-	-0.032	-	ppm/°C2	
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $	-	-	10	ppm/yr	
DC Insulation Resistance Between any Two Pins		-	1.0	-	-	MΩ	
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}	-	16.0	23.0	Ω	
	Motional Inductance	L _M	-	55.3391	-	μН	
	Motional Capacitance	C_M	-	2.4335	-	fF	
	Pin 1 to Pin 2 Static Capacitance	Co	2.20	2.45	2.70	pF	

NS = Not Specified

Notes:

- 1. The center frequency, $f_{\text{C}_{\text{I}}}$ is measured at the minimum IL point with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system.
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25$ °C \pm 2°C.
- 3. Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- Turnover temperature, T₀, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f₀. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: f = f₀ [1 - FTC (T₀ - T_C)²].
- 5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_0 is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between Pin1 and Pin2. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.

- 6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_0 .
- The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- For questions on technology, prices and delivery please contact our sales offices or e-mail to sales@vanlong.com.

Phone: +86 10 6301 4184

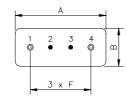
Fax: +86 10 6301 9167

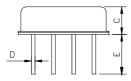
Email: sales@vanlong.com

Web: http://www.vanlong.com



Package Dimensions (F-11)





Electrical Connections

Terminals	Connection		
1	Input/Output		
2	Case Ground		
3	Case Ground		
4	Output/Input		

Package Dimensions

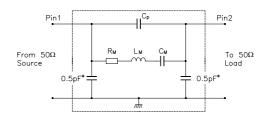
_		
Dimensions	Nom. (mm)	Tol. (mm)
A	11.0	±0.3
В	4.5	±0.3
С	3.2	±0.3
D	0.45	±0.1
E	5.0	±0.5
F	2.54	+0.2

Marking

SR433B

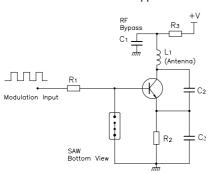
Ink Marking Color: Black or Blue

Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit

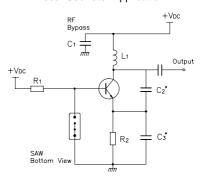


Typical Application Circuit

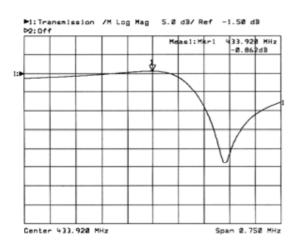
Low Power Transmitter Application



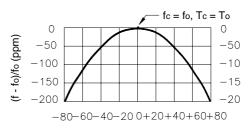
Local Oscillator Application



Typical Frequency Response



Temperature Characteristics



 $\Delta T = Tc - To (°C)$

The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

Phone: +86 10 6301 4184

Fax: +86 10 6301 9167

Email: sales@vanlong.com

Web: http://www.vanlong.com